

Digests and Messages

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. Verse references such as indicate the original source of the text, but don't imply a full quotation.

Introduction

¹ God loves everyone and wants each of us to find joy and satisfaction. ² To help us towards that goal, God gave us reason, conscience, and the ability to choose. ³ Our responsibility is to follow, sincerely, the dictates of our conscience, while respecting the equal privilege of others to do the same.

⁴ We're accountable to God for our choices. ⁵ Each of us can have a personal relationship with God. ⁶ God communicates with each of us as needed, ⁷ and sends messengers to different

times, places, and cultures to guide us. Studying the messages that are intended for us can enlighten our understanding.

⁸ God knows the vastness of human diversity. Just as a skilled optometrist prescribes eyeglasses to compensate for a patient's shortcomings, God guides us to a prescription that's optimized for our spiritual growth. Our prescription may differ from, or coincide with, that of our peers. ⁹ Because of this diversity, a community of believers can strengthen and inspire one another.

¹⁰ Details about God's nature and methods are largely a distraction from the proper focus of our lives: a lifelong migration towards joy through our personal choices.

¹¹ While striving to live the principles described above, I felt guided to prayerfully undertake the actions below. The results are for my own benefit and may not benefit others in the same way.

¹² Create a prioritized list of essential commandments to help me focus on what matters most and to resolve conflicts that may arise between those commandments. This became the Digest of Priorities.

¹³ Write pairs of essential virtues whose opposing demands I need to balance in my own life. This became the Digest of Virtues.

¹⁴ Try different methods of prayer, listening carefully to understand which are most effective at strengthening my relationship with God. Codify those practices and observe them faithfully. This became the Digest of Prayer.

¹⁵ Record short ideas that God has used to clarify my understanding of certain principles. This became the Digest of Maxims.

¹⁶ Study the messages of those who are widely considered to be prophets of God. Abridge those messages by selecting the teachings that are the most

practical and important for guiding my life. This became the Messages. I refer to them as The Message of Moses, The Message of Jesus, etc.

Digests

Priorities

¹ You have reason and conscience to govern your choices. ² These priorities are a guide to keep conscience within proper bounds. ³ They are listed by decreasing importance. ⁴ Try to observe all the priorities. ⁵ If two must conflict, prefer the more important one.

⁶ Compulsion may only be used to stop an immediate threat to life, property, or free will. ⁷ Choose what you will have at the expense of what you

won't. ⁸ Give no importance to that which has none. ⁹ Tend to your own affairs.

¹² Make promises sparingly. ¹³ Keep your word. ¹⁴ Make amends. ¹⁷ Be grateful.

¹⁸ Take care of yourself. ¹⁹ Be sparing and cautious with behaviors that might be addictive.

²⁰ Respect others. ²¹ Speak kindly and quietly. ²² Maintain a few strong relationships. ²³ Maintain stable, long-term relationships with your spouses. ²⁴ Obtain consent from your spouses for all intimate relations. ²⁵ Have children with your spouses.

²⁶ Spend some time each day quiet and alone. ²⁷ Pray daily. ²⁸ Study the Digests and Messages daily, balancing literal and figurative interpretation.

²⁹ Avoid contention. ³⁰ Forgive wrongs, real and perceived. ³¹ Maintain political neutrality.

³² Acquire, then act on, useful knowl-

edge. ³³ Engage skillfully in an occupation, trade, or craft. ³⁴ Make an honest profit. ³⁵ Incur debts rarely and sparingly, and pay them back quickly. ³⁶ Ten percent of your annual expenditures should be donations. ³⁷ Keep a modest reserve of useful assets.

³⁸ Smile. ³⁹ Serve anonymously, without remuneration.

⁴⁰ Maintain your body in strength, speed, flexibility, and balance. ⁴¹ Devote one day in seven to rejuvenation and spiritual growth.

⁴² Improve your surroundings.

Virtues

¹ Every virtue taken to extreme becomes vice. ² The virtues below are listed in pairs. ³ Balance the two virtues in a pair. ⁴ If you're unsure how to balance them, err on the side of the first.

⁵ The pairs are listed alphabetically, with no relative importance intended.

¹ Challenge, comfort. ¹ Companionship, solitude. ¹ Contentment, ambition. ¹ Detachment, attachment. ¹ Flexible, tenacious. ¹ Generous, frugal. ¹ Gradual, swift. ¹ Holistic, atomistic. ¹ Humble, confident. ¹ Independence, conformity. ¹ Intellect, emotion. ¹ Mercy, justice. ¹ Open, guarded. ¹ Prepare, improvise. ¹ Silence, communication. ¹ Simplicity, abundance. ¹ Solemnity, humor. ¹ Stable, dynamic. ¹ Tactful, honest. ¹ Tradition, innovation. ¹ Tranquility, excitement. ¹ Work, repose.

Prayer

¹ Offer formal prayer one, two, or three times during your waking hours, ² with at least one performed outside. ³ When praying outside, it can be helpful to turn your back towards the approximate location of the sun. ⁵ Make your best effort to perform each posture, even if it's not perfect.

⁶ Gratitude: Stand with your eyes closed and your face turned toward the sky until you are tranquil. ⁷ Recite, "God in heaven, I thank you for life, air to breathe, quiet places, and the ability to choose; ⁸ for challenges, work, emotion, and the gift of reason." ⁹ In your own words, express heartfelt gratitude to God.

¹⁰ Confession: Bow, eyes closed, hands on knees, face downward. ¹¹ Recite, "God in heaven, I strive to keep the Priorities, to balance the Virtues, and to learn from my failures when I don't.

¹² I want to be more faithful. ¹³ I fall short in these ways.” ¹⁴ In your own words, confess to God your failures, weaknesses, and ways you need to improve.

¹⁵ Petition: Squat, arms outstretched, hands cupped to form a bowl, your face forward. ¹⁶ Recite, “God in heaven, you have given me a beautiful world to live in, messengers to teach me, and guidance when I ask. ¹⁷ Hear my prayer.” ¹⁸ In your own words, request God’s guidance in achieving your righteous desires.

¹⁹ Listen: Stand with your face downward. ²⁰ Recite, “God in heaven, you let the sun rise on good and evil people alike. ²¹ You send guidance through a gentle thought, a quiet feeling, or a soft voice. ²² I’m listening.” Listen for God’s guidance.

²³ Action: Bow, eyes closed, hands on knees, face downward. ²⁴ Recite, “God in heaven, the greatest gift brings no

profit when left unused. ²⁵ I thank you for giving me guidance. ²⁶ I plan to act.” ²⁷ In your own words, tell God how you will act on the guidance you have received.

Maxims

^{2:1} A young child asks his mother, “How is a baby made?” ² Knowing the child’s rudimentary understanding, she responds, ³ “The father places a seed in the mother’s belly. The mother nourishes that seed and it grows into a baby.”

^{2:4} So it is when God teaches us.

^{3:1} A king had two vaults filled with treasure, each protected by its own lock. ² The king said that whoever opened a vault could have the treasure inside. ³ Two men sought the treasure.

^{3:4} The first man turned the dials of the lock. ⁵ He listened carefully as the

mechanism moved inside. ⁶ He noticed patterns of sound and vibration within the dials. ⁷ After many days of persistence and study, he discovered the combination and unlocked the vault.

^{3:8} The second man offered to be the king's servant. ⁹ He listened carefully to the king's wishes, and executed them faithfully. ¹⁰ He noticed patterns among the king's requests and anticipated his wishes. ¹¹ After many days of persistence and service, the second man asked the king for the combination and received it.

^{3:13} Both men received treasure. ¹⁴ So it is with knowledge.

^{4:1} There were two lakes. ² The first lake said to himself, "I will retain every drop of water that flows into me so that I can be great." ³ His waters became salty and putrid. ⁴ His fish died and the plants along his shore wilted. ⁵ Animals and travelers avoided him.

4:6 The second lake said to himself, "I want to prosper all life on the mountain below me. I will retain a modest pool for myself then allow each drop to pass down the river to those who might use it." 7 His waters became clean and sweet. 8 His fish grew large and the plants along his shore prospered. 9 Animals and travelers came from afar to enjoy his splendor.

4:10 So it is with all assets.

5:1 Rain, freshly fallen from a cloud, is clean and good to drink. 2 As it flows down mountains and across plains, it becomes soiled and bitter. 3 The sun must extract pure water from the sea again, leaving impurities behind, to produce fresh rain once more.

5:4 So it is with messages from heaven.

6:1 A horse, a dolphin, and an eagle each consume their own kind of nourishment, 2 and yet each grows to full stature and majesty.

6:3 So it is with spirituality.

7:1 A child asks his mother, "Please get me a cup from the top shelf." ² The mother reaches the cup for him. ³ A grown man asks his mother, "Please get me a cup from the top shelf." ⁴ She responds, "You can reach it yourself."

7:5 So it is with prayer.

8:1 A man mixed one measure of sugar and the juice from one lemon into 2,000 measures of water, ² then served it to his guests as lemonade.

8:3 So it is with many religions.

9:1 A man brought eggs home from the market. ² Upon arriving, he announced, "I brought home one dozen eggs." ³ His wife said, "No you didn't. You brought home twelve individual eggs." ⁴ A son said, "You're both wrong. There are clearly three rows of four eggs each." ⁵ A daughter disagreed, "Not at all.

There are actually four columns of three eggs each.”

^{9:6} So it is with discussions about God’s nature and methods.

^{10:1} A man decided to climb a mountain. ² He fixed his gaze permanently on the summit and began hiking. ³ He tripped over unseen rocks at his feet, ⁴ and was unable to reach the mountain top.

^{10:5} Another man chose to climb the same mountain. ⁶ He gazed permanently at his feet, to avoid the errors of the first man, and began hiking. ⁷ Without tripping once, he wandered off into a valley, ⁸ and was unable to reach the mountain top.

^{10:9} So it is when balancing virtues.

^{11:1} A man noticed a few small pieces of a jigsaw puzzle resting on a table. ² He wanted to assemble the new puzzle, but there weren’t enough pieces to complete the task. He also didn’t know

how the puzzle should look when it was finished.

^{11:3} From time to time a new piece would appear on the table, but there still weren't enough to guess the puzzle's final form. ⁴ One day, a sketch of the finished puzzle appeared next to the scattered pieces. ⁵ The man began to assemble what he had only to realize that some pieces were still missing. ⁶ He returned each day, sometimes to find a new piece, sometimes to find an old piece that had been accidentally bumped loose, and sometimes to find no changes at all. ⁷ In time, all the pieces arrived and he gathered the puzzle together into its beautiful, complete form.

^{11:8} So it is with personal revelation.

^{12:0} Various proverbs. I've indicated the original author when he's known and he's not me.

^{12:1} Say nothing about a man until you've said it to that man.

12:1 Don't do for others what they're unwilling to do for themselves.

12:1 Do unto others what they would do unto themselves.

12:1 You can't change the truth.

12:1 Don't use a floodlight when a flashlight will do. (L. Lionel Kendrick)

12:1 Friends walking together toward a goal will agree on everything that's important.

12:1 "When mores are sufficient, laws are unnecessary. When mores are insufficient, laws are unenforceable." (Émile Durkheim, perhaps).

