English

Class -VI [2020-2021] (May)

Lesson-7

Gulliver in Lilliput – Jonathan Swift

CONTENT :

Lemuel Gulliver goes to the sea as a surgeon on the merchant ship, Antelope. The ship is destroyed in a heavy windstorm, and Gulliver, the only survivor, swims to a nearby island, Lilliput.

A. New words :

1. blinded 2. struggled 3. staggered 4. exhausted

5.fastened 6. loosened 7. screamed 8. hammering

9.ladders 10. ointment 11.machine 12. committed

13. comfortable 14.soldiers 15.dreadfully 16. violent

B Meanings:

1. Spent – tired 2. Pegged down- secured or fastened by pegs

3. submitted – yielded 4. Lark – small bird 5.sorely – extremely

C. Give one word:

1. a large group of persons moving in a confused mass – swarm

2. a simultaneous discharge of a number of arrows – volley

3. a set of bars or steps between two uprights , used for climbing up- ladder

4. done at once – immediate

5. a cylindrical container with flat ends – barrel

D. Synonyms and antonyms

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Word | Synonyms | Antonyms |
| 1 | loose | unfastened | fastened |
|  |  | untied | tied |
| 2. | continue | go on | discontinue |
|  |  | progress | stop |
| 3. | covered | protected | uncovered |
|  |  | hidden | exposed |
|  |  |  |  |

E. Frame sentence.

1. pegged down- The thieves legs were pegged down so tightly that they could not get up.

2. climbed – Rahul climbed up the ladder to white wash a building..

F. Read the extract and answer the questions that follow.

‘ They understood me very well. Several ladders were put against my sides,

and about a hundred little people climbed up carrying bread and meat.’

1. Who is ‘ They’? How did they understand the speaker ?

Here ‘ They ’ refers to the little people of Lilliput. They understood the speaker when Gulliver made signs that he had submitted to them.

1. What did the speaker ask for?

The speaker asked for food.

1. How large are the loaves of bread that the speaker is given?

The loaves of bread were about the size of bullets, that the speaker could eat several pieces in one mouthful.

G. Answer the following questions.

1. Why could Gulliver not move after he woke up?

Gulliver found that his arms and legs were tightly fastened to the ground. Across his body were a number of thin but strong ropes, and even his long hair was pegged down

tightly that he could not turn his head. So he was not able to move after he woke up.

2. Who swarm over Gulliver ? Why did they all run away and what happened to them?

The small men not more than six inches high swarm over Gulliver. He was surprised and he roared loudly. They all turned and ran away to get out of danger. Many of them fell down and got hurt.

3. What was Gulliver tempted to do? What made Gulliver to lay wisely?

Gulliver was tempted to seize forty or fifty men who walked to and fro over his body and to throw them down to gain freedom. Gulliver remembered the pain he had already suffered from their arrows and spears. So he laid down wisely.

4 .Where was Gulliver taken? Where was he housed?

Gulliver was taken to a city. He was housed in a very old temple which was one of the largest buildings in the country.

**Writing**

Paragraph writing :

A paragraph is a short composition which consists of a number of sentences linked together and all relating to one topic .

The following are the essential features of a good paragraph :

* The first sentence is the topic sentence. It states the topic.
* It deals with one topic or idea.
* The sentences are in logical order. The most important ones are the first and the last. The first sentence is usually the topic sentence. This should be able to rouse

the interest of the reader.

* There should be variety in construction .Avoid unnecessary repetition of words and ensure that all sentences are of different types and length.

Write a paragraph on ‘Sportsman –like Spirit ’

Sportsman –like Spirit

In a game , usually two teams play; one loses and the other wins. It may also end in a draw , but that is accepted as final. The referee gives extra time in order to declare the winner. The game of life is also played as keenly as tennis or football. Only the playgrounds keep changing .We have to fight against odds , against mischance or against germs. Each one of us is a sportsman , in a way. It is essential , therefore , to learn the rules of the game and to play in the right spirit.

A true sportsman may lose the battle but he never loses heart and his hope. He accepts defeat as a part of the game. He carries no bitterness against his rivals. He plays the game honestly and to the best of his ability. He congratulates the winner with a smile. He plays neither false nor foul. He plays not for personal glory but for the collective glory of the team.

Write a paragraph on ‘ An Ideal Student ’

An Ideal Student

An ideal student is a good student .**He/ She** is an embodiment of good qualities. **He / She** has a natural passion for studies . **He / She** is good not only at studies but **he/ she** also takes keen interest in games and other curricular activities .**He /** **She** never does things by halves. Punctuality and regularity are the guiding principles of **his / her** life**. He /She** is intelligent as well as sympathetic. **He / She** believes in simple living and high thinking .**He /She** is respectful and truthful.

**He / She** bears a good moral character . In short , **he /she** is a pride not only of **his /her** school in which **he /she** studies but also of the family which **he/she** belongs .

**Grammar**

**Subject and Predicate**

The part of a sentence which names the person or thing that we talk about is called the **subject**. The part which contains a verb and tells something about the subject is called the **predicate.**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Subject | Predicate |
| Radha  The Train  They  The house over there  Tenzing and Hillary | is a clever girl.  arrived late.  have videoed the function.  is my uncle’s.  were the first to reach the top of Mount Everest |

**Sometimes in sentences expressing orders or requests , the subject is left out ; as**

**“ Sit down ” means “ You sit down” “ Thank you ” means “ I thank you.”**

[ Total pages-5]