

Experiment no: 3

Aim: To perform various GIT operations on local and remote repositories using GIT cheatsheet.

Theory:

Git is an open source distributed version control system. It is designed to handle minor to major projects with high speed and efficiency. It is developed to co-ordinate the work among the developers. The version control allows us to track and work together with our team members at the same workspace.

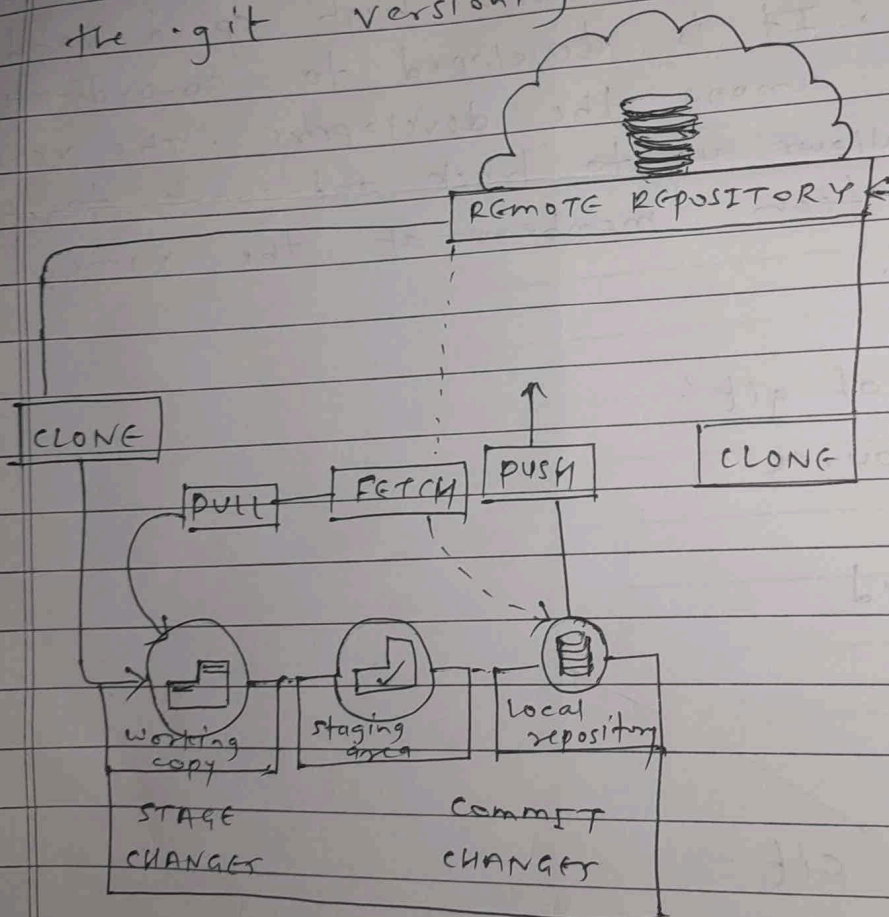
* Features of git:

- a) open source
- b) scalable
- c) distributed
- d) security
- e) speed

* Benefits of git:

- a) saves time
- b) offline working
- c) undo mistakes
- d) Track the changes.

In Git, the term remote is concerned the remote repository. It is shared repository all team members used to exchange the a remote repository is stored on a hosting service like internal server, GitHub, Subversion and more. In the case of local repository, a remote typically provide a file tree of the project's current state as an alternative, it only consist the .git versioning data.



DEVELOPER A

DEVELOPER B

pulling

Git cheatsheet:
git configuration
git config -
that
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starting a project
• git init - create a new repository
• git clone - clone an existing repository

Local changes
• git add - add files to staging area
• git commit - commit changes to local repository

Track changes
• git diff - show changes between commits or working directory

• git status - show the working directory status

commit history
git log :

• Git cheatsheet:

1) Git configuration:

- Git config - Get and set configuration variables that control all factors to how git looks and operates.

2) Starting a project:

- Git init - create a local repository
- Git clone - make a local copy

3) Local changes:

- Git add - Add a file / files.
- Git commit - Record or snapshot the file permanently in the version history with the message.

4) Track changes:

- Git diff: Track the changes that have been not staged.
- Git status: Display the state of the working directory and the staging area

5) Commit history:

git log: Display the most recent commits and the status of the head.

