B.M.S COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING BENGALURU Autonomous Institute, Affiliated to VTU



Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for record of

OBJECT ORIENTED JAVA PROGRAMMING

(23CS3PCOOJ)

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B.M.S COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

```
Lab program no 1:
Develop a Java program that prints all real solu ons to the quadra c equa
on ax 2 +bx+c = 0. Read
in a, b, c and use the quadra c formula. If the discriminate b 2 -4ac is
nega ve, display a message
sta ng that there are no real solu ons
import java.util.Scanner;
public class QuadraticMain
  public static void main(String args[])
  {
     Quadratic q = new Quadratic();
     q.getd();
     q.compute();
class Quadratic
  int a, b, c;
  double r1, r2, d;
  void getd()
```

```
Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
  System.out.println("Enter the coefficients of a,b,c");
  a = s.nextInt();
  b = s.nextInt();
  c = s.nextInt();
void compute()
{
  while(a==0)
  {
     System.out.println("Not a quadratic equation");
     System.out.println("Enter a non zero value for a:");
     Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
     a = s.nextInt();
  d = b*b-4*a*c;
  if(d==0)
    r1 = (-b)/(2*a);
     System.out.println("Roots are real and equal");
     System.out.println("Roo1 = Root2 = " + r1);
  }
```

```
else if(d>0)
     {
       r1 = ((-b)+(Math.sqrt(d)))/(double)(2*a);
       r2 = ((-b)-(Math.sqrt(d)))/(double)(2*a);
       System.out.println("Roots are real and distinct");
       System.out.println("Roo1 = " + r1 + "Root2 = " + r2);
    else if(d<0)
     {
       System.out.println("Roots are imaginary");
       r1 = (-b)/(2*a);
       r2 = Math.sqrt(-d)/(2*a);
       System.out.println("Root1 = " + r1 + " + i"+r2);
       System.out.println("Root1 = " + r1 + " - i"+r2);
}
```

Lab program no 2:

Develop a Java program to create a class Student with members usn, name, an array credits and