Moses

^{5:1} Moses summoned all Israel and said to them, Hear the statutes and ordinances that I speak today. Learn them and observe them carefully. ² GOD made a covenant with us. ³ GOD did not make this covenant with our fathers. ⁴ GOD spoke with you on the mountain, saying,

^{5:6} I am GOD, who brought you out of the land of Egypt, out of the house of slavery. ⁷ Don't have other gods before me. ⁸ Don't make an idol for yourself in the form of anything in the heavens or

on the earth or in the waters. ⁹ Don't worship them or serve them, for I am a jealous god, visiting the iniquity of the fathers on the children to the third and fourth generation, ¹⁰ but showing love to thousands who love me and keep my commandments.

^{5:11} Don't misuse the name of GOD.

^{5:12} Observe the sabbath day by keeping it holy, as GOD commanded you.

¹³ Labor six days and do all your work,

¹⁴ but the seventh day is a sabbath to GOD. On it you shall not do any work:

neither you, your children, your servant, your livestock, nor any foreigner living among you, that they may rest as you do. ¹⁵ Remember that you were

slaves in Egypt, and that GOD brought you out. Therefore, GOD commanded you to keep the sabbath day.

^{5:16} Honor your parents so that you may live long and that it may go well with you in the land that GOD is giving you.

^{5:17} Don't murder. ¹⁸ Don't commit adultery. ¹⁹ Don't steal. ²⁰ Don't give false testimony against your neighbor. ²¹ Don't covet your neighbor's wife, house, field, servants, livestock, or anything that belongs to your neighbor.

^{5:32} Be careful to do as GOD has commanded you. Don't turn aside to the right or to the left. ³³ Walk on the path which GOD has commanded you, that you may live, prosper, and prolong your days in the land that you will possess.

^{6:5} Love GOD with all your heart, soul, and strength. ⁶ These words that I command you today shall be on your heart.

^{6:10} When GOD brings you into the land that he swore to your fathers Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob that he would give you — a land with large and splendid cities, ¹¹ houses filled with every good thing, cisterns, vineyards, and olive trees — when you eat and are satisfied, ¹² then be careful not to forget GOD.

6:13 Fear GOD, worship him, and swear by his name. ¹⁴ Don't follow other gods, the gods of the people around you, ¹⁵ lest the anger of GOD be kindled against you, and destroy you from the face of the earth.

6:17 Diligently keep the commandments of GOD, his testimonies, and his statutes, which he has commanded you. ¹⁸ Do what is right and good in GOD's sight that it may be well with you.

6:20 When your son asks you, "What is the meaning of the testimonies, the statutes, and the rules that GOD has commanded you?" ²¹ tell him, "We were slaves to Pharaoh in Egypt, but GOD brought us out of Egypt. ²² Before our eyes GOD showed great and terrible signs and wonders against Egypt, Pharaoh, and all his household. ²³ He brought us out from there in order to give us the land that he swore to our fathers. ²⁴ So GOD commanded us to observe all these statutes and to fear

GOD for our good and our survival.
²⁵ It will be righteousness for us if we observe all these commandments.”

^{7:1} When GOD brings you into the land, and clears away many nations before you, ³ don't intermarry with them. ⁴ They will turn your children away from me, to worship other gods.

^{7:7} GOD didn't choose you because you were more numerous than other people, ⁸ but because GOD loves you and is keeping the oath that he swore to your fathers. ⁹ Know that GOD keeps his covenant and his love for a thousand generations with those who love him and keep his commandments.

^{7:12} If you listen to and carefully keep these ordinances, GOD will keep the covenant of love with you that he swore to your fathers. ¹³ He will love you, bless you, and multiply you. He will bless the fruit of your womb, the crops of your land, and the increase of your herd.

7:17 If you say in your heart, “These nations are greater than I. How can I dispossess them?” 18 Don’t be afraid of them. Remember what GOD did to Pharaoh and to all Egypt. 21 Don’t dread them, for GOD is among you, a great and awesome god. 22 GOD will clear away these nations before you little by little. You will not eliminate them all at once, lest the wild animals become too numerous for you. 25 Burn the carved images of their gods. Don’t covet the silver or gold that is on them, nor take it for yourself, lest you be ensnared by it. 26 Don’t bring an abomination into your house, lest you be set apart for destruction. Instead, utterly detest it and abhor it.

8:2 Remember how GOD led you these forty years in the wilderness, to humble you, and to test what was in your heart, whether you would keep his commandments. 3 He humbled you, let you go hungry, then fed you with manna,

which neither you nor your fathers had known, to teach you that man does not live by bread alone, but by every word that comes from the mouth of GOD.⁵ Know in your heart that GOD disciplines you just as a man disciplines his son. ⁶ Therefore keep the commandments of GOD by walking in his ways and by fearing him. ¹⁰ When you've eaten and are satisfied, then bless GOD for the good land he has given you.

^{8:11} Be careful not to forget GOD, by failing to keep his commandments, his ordinances, and his statutes. ¹² Otherwise, once you've eaten and are satisfied, and have built good houses to live in, ¹³ and when your herds multiply, and your silver and gold multiply, and everything you have multiplies, ¹⁴ then your heart will become proud, and you will forget GOD, ¹⁷ and you may say in your heart, "My power and the strength of my hand has made me this wealth."¹⁸ But remember that GOD gives you

power to make wealth in order to confirm his covenant. ¹⁹ If you forget GOD, follow other gods, serve them, and worship them, I testify against you today that you will surely perish.

^{9:4} Once GOD has driven the people out before you, don't say in your heart, "GOD brought me in to possess this land because of my righteousness." Instead, GOD drives them out because of their wickedness. ⁶ Understand that GOD isn't giving you this good land because of your righteousness, for you are a stubborn people. ⁷ Don't forget how you provoked GOD in the wilderness. From the day you departed Egypt until you arrived in this place, you have been rebellious against GOD.

^{10:12} What does GOD require of you, but to fear him, to walk in all his ways, to love him, to serve him with all your heart and with all your soul, ¹³ and

to keep the commandments and ordinances of GOD for your good?

^{10:17} GOD is not partial and takes no bribe. ¹⁸ He executes justice for orphans and widows, and loves the foreigner by giving him food and clothing. ¹⁹ Therefore, love the foreigner, for you were foreigners in Egypt.

^{11:2} Remember that your children didn't experience the discipline of GOD; his works which he did in Egypt; ⁴ what he did to the army of Egypt; how he made the water of the Red sea engulf them as they pursued you; ⁵ and what he did to you in the wilderness, until you reached this place; ⁷ but your eyes have seen every great work GOD has done.

^{11:16} Be careful not to be enticed to turn aside and serve other gods and worship them. ¹⁸ Therefore imprint my words on your heart and on your soul, bind them as a sign on your hand, and wear them on your foreheads. ¹⁹ Teach

them to your children, speak of them when you sit in your house, when you walk along the road, when you lie down, and when you get up. ²⁰ Write them on the doorposts of your house and on your gates, ²¹ that your days, and the days of your children, may be multiplied, as long as the heavens are above the earth.

^{11:26} I am setting before you today a blessing and a curse; ²⁷ a blessing if you obey the commandments of GOD, ²⁸ and a curse if you don't obey them, but turn aside to go after other gods.

^{12:4} Don't worship GOD in the same way as the nations you dispossess. ⁵ Instead, seek the place where GOD chooses to establish his name. Go there ⁶ and bring your burnt offerings, your sacrifices, your tithes, your contributions, your vow offerings, your freewill offerings, and the firstborn of your livestock. ⁷ There, in the presence of GOD, you and your families

will eat and rejoice in everything you undertake, because GOD has blessed you.

^{12:20} When GOD enlarges your territory as he has promised you, and you say, “I want to eat meat,” you may eat meat whenever you want.

^{12:29} When GOD cuts off the nations before you, and you live in their land, ³⁰ be careful not to be ensnared by their ways, ³¹ for they have done every detestable act for their gods; even burning their children as sacrifices.

^{13:1} If a prophet arises among you, and gives you a sign or a wonder, ² and it comes true, but he says, “Let us follow other gods and worship them,” ³ don’t listen to that prophet. For GOD is testing you to find out whether you love GOD with all your heart and with all your soul. ⁴ Follow GOD, fear him, keep his commandments, listen to him, serve him, and hold fast to him.

^{13:6} If your brother, child, wife, or friend secretly entices you, saying, “Let us worship other gods,” ⁸ don’t yield to him and don’t listen to him.

^{14:22} Set aside a tenth of the produce that is harvested from your fields each year. ²³ Eat the tithe of your grain, of your wine, and of your oil, and the firstborn of your livestock before GOD, in the place where he chooses to establish his name, so that you may learn to fear GOD always.

^{14:24} If the distance is so great that you can’t carry it, ²⁵ then turn it into money and take the money to the place where GOD chooses to establish his name. ²⁶ Spend the money for whatever you want, for oxen, or sheep, or wine, or strong drink. Eat it before GOD and rejoice, you and your household. ²⁷ Don’t neglect the Levite who is in your town, for he has no portion or inheritance with you.

^{14:28} At the end of every third year,

bring all the tithe of that year's produce and store it in your town. ²⁹ The Levite, the foreigner, the fatherless, and the widow in your town shall come and eat and be satisfied, so that GOD may bless you in all your work.

^{15:1} At the end of every seventh year, cancel debts. ² Every creditor must cancel the loans he made to his neighbor. He must not demand payment from his neighbor. ³ You may require payment from a foreigner, but you must forgive whatever your brother owes you. ⁶ For GOD will bless you, as he has promised. You will lend to many nations, but you will not borrow. You will rule many nations, but none will rule you.

^{15:7} If there is a poor man among you, in any of your towns, don't harden your heart or shut your hand towards him. ⁸ Instead, open your hand to him and lend him sufficient for his need, whatever it may be.

^{15:9} Be careful not to have this wicked

thought: "The seventh year, the year of release, is near," and you look grudgingly on your poor brother and give him nothing. He will cry to GOD against you, and you will be guilty. ¹⁰ Give generously to him without a grudging heart. Because of this GOD will bless you in everything you do. ¹¹ There will always be poor people in the land. Therefore freely open your hand to your brother, to the poor, and to the needy.

^{15:12} If a fellow Hebrew is sold to you, and serves you for six years, free him in the seventh year. ¹³ When you free him, don't send him away empty-handed. ¹⁴ Furnish him liberally from your flock, from your threshing floor, and from your winepress. Give to him as GOD has blessed you. ¹⁵ Remember that you were a slave in Egypt, and GOD redeemed you. That is why I am giving you this command. ¹⁸ Don't consider it a hardship when you set him free, for he served you six years at half the cost

of a hired servant. GOD will bless you in all you do.

^{15:19} Dedicate to GOD every firstborn male of your livestock. Do no work with the firstborn of your herd, nor shear the firstborn of your flock. ²⁰ Each year you and your family are to eat it before GOD in the place GOD chooses. ²¹ If it has any defect, is lame or blind, don't sacrifice it to GOD.

