



"Experiment 1.3"

Student Name: SUMIT KUMAR UID: 20BCS8226

Branch: CSE Section/Group: 808-A

Semester: 5 Date of Performance: 18-08-22

Subject Name: **Design and Analysis of Algorithms Lab**Subject Code: **20CSP-312**

1. Aim/Overview of the practical:

In O(n) time complexity, find the frequency of elements in a given array.

$\textbf{2. Algorithm/Flowchart} \ (\textbf{For programming based labs}) \textbf{:}$

Step 1: Input the number of elements of an array.

Step 2: Input the array elements.

Step 3: Create another array to store the frequency of elements.

Step 4: Traverse the input array and update the count of the elements in the frequency array.

Step 5: Print the frequency array which displays the frequency of all the elements of the array.

3. Steps for experiment/practical/Code:







```
// SUMIT KUMAR
// 20BCS8226
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
void countFreq(int arr[], int n)
 // Mark all array elements as not visited
 vector<bool> visited(n, false);
 // Traverse through array elements and
 // count frequencies
 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
  // Skip this element if already processed
  if (visited[i] == true)
  continue;
  // Count frequency
  int count = 1;
  for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
   if (arr[i] == arr[j]) {
     visited[j] = true;
     count++;
    }
  cout<<"Frequency of "<<arr[i]<< " is : "<<count<<endl;</pre>
}
int main()
 int arr[] = \{7, 7, 4, 5, 6, 5, 4, 4, 3, 1, 2, 1\};
 int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
```





```
countFreq(arr, n);
return 0;
}
```

4. Observations/Discussions/ Complexity Analysis:

This approach will result in linear complexity, i.e., O(n) time complexity. Here, n is the number of elements present in the given array.

5. Result/Output/Writing Summary:

```
main.cpp - C++ - Replit
   → C • replit.com/@SUMITKUMAR36/C#main.cpp
≝ ® SUMITKUMAR36 / C++ © ∨ ⑤
                                                                           ► Run
                                                                                                                                                A+ Invite Q
                                                             E : Console x Shell x +
                                                                                                                                                           ÷
main.cpp × +
                                                                         clang++-7 -pthread -std=c++17 -o main main.cpp
       1 // SUMIT KUMAR
                                                                                                                                                       Q 🗓
       2 // 20BCS8226
                                                                       Frequency of 7 is : 2
Frequency of 4 is : 3
Frequency of 5 is : 2
Frequency of 6 is : 1
Frequency of 3 is : 1
Frequency of 1 is : 2
Frequency of 2 is : 1
       4 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
       5 using namespace std;
\trianglerightI
       7 void countFreq(int arr[], int n)
       8 ▼ {
9 // Mark all array elements as not visited
      vector<bool> visited(n, false);
£
      11
      12
            // Traverse through array elements and
           // count frequencies
      14 ▼ for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
      15
              // Skip this element if already processed
              if (visited[i] == true)
      17
              continue;
      18
      19
              // Count frequency
      20
              int count = 1;
      21▼
               for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
               if (arr[i] == arr[j]) {
      22 ▼
                   visited[j] = true;
      23
                                                             (16.06 Ping 03-09-2022
```







Learning outcomes (What I have learnt):

- **1.** Learnt about a way of calculating frequency of each element.
- 2. Learnt how to implement know frequency in linear time complexity.
- 3. Learnt faster method of calculating frequency of elements in an array.

Evaluation Grid (To be created as per the SOP and Assessment guidelines by the faculty):

Sr. No.	Parameters	Marks Obtained	Maximum Marks
1.			
2.			
3.			