an array marks. Include methods to accept and display details and a method to calculate SGPA of

```
a student.
import java.util.Scanner;
class Subject{
int subjectMarks;
int credits;
int grades;
class Student{
Subject subject[];
String name;
String usn;
double SGPA;
Scanner s;
Student(){
subject = new Subject[9];
for(int i = 0; i < 9; i++){
subject[i] = new Subject();
s= new Scanner(System.in);
}
void getStudentDetails(){
System.out.println("Enter your name: ");
this.name = s.nextLine();
```

```
System.out.println("Enter your usn: ");
this.usn = s.next();
}
void getMarks(){
for(int i = 0; i < 8; i++){
 System.out.println("Enter the marks of the "+(i+1)+" subject");
 subject[i].subjectMarks = s.nextInt();
 System.out.println("Enter the credits of the "+(i+1)+" subject");
 subject[i].credits = s.nextInt();
 subject[i].grades = (subject[i].subjectMarks/10)+1;
 if(subject[i].grades >10){
 subject[i].grades = 10;
 if(subject[i].grades <4){
 subject[i].grades = 0;
```

```
void computeSGPA(){
 int sum=0;
 int totalCredits = 0;
 for(int i = 0; i < 9; i++){
 sum+=(subject[i].grades * subject[i].credits);
 totalCredits += subject[i].credits;
 this.SGPA = (double) sum/totalCredits;
public class Main{
public static void main(String args[]){
 Student s1 = new Student();
 s1.getStudentDetails();
 s1.getMarks();
 s1.computeSGPA();
 System.out.println("Name: "+s1.name);
 System.out.println("Usn: "+s1.usn);
 System.out.println("SGPA: "+s1.SGPA);
}
```

```
}
Lab Program no 3
Create a class Book which contains four members: name, author, price,
num pages. Include a
constructor to set the values for the members. Include methods to set and
get the details of the
objects. Include a toString() method that could display the complete
details of the book. Develop
a Java program to create n book objects.
import java.util.Scanner;
class Books{
String name;
String author;
int price;
int numPages;
public Books(String name,String author,int price,int numPages){
 this.name = name;
 this.author = author;
 this.price = price;
 this.numPages = numPages;
```

```
public String toString(){
String name, author, price, numPages;
name = "Book name: " + this.name + "\n";
author = "Author name: " + this.author + "\n";
price = "Price: " + this.price + "\n";
numPages = "Number of pages: " + this.numPages + "\n";
return name + author + price + numPages;
void setName(String name){
this.name = name;
void setAuthor(String author){
this.author = author;
void setPrice(int price){
this.price = price;
void setNumPages(int numPages){
this.numPages = numPages;
String getName(){
```

```
return name;
String getAuthor(){
 return author;
int getPrice(){
 return price;
int getPgNum(){
 return numPages;
class Main {
public static void main(String args[]){
 Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
 int n, price, numPages;
 String name, author;
 System.out.println("Enter the number of books");
 n = sc.nextInt();
 sc.nextLine();
 Books b[]= new Books[n];
 for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
  System.out.println("Read name of the book");
```

```
name = sc.nextLine();
 System.out.println("Read author of the book");
 author = sc.nextLine();
 System.out.println("Read the price of the book");
 price = sc.nextInt();
 System.out.println("Read pgNumbers of the book");
 numPages = sc.nextInt();
 sc.nextLine();
 System.out.println("-----
");
 b[i] = new Books(name,author,price,numPages);
 for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
 String bookDetails = b[i].toString();
 System.out.println(bookDetails);
 for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
 System.out.println("Book name is "+b[i].getName());
 System.out.println("Book author is "+b[i].getAuthor());
 System.out.println("Book price is "+b[i].getPrice());
 System.out.println("Book has number of pages =
"+b[i].getPgNum()+"\n");
 }
```

```
Lab Program 4
Develop a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that
contains two integers and
an empty method named printArea(). Provide three classes named
Rectangle, Triangle and Circle
such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of
the classes contain only
the method printArea() that prints the area of the given shape.
import java.util.Scanner;
class InputScanner{
Scanner s;
InputScanner(){
 s = new Scanner(System.in);
abstract class Shape extends InputScanner{
double a;
double b;
abstract void getInput();
```

```
abstract void displayArea();
}
class Rectangle extends Shape{
void getInput(){
 InputScanner is = new InputScanner();
 System.out.println("Enter the length and breadth of the rectangle
:");
 a = is.s.nextDouble();
 b = is.s.nextDouble();
void displayArea(){
 System.out.println("The area of the rectangle is :"+(a*b));
}
class Triangle extends Shape {
void getInput(){
 InputScanner is = new InputScanner();
 System.out.println("Enter the base and height of the triangle:");
```

```
a = is.s.nextDouble();
 b = is.s.nextDouble();
void displayArea(){
 System.out.println("The area of the triangle is :"+(a*b*0.5));
}
class Circle extends Shape{
void getInput(){
 InputScanner is = new InputScanner();
 System.out.println("Enter radius of the Cirlce:");
 a = is.s.nextDouble();
void displayArea(){
 System.out.println("The area of the Circle is :"+(3.14*a*a));
}
}
public class AbstractMain{
```

```
public static void main(String args[]){
 System.out.println("HI");
 Rectangle rect = new Rectangle();
 rect.getInput();
 rect.displayArea();
 Triangle triangle = new Triangle();
 triangle.getInput();
 triangle.displayArea();
 Circle circle = new Circle();
 circle.getInput();
 circle.displayArea();
}
Lab program 5
Develop a Java program to create a class Bank that maintains two kinds
of account for its
customers, one called savings account and the other current account. The
savings account
provides compound interest and withdrawal facili es but no cheque book
facility. The current
account provides cheque book facility but no interest. Current account
holders should also
```