^{16:1} Observe the month of Aviv and celebrate the Passover to GOD, for in the month of Aviv GOD brought you out of Egypt by night. ³ For seven days you are to eat unleavened bread—because you left Egypt in haste—so that you may remember the day you left Egypt for the rest of your life. ⁴ Let no yeast be found in your territory for seven days. ⁶ Sacrifice the Passover at sunset, at the time you came out of Egypt. ⁸ On the seventh day hold a solemn assembly to GOD, and do no work.

^{16:9} Seven weeks after you start the grain harvest, ¹⁰ celebrate the Feast of Weeks to GOD by giving a freewill offering in proportion to how GOD has blessed you. ¹¹ Rejoice before GOD; you, your children, your servants, and the Levites in your town; the foreigner, the orphan, and the widow, who are among you.

^{16:13} Celebrate the Feast of Tabernacles for seven days after gathering the produce from your threshing floor and winepress. ¹⁴ Rejoice during your feast; you, your children, your servants, and the Levites; the stranger, the orphan, and the widow who are among you.

¹⁵ Celebrate the feast to GOD for seven days, because GOD will bless you in all your produce and in all the work of your hands, so that you will be altogether joyful.

^{16:16} All males must appear three times a year before GOD where he chooses: at the Feast of Unleavened

Bread, the Feast of Weeks, and the Feast of Tabernacles. None shall appear before GOD empty-handed. ¹⁷ Each of you must bring a gift in proportion to how GOD has blessed you.

^{16:18} Appoint judges and officers for your tribes in all your towns. They shall judge the people righteously. ¹⁹ Don't pervert justice or be partial. Don't take a bribe, for it blinds the wise and twists the words of the righteous. ²⁰ Pursue justice, and only justice.

^{16:21} Plant no tree as an Asherah near the altar you build for GOD ²² and don't erect a sacred pillar, which GOD hates.

^{17:1} Don't sacrifice to GOD an ox or a sheep with any blemish or defect, for that is detestable to GOD.

^{17:2} If anyone in any of your towns ³ has worshiped other gods, ⁴ and if you hear about it, then investigate diligently. If it is true and certain, ⁵ bring him to your city gates and stone him to death. ⁶ He shall be put to death on

the testimony of two or three witnesses, but not on the testimony of one witness. ⁷ The hands of the witnesses shall be first against him to put him to death, and afterward the hands of all the people.

^{17:8} If a case is too difficult for you to judge, whether homicide, lawsuit, or assault, then go to the place GOD chooses, ⁹ and ask the priests or the judge who is in office, and they will give you the verdict. ¹⁰ You must abide by the verdict they give you. Be careful to do everything they tell you.

^{17:14} When you enter the land GOD is giving you, and you possess it, and live in it, and say, "I will set a king over me like all the nations around me," ¹⁵ appoint a king whom GOD chooses, one from among your brothers. Don't appoint a foreigner who is not your brother. ¹⁶ He must not acquire many horses for himself or send the people to Egypt to acquire many horses. For

GOD has told you, “Never return that way again.” ¹⁷ He must not acquire many wives for himself, lest his heart go astray. He must not acquire excessive silver and gold for himself.

^{17:18} When he sits on the throne, he must write for himself a copy of this law, in the presence of the Levites. ¹⁹ He must read from it all the days of his life, so he may learn to fear GOD by observing this law and these statutes, ²⁰ lest his heart be lifted up above his countrymen or he turn aside from the commandment.

^{18:9} When you enter the land which GOD is giving you, don’t imitate the detestable practices of those nations. ¹⁰ No one among you is to sacrifice his child in the fire, practice divination, tell fortunes, practice sorcery, ¹¹ cast spells, consult a medium or spiritist, or inquire of the dead.

^{18:15} GOD will raise up for you a prophet like me from among your coun-

trymen. Listen to him. ¹⁸ I will put my words in his mouth, and he will tell them everything I command him. ¹⁹ I will hold accountable those who do not listen to my words that he speaks in my name.

^{18:21} You may ask yourself, “How can we know when a message is not from GOD?” ²² When a prophet speaks in GOD’s name and it does not come true, then GOD has not spoken that message. The prophet spoke presumptuously. Don’t be afraid of him.

^{19:2} Set apart three cities for yourselves in the middle of the land that GOD is giving you. ³ Divide the land into three parts, so that any manslayer can flee to these cities. ⁴ A manslayer is one who kills his neighbor accidentally without previous hostility. ⁵ He may flee to one of these cities and live, ⁶ lest the avenger of blood pursue the manslayer in anger, and kill him, though he did not deserve death.

^{19:14} Don't move your neighbor's boundary mark, established by your predecessors.

^{19:15} One witness is insufficient to establish wrongdoing by any man. A charge must be established on the evidence of two or three witnesses. ¹⁶ If a malicious witness accuses someone of wrongdoing, ¹⁷ then both people in the dispute must appear before GOD, before the priests and the judges. ¹⁸ The judges must investigate thoroughly, and if the witness has accused his brother falsely, ¹⁹ then you must do to him as he intended to do to his brother.

^{20:1} When you go to war against your enemies and see horses, chariots, and an army larger than yours, don't be afraid of them, for GOD, who brought you out of Egypt, is with you. ² When you approach the battle, the priest shall come forward and speak to the army, ³ saying, "Hear, O Israel, today you approach battle against your enemies. Don't be

fainthearted. Don't fear or panic or be terrified of them, ⁴ for GOD goes with you to fight against your enemies, to give you victory." ⁵ The officers shall speak to the army, saying, "Has any man built a new house and not dedicated it? ⁶ Has any man planted a vineyard and not yet enjoyed its fruit? ⁷ Has any man become engaged to a woman and not yet married her? ⁸ Is any man afraid or fainthearted? Let them return home."

^{20:19} When you besiege a city for a long time, don't destroy its trees. Are the trees human that you should besiege them? ²⁰ You may only cut down trees that you know to produce no food. Use them to construct siegeworks against the city until it falls.

^{21:15} If a man has two wives, one loved and the other unloved, and both bear him sons, and the firstborn belongs to the unloved, ¹⁶ then, when his sons inherit what he has, he may not favor the

son of the loved wife over the son of the unloved wife. ¹⁷ He must acknowledge the firstborn, the son of the unloved wife, by giving him a double portion of all he has. The right of the firstborn is his.

^{22:1} If you see your brother's animal straying, don't ignore it. Bring it back to him. ² If he lives far away or you don't know who he is, bring it home and care for it until your brother looks for it, then return it to him. ³ Do the same with anything else that your brother loses and you find. Don't ignore it. ⁴ Don't ignore your brother's donkey or ox when it collapses on the road. Help him lift it up again.

^{22:5} A woman shall not wear men's clothes, neither shall a man wear women's clothes, for GOD detests those who do it.

^{22:6} If you come across a bird's nest with chicks or eggs, and the mother is sitting on them, don't take the mother

with the young. ⁷ You may take the young but let the mother go so that you may prosper and have a long life.

^{22:8} When you build a new house, construct a railing around your roof, lest you bring bloodguilt on your house if anyone falls from it.

^{23:9} When you are encamped against your enemies, ¹² Designate a place outside the camp where you can go to relieve yourself. ¹³ Keep a digging tool in your equipment, so that when you relieve yourself you can dig a hole and cover your excrement. ¹⁴ For GOD walks through your camp to protect you and to defeat your enemies. Your camp must be holy lest he see something indecent among you and turn away from you.

^{23:15} Don't return a slave to his master after he has escaped to you. ¹⁶ Let him live among you wherever he chooses. Don't mistreat him.

^{23:17} No man or woman of Israel shall be a shrine prostitute. ¹⁸ Don't bring the earnings of a prostitute, female or male, into the house of GOD to pay any vow, because both are detestable to GOD.

^{23:19} Don't charge your brother interest. ²⁰ You may charge interest to a foreigner, but not to your brother, so that GOD may bless you in everything you undertake.

^{23:21} When you make a vow to GOD, don't delay fulfilling it, for GOD will surely require it of you, and you will be guilty of sin. ²² But it's not a sin to refrain from making a vow. ²³ Be careful to do what you say, because you made your promise freely to GOD with your own mouth.

^{23:24} If you enter your neighbor's vineyard, you may eat your fill of grapes, but don't put any in your basket. ²⁵ If you enter your neighbor's standing grain, you may pluck grain with your

hand, but don't harvest it with a sickle.

^{24:1} If a man marries a woman, but she displeases him because he finds some indecency in her, then let him write her a divorce certificate, and send her out of his house. ² When she leaves his house, she may marry another man.

^{24:5} When a man takes a new wife, he shall not go to war or be liable for any public duty for one year. He is free to stay home, so that he can bring joy to his new wife.

^{24:6} Don't take a mill or an upper millstone in pledge, for that would be taking a life in pledge.

^{24:10} If you lend anything to your neighbor, don't enter his house to collect his pledge. ¹¹ Remain outside and let your neighbor bring the pledge out to you. ¹² If the man is poor, don't keep his pledge overnight. ¹³ Return it to him when the sun sets, so that he may sleep in his cloak and bless you.

^{24:14} Don't oppress a hired worker who is poor and needy, whether he is a brother or a foreigner living in your land. ¹⁵ Give him his wages each day before the sun sets, for he is poor and depends on them; lest he cry to GOD against you, and you become guilty of sin.

^{24:16} Fathers shall not be put to death for their children, nor children put to death for their fathers. Each one shall be put to death for his own sin.

^{24:17} Don't deny justice to a foreigner or an orphan, and don't take a widow's cloak as a pledge. ¹⁸ Remember that you were a slave in Egypt, and that GOD redeemed you from there.

^{24:19} When you reap your harvest and forget a sheaf in the field, don't go back to get it. Leave it for the foreigner, the orphan, and the widow, so that GOD may bless you in all the work of your hands. ²⁰ When you beat the olives from your trees, don't go over the

branches again. ²¹ When you gather the grapes from your vineyard, don't go over the vines again. What remains is for the foreigner, the orphan, and the widow. ²² Remember that you were a slave in Egypt.

^{25:4} Don't muzzle the ox while it treads out the grain.

^{25:13} Don't carry differing weights in your bag, one heavy and one light. ¹⁴ Don't have differing measures in your house, one large and one small. ¹⁵ Use accurate and honest weights and measures. ¹⁶ For GOD detests those who are dishonest in such things.

^{26:2} Put into a basket some of the first fruit of the harvest. ³ Go to the priest. ⁴ The priest shall take the basket from your hand and set it down before the altar of GOD. ⁵ Say before GOD, "My father was a wandering Aramean. He went down to Egypt with a few people, sojourned there, and became a great,

mighty, and populous nation. ⁶ The Egyptians mistreated us, humiliated us, and imposed hard labor on us. ⁷ Then we cried to GOD, the god of our fathers, and GOD heard our voice and saw our affliction, our toil, and our oppression, ⁸ GOD brought us out of Egypt with a mighty hand, an outstretched arm, great deeds of terror, signs, and wonders. ⁹ He brought us to this place and gave us this land, a land flowing with milk and honey. ¹⁰ I bring the first fruit of the ground, which you, O GOD, have given me.” Set it before GOD and worship before GOD. ¹¹ You, the Levite, and the foreigner shall rejoice in all the good things which GOD has given to you and your household.

