

# MongoDB + Mongoose: Quick Setup & CRUD Operations

## 1. Introduction to MongoDB & Mongoose

MongoDB is a NoSQL database known for its flexibility and scalability. Mongoose is an ODM (Object Data Modeling) library for MongoDB and Node.js, helping to define schemas and manage data with ease.

## 2. MongoDB Setup (using Atlas)

1. Go to <https://www.mongodb.com/cloud/atlas>
2. Create an account and set up a cluster
3. Create a database user and get your connection string
4. Allow your IP address in network access
5. Use this connection string in your Node.js app

## 3. Installing Mongoose

Run this command in your Node.js project:

```
npm install mongoose
```

Then connect to your database:

```
const mongoose = require('mongoose');  
mongoose.connect('your_mongodb_uri')  
  .then(() => console.log('Connected'))  
  .catch(err => console.log(err));
```

## 4. Schema & Schema Types

Define a schema:

```
const userSchema = new mongoose.Schema({  
  name: String,  
  email: { type: String, required: true },
```

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```
age: Number,  
isActive: Boolean,  
createdAt: { type: Date, default: Date.now }  
});  
  
const User = mongoose.model('User', userSchema);
```

## 5. CRUD Operations in Mongoose

### CREATE:

```
const newUser = new User({ name: 'Sumit', email: 'sumit@example.com' });  
await newUser.save();
```

### READ:

```
const users = await User.find();
```

### UPDATE:

```
await User.updateOne({ _id: id }, { name: 'Updated' });
```

### DELETE:

```
await User.deleteOne({ _id: id });
```

## 6. Bonus Tips

- Always validate user inputs
- Use try/catch for async operations
- Use `.lean()` for faster queries when you don't need Mongoose features