

# assignment 7

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# Outline

1 question

2 solution

## example:8.24

- we roll a die 300 times and we observe that  $f_i$  shows  $k_i = 55, 43, 44, 61, 40, 57$  times. Test the hypothesis that the die is fair with  $\alpha = 0.05$ . by using pearsons test statistics.

## solution

In this problem ,  $p_{oi} = 1/6, m = 6, np_{oi} = 50$ , by using pearsons test equation.

$$q = \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{(k_i - np_{oi})^2}{np_{oi}} \quad (1)$$

by substituting the above given values we get,

$$q = \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{(k_i - 50)^2}{50} \quad (2)$$

$$q = \frac{(5)^2 + (-7)^2 + (-6)^2 + (11)^2 + (-10)^2 + (7)^2}{50} \quad (3)$$

$$q = 7.6 \quad (4)$$

$$\chi^2_{0.95} = 11.07 \quad (5)$$

since from above eqns we get,

$\chi^2_{0.95} = 11.07 > (q = 7.6)$  , by that we can say fair die hypotheis is accepted.