^{26:12} When you have finished paying all the tithes of your produce in the third year, give it to the Levite, the foreigner, the orphan, and the widow, so that they may eat in your towns and be satisfied. ¹³ Say before GOD, “I

have taken the sacred portion out of my house. I have given it to the Levite, the foreigner, the orphan, and the widow, according to all the commandments you gave me. I have not transgressed or forgotten your commandments. ¹⁴ I have not eaten any of the tithe while in mourning, or removed any of it while unclean, or offered any of it to the dead. I have obeyed GOD. I have done all you commanded me. ¹⁵ Look down from heaven, your holy habitation, and bless your people Israel and the land you have given us, as you swore to our fathers, a land flowing with milk and honey.”

^{26:16} GOD commands you this day to follow these statutes and ordinances. Be careful to do them with all your heart and with all your soul. ¹⁷ You have declared today that GOD is your god, and that you will walk in his ways, and keep his statutes, commandments, and ordinances, and listen to his voice.

¹⁸ GOD has declared today that you are his people, a treasured possession as he promised you, and that you should keep all his commandments, ¹⁹ and that he will elevate you in praise, fame, and honor above all the nations he has made, and that you will be a holy people to GOD, as he promised.

David

^{2:11} Serve GOD with fear and rejoice with trembling.

^{4:4} In your anger, do not sin. Ponder in your heart on your bed and be still.

⁵ Offer the sacrifices of righteousness and put your trust in GOD.

^{12:8} The wicked walk on every side when vileness is exalted among the children of men.

^{15:1} GOD, who may sojourn in your tent? Who may dwell on your holy hill? ² He who walks with integrity and does what is right and speaks truth in

his heart; ³ who does not slander with his tongue and does no evil to his neighbor and does not take up a reproach against his friend; ⁴ who despises a vile person but honors those who fear GOD; who keeps a promise even when it hurts and does not change; ⁵ who does not loan out his money with interest and does not take a bribe against the innocent. He who does these things shall never be moved.

^{18:25} GOD shows mercy to the merciful.

^{18:30} The word of GOD proves true. He is a shield to all who take refuge in him.

^{19:1} The heavens declare the glory of God and the skies show his handiwork.

^{19:7} The law of GOD is perfect, reviving the soul. The testimony of GOD is trustworthy, making wise the simple. ⁸ The precepts of GOD are right, rejoicing the heart. The commandment of GOD is pure, enlightening the eyes.

⁹ The fear of GOD is clean, enduring forever. The laws of GOD are true and righteous altogether.

^{27:14} Wait for GOD. Be strong and let your heart take courage. Wait for GOD.

^{30:5} Weeping may last for a night, but joy comes in the morning.

^{32:10} Many sorrows come to the wicked, but loving-kindness surrounds him who trusts in GOD.

^{33:6} By the word of GOD the heavens were made and all their host by the breath of his mouth.

^{34:13} Keep your tongue from evil and your lips from speaking deceit. ¹⁴ Depart from evil and do good. Seek peace and pursue it.

^{37:1} Don't worry about evildoers, and don't envy wrongdoers. ⁷ Be still before GOD and wait patiently for him. Don't worry about him who prospers or about him who carries out wicked schemes. ⁸ Cease from anger and for-

sake wrath. Don't worry: it only leads to evil doing.

^{37:16} A little that the righteous has is better than the abundance of many wicked.

^{37:21} The wicked borrows and does not pay back, but the righteous is generous and gives.

^{39:1} I said, "I will guard my ways so that I may not sin with my tongue. I will muzzle my mouth while the wicked are in my presence."

^{41:1} Blessed is he who considers the poor. GOD will deliver him in the day of trouble.

^{46:1} God is our refuge and strength, a very present help in trouble.

^{46:10} Be still and know that I am God.

^{49:16} Do not be afraid when one is made rich, when the splendor of his house increases. ¹⁷ For when he dies he will carry nothing away. His glory will not descend after him.

^{50:14} Offer to God a sacrifice of thanks-

giving and pay your vows to the Most High ¹⁵ and call on me in the day of trouble. I will deliver you and you will glorify me.

^{55:22} Cast your burden on GOD and he will sustain you. He will never allow the righteous to be moved.

^{82:3} Defend the poor and fatherless. Do justice to the afflicted and destitute.

⁴ Rescue the poor and needy. Deliver them from the hand of the wicked.

^{92:12} The righteous will flourish like the palm tree. He will grow like a cedar in Lebanon.

^{96:2} Sing to GOD, bless his name. Proclaim his salvation from day to day.

³ Declare his glory among the nations, his marvellous deeds among all the peoples.

^{100:1} Make a joyful noise to GOD, all the earth. ² Serve GOD with gladness. Come before him with singing.

^{102:17} GOD regards the prayer of the destitute and does not despise their

prayer.

^{103:8} GOD is merciful and gracious, slow to anger, abounding in loving-kindness.

^{105:1} Oh give thanks to GOD. Call on his name. Make known his deeds among the peoples. ² Sing to him. Sing praises to him. Talk about all his marvelous deeds. ³ Glory in his holy name. Let the hearts of those who seek GOD rejoice. ⁴ Seek GOD and his strength. Seek his face continually. ⁵ Remember the wonders that he has done, his miracles and the judgments he has pronounced.

^{106:1} Praise GOD. Oh give thanks to GOD, for he is good; for his loving-kindness endures forever.

^{111:10} The fear of GOD is the beginning of wisdom. Those who obey his commandments have good understanding.

^{112:1} Blessed is the man who fears GOD, who delights greatly in his com-

mandments.

^{112:4} For the upright, light arises in the darkness. He is gracious, merciful and righteous. ⁵ It is well with the man who deals generously and lends, who conducts his affairs with justice.

^{118:8} It is better to take refuge in GOD than to put confidence in man. ⁹ It is better to take refuge in GOD than to put confidence in princes.

^{122:6} Pray for the peace of Jerusalem.

^{127:1} Except GOD build the house, they labor in vain who build it. Except GOD keep the city, the watchman stays awake in vain. ² It is vain for you to rise up early, to stay up late, to eat the bread of toil—for he gives sleep to his beloved.

^{127:3} Behold, children are a heritage from GOD and the fruit of the womb is a reward.

^{133:1} Behold, how good and pleasant it is for brothers to live together in unity.

^{136:1} Oh give thanks to GOD, for he is good. His loving-kindness endures forever.

^{146:3} Do not put your trust in princes or in the son of man, who cannot save.

Solomon

My Son

^{3:1} My son, don't forget my teaching, but let your heart keep my commandments, ² for they will bring you many days, years of life, and peace.

^{3:3} Don't let kindness and truth leave you. Tie them around your neck. Write them on the tablet of your heart. ⁴ Then you will find favor and high regard in the sight of God and man.

^{3:5} Trust in GOD with all your heart, and don't lean on your own understanding. ⁶ In all your ways acknowledge him, and he will make your paths straight. ⁷ Don't be wise in your own eyes. Fear GOD, and turn away from evil. ⁸ It will be healing to your body, and refreshment to your bones.

^{3:9} Honor GOD with your wealth, and with the firstfruits of all your produce, ¹⁰ then your barns will be filled with plenty, and your vats will overflow with new wine.

^{3:11} My son, don't reject the discipline of GOD or loathe his reproof; ¹² for GOD reproves the one he loves, just as a father reproves the son in whom he delights.

^{3:13} Happy is the man who finds wisdom, and the man who gains understanding. ¹⁴ For she is more profitable than silver, and her gain is better than fine gold. ¹⁵ She is more precious than jewels, and nothing you de-

sire compares with her. ¹⁶ Long life is in her right hand. In her left hand are riches and honor. ¹⁷ Her ways are pleasant, and all her paths are peaceful. ¹⁸ She is a tree of life to those who take hold of her. Those who hold her fast are happy.

^{3:19} GOD founded the earth by wisdom. He established the heavens by understanding. ²⁰ By his knowledge the depths broke open, and the clouds drip with dew.

^{3:21} My son, don't lose sight of them. Keep sound wisdom and discretion. ²² They will be life for your soul, and adornment for your neck. ²³ Then you will walk on your way securely, and your foot won't stumble. ²⁴ When you lie down, you won't be afraid. When you lie down, your sleep will be sweet.

^{3:25} Don't fear sudden disaster or the ruin of the wicked when it comes, ²⁶ for GOD will be your confidence, and will keep your foot from being caught.

3:27 Don't withhold good from those who deserve it, when it is in your power to do it. 28 Don't say to your neighbor, "Go, and come back. I'll give it tomorrow," when you have it with you. 29 Don't plan evil against your neighbor, who lives trustingly beside you.

3:30 Don't contend with a man without cause, when he has done you no harm. 31 Don't envy a violent man or choose any of his ways, 32 for the devious are an abomination to GOD, but he is a friend to the upright.

3:33 The curse of GOD is on the house of the wicked, but he blesses the dwelling of the righteous. 34 He mocks the mockers, but shows favor to the humble. 35 The wise will inherit honor, but fools get shame.

4:1 Listen, sons, to a father's instruction, and pay attention so that you may gain understanding. 2 For I give you sound instruction. Don't abandon my teaching.

4:3 When I was a son to my father, tender and the only son in my mother's sight, ⁴ he taught me, and said to me: "Let your heart hold on to my words. Keep my commandments and live. ⁵ Get wisdom. Get understanding. Don't forget or turn away from the words of my mouth. ⁶ Don't forsake her, and she will guard you. Love her, and she will watch over you. ⁷ The beginning of wisdom is this: Get wisdom, and whatever else you get, get understanding. ⁸ Prize her, and she will exalt you. If you embrace her, she will honor you. ⁹ She will place on your head a garland of grace. She will present you with a crown of beauty."

4:10 Listen, my son, and accept my sayings, and the years of your life will be many. ¹¹ I have taught you in the way of wisdom. I have led you in up-right paths. ¹² When you walk, your steps won't be hindered. When you run, you won't stumble. ¹³ Hold on to

instruction. Don't let go. Guard her, for she is your life.

^{4:14} Don't enter the path of the wicked, and don't walk in the way of evil men. ¹⁵ Avoid it. Don't travel on it. Turn away from it, and pass on. ¹⁶ For they cannot sleep unless they do evil. They are robbed of sleep unless they make someone stumble. ¹⁷ For they eat the bread of wickedness, and drink the wine of violence. ¹⁸ But the path of the righteous is like the light of dawn, which shines brighter and brighter until midday. ¹⁹ The way of the wicked is like darkness. They don't know what makes them stumble.

^{4:20} My son, pay attention to my words. Listen carefully to my sayings. ²¹ Don't lose sight of them. Keep them within your heart. ²² For they are life to those who find them, and health to their whole body.

^{4:23} Watch over your heart with all diligence, for the springs of life flow

from it. ²⁴ Put away from you deceitful speech, and put devious talk far from you.

^{4:25} Let your eyes look directly ahead and your gaze straight in front of you.

²⁶ Carefully consider the path of your feet, then all your ways will be sure.

²⁷ Don't turn to the right or to the left. Keep your foot from evil.

