Project 4

Sure, let's continue by modifying the `ProductTester` class to include static methods for processing, and then implementing the user interface with a menu system.

Step 1: Create Static Methods in `ProductTester` Class 1. **Create `displayInventory` method**: - This method will display the inventory of products. 2. **Create `addToInventory` method**: - This method will populate the product array with user input. 3. **Create `getNumProducts` method**: - This method will get the number of products from the user. 4. **Move relevant code into these methods**: - Refactor the main method to call these new methods. ### Modified `ProductTester` Class ```java import java.util.Scanner; public class ProductTester { public static void main(String[] args) { // Create a Scanner object for keyboard input Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);

int maxSize = getNumProducts(in);

```
if (maxSize == 0) {
    System.out.println("No products required!");
  } else {
    Product[] products = new Product[maxSize];
    addToInventory(products, in);
    int menuChoice;
    do {
      menuChoice = getMenuOption(in);
      executeMenuChoice(menuChoice, products, in);
    } while (menuChoice != 0);
  }
  // Close the Scanner
  in.close();
}
// Method to display the inventory
public static void displayInventory(Product[] products) {
  System.out.println("\nProduct details:");
  for (Product product : products) {
    System.out.println(product.toString());
  }
}
// Method to add products to the inventory
public static void addToInventory(Product[] products, Scanner in) {
  int tempNumber;
  String tempName;
  int tempQty;
  double tempPrice;
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < products.length; i++) {
      in.nextLine(); // Clear the input buffer
      System.out.println("Enter the details for Product " + (i + 1) + ":");
      System.out.print("Item Number: ");
      tempNumber = in.nextInt();
      in.nextLine(); // Consume newline left-over
      System.out.print("Name: ");
      tempName = in.nextLine();
      System.out.print("Quantity: ");
      tempQty = in.nextInt();
      System.out.print("Price: ");
      tempPrice = in.nextDouble();
      // Create a new product and add it to the array
      products[i] = new Product(tempNumber, tempName, tempQty, tempPrice);
    }
  }
  // Method to get the number of products from the user
  public static int getNumProducts(Scanner in) {
    int maxSize = -1; // Initial value to fail the loop initially
    // Prompt user for number of products
    do {
      try {
         System.out.print("Enter the number of products you would like to add (Enter 0 if you do not
wish to add products): ");
         maxSize = in.nextInt();
         if (maxSize < 0) {
           System.out.println("Incorrect Value entered");
```

```
}
    } catch (Exception e) {
      System.out.println("Incorrect data type entered! Please enter a valid integer.");
      in.nextLine(); // Clear the input buffer
    }
  } while (maxSize < 0);
  return maxSize;
}
// Method to get the menu option from the user
public static int getMenuOption(Scanner in) {
  int menuChoice = -1;
  do {
    try {
      System.out.println("\nMenu:");
      System.out.println("1. View Inventory");
      System.out.println("2. Add Stock");
      System.out.println("3. Deduct Stock");
      System.out.println("4. Discontinue Product");
      System.out.println("0. Exit");
      System.out.print("Please enter a menu option: ");
      menuChoice = in.nextInt();
      if (menuChoice < 0 | | menuChoice > 4) {
        System.out.println("Invalid menu option. Please enter a number between 0 and 4.");
      }
    } catch (Exception e) {
      System.out.println("Incorrect data type entered! Please enter a valid integer.");
      in.nextLine(); // Clear the input buffer
    }
  } while (menuChoice < 0 | | menuChoice > 4);
```

```
return menuChoice;
}
// Method to execute the menu choice
public static void executeMenuChoice(int menuChoice, Product[] products, Scanner in) {
  switch (menuChoice) {
    case 1:
      System.out.println("View Product List");
      displayInventory(products);
      break;
    case 2:
      System.out.println("Add Stock");
      addInventory(products, in);
      break;
    case 3:
      System.out.println("Deduct Stock");
      deductInventory(products, in);
      break;
    case 4:
      System.out.println("Discontinue Stock");
      discontinueInventory(products, in);
      break;
    case 0:
