Assignment 6: Toy Logic Programming Language

In this assignment, you will write a simplified version of a Logic Programming interpreter in OCaml.

You will first define an ML data type to represent the structure of a legitimate LogPro program.

- A program is a set (list) of clauses.
- A clause can either be a fact or a rule. A fact has a head but no body. A rule has a head and a body.
- The *head* is a single *atomic formula*. A *body* is a sequence of *atomic formula*s.
- An *atomic formula* is a *k*-ary predicate symbol followed by *k term*s.
- A *term* is either a *variable*, a *constant*, or a *k*-ary function symbol with *k* sub-*term*s.
- A goal is a set (list) of atomic formulas.

You need to take your implementation of unification to use as the parameter-passing mechanism. (Note: by pretending the predicate symbol is a function symbol, you can perform resolution of goals and program clauses).

You also need to develop a back-tracking strategy to explore the resolution search space. You need to be able to replace a goal by subgoals, as found by applying a unifier to the body of a program clause whose head unified with the chosen subgoal.