

**Knowledge Check** 

## How can you access the column *Age* in a Pandas DataFrame named *df*?

- A. df('Age')
- B. df[0]
- C. df['Age']
- D. df.Age()



### Knowledge Check

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- A. df('Age')
- B. df[0]
- C. df['Age']
- D. df.Age()



#### The correct answer is **C**

In Pandas, DataFrame columns can be accessed using the bracket notation with the column name as a string.

# Which Pandas function is used to obtain a summary of descriptive statistics for a DataFrame named *df*?

- A. df.describe()
- B. df.statistics()
- C. df.summary()
- D. df.info()



### Knowledge Check

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# Which Pandas function is used to obtain a summary of descriptive statistics for a DataFrame named *df*?

- A. df.describe()
- B. df.statistics()
- C. df.summary()
- D. df.info()



#### The correct answer is A

The describe() function in Pandas is utilized for providing a summary of descriptive statistics, including measures such as mean, median, and standard deviation for numeric columns.

# How is the year extracted from a Pandas Series *date\_series* containing datetime objects?

- A. date\_series.year()
- B. date\_series.get('year')
- C. date\_series.dt.year
- D. year(date\_series)



## Knowledge Check

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## How is the year extracted from a Pandas Series *date\_series* containing datetime objects?

- A. date\_series.year()
- B. date\_series.get('year')
- C. date\_series.dt.year
- D. year(date\_series)



#### The correct answer is **C**

Pandas uses the dt accessor to access the datetime properties of a Series, with .year specifically extracting the year component from each datetime object in the series.