maintain a minimum balance and if the balance falls below this level, a service charge is imposed.

```
import java.util.*;
class Account{
String name;
int accno;
String type;
double balance;
private int mins=2000;
Account(String name,int accno, String type,double balance) {
this.name = name;
this.accno = accno;
this.type = type;
this.balance = balance;
if(balance<mins){</pre>
System.out.println("Insufficient balance");
}
void deposit(double amount){
balance +=amount;
}
void withdraw(double amount){
 if((balance-amount)>=0){
```

```
balance -= amount;
 else{
 System.out.println("Insufficient balance");
 return;
void display(){
 System.out.println("Name: "+name+"\n"+
    "AccountNo: "+accno+"\n"+
    "Type: "+type+"+"
    "balance: "+balance+"\n");
class SavingAccount extends Account{
private static int rate = 5;
SavingAccount(String name,int accno,String type,double balance){
 super(name,accno,type,balance);
void balanceWithInterest(){
 balance +=balance*rate/100;
 System.out.println("balance: "+balance);
```

```
}
class CurrAccount extends Account{
private static int minBalance = 2000;
private static int charge = 100;
CurrAccount(String name,int accno, String type,double balance) {
 super(name,accno,type,balance);
void checkMin(){
 if(balance<minBalance){</pre>
  System.out.println("Balance is less than min balance service
charge exposed " + charge);
 balance -= charge;
 return;
 System.out.println("balanc is "+balance);
```

```
public class Main{
public static void main(String args[]){
System.out.println("Shashidhar B M");
     System.out.println("1BM22CS257");
 Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
 System.out.println("Enter your name: ");
 String name = s.nextLine();
 System.out.println("Enter the account type (current or deposit)");
 String type = s.next();
 System.out.println("Enter the account number: ");
 int accno = s.nextInt();
 System.out.println("Enter the initial balance: ");
 double balance = s.nextDouble();
 Account acc = new Account(name,accno,type,balance);
 SavingAccount sa = new SavingAccount(name,accno,type,balance);
```

}

```
CurrAccount ca = new CurrAccount(name,accno,type,balance);
 double amount;
 while(true){
 if(acc.type.equals("savings")){
  System.out.println("\n-----MENU-----\n");
  System.out.println("1. Deposit \t2.Withdraw \t
3.compute interest for SavingsAccount \t 4.Display Account Details\n
5.Exit\t");
  System.out.println("Enter your choice");
  int choice = s.nextInt();
  switch(choice){
  case 1:System.out.println("Enter the deposit
amount");
   amount = s.nextDouble();
   sa.deposit(amount);
   break;
   case 2: System.out.println("Enter the withdrawl
amount ");
   amount = s.nextDouble();
   sa.withdraw(amount);
   break;
   case 3:sa.balanceWithInterest();
```

```
break;
   case 4:System.out.println("Details: ");
   sa.display();
   break;
   case 5: return;
   default: System.out.println("Invalid choice ");
 else{
  System.out.println("1. Deposit \t2. Withdraw \t
3.Display Account Details\n 4.Exit\t");
  System.out.println("Enter the choice");
  int choice = s.nextInt();
  switch(choice){
   case 1:System.out.println("Enter the amount: ");
       amount = s.nextInt();
        ca.deposit(amount);
   break;
   case 2:System.out.println("Enter the amount: ");
   amount = s.nextInt();
   ca.withdraw(amount);
   ca.checkMin();
   break;
```

```
case 3 : ca.display();
   break;
   case 4: System.exit(0);
Lab program 6-a
Write a Java program to create a generic class Stack which hold 5
integers and 5 double values
and
String method demonstra ons
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
class Stack<T> {
  private List<T> elements = new ArrayList<>();
  private int maxSize;
```

```
public Stack(int maxSize) {
  this.maxSize = maxSize;
}
public void push(T element) {
  if (elements.size() < maxSize) {</pre>
     elements.add(element);
     System.out.println("Pushed: " + element);
  } else {
     System.out.println("Stack is full. Cannot push more elements.");
  }
public T pop() {
  if (!elements.isEmpty()) {
     T poppedElement = elements.remove(elements.size() - 1);
     System.out.println("Popped: " + poppedElement);
     return poppedElement;
  } else {
     System.out.println("Stack is empty. Cannot pop elements.");
     return null;
```

```
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    // Creating a stack for integers
     Stack<Integer> intStack = new Stack<>(5);
     intStack.push(1);
    intStack.push(2);
     intStack.push(3);
     intStack.pop();
     intStack.push(4);
     intStack.push(5);
     intStack.push(6);
     Stack<Double> doubleStack = new Stack<>(5);
     doubleStack.push(1.1);
     doubleStack.push(2.2);
     doubleStack.push(3.3);
     doubleStack.pop();
     doubleStack.push(4.4);
     doubleStack.push(5.5);
     doubleStack.push(6.6);
```