6) Pulling updates:

- git pull - pull the data from the server
- git fetch - download branches and tags
- one or more repositories.

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Experiment no.3

AIM:- to perform v

comands to ch

MINGW64/c/Users/stu

student@DESKTOP-6B4HU

\$ git --version

git version 2.41.0.wi

student@DESKTOP-6B4HU

\$ git help config

student@DESKTOP-6B4HU

\$

after checking
page.

Git GUI

git-c

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git-conf

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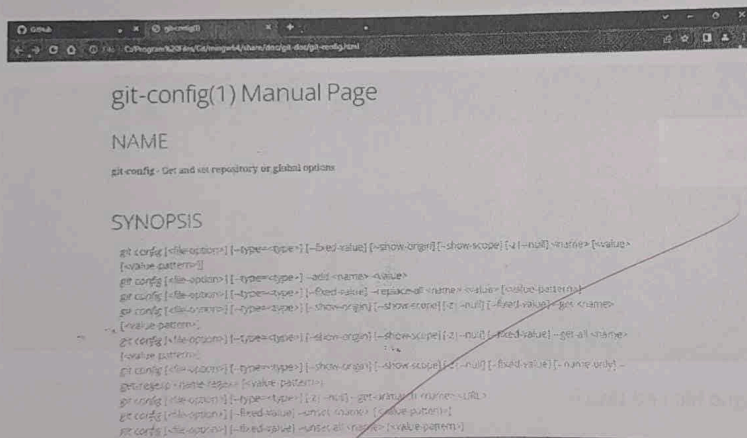
Experiment no.3

AIM:- to perform various GIT operations on local and remote repositories using GIT and cheatsht.

comands to check the version .

```
MINGW64/c/Users/student
student@DESKTOP-GB4HU42 MINGW64 ~
$ git --version
git version 2.41.0.windows.3
student@DESKTOP-GB4HU42 MINGW64 ~
$ git help config
student@DESKTOP-GB4HU42 MINGW64 ~
$
```

after checking the version, while executing the config command this will take you to the manual page.



make a new directory.

change the directory.

```

student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~
$ mkdir test

student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~
$ cd test

student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/test
$ |

```

git init .

```

MINGW64/c/Users/student/test
student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~
$ git --version
git version 2.41.0.windows.3
student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~
$ git help config
student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~
$ git config --help
student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~
$ mkdir test
student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~
$ cd test
student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/test
$ git init
Initialized empty Git repository in C:/Users/student/test/.git/
student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/test (master)
$

```

step 3 check whether the directory defined, exists properly.

This PC > Local Disk (C:) > Users > student > test

step 4 add a demo.txt file.

Name	Date modified	Type	Size
demo.txt	8/1/2023 11:42 AM	Text Document	1 KB

step 5 add text to the demo file and save it.

```

demo.txt
e Edit View
this is exp3 of devops

```

after that, check git status

```

student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/test
$ git status
On branch master
no commits yet

Untracked files:
  (use "git add <file>..." to track)
    demo.txt.txt

```

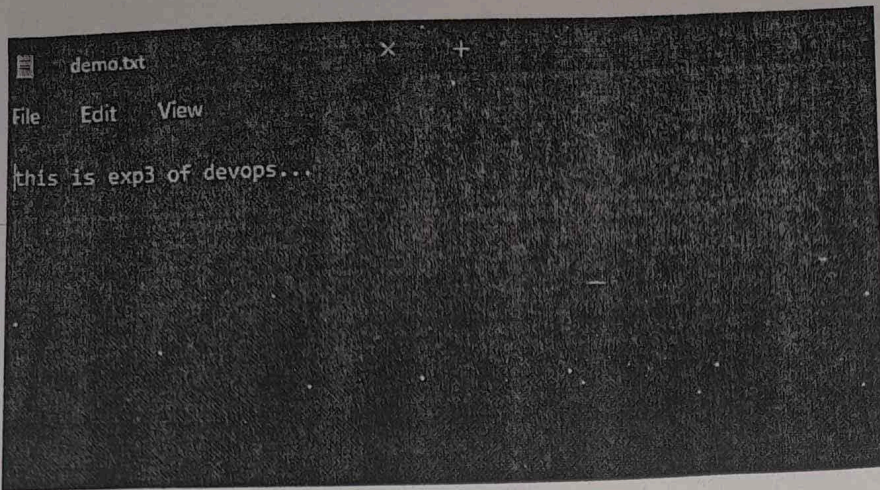
make your first commit

```

student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/test
$ git config --global user.name "student"
student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/test
$ git config --global user.email "student@example.com"
student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/test
$ git commit -m "first commit"
[master (root-commit) a5c1b1e] 1 file changed, 1 insertion, 1 deletion
create mode 100644 demo.txt

