

# Project 1 : Built and Configure a Firewall

By Sumit

Building and configuring a firewall is crucial for protecting networks from unauthorized access and potential threats. This project helped me setting up and configuring a firewall on an Ubuntu system using UFW (Uncomplicated Firewall).

**Objective:** Successfully built and configured a firewall using UFW on Ubuntu to enhance network security.

**Steps Involved:**

## 1. System Update:

- Updated the Ubuntu system to ensure all packages were current.
- By using : **Sudo apt Update**
- **Sudo apt upgrade -y**

## 2. UFW Installation:

- Installed the Uncomplicated Firewall (UFW) for managing firewall rules.
- By Using : **sudo apt install ufw**

## 3. UFW Enablement:

- Enabled UFW to start managing incoming and outgoing traffic.
- By using : **sudo ufw enable**

## 4. SSH Connections:

- Configured UFW to allow secure SSH connections for remote access.
- By Using : **sudo ufw allow ssh**
- **Sudo ufw allow 22/tcp (default is 22)**

## 5. Service and Port Management:

- Allowed specific services and ports to ensure necessary communication (e.g., HTTP, HTTPS).

**Sudo ufw allow http**

**Sudo ufw allow https**

- Or by specifying the ports :

**Sudo ufw allow 80/tcp**

**Sudo ufw allow 443/tcp**

- Allowed a specific ports like :

**Sudo ufw allow 8080/tcp**

- Allowed a range of ports :

**Sudo ufw allow 1000:2000/tcp**

- Allowed Specific IP Address

**Sudo ufw allow from 192.168.1.100**

- Allowed specific Subnets

**Sudo ufw allow from 192.168.1.0/24**

- Denied specific services and ports to block unwanted traffic and enhance security.

**Sudo ufw deny 23/tcp**

- Deny a specific IP Address

**Sudo ufw deny from 203.0.113.0**

## 6. Status and Rules Monitoring:

- Viewed UFW status and rules to verify correct configuration.
- By using : **sudo ufw status verbose**

## 7. Rule Management:

- Listed a rules with numbers :

By using : **sudo ufw status numbered**

- Deleted obsolete or incorrect UFW rules to maintain a clean and efficient rule set.

**Sudo ufw delete 2 (deleted using numbers)**

- Using rules specification :

**Sudo ufw delete allow 8080/tcp**

## 8. Advanced Configuration:

- Performed advanced UFW configuration for more granular control over network traffic.
- Enabled logging to monitor UFW Activity :

**Sudo ufw logging on**

- Set default policies to deny all incoming and allow all outgoing traffic by using :

**Sudo ufw default deny incoming**

**Sudo ufw default allow outgoing**

- Ufw includes profiles for some common applications , listed these profiles :

**Sudo ufw app list**

- Allowing a specific application :

**Sudo ufw allow 'Nginx Full'**

## 9. Testing:

- Tested the firewall to ensure all rules were correctly applied and effective.
- Checked open ports :

Used nmap from another machine to scan the open on your firewall- protected machine :

**Nmap -v -A 192.168.1.10 # replace with the actual IP of your Firewall- protected machine**

**Skills Acquired:**

- **Network Security**
- **Linux Administration**
- **UFW Configuration**
- **Service and Port Management**
- **Troubleshooting and Testing**

**Tools:**

- **Ubuntu**
- **Uncomplicated Firewall (UFW)**

**Achieved a robust and secure firewall configuration, improving the overall security posture of the system.**