}

```
}
Strings:
import java.util.*;
class StringConstructor{
public static void main(String args[]){
 System.out.println("Question : 1");
 String s1 = new String();
 s1 = "newString";
 char ch[]={'a','b','c','d'};
 String s2 = new String(ch);
 String demo = "Hello";
 String s = new String(demo);
 String charString = new String(ch,1,2);
 System.out.println(s1);
 System.out.println(s2);
 System.out.println(s);
```

```
System.out.println(charString);
System.out.println("Question: 2");
String name ="shashidhar";
String lname = " B M ";
System.out.println("The first string length is "+name.length());
name = name.concat(lname);
System.out.println(name)
System.out.println("Question : 3");
Integer num = 9807;
String snum = num.toString();
System.out.println(snum);
System.out.println("Question: 4");
String extract = "Welcome to bmsce college";
char chs[] = new char[20];
extract.getChars(10,16,chs,0);
String ans = new String(chs);
System.out.println(ans);
```

```
System.out.println("Question: 5");
String myName = "shashihdar";
char charArray[] = myName.toCharArray();
for(char val: charArray){
 System.out.print(val+"\t");
System.out.println();
byte arr[] = myName.getBytes();
for(byte val: arr){
 System.out.print(val+"\t");
System.out.println();
System.out.println("Question : 6");
System.out.println("Bmsce".equals("Bmsce"));
System.out.println("Bmsce".equals("College"));
System.out.println("Bmsce".equals("BMSCE"));
System.out.println("Bmsce".equalsIgnoreCase("BMSCE"));
}
```

```
class Sorts{
public static void main(String args[]){
 System.out.println("b".compareTo("a"));
 String st[] = {"van", "watch", "ball", "cat", "xmas", "yatch", "zee",
"apple","ice","jug","kite","lift","man","net","orange","dog","ent","free"
","gun","hen","parrot","queen","ring","star","tree","umbrella"};
 for(int i = 0; i < st.length(); i++){
  for(int j = 0;j < st.length();<math>j + +){
  if(st[i].compareTo(st[j])==1){
   String temp = st[i];
   st[i] = st[j];
   st[j] = temp;
 for(String c:st){
  System.out.println(c);
import java.util.*;
```

```
class Comparestrings{
public static void main(String args[]){
 String subString = "Bmsce collge";
 String val = "Welcome to Bmsce College of Engineering";
if(val.regionMatches(11,subString,0,5)){
System.out.println("String matches");
}
else{
}
System.out.println("String not matches");
System.out.println(subString.startsWith("B"));
System.out.println(subString.startsWith("r"));
String a = "Hello";
String b = "Hello";
String c = new String("Hello");
System.out.println(a==b);
System.out.println(b==c);
System.out.println(b.equals(c));
Lab program 6 -b packages
```

Create a package CIE which has two classes- Student and Internals. The class Student has

members like usn, name, sem. The class Internals derived from Student has an array that stores

the internal marks scored in five courses of the current semester of the student. Create another

package SEE which has the class External which is a derived class of Student. This class has an

array that stores the SEE marks scored in five courses of the current semester of the student.