```

create a new repository



ep 6 after that, check git status.

```
student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/harshii (master)
$ git status
On branch master

No commits yet

Untracked files:
  (use "git add <file>..." to include in what will be committed)
    demo.txt.txt

nothing added to commit but untracked files present (use "git add" to track)
student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/harshii (master)
$
```

ep 7 make your first commit.

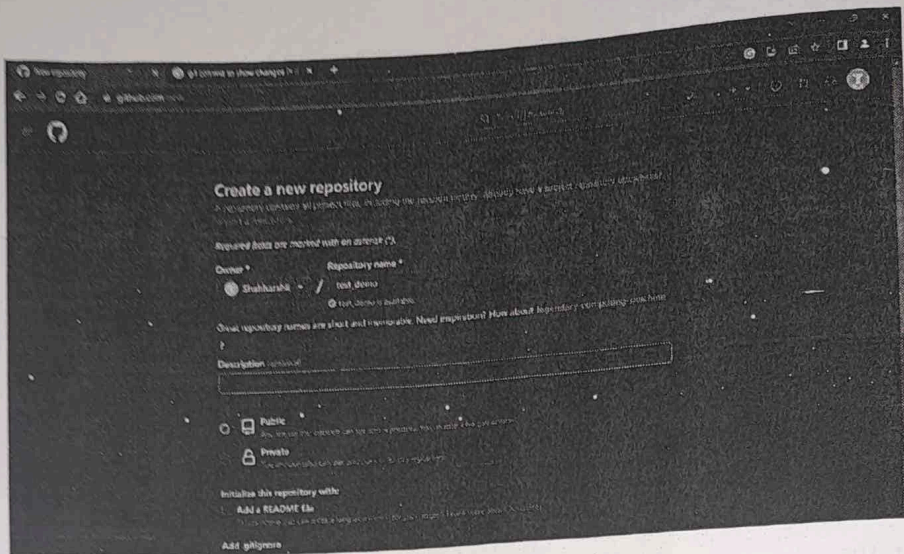
```
student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/harshii (master)
$ git config --global user.email "shahharshi2704@gmail.com"

student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/harshii (master)
$ git config --global user.name "Shahharshii"

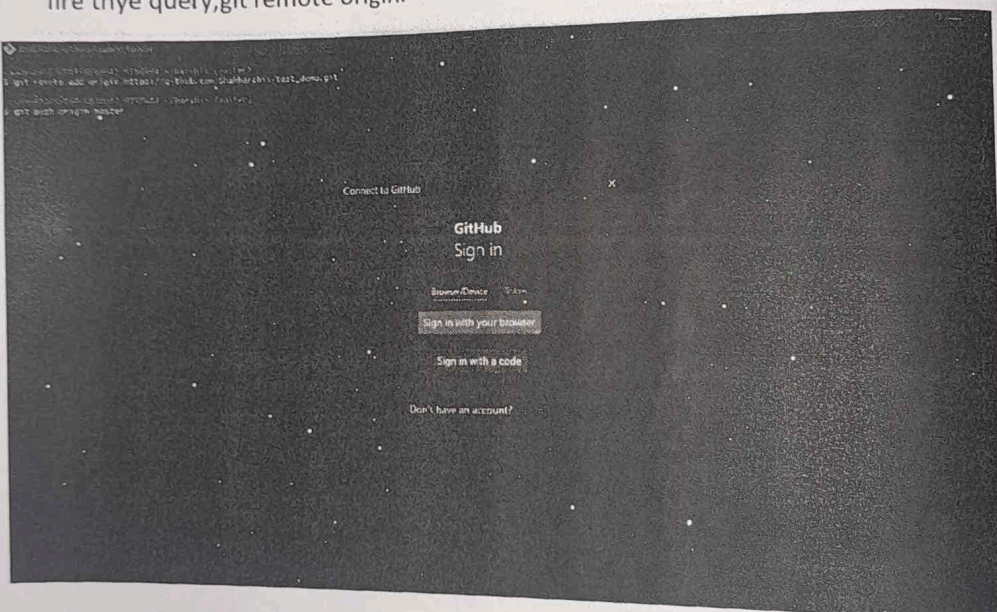
student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/harshii (master)
$ git commit -m "firstcommit"
[master (root-commit) a5ec954] firstcommit
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)
create mode 100644 demo.txt

student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/harshii (master)
$
```

