

HOME WORK 3

$$1. f(x) = \begin{cases} 0.1 & x=1 \\ 0.1 & x=2 \\ 0.3 & x=3 \\ 0.3 & x=4 \\ 0.1 & x=5 \\ 0.1 & x=6 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

2a

$Y \sim \text{Hypergeometric}$

($m = 12$ blue chips,
 $n = 38$ other chips,
 $K = 5$ chips selected)

b) $Y \sim \text{Binomial}$ ($n = 5$ number of chips,
 $p = \frac{2}{50} = \frac{1}{25}$)

$$a) F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } x < 1 \\ 0.1 & \text{for } 1 \leq x < 2 \\ 0.2 & \text{for } 2 \leq x < 3 \\ 0.5 & \text{for } 3 \leq x < 4 \\ 0.8 & \text{for } 4 \leq x < 5 \\ 0.9 & \text{for } 5 \leq x < 6 \\ 1 & \text{for } 6 \leq x < \infty \end{cases}$$

c) $Y \sim \text{Geometric}$ ($p = \frac{2}{50} = \frac{1}{25}$)

3. $(4 \cdot 5 \cdot 4)$
 $X \sim \text{Hypergeometric}$
 $(2, 23, 12)$

$$P(X=2) = \frac{C(2,2) C(23,10)}{C(25,12)}$$

$$b) E(X) = 1 \times 0.1 + 2 \times 0.1 + 3 \times 0.3 + 4 \times 0.3 + 5 \times 0.1 + 6 \times 0.1$$

$$= 0.1 + 0.2 + 0.9 + 1.2 + 0.5 + 0.6$$

$$= 3.5$$

$$= 0.22$$

b) Since the retired person has to be twice as many as employed person, it can only take values of 4, 6, 8.

$$\text{Var}(X) = E(X^2) - (E(X))^2$$

$$= (1^2 \times 0.1) + (2^2 \times 0.1) + (3^2 \times 0.3) + (4^2 \times 0.3) + (5^2 \times 0.1) + (6^2 \times 0.1)$$

$$- (3.5)^2$$

$$\frac{12C_4 \times 6C_2 \times 7C_5 + 12C_6 \times 6C_3 \times 7C_3 + 12C_8 \times 6C_4 \times 7C_0}{25C_{12}}$$

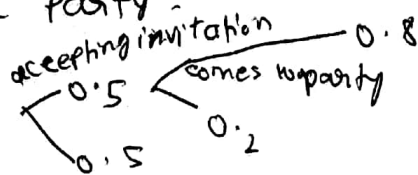
$$= 1.85$$

$$= 0.1357$$

c) $3.5 \times 10 = 35$ (As they are independent)
 $1.85 \times 10 = 18.5$

4. (4.5.10)

The probability of attending the party -



$$0.5 \times 0.8$$

$$= 0.4$$

At least 8 people attend - $P(X \geq 8)$

$$= 1 - P(X \leq 7)$$

$$= 1 - P_{\text{binom}}(7, 12, 0.4)$$

$$= 0.05730992$$

5. (4.5.13)

ⓐ challenged calls = 38

overruled calls = 12
probability of

overruled call success = 0.2
(assumed)

probability of at least 12 of 38 challenged calls being overruled -

$$P(X \geq 12)$$

$$= 1 - P(X \leq 11)$$

$$= 1 - P_{\text{binom}}(11, 38, 0.2)$$

$$= 0.06230903$$

ⓑ Since all the matches are

independent of each other,

we can assume the probability of ~~all~~ overruled calls in a single match as calculated above and ~~use~~ calculate it for all the ²⁵ matches.

$$P(X \geq 1)$$

$$= 1 - P(X \leq 0)$$

$$= 1 - P_{\text{binom}}(0, 25, 0.062309) \\ = 0.7997865$$

6 (4.5.14)

5 Symbols are there.

Probability of each symbol.

$$\frac{1}{5}$$

Since all the ²⁵ trials are independent of each other.

We can expect the receiver to identify

correct signal as -

$$\frac{1}{5} \times 25 = 5$$

ⓑ $P(X \geq 8)$

$$= 1 - P(X \leq 7)$$

$$= 1 - P_{\text{binom}}(7, 25, 0.2)$$

$$= 0.1091228$$

ⓒ $P(X \geq 1)$

$$= 1 - P(X \leq 0)$$

$$= 1 - P_{\text{binom}}(0, 20, 0.1091228)$$

$$= 0.9008353$$