^{5:1} My son, pay attention to my wisdom. Listen carefully to my understanding, ² that you may maintain discretion, and that your lips may guard knowledge.

^{5:3} The lips of a forbidden woman drip honey, and her speech is smoother than oil, ⁴ but in the end she's as bitter as wormwood, and as sharp as a double-edged sword. ⁵ Her feet go down to death. Her steps lead straight to hell. ⁶ She doesn't ponder the path of life. Her ways are unstable, and she doesn't know it.

^{5:7} Now then, my sons, listen to me, and don't depart from the words of my mouth. ⁸ Keep your way far from her. Don't go near the door of her house ⁹ lest you give your vigor to others and your years to someone cruel, ¹⁰ lest strangers feast on your wealth, your labors enrich the house of a foreigner, ¹¹ and at the end of your life you groan when your flesh and body are consumed. ¹² You will say, "How I hated discipline! How my heart despised reproof! ¹³ I didn't obey my teachers or listen to my instructors! ¹⁴ I am almost in utter ruin in the midst of the assembly and congregation."

^{5:15} Drink water from your own cistern, and fresh water from your own well. ¹⁶ Should your springs be scattered abroad, streams of water in the streets? ¹⁷ Let them be yours alone, and not for strangers with you. ¹⁸ Let your fountain be blessed, and rejoice in the wife of your youth, ¹⁹ as a loving

deer and a graceful doe. Let her breasts satisfy you always, and be exhilarated always with her love.

^{5:20} Why, my son, should you be exhilarated with a forbidden woman, or embrace the bosom of a stranger? ²¹ For a man's ways are before the eyes of GOD, and he considers all his paths. ²² The iniquities of the wicked entrap him. He is held in the cords of his sin. ²³ He dies for lack of discipline, and because of his great folly he will go astray.

^{6:1} My son, if you have put up security for your neighbor or have given a pledge for a stranger, ² if you have been snared or caught with the words of your mouth, ³ then do this, my son, and free yourself. You have fallen into your neighbor's hands. Go, humble yourself, and plead with your neighbor. ⁴ Give your eyes no sleep and your eyelids no slumber. ⁵ Save yourself like a gazelle from the hunter's hand, and like a bird from the fowler's hand.

^{6:6} Go to the ant, you idler. Observe its ways, and be wise. ⁷ Without chief, officer, or ruler, ⁸ it prepares its provisions in summer, and gathers its food during harvest.

^{6:9} How long will you lie down, you idler? When will you get up from your sleep? ¹⁰ A little sleep, a little slumber, a little folding of the hands to rest, ¹¹ and poverty will come upon you like a robber, and want like an armed man.

^{6:12} A worthless person, a wicked man, goes around speaking perversely. ¹⁴ With perversity in his heart, he devises evil continually, and sows discord. ¹⁵ Therefore calamity will strike him suddenly. Instantly he will be broken beyond healing.

^{6:16} Seven things are an abomination to GOD: ¹⁷ haughty eyes, a lying tongue, hands that shed innocent blood, ¹⁸ a heart that devises wicked plans, feet that run swiftly to evil, ¹⁹ a false witness who utters lies, and one

who sows discord among brothers.

^{6:20} My son, keep your father's command, and don't forsake your mother's teaching. ²¹ Always bind them on your heart. Tie them around your neck. ²² When you walk, they will guide you. When you sleep, they will watch over you. When you wake up, they will talk to you. ²³ For this command is a lamp, this teaching is a light, and corrective discipline is the way to life, ²⁴ keeping you from the evil woman, from the flattering tongue of an adulteress.

^{6:25} Don't desire her beauty in your heart or let her captivate you with her eyes. ²⁶ For a prostitute's fee is only a loaf of bread, but a married woman hunts down a precious life.

^{6:27} Can a man embrace fire without burning his clothes? ²⁸ Or can he walk on hot coals without scorching his feet? ²⁹ So is he who goes in to his neighbor's wife. None who touches her will go unpunished.

6:30 People don't despise a thief if he steals to satisfy his hunger, ³¹ but if caught, he must repay sevenfold. He will give everything in his house.

6:32 He who commits adultery lacks sense, and destroys himself. ³³ He will get wounds and dishonor, and his disgrace won't be erased. ³⁴ For jealousy enrages a husband, and he will show no mercy in the day of vengeance. ³⁵ He won't accept compensation. He will refuse, though you give many gifts.

Relationships

7:10 A woman met him, dressed as a prostitute, and cunning of heart. ¹³ She seizes him, kisses him, and brazenly says to him, ¹⁴ "I had to offer peace offerings. Today I've paid my vows. ¹⁶ I've spread my couch with coverings, with colored linens from Egypt. ¹⁸ Come, let's drink our fill of love until morning. Let's delight ourselves with

caresses.” ²¹ She seduces him with her persuasive speech. With her flattering lips she lures him. ²² He follows her at once, like an ox going to the slaughter, like a deer stepping into a trap. ²⁵ Don’t let your heart turn aside to her ways. Don’t stray into her paths. ²⁶ For she has cast down many victims, and all her slain are numerous.

^{11:29} He who troubles his own house will inherit the wind.

^{12:4} An excellent wife is her husband’s crown, but she who brings shame is like rottenness in his bones.

^{13:20} He who walks with wise men will become wise, but the companion of fools will suffer harm. ²⁴ He who spares the rod hates his son, but he who loves him disciplines him diligently.

^{14:7} Leave the presence of a fool, for you won’t find knowledge in his speech. ²⁸ A large population is a king’s glory, but without people a prince is ruined.

^{15:17} Better is a serving of vegetables

where there is love, than a fattened ox served with hatred.

^{16:7} When a man's ways please GOD, he makes even his enemies to be at peace with him.

^{17:6} Grandchildren are the crown of old men, and fathers are the glory of their sons. ⁹ He who conceals an offense seeks love, but he who repeats a matter separates close friends. ¹² Let a man meet a bear robbed of her cubs, rather than a fool in his folly. ¹⁷ A friend loves at all times, and a brother is born for adversity. ²¹ He who sires a fool does so to his own sorrow, and the father of a fool has no joy. ²⁵ A foolish son is a grief to his father, and bitterness to her who bore him.

^{18:1} He who isolates himself seeks his own desire, and rebels against all sound wisdom. ²² He who finds a wife finds a good thing, and obtains favor from GOD. ²⁴ He who has many friends comes to ruin, but there is a friend who

stays closer than a brother.

^{19:13} A foolish son is ruin to his father, and a wife's contentions are a constant dripping. ¹⁴ A house and wealth are inherited from fathers, but a prudent wife is from GOD.

^{20:2} A king's terror is like the lion's roar; he who provokes him to anger forfeits his own life. ¹⁹ A gossip reveals secrets, therefore don't associate with him who talks too much.

^{22:6} Train up a child in the way he should go; even when he is old he won't depart from it.

^{25:17} Seldom set foot in your neighbor's house, lest he grow weary of you, and hate you.

^{29:3} He who loves wisdom brings joy to his father, but a companion of prostitutes wastes his wealth.

Instruction

8:1 Doesn't wisdom call, and understanding raise her voice? ⁴ "To you, O men, I call, and my voice is to the sons of men. ⁵ O naive ones, learn prudence. O fools, learn sense. ¹⁰ Take my instruction instead of silver, and knowledge rather than choice gold. ¹¹ For wisdom is better than jewels, and all desirable things cannot compare to it. ²² GOD possessed me at the beginning of his way, before his works of old. ²⁷ When he established the heavens, I was there. ³² Now, my sons, listen to me, for blessed are those who keep my ways. ³³ Listen to instruction and be wise. Don't neglect it. ³⁵ For he who finds me finds life, and will obtain favor of GOD."

^{9:8} Don't reprove a scoffer, or he will hate you. Reprove a wise man, and he will love you. ⁹ Instruct a wise man, and he will be wiser still. Teach a right-

eous man, and he will increase in learning. ¹⁰ The fear of GOD is the beginning of wisdom. Knowledge of the Holy One is understanding.

^{10:8} The wise of heart will receive commands, but a babbling fool will be ruined. ¹⁷ He who heeds instruction is on the path of life, but he who ignores reproof goes astray.

^{12:1} Whoever loves discipline loves knowledge, but he who hates reproof is stupid. ¹⁵ The fool's way is right in his own eyes, but a wise man listens to counsel.

^{13:1} A wise son hears his father's instruction, but a scoffer doesn't listen to rebuke. ¹⁰ Insolence brings only strife, but wisdom is with those who take advice. ¹³ Whoever despises instruction will pay the penalty, but he who respects a command will be rewarded. ¹⁴ The teaching of the wise is a fountain of life, turning one away from the snares of death. ¹⁸ Poverty and shame

will come to him who ignores instruction, but he who heeds reproof will be honored.

^{15:5} A fool despises his father's instruction, but he who heeds reproof is prudent. ¹⁰ There is harsh discipline for him who forsakes the way, and he who hates reproof will die. ³¹ The ear that listens to life-giving reproof will dwell among the wise. ³² He who ignores instruction despises himself, but he who listens to reproof gains understanding.

^{17:10} A rebuke goes deeper into one who has understanding than a hundred lashes into a fool.

^{19:27} Cease listening to instruction, my son, and you will stray from the words of knowledge.

Wise and Foolish

^{10:1} A wise son makes a father glad, but a foolish son brings grief to his mother.

²³ Doing wickedness is like sport to a fool, but wisdom is pleasure to a man of understanding.

^{11:29} He who troubles his own household will inherit the wind, and the fool will be servant to the wise of heart.

^{12:8} A man is praised according to his insight, but one of twisted mind is despised. ¹⁶ A fool's displeasure is known at once, but a prudent man ignores an insult.

^{14:15} The naive believes everything, but the prudent considers his steps.

¹⁶ A wise man is cautious and turns away from evil, but a fool is reckless and careless. ³⁵ The king favors a servant who acts wisely, but his wrath falls on one who acts shamefully.

^{15:7} The lips of the wise spread knowledge, but not so the hearts of fools.

²⁰ A wise son makes a father glad, but a foolish man despises his mother.

^{17:2} A prudent servant will rule over a shameful son, and will share the inheritance among the brothers.

^{22:3} The prudent sees danger and hides himself, but the naive go on and suffer for it.

Righteous and Wicked

^{10:2} Ill-gotten gains do not profit, but righteousness delivers from death. ³ GOD will not let the righteous go hungry, but he thwarts the craving of the wicked. ⁶ Blessings are on the head of the righteous, but the mouth of the wicked conceals violence. ⁷ The memory of the righteous is a blessing, but the name of the wicked will rot. ¹⁶ The wages of the righteous is life; the gain of the wicked is punishment. ²⁰ The tongue of the righteous is like choice silver; the heart of the wicked is of little worth.

²¹ The lips of the righteous feed many, but fools die for lack of sense. ²⁴ What the wicked dreads will come upon him, but the desire of the righteous will be granted. ²⁷ The fear of GOD prolongs life, but the years of the wicked will be shortened.