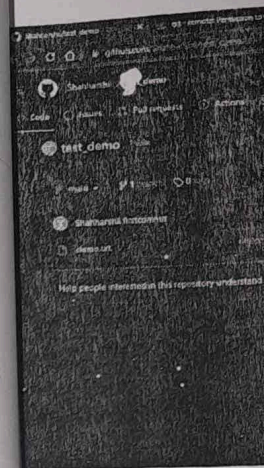
ep 8 create a new repository.



step 1 fire thye query, git remote origin.



the text file created shoul reflect here.



commands to try

```
student@DESKTOP-GE4HU42
$ git push origin main
Everything up-to-date

student@DESKTOP-GE4HU42
$ git push -all
error: did you mean --

student@DESKTOP-GE4HU42
$ git push --all
Everything up-to-date

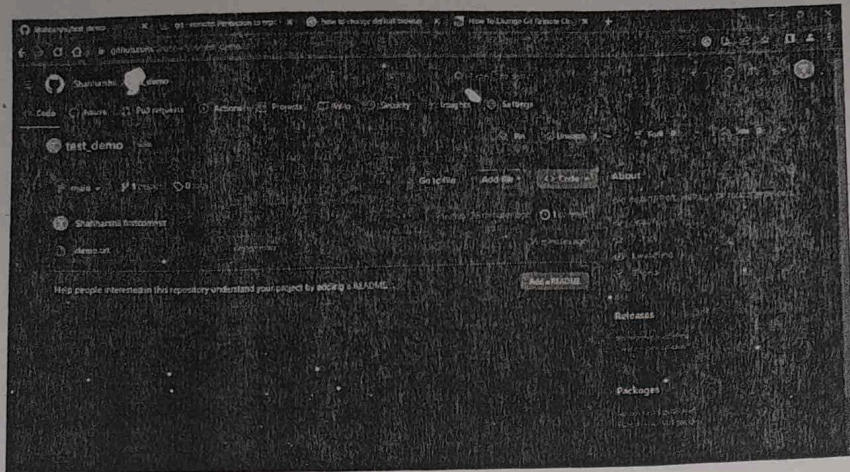
student@DESKTOP-GE4HU42
$ git remote add origin
error: remote origin a

student@DESKTOP-GE4HU42
$ git remote set-url o

student@DESKTOP-GE4HU42
$ git push origin main
Enumerating objects: 3
Counting objects: 100%
Writing objects: 100%
Total 3 (delta 0), re
To https://github.com
 [new branch]

student@DESKTOP-GE4HU42
$ git push --all
Everything up-to-date
```

Conclusion
op
as



commands to try, if any error occurs.

```
student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/harshii (main)
$ git push origin main
Everything up-to-date

student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/harshii (main)
$ git push -all
error: did you mean '--all' (with two dashes)?

student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/harshii (main)
$ git push --all
Everything up-to-date

student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/harshii (main)
$ git remote add origin https://github.com/Shahharshii/practical3.git
error: remote origin already exists.

student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/harshii (main)
$ git remote set-url origin https://github.com/Shahharshii/practical3.git

student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/harshii (main)
$ git push origin main
Enumerating objects: 3, done.
Counting objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 235 bytes | 235.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
To https://github.com/Shahharshii/practical3.git
 * [new branch] main -> main

student@DESKTOP-6B4HU42 MINGW64 ~/harshii (main)
$ git push --all
Everything up-to-date
```

Conclusion: Hence we performed various GIT operations on local and remote repositories using Git cheatsheet.