Import the two packages in a file that declares the final marks of n students in all five courses.

```
CIE/Student.java

package CIE;

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Student {

protected String usn = new String();

protected String name = new String();

protected int sem;

public void inputStudentDetails() {

System.out.println("Enter the usn , name , sem :\n");

Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
this.usn = sc.nextLine();
     name = sc.nextLine();
    sem = sc.nextInt();
  }
  public void displayStudentDetails() {
     System.out.println("Student details are \n Name : name \n Usn : usn
\n
Sem : sem n";
CIE/Internals.java
package CIE;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Internals extends Student {
  protected int marks[] = new int[5];
  public void inputCIEmarks(){
     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Enter the marks of 5 subject");
     for(int i = 0; i < 5; i++){
```

```
marks[i] = sc.nextInt();
SEE/Externals.java
package SEE;
import CIE.*;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Externals extends Internals {
  protected int marks[];
  protected int finalMarks[];
  public Externals() {
     marks = new int[5]; finalMarks = new int[5];
  }
    public void inputSEEmarks() {
       Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
       for(int i=0;i<5;i++) {
         System.out.print("Subject "+(i+1)+" marks: ");
         marks[i] = s.nextInt();
```

```
public void calculateFinalMarks() {
     for(int i=0; i<5; i++){
       finalMarks[i] = marks[i]/2 + super.marks[i];
  public void displayFinalMarks() {
     displayStudentDetails();
     for(int i=0; i<5; i++){
       System.out.println("Subject " + (i+1) + ": " + finalMarks[i]);
     }
  }
Main.java import SEE.Externals;
import CIE.*;
class Main {
  public static void main(String args[]){
     int numOfStudents = 2;
```

```
Externals finalMarks[] = new Externals[numOfStudents];
     for(int i=0;i<numOfStudents;i++){
       finalMarks[i] = new Externals();
       finalMarks[i].inputStudentDetails();
       System.out.println("Enter CIE marks");
       finalMarks[i].inputCIEmarks();
       System.out.println("Enter SEE marks");
       finalMarks[i].inputSEEmarks();
     }
     System.out.println("Displaying data:\n");
     for(int i=0;i<numOfStudents;i++){</pre>
       finalMarks[i].calculateFinalMarks();
       finalMarks[i].displayFinalMarks();
Lab program 7
Write a program that demonstrates handling of excep ons in inheritance
tree. Create a base class
called "Father" and derived class called "Son" which extends the base
class. In Father class,
```

```
implement a constructor which takes the age and throws the excep on
WrongAge() when the
input age<0. In Son class, implement a constructor that cases both father
and son's age and throws
an excep on if son's age is >= father's age.
import java.util.*;
class WrongAge extends Exception{
  public WrongAge(String s){
    super(s);
class InputScanner{
  Scanner sc;
  public InputScanner(){
    sc = new Scanner(System.in);
class Father extends InputScanner{
  int fatherAge;
  public Father() throws WrongAge{
    InputScanner ss = new InputScanner();
     System.out.println("Enter the father age: ");
```

```
fatherAge = ss.sc.nextInt();
    if(fatherAge<0){
       throw new WrongAge("Age cannot be negative");
  void fdisplay(){
     System.out.println("Father age is : "+fatherAge);
class Son extends Father{
  int sonAge;
  public Son() throws WrongAge{
    InputScanner ss = new InputScanner();
     System.out.println("Enter the Son age: ");
    sonAge = ss.sc.nextInt();
    if(sonAge==fatherAge){
       throw new WrongAge("Son's age cannot be equal to father age");
     }
    else if(sonAge>fatherAge){
       throw new WrongAge("Son's age cannot be greater than father's
age");
```

```
else if(sonAge<0){
       throw new WrongAge("Age cannot be negative");
     }
  void sdisplay(){
    System.out.println("Son's age is :"+sonAge );
}
public class PMain{
  public static void main(String args[]){
    Son p;
    try{
       p = new Son();
       p.fdisplay();
       p.sdisplay();
     }
    catch(WrongAge e){
       System.out.println(e);
     }
System.out.println("Shashidhar B M");
     System.out.println("1BM22CS257");
```

```
Lab program 8
Write a program which creates two threads, one thread displaying "BMS
College of Engineering"
once every ten seconds and another displaying "CSE" once every two
seconds.
class Bms extends Thread {
  public void run() {
    for (int i = 1; i \le 50; i++) {
       try {
         Thread.sleep(10000);
         System.out.println("BMS College of Engineering" + i);
       } catch (InterruptedException e) {
         System.out.println("thread error");
class Cse extends Thread {
```