^{11:5} The righteousness of the blameless will direct his way, but the wicked will fall by his own wickedness. ⁶ The righteousness of the upright will rescue them, but the treacherous will be trapped by their own desires. ⁸ The righteous is delivered from trouble, but the wicked takes his place. ¹⁸ The wicked earns deceptive wages, but he who sows righteousness gets a sure reward. ²³ The desire of the righteous turns out well, but the expectation of the wicked is wrath. ²⁷ He who diligently seeks good seeks favor, but evil comes to him who searches for it. ³¹ If the righteous will be rewarded on earth, how much more the wicked and the sinner.

^{12:3} A man will not be established by wickedness, but the root of the righteous will not be moved. ⁵ The thoughts of the righteous are just, but the counsels of the wicked are deceitful. ⁷ The wicked are overthrown and are no more, but the house of the righteous will stand. ²¹ No harm befalls the righteous, but the wicked are filled with evil. ²⁶ The righteous is a guide to his neighbor, but the way of the wicked leads them astray.

^{13:9} The light of the righteous shines brightly, but the lamp of the wicked will be put out. ²¹ Disaster pursues sinners, but the righteous will be rewarded with good. ²⁵ The righteous has enough to satisfy his appetite, but the stomach of the wicked is empty.

^{14:11} The house of the wicked will be destroyed, but the tent of the upright will flourish. ¹⁹ The evil bow down before the good, and the wicked at the gates of the righteous. ²² Won't they

who devise evil go astray? But those who devise good will find kindness and truth. ³⁴ Righteousness exalts a nation, but sin is a disgrace to any people.

^{15:8} The sacrifice of the wicked is an abomination to GOD, but the prayer of the upright is his delight.

^{21:15} When justice is done, it is a joy to the righteous, but a terror to evildoers.

^{22:5} Thorns and snares are in the way of the crooked. He who guards himself will be far from them.

^{28:1} The wicked flee when no one pursues, but the righteous are as bold as a lion.

Diligence

^{10:4} A slack hand causes poverty, but a diligent hand makes rich. ⁵ A son who gathers in the summer is prudent, but one who sleeps during harvest is shameful. ²⁶ Like vinegar to the teeth and smoke to the eyes, so is the idler to those who send him.

^{12:11} He who works his land will have plenty of bread, but he who follows worthless pursuits lacks sense. ²⁴ The hand of the diligent will rule, but the slothful will be put to forced labor.

^{13:4} The idler craves, yet gets nothing, but the diligent is fully satisfied.

^{14:23} There is profit in all labor, but mere talk leads only to poverty.

^{15:19} The way of the idler is like a hedge of thorns, but the path of the upright is a highway.

^{16:3} Commit your work to GOD, and your plans will be established. ²⁶ A worker's appetite works for him, for his

hunger urges him on.

^{18:9} Whoever is slack in his work is brother to him who destroys.

^{19:15} Laziness brings on deep sleep, and an idle man will suffer hunger.

²⁴ The idler buries his hand in the dish, but will not even bring it back to his mouth.

^{20:4} The idler doesn't plow in season, so he looks during harvest, and has nothing. ¹³ Don't love sleep, lest you come to poverty. Open your eyes, and you will have plenty of food.

^{21:25} The desire of the idler kills him, for his hands refuse to work.

^{22:13} The idler says, "There's a lion outside. I'll be killed in the streets."

^{26:14} As a door turns on its hinges, so does the idler on his bed. ¹⁶ The idler is wiser in his own eyes than seven men who can answer sensibly.

^{27:23} Know well the condition of your flocks, and pay attention to your herds; ²⁴ for riches aren't forever and a crown

doesn't endure to all generations.

^{28:19} He who works his land will have plenty of food, but he who follows worthless pursuits will have plenty of poverty.

Integrity

^{10:9} He who walks in integrity walks securely, but he who perverts his ways will be found out.

^{11:3} The integrity of the upright will guide them, but the perversity of the treacherous will destroy them.

^{20:7} A righteous man who walks in his integrity; blessed are his children after him.

^{21:3} To do righteousness and justice is more acceptable to GOD than sacrifice.

²⁷ The sacrifice of the wicked is an abomination; how much more when he brings it with evil intent.

28:6 Better is the poor who walks in his integrity, than the rich who is crooked in his ways. ¹⁸ He who walks in integrity will be delivered, but he who is crooked will suddenly fall.

Speech

10:11 The mouth of the righteous is a fountain of life, but the mouth of the wicked conceals violence. ¹⁸ He who conceals hatred has lying lips, and he who spreads slander is a fool. ¹⁹ When there are many words, transgression is unavoidable, but he who restrains his lips is wise. ³¹ The mouth of the righteous brings forth wisdom, but the perverse tongue will be cut out. ³² The lips of the righteous know what is acceptable, but the mouth of the wicked what is perverse.

11:12 He who belittles his neighbor lacks sense, but a man of understanding remains silent. ¹³ A gossip goes

about revealing secrets, but he who is trustworthy conceals a matter. ²² A beautiful woman without discretion is like a gold ring in a pig's snout.

^{12:13} An evil man is ensnared by the transgression of his lips, but the righteous will escape from trouble. ¹⁸ There is one who speaks rashly like thrusts of a sword, but the tongue of the wise brings healing. ²³ A prudent man conceals knowledge, but a fool's heart proclaims folly.

^{13:3} He who guards his mouth preserves his life, but he who opens wide his lips comes to ruin.

^{14:3} In the fool's mouth is a rod for his back, but the lips of the wise will protect them.

^{15:1} A gentle answer turns away wrath, but a harsh word stirs up anger. ⁴ A soothing tongue is a tree of life, but a perverse tongue breaks the spirit. ²³ A man finds joy in giving an apt answer; and a timely word, how good it is!

²⁸ The heart of the righteous ponders how to answer, but the mouth of the wicked blurts out evil things.

^{16:23} The heart of the wise instructs his mouth, and adds persuasion to his lips. ²⁴ Pleasant words are a honeycomb: sweet to the soul, and health to the body. ²⁸ A perverse man spreads strife, and a gossip separates close friends.

^{17:7} Excellent speech is not fitting for a fool, much less lying lips for a prince. ²⁷ He who restrains his words has knowledge, and he who has a cool spirit is a man of understanding. ²⁸ Even a fool is considered wise when he keeps silent. When he closes his lips, he is considered prudent.

^{18:2} A fool does not delight in understanding, but only in airing his opinion. ⁶ A fool's lips bring strife, and his mouth invites a beating. ⁷ A fool's mouth is his ruin, and his lips are the snare of his soul.

20:15 There is gold, and an abundance of jewels, but lips of knowledge are a rare treasure.

21:23 He who guards his mouth and tongue keeps himself out of trouble.

22:11 He who loves purity of heart, and speaks graciously will have the king as a friend.

26:18 Like a madman who throws firebrands, arrows, and death, ¹⁹ is the man who deceives his neighbor, and says, "I was only joking!"

27:14 He who blesses his neighbor with a loud voice early in the morning will be counted as cursing.

29:20 Do you see a man who is hasty in his words? There is more hope for a fool than for him.

Contention

^{10:12} Hatred stirs up conflict, but love covers all offenses.

^{15:18} A hot-tempered man stirs up conflict, but the slow to anger calms contention.

^{17:14} Starting a conflict is like releasing a flood, so abandon the dispute before it breaks out.

^{18:18} Casting the lot ends quarrels, and decides between powerful opponents. ¹⁹ An offended brother is harder to win than a strong city, and contentions are like the bars of a castle.

^{20:3} Staying away from strife is an honor for a man, but any fool will quarrel.

^{21:9} It's better to live in a corner of the roof than in a house shared with a contentious woman. ¹⁹ It's better to live in a desert than with a contentious and complaining woman.

^{22:10} Drive out the mocker, and contention will depart, and quarrels and

dishonor will cease.

^{26:20} Without wood the fire goes out, and without a gossip contention dies down. ²¹ Like charcoal to hot embers and wood to fire, so is a contentious man for kindling strife.

Understanding

^{10:13} Wisdom is found on the lips of the discerning, but a rod is for the back of him who lacks sense.

^{13:16} Every prudent man works with knowledge, but a fool flaunts his folly.

^{14:12} There is a way that seems right to a man, but its end is the way to death.

^{16:16} How much better to get wisdom than gold. To get understanding is preferable to silver.

^{18:13} He who answers before he listens: it is folly and shame to him. ¹⁵ The

mind of the prudent acquires knowledge, and the ear of the wise seeks knowledge.

^{19:2} Enthusiasm without knowledge is not good, and hasty feet go astray. ⁸ He who gets wisdom loves his own soul. He who keeps understanding will find good. ²⁰ Listen to counsel and receive instruction so that you may be wise the rest of your days.

Honesty

^{11:1} Dishonest scales are an abomination to GOD, but an accurate weight is his delight.

^{12:19} Truthful lips endure forever, but a lying tongue is only for a moment. ²² Lying lips are an abomination to GOD, but those who act faithfully are his delight.

^{16:11} A just balance and scales belong to GOD, all the weights in the bag are his concern.

^{17:15} Acquitting the guilty, and condemning the righteous are both alike an abomination to GOD. ²³ A wicked man takes a bribe in secret to pervert the ways of justice.

^{18:5} Being partial to the wicked is not good, neither is depriving the righteous of justice.

^{19:5} A false witness will not go unpunished, and he who speaks lies will not escape.

^{20:17} Bread gained by deceit is sweet to a man, but afterward his mouth will be full of gravel. ²³ Differing weights are an abomination to GOD, and a false scale is not good.

Humility

^{11:2} When pride comes, then comes disgrace, but with the humble is wisdom.

^{12:9} Better is he who is lightly esteemed, and has a servant, than he that honors himself, and lacks bread.

^{15:25} GOD will tear down the house of the proud, but will protect the borders of the widow. ³³ Wisdom teaches the fear of GOD, and humility comes before honor.

^{16:5} Everyone who is proud in heart is an abomination to GOD; be assured, he will not go unpunished. ¹⁸ Pride comes before destruction, and an arrogant spirit before a fall. ¹⁹ It is better to be humble in spirit among the lowly, than to divide the spoil with the proud.

^{18:12} Before destruction a man's heart is haughty, but humility comes before honor.

^{21:30} No wisdom, no understanding, and no counsel will prevail against

GOD.

^{22:4} The reward for humility and fear of GOD is riches, honor, and life.

^{26:12} Do you see a man wise in his own eyes? There is more hope for a fool than for him.

^{27:1} Don't boast about tomorrow, for you don't know what a day may bring.

² Let another praise you, and not your own mouth; a stranger, and not your own lips.

^{29:23} A man's pride will bring him low, but a humble spirit will obtain honor.

Finance

^{11:15} He who is guarantor for a stranger will surely suffer for it, but he who hates such agreements is secure. ²⁸ He who trusts in his riches will fall, but the righteous will flourish like a green leaf.

^{13:7} There is one who pretends to be rich, yet has nothing. Another pretends to be poor, yet has great wealth.

¹¹ Wealth obtained by fraud will dwindle, but he who gathers by labor will increase it. ²² A good man leaves an inheritance to his children's children, but the sinner's wealth is stored up for the righteous.

^{14:4} Where there are no oxen, the manger is clean, but abundant harvest comes through an ox's strength. ²⁰ The poor is hated even by his neighbor, but there are many who love the rich.