      System.out.println("Exiting...");
      break;
    default:
      System.out.println("Invalid choice!");
      break;
  }
}
```

```
// Method to get the product number from the user
  public static int getProductNumber(Product[] products, Scanner in) {
    int productChoice = -1;
    do {
      try {
         System.out.println("\nSelect a product:");
         for (int i = 0; i < products.length; i++) {
           System.out.println(i + ": " + products[i].getName());
        }
         System.out.print("Enter the product number: ");
         productChoice = in.nextInt();
         if (productChoice < 0 | | productChoice >= products.length) {
           System.out.println("Invalid product number. Please enter a number between 0 and " +
(products.length - 1));
        }
      } catch (Exception e) {
         System.out.println("Incorrect data type entered! Please enter a valid integer.");
         in.nextLine(); // Clear the input buffer
      }
    } while (productChoice < 0 || productChoice >= products.length);
    return productChoice;
  }
  // Method to add stock to a product
  public static void addInventory(Product[] products, Scanner in) {
    int productChoice = getProductNumber(products, in);
    int updateValue = -1;
    do {
```

```
try {
        System.out.print("How many products do you want to add? ");
        updateValue = in.nextInt();
        if (updateValue < 0) {
           System.out.println("Invalid value. Please enter a positive number.");
        }
      } catch (Exception e) {
        System.out.println("Incorrect data type entered! Please enter a valid integer.");
        in.nextLine(); // Clear the input buffer
      }
    } while (updateValue < 0);</pre>
    products[productChoice].addToInventory(updateValue);
  }
  // Method to deduct stock from a product
  public static void deductInventory(Product[] products, Scanner in) {
    int productChoice = getProductNumber(products, in);
    int updateValue = -1;
    do {
      try {
        System.out.print("How many products do you want to deduct?");
        updateValue = in.nextInt();
        if (updateValue < 0 || updateValue > products[productChoice].getQuantity()) {
           System.out.println("Invalid value. Please enter a number between 0 and " +
products[productChoice].getQuantity());
        }
      } catch (Exception e) {
        System.out.println("Incorrect data type entered! Please enter a valid integer.");
        in.nextLine(); // Clear the input buffer
```

```
}
    } while (updateValue < 0 || updateValue > products[productChoice].getQuantity());
    products[productChoice].deductFromInventory(updateValue);
  }
  // Method to discontinue a product
  public static void discontinueInventory(Product[] products, Scanner in) {
    int productChoice = getProductNumber(products, in);
    products[productChoice].setActive(false);
  }
}
### Step 2: Modify `Product` Class to Include New Methods
1. **Create `addToInventory` method**:
 - This method will add stock to the inventory.
2. **Create `deductFromInventory` method**:
 - This method will deduct stock from the inventory.
### Modified `Product` Class
```java
public class Product {
 private int itemNumber;
 private String name;
 private int quantity;
 private double price;
 private boolean active;
```

```
public Product(int itemNumber, String name, int quantity, double price) {
 this.itemNumber = itemNumber;
 this.name = name;
 this.quantity = quantity;
 this.price = price;
 this.active = true;
}
public int getItemNumber() {
 return itemNumber;
}
public String getName() {
 return name;
}
public int getQuantity() {
 return quantity;
}
public double getPrice() {
 return price;
}
public boolean isActive() {
 return active;
}
public void setActive(boolean active) {
 this.active = active;
```

```
}
 public void addToInventory(int quantity) {
 this.quantity += quantity;
 }
 public void deductFromInventory(int quantity) {
 this.quantity -= quantity;
 }
 @Override
 public String toString() {
 return "Item Number: " + itemNumber +
 "\nName: " + name +
 "\nQuantity in stock: " + quantity +
 "\nPrice: " + price +
 "\nStock Value: " + getInventoryValue() +
 "\
nActive: " + active;
 }
 public double getInventoryValue() {
 return quantity * price;
 }
}
```

### Step 3: Run and Test Your Code

Run your program to ensure it works as expected. This completes the necessary updates for Section 7 Part 1 of the inventory project. If you have any issues or need further assistance, feel free to ask!