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// Assignment - 7

① C code:
int a[10], c[10];
int n=10, i;
for (i=0; i<n; i++) {
 if (a[i] % 2 == 0)
 c[i] = 0
 else
 c[i] = 1
}
return;

Optimization of Three Address Code using peep-hole optimization :-

```
100: t1 = 10 XXX
100: 101: n = 10  ← def. use
102: t2 = 0 XXX

101: 103: i = 0  ← def. use
102: 104: if i < n goto 109
103: 105: goto 125
106: t3 = i XXX

104: 107: i = i + 1 ← def. use
105: 108: goto 104
106: 109: t4 = 4 * i    // strength reduction
107: 110: t5 = a[t4]
108: 111: t6 = t5 % 2  // strength reduction
112: t7 = 0 XXX

109: 113: if t6 != 0 goto 120 // jump over jmp & def use
114: goto 115 XXX
110: 115: t8 = 4 * i    // strength reduction
```

111 : 116 : $t9 = c + t8$

117 : $t10 = 0 \times \times \times$

112 : 118 : $*t9 = 0$ \leftarrow def. use

113 : 119 : goto 106

114 : 120 : $t11 = 4 * i$ // strength reduction

115 : 121 : $t12 = c + t11$

122 : $t13 = 1 \times \times \times$

116 : 123 : $*t12 = 1$ \leftarrow def. use

117 : 124 : goto 106

118 : 125 : return

On removal and Reduction :-

100 : $n = 10$

101 : $i = 0$

102 : if $i < n$ goto 106

103 : goto 118

104 : $i = i + 1$

105 : goto 102

106 : $t4 = i < 2$

107 : $t5 = a[t4]$

108 : $t6 = t5 \& 1$

109 : if $t6 \neq 0$ goto 114

110 : $t8 = i < 2$

111 : $t9 = c + t8$

112 : $*t9 = 0$

113 : goto 104

114 : $t11 = i < 2$

115 : $t12 = c + t11$

116 : $*t12 = 1$

117 : goto 104

118 : return

② (a) code, which prepares the stack and registers for use within the function :-

```
push ebp
mov  ebp, esp
sub  esp, N
push esi
```

(b) code, which restores the stack and registers to the state they were in before the function was called.

```
pop esi
mov  esp, ebp
pop  ebp
ret  0
```

③ list of live variables :- (liveness analysis)

000 :		// a, n
001 :	count = 0	// a, n, count
002 :	i = 0	// a, n, count, i
003 :	L0: if i < n goto L2	// a, n, count, i
004 :	goto L3	// a, n, count, i
005 :	L1: i = i + 1	// a, n, count, i
006 :	goto L0	// a, n, count, i
007 :	L2: t0 = 4 * i	// a, n, count, i, t0
008 :	t1 = a[t0]	// a, n, count, i, t0, t1
009 :	t2 = t1 % 2	// a, n, count, i, t1, t2
010 :	if t2 != 0 goto L1	// a, n, count, i, t2
011 :	count = count + 1	// a, n, count, i
012 :	goto L1	// a, n, count, i
013 :	L3: return count	// count

Interval Graph:-