^{15:6} There is great wealth in the house of the righteous, but trouble accompa-

nies the income of the wicked. ¹⁶ Better a little with fear of GOD than great treasure with turmoil. ²⁷ He who profits illicitly troubles his own house, but he who hates bribes will live.

^{16:8} Better a little with righteousness than great income with injustice.

^{19:4} Wealth attracts many friends, but a poor man is separated from his friend. ⁶ Many seek a generous man's favor, and everyone is a friend to him who gives gifts. ⁷ All a poor man's brothers hate him. How much more do his friends avoid him! He pursues them with words, but they are gone.

^{21:5} The plans of the diligent lead surely to abundance, but everyone who is hasty comes surely to poverty. ⁶ Acquiring treasures by a lying tongue is a fleeting vapor and the pursuit of death. ¹⁷ He who loves pleasure will become poor. He who loves wine and oil will not get rich. ²⁰ There is precious treasure and oil in a wise man's dwelling,

but a fool consumes them.

^{22:1} A good name is to be chosen over great riches, and favor over silver and gold. ² The rich and the poor have this in common: GOD is the maker of them all. ⁷ The rich rules over the poor, and the borrower is a slave to the lender.

^{26:10} Like an archer who wounds everyone, so is he who hires a fool or who hires those passing by.

^{28:22} A stingy man hastens after wealth, and doesn't know that poverty will come upon him.

Kindness

^{11:17} A kind man benefits himself, but a cruel man harms himself.

^{12:10} A righteous man has regard for the life of his animal, but even the mercy of the wicked is cruel.

^{14:21} He who despises his neighbor sins, but he who shows kindness to the poor is happy. ³¹ He who oppresses the poor insults his maker, but he who is kind to the needy honors him.

^{17:13} If anyone returns evil for good, evil will never leave his house.

^{21:21} He who pursues righteousness and kindness will find life, righteousness, and honor.

^{26:27} He who digs a pit will fall into it, and he who rolls a stone, it will come back on him.

Generosity

^{11:24} One gives freely, yet increases all the more, and another withholds what is due, but comes only to poverty.

²⁵ The generous man will prosper, and he who waters will also be watered himself. ²⁶ The people will curse him who withholds grain, but a blessing is on the head of him who sells it.

^{19:17} Kindness to the poor is a loan to GOD, and he will repay his good deed.

^{20:25} It is a snare to say rashly, "It is holy," and only make inquiry after the vows.

^{21:13} He who shuts his ear to the cry of the poor will also call out and not be answered.

^{22:9} He who is generous will be blessed, for he shares his bread with the poor. ¹⁶ He who oppresses the poor to increase his wealth, or who gives to the rich, will only come to poverty.

^{25:21} If your enemy is hungry, give him

bread to eat, and if he is thirsty, give him water to drink.

^{27:7} He who is full loathes honey, but to the hungry any bitter thing is sweet.

^{28:27} He who gives to the poor will never want, but he who hides his eyes will have many curses.

Emotion

^{12:25} Anxiety in a man's heart weighs it down, but a good word makes it glad.

^{13:12} Hope deferred makes the heart sick, but desire fulfilled is a tree of life.

^{14:13} Even in laughter the heart may ache, and joy may end in grief.

^{14:17} A man of quick temper acts foolishly, and a man of evil schemes is hated. ²⁹ He who is slow to anger has great understanding, but he who has a quick temper promotes folly. ³⁰ A tranquil heart is life to the body, but envy makes the bones rot.

^{15:13} A glad heart makes a cheerful countenance, but a sorrowful heart breaks the spirit. ¹⁵ All the days of the afflicted are bad, but a cheerful heart has a continual feast.

^{16:14} A king's wrath is a messenger of death, but a wise man appeases it. ³² He who is slow to anger is better than the mighty, and he who rules his spirit, than he who captures a city.

^{17:5} Whoever mocks the poor insults his maker, and he who rejoices at calamity will not go unpunished. ²² A joyful heart is good medicine, but a broken spirit dries up the bones.

^{18:14} A man's spirit can endure sickness, but who can bear a broken spirit?

^{19:3} A man's foolishness ruins his way, yet his heart rages against GOD. ¹¹ Good sense makes a man slow to anger, and it is his glory to overlook an offense. ¹⁹ A man of great anger will pay the penalty, for if you rescue him, you will have to do it again.

^{20:1} Wine is a mocker, strong drink a brawler, and whoever is led astray by them is not wise. ²² Don't say, "I will repay evil". Wait for GOD, and he will save you.

^{29:11} A fool gives full vent to his anger, but a wise man holds it back. ²² An angry man stirs up strife, and a hot-tempered man abounds in transgression.

And More

^{10:22} The blessing of GOD enriches, and he adds no sorrow to it.

^{11:14} Without guidance the people fall, but with many counselors there is safety.

^{14:27} The fear of GOD is a fountain of life, turning one away from the snares of death.

^{15:9} The way of the wicked is an abomination to GOD, but he loves him who pursues righteousness. ²² Without

counsel plans fail, but with many advisers they succeed.

^{16:33} The lot is cast into the lap, but its every decision is from GOD.

^{17:4} An evildoer listens to wicked lips, and a liar pays attention to a destructive tongue.

^{20:18} Establish plans by counsel, and make war with wise guidance.

Confucius

^{1:1} Isn't it a pleasure to learn something, then to apply it at the right time? Isn't it a joy to have friends come from afar? Isn't he a superior man who takes no offense when his merits are ignored?

^{1:3} Cunning words and an ingratiating appearance rarely accompany benevolence.

^{1:5} The Way to guide a state of a thousand chariots: be attentive to business and trustworthy; be frugal in expenditures and love your fellow men; only mobilize the common people at the

proper time of year.

^{1:6} A young man should respect his parents at home, respect his elders abroad, say little but be trustworthy, love the people at large but be intimate with the benevolent. If he still has energy to spare, let him study literature.

^{1:10} Ziqin asked Zigong, “When Confucius arrives in a country, he always learns about its government. Does he seek out this information or is it given to him?” Zigong replied, “Confucius obtains it by being cordial, upright, respectful, frugal, and deferential. He seeks it differently than other men do.”

^{1:14} A superior man seeks neither a full stomach nor comfortable lodgings. He is diligent in his actions but cautious in his speech. He associates with those who know the Way in order to be put right. Such a man may be said to love learning.

^{1:16} Don't worry that men don't recog-

nize your merits; worry that you don't recognize theirs.

^{2:1} He who governs by virtue is like the North Star: it stays in its place while all the other stars pay homage to it.

^{2:3} If you lead the people with edicts and keep them orderly with punishments, they will evade the punishment and have no sense of shame. If you lead them with virtue and keep them orderly with propriety, they will have a sense of shame and order themselves.

^{2:6} Meng Wubo asked about filial piety. Confucius said, "Give your parents nothing to worry about other than illness."

^{2:7} Ziyou asked about filial piety. Confucius said, "Nowadays filial piety only means being able to feed your parents. But even dogs and horses receive this much care. Without respect, what's the difference?"

2:8 Zixia asked about filial piety. Confucius said, "It's the expression on your face that's difficult to manage. It's not filial piety merely for the young to shoulder the burden when there is work to do, and to defer to their elders when there is wine and food available."

2:10 Look at the means a man employs. Observe his motives. Examine what gives him comfort. How can a man conceal his character?

2:11 If a man learns the new by reviewing the old, he is worthy to be a teacher.

2:13 A superior man acts before he speaks, and then speaks according to his actions. ¹⁴ A superior man is inclusive and not partisan, while an inferior man is the opposite.

2:15 Learning without thinking is a waste. Thinking without learning is dangerous.

2:17 Knowledge is to know when you know something, and to know when

you don't.

^{2:18} Zizhang was studying in order to get an official position. Confucius said, "If you listen much, put aside what is doubtful, and speak cautiously about the rest, you will make few mistakes. If you observe much, put aside what is perilous, and act cautiously on the rest, you will have few regrets. Few mistakes in speech, few regrets in action: an official position will follow."

^{2:19} If you raise up the straight and place them over the crooked, the people will follow you. If you raise up the crooked and place them over the straight, the people will not follow you.

^{2:20} Ji Kangzi asked, "How can I encourage the people to be respectful, loyal, and diligent?" Confucius said, "Approach them with dignity then they will be respectful. Be filial and kind then they will be loyal. Raise up the good and instruct the incompetent then they will be diligent."

2:21 Someone asked Confucius, “Why don’t you engage in government?” Confucius said, “The Book of Documents says, ‘Just by being filial and being friendly to your brothers you will have an effect on government.’ Since this is also engaging in government, why do I need to ‘engage in government’?”

2:22 I don’t know what to do with an untrustworthy man. How can you pull a wagon that’s missing its yoke pin?

2:24 To see what is right and not to do it is a lack of courage.

3:3 If a man is not benevolent, what can he do with propriety?

3:4 In ritual, prefer frugality to extravagance. In funerals, prefer grief to formality.

3:12 If I don’t participate in a sacrifice, it’s as if I have not sacrificed at all.

3:15 When Confucius entered the Grand Temple, he asked questions about everything. Someone remarked, “Who

says that Confucius knows about ritual? When visiting the Grand Temple, he asked questions about everything.” Confucius, hearing this, said, “This is the ritual.”

^{3:21} Don't explain away what is already done. Don't argue against what is already accomplished. Don't assign blame for what is already past.

^{3:26} Holding a high position without tolerance, performing ritual without reverence, joining a funeral without grief: how can I look at such things?

^{4:1} It is benevolence that makes a neighborhood beautiful. How can a man be considered wise if he chooses not to reside among benevolence?

^{4:2} Those who lack benevolence can endure neither adversity nor enjoyment for long. The benevolent are content with benevolence. The wise cultivate benevolence for its advantage.

^{4:4} If you set your heart on benevolence, you will be free from evil.

4:5 All men desire wealth and honor, but if they are obtained by not following the Way, they should not be kept. All men hate poverty and disgrace, but if they can't be avoided by following the Way, they should not be avoided. If a superior man abandons benevolence, how is he worthy of that name? A superior man never leaves benevolence even for the space of a single meal. In moments of haste, he acts according to it. In times of difficulty, he acts according to it.

4:6 One who really loves benevolence puts nothing above it. One who really hates what is not benevolent would not allow it to approach him. Has anyone devoted all his strength to benevolence for a single day? I haven't seen anyone who lacked the strength to do so.

4:7 People make errors according to the type of person they are. Observe their errors and you can know their degree of benevolence.

4:9 A gentleman who sets his heart on the Way, but is ashamed of poor clothes and poor food, is not worth engaging in discussion.

4:10 When a superior man deals with the world he is not invariably for or against anything. He sides with what is right.

4:11 A superior man cherishes virtue; an inferior man cherishes land. A superior man cherishes justice; an inferior man cherishes favors.

4:12 One who acts out of personal profit incurs much resentment.

4:14 Don't worry that you have no position; worry about what it takes to merit one. Don't worry that no one knows you; seek to be worth knowing.

4:16 A superior man understands what is right. An inferior man understands personal profit.

4:17 When you see a worthy man, think of becoming his equal; when you see an unworthy man, look within

and examine yourself.