public void run() {

```
for (int i = 1; i \le 50; i++) {
       try {
          Thread.sleep(2000);
          System.out.println("Computer Science " + i);
       } catch (InterruptedException e) {
          System.out.println("thread error");
public class TreadsMain {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
     Bms c1 = new Bms();
     c1.start();
     Cse i1 = new Cse();
     i1.start();
Lab program 9
```

Write a program that creates a user interface to perform integer divisions. The user enters two

numbers in the text fields, Num1 and Num2. The division of Num1 and Num2 is displayed in the

Result field when the Divide bu on is clicked. If Num1 or Num2 were not an integer, the program

would throw a NumberFormatExcep on. If Num2 were Zero, the program would throw an

Arithme c Excep on Display the excep on in a message dialog box.

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
class SwingDemo {
  SwingDemo(){
    // create iframe container
    JFrame jfrm = new JFrame("Divider App");
    jfrm.setSize(275, 150);
    ifrm.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
    // to terminate on close
    jfrm.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT ON CLOSE);
    // text label
    JLabel jlab = new JLabel("Enter the divider and divident:");
    // add text field for both numbers
```

```
JTextField aitf = new JTextField(8);
JTextField bitf = new JTextField(8);
// calc button
JButton button = new JButton("Calculate");
// labels
JLabel err = new JLabel();
JLabel alab = new JLabel();
JLabel blab = new JLabel();
JLabel anslab = new JLabel();
// add in order :)
 // to display error bois
jfrm.add(jlab);
jfrm.add(ajtf);
jfrm.add(bjtf);
jfrm.add(button);
jfrm.add(err);
ifrm.add(alab);
ifrm.add(blab);
jfrm.add(anslab);
```

```
ActionListener 1 = new ActionListener() {
  public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent evt) {
     System.out.println("Action event from a text field");
  }
};
ajtf.addActionListener(1);
bjtf.addActionListener(1);
button.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
  public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent evt) {
     try{
       int a = Integer.parseInt(ajtf.getText());
       int b = Integer.parseInt(bjtf.getText());
       int ans = a/b;
       alab.setText("\nA = " + a);
       blab.setText("\nB = " + b);
       anslab.setText("\nAns = "+ ans);
     catch(NumberFormatException e){
       alab.setText("");
```

```
anslab.setText("");
          err.setText("Enter Only Integers!");
       }
       catch(ArithmeticException e){
          alab.setText("");
          blab.setText("");
          anslab.setText("");
          err.setText("B should be NON zero!");
       }
  });
  // display frame
  ifrm.setVisible(true);
}
public static void main(String args[]){
  // create frame on event dispatching thread
  SwingUtilities.invokeLater(new Runnable(){
    public void run(){
       new SwingDemo();
```

blab.setText("");

```
});
Lab program 10
Demonstrate Inter process Communica on and deadlock
class Q {
  int n;
  boolean valueSet = false;
  synchronized int get() {
    while (!valueSet)
       try {
         System.out.println("\nConsumer waiting\n");
         wait();
       } catch (InterruptedException e) {
         System.out.println("InterruptedExceptioncaught");
       }
     System.out.println("Got: " + n);
     valueSet = false;
     System.out.println("\nIntimate Producer\n");
```

```
notify();
  return n;
synchronized void put(int n) {
  while (valueSet)
    try {
       System.out.println("\nProducer waiting\n");
       wait();
     } catch (InterruptedException e) {
       System.out.println("InterruptedException caught");
  this.n = n;
  valueSet = true;
```

```
System.out.println("Put: " + n);
     System.out.println("\nIntimate Consumer\n");
    notify();
class Producer implements Runnable {
  Q q;
  Producer(Q q) {
    this.q = q;
    new Thread(this, "Producer").start();
  }
  public void run() {
    int i = 0;
    while (i < 15) {
       q.put(i++);
```

```
class Consumer implements Runnable {
  Qq;
  Consumer(Q q) {
    this.q = q;
    new Thread(this, "Consumer").start();
  }
  public void run() {
    int i = 0;
    while (i \le 15) {
       int r = q.get();
       System.out.println("consumed:" + r);
       i++;
public class Corrected {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    Q q = new Q();
    new Producer(q);
    new Consumer(q);
     System.out.println("Press Control-C to stop.");
 } }
```

Owride a force program to calculate reads of quadratic equation use appropriate methods to take cuput, and calculate the rooth. emport java. utel samuri Not Quad & double root 1, most 2; d; disconner (bys &m. In O tudnie brow System. out. prentle ("anadratic equation to form: and 2 + br + C System out prentle ("Enter a:"); Bystem out o prent ("Enter b:"); b = A. next Int(); System out . prent ("Etor (:"); t = s. nextint (); void destrumenant () (d = (b=b)-(4*a=c);

Vord Calculate Roots () } 16 (d>0) 3 yearn out prentle ("Roots are real and Sattleda & A work unequal"); most 1 = (-b+ math - squt(a)/(200)); sport 2 = (-b - reath. squt(d)/(2=a));
System. out. prently ("Fort road is "+ road); Bystem. out println ("selond root 4: "+ root 2); else of (d == 0) yellen. Out prently ("Roots are real and gud"); - 6 + Moth Agrit (d) 1 (20)); perently ("hoot: "+ not 1) cul b/(2*a); ble emagerary = math. rgpd(-d)/(2=a); ("The equation has trop complex roots "+ real +" +" + emaginary + "i and + real + "-" + emaginary + "i");

day manos Public static void mater(string[]arge) {
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return manne + author + prece + numb ages;

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public class Exception Enduratione Demos try ? mus father (40); Som Non = new San(40,20); 2 Catch (wrongfige e) (L. get Musage C); So P ("Exception:" + l. get Musage C); Bon's age: 40 Exception Son's age cannot be greaters as 23/02/24 1 Oceaning label, bitton & test field in a Emport gas aut . Exert. "; public class AWTExample extends windartheters Framl fill) { f - addwerder (Elotherer (thes); Button b = new Button ("Submit"); Textfuld t = ne Textfuld (); 1. Mt Bounds (20,20,20,30); t. ut Rounds (20,100,80, 30) b. Mt Bounds (100, 100, 80, 30); · add (b); · add (1); ·add(+5) · 1015 3e(400, 300); · set Telle ("Employee Info")" · ret Layout (mell); 1. Net Voielsle (true);

public void industry (windows est e)? public static wild enter (6) & new AWIEROFELS; AWTERample Enter your mand [Submitt

Pour clack a button & add a cition living for public class Button Examples Frank frank = new Frank ("Button Example); Button button = mus Button ("Click mi"); button. set Bounds (100, 100, 80, 30); public vord aution Performed (Actionarce to e) &
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3 Example 2; public class systeming ex &

public class systeming ex &

prom () throws Exception L

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fout 2 = new File output stream

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Marie Charles and I wanted	The Real Property of	

(5 Example 4) Emport 3000. 90. Fell Infut Stram; public class Felt x 2 &

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byte (3 byte) = new byte Dost

ent 2; Char (; 8 = flar read Chatus; 30 p ("number of byter read: "+2); 30p ("Bytes read:"); for (byte b: bytes) (=(char)bi 50PCOS;