4:18 In serving your parents, you may admonish them gently; if you see that they don't follow your advice, remain respectful, don't become disobedient, and work without complaining.

4:22 The ancients were reluctant to speak because they would have been ashamed if their actions didn't live up to their words.

4:23 One rarely misses the mark because of self-control.

4:24 A superior man wants to be slow in speech but quick in action.

5:5 What is the use of eloquence? Those who give a quick retort often incur the hatred of others.

5:10 Zai Yu was sleeping during the day. Confucius said, "Rotten wood cannot be carved, and a wall of manure cannot be troweled. What is the use of scolding Zai Yu? I used to listen to what people said and trust them to act

accordingly. Now I listen to what people say and watch what they do. It is because of Zai Yu that I have changed.”

5:11 I haven't seen a truly steadfast man. How can a man who is full of desires be steadfast?

5:15 Kong the Refined was mentally quick, fond of learning, and not ashamed to ask questions of his inferiors. That's why he was called “Refined”.

5:16 Zi Chan had four characteristics of the Way of a superior man: he was respectful in his private conduct, respectful in serving his superiors, generous in caring for the people, and just in employing the people.

5:17 Yang Ping Zhong excelled in his relations with others. Even after long acquaintance he continued to treat them with respect.

5:20 Ji Wen Zi always thought three times before acting. Hearing this, Confucius said, “Twice is enough.”

5:23 Bo Yi and Shu Qi did not remem-

ber old grievances, so there was little resentment against them.

5:25 Glib talk, an ingratiating expression, and obsequious conduct: I am ashamed of such behavior. Acting friendly towards someone while concealing your resentment for them: I am ashamed of such behavior.

5:26 My heart's desire is to bring peace to the old, to share trust with my friends, and to cherish the young.

5:27 I have not yet met anyone who can see his own faults and inwardly accuse himself.

6:3 Yanhui loved learning. He never took his anger out on others, and never made the same mistake twice. ¹¹ How admirable he was! He lived on a bowlful of rice to eat, a ladleful of water to drink, and a hovel for shelter. Others could not have endured such misery, yet Yanhui's joy was unchanged.

6:12 Ran Qiu said, "It's not that I don't enjoy your Way, but I don't

have the strength to follow it.” Confucius said, “Those who don’t have the strength collapse along the way, but you have drawn a line before starting.”

^{6:15} Meng Zhifan was not boastful. He once held the rear during a retreat. As they reached the city gate, he whipped his horse, saying, “It’s not that I dared to be last, only that my horse wouldn’t go.”

^{6:18} When natural disposition prevails over refinement, you get a savage. When refinement prevails over natural disposition, you get a pedantic clerk. When natural disposition and refinement are properly blended, you get a superior man.

^{6:28} If I have done wrong, may Heaven detest and abandon me!

^{7:2} It’s natural for me to store up knowledge silently, to learn without satiety, and to teach others without weariness.

7:3 My worries are failure to cultivate virtue, failure to explore what I learn, inability to follow what is right when I hear it, and inability to change what is not good.

7:6 Set your heart on the Way. Base yourself in virtue. Rely on benevolence. Enjoy the arts.

7:7 I have never denied instruction to anyone, even if his own resources could only afford a bundle of dried meat for tuition.

7:8 I only enlighten those who are driven by eagerness to learn and who are anxiously trying to explain their ideas. If I lift up one corner and they cannot come back with the other three, I don't repeat myself.

7:9 When Confucius was eating in the presence of a mourner, he never ate his fill.

7:11 Few have the ability to act when employed and to hide when dismissed. If I were commanding the Three Armies,

who would I take with me? A man who would wrestle a tiger with bare hands or cross a river on foot, dying without regret—I would not take that man. It must be someone who approaches a task with apprehension, likes to make plans, and can execute them successfully.

7:12 If wealth can be sought decently, I will do so, even if I have to have a lowly job. If it cannot be sought decently, I will follow what I love.

7:15 Bo Yi and Shu Qi sought benevolence and got it. Why should they have complaints?

7:16 Coarse rice to eat, water to drink, and your bent arm for a pillow—there is still joy in the midst of these things. Wealth and honor obtained by unrighteous means are like fleeting clouds to me.

7:17 Give me a few more years; if I can study until fifty, I may be free from great mistakes.

7:19 I'm the kind of man who is so eager for knowledge that he forgets to eat, who is so joyful that he forgets to worry, and who is not aware that old age is coming.

7:20 I was not born with knowledge, but I love antiquity and earnestly seek it.

7:22 When walking with any two people, they must have something to teach me. I select their strengths and follow them, their weaknesses and correct myself.

7:23 Heaven gave birth to the virtue in me. What can angry rulers do to me?

7:24 My friends, I hide nothing from you. Whatever I do, I share with you. That is who I am.

7:26 I can't hope to meet a sage, but I would be content to meet a superior man. I can't hope to meet a truly good man, but I would be content to meet a steadfast man. It is hard to

be steadfast when nothing pretends to be something, emptiness pretends to be fullness, and poverty pretends to be comfort.

7:27 Confucius fished with a line, but didn't use a net. He hunted, but didn't shoot roosting birds.

7:28 There may be those who can act without knowledge, but I am not one of them. I hear much, select what is good, and follow it. I see much, and remember it.

7:29 To approve of a man's visit doesn't mean approving of what he does after he leaves. When a man purifies himself to approach me, I approve of his purity without endorsing his past or his future.

7:30 Is benevolence far away? As soon as I want benevolence, it is at hand.

7:31 I'm fortunate. When I make a mistake, others always notice it.

7:34 How would I dare claim to be benevolent or a sage? Rather, it may

be said that I strive for them without flagging, and teach others without weariness.

7:36 Extravagance leads to arrogance; frugality leads to stinginess. It's better to be stingy than arrogant.

7:37 A superior man is easygoing and unperturbed. An inferior man is always tense and anxious.

7:38 Confucius was warm yet stern; authoritative but not fierce; respectful yet at ease.

8:1 Tai Bo can be said to have had the highest virtue. Three times he declined his claim to the kingdom.

8:2 Courtesy without propriety is tiresome. Caution without propriety is timidity. Bravery without propriety is chaos. Candor without propriety is rudeness.

8:9 The people can be made to follow a path, but they can't be made to understand it.

8:10 A man who loves bravery and hates poverty will proceed to unruly behavior. A man without benevolence who is despised by others too much will proceed to unruly behavior.

8:11 If a man had talents as admirable as the Duke of Zhou, but was arrogant and stingy, the rest would not be worth noticing.

8:13 Have sincere faith, love learning, and defend the good Way unto death. Don't enter a state that is in peril, and don't stay in one that is in chaos. Show yourself when the Way prevails in the world, but hide when it does not. When the Way prevails in the state, it is shameful to be poor and humble. When the Way does not prevail in the state, it is shameful to be rich and noble.

8:14 Don't plan the policies of a position that you don't hold.

8:21 I can find no fault in Yu. His food and drink were frugal, yet his offerings

to the spirits and gods showed utter devotion. His clothes were coarse, yet his ritual cap and robes were magnificent. His dwelling was humble, yet he exhausted his strength on irrigation ditches and canals.

^{9:3} The rules of ritual prescribe a hemp cap. Nowadays it is made of silk. That is more frugal. I follow the common practice. The rules of ritual prescribe bowing below the steps. Nowadays people bow after ascending. That is arrogant. Although it goes against the common practice, I bow below the steps.

^{9:4} Confucius forbade four things: don't act on speculation, don't demand certainty, don't be stubborn, and don't be egotistical.

^{9:5} When Confucius was in danger in Kuang, he said, "Since King Wen died, doesn't his culture reside in me? If Heaven doesn't want this culture destroyed, what can the people of Kuang

do to me?”

9:6 I was poor when I was young, so I learned many menial skills. Must a superior man be skilled in many things? No, not many.

9:8 Do I have knowledge? No, I do not. A rustic asked me a question and my mind went blank. I hammered at both ends of the question until I got everything out of it.

9:13 Zigong asked, “If you had a beautiful piece of jade here, would you hide it safely in a box or try to get a good price and sell it?” Confucius said, “Sell it! All I’m waiting for is the right offer.”

9:16 I have no difficulty serving high officials when abroad, serving my elders at home, giving my best efforts in funeral arrangements, and avoiding trouble from wine.

9:18 I have never seen a man who loves virtue as much as he loves beauty in women.

9:19 It's like building a mound: if I stop before the last basket of earth, it remains unfinished. It's like filling a ditch: although I've dumped in only a single basket of earth, if I continue then I'm making progress.

9:23 The younger generation should be held in awe. How do we know that it will not equal the present one? But if a man reaches forty or fifty years old without distinguishing himself, he no longer deserves awe.

9:24 I can do nothing with the man who enjoys polite words without unfolding their purpose, or who agrees with exemplary words without reforming himself.

9:25 Put loyalty and trustworthiness above everything else. Only have friends who are your moral equals. When you make a mistake, don't be afraid to correct it.

9:30 You may be able to study together, and yet be unable to pursue the Way

together. You may be able to pursue the Way together, and yet be unable to take a stand together. You may be able to take a stand together, and yet be unable to share authority together.

^{10:1} In his village, Confucius was most deferential, as if he were unable to speak. In the ancestral temple or at court, he was eloquent but cautious.

^{10:8} Even if there was plenty of meat, he would not eat more meat than rice. Only with wine did he have no set limit, but he never drank to the point of confusion.

^{10:10} He didn't converse while eating, or talk in bed. ¹¹ Even with a simple meal of coarse rice and vegetable broth, he made an offering with solemnity. ¹² He would not sit unless his mat was in proper position.

^{10:17} When the stables burned, Confucius returned from court and asked, "Was anyone hurt?" He didn't ask about the horses.

^{10:22} When a friend died who had no family to make arrangements, he said, “Let the funeral be at my home.”

^{11:4} Yan Hui is no help to me. Everything I say pleases him.

^{11:12} If you aren’t yet able to serve people, how would you be able to serve the spirits. If you don’t yet understand life, how could you understand death?

^{11:14} The people of Lu were rebuilding the Long Treasury. Min Ziqian said, “Why not restore the old structure? Why must it be changed completely?” Confucius said, “This man either says nothing, or his words hit the mark.”

^{11:16} Going too far is as bad as falling short.

^{11:21} If a man’s opinions are sound, is he a superior man or is it only a solemn appearance?

^{11:22} Zilu asked, “Should I immediately put into practice what I learn?” Confucius said, “You have a father and

elder brothers to consult first.” Ranyou asked the same question. Confucius said, “You should immediately put into practice what you learn.” Gongxi Hua said, “I’m confused. May I ask for an explanation?” Confucius said, “Ranyou holds back, so I urged him forward. Zilu has energy for two, so I held him back.”

^{12:1} Yan Hui asked about benevolence. Confucius said, “Benevolence is overcoming oneself and returning to propriety. Benevolence comes from oneself. How could it come from others? Don’t look at anything improper. Don’t listen to anything improper. Don’t say anything improper. Don’t do anything improper.”

^{12:2} Zhonggong asked about benevolence. Confucius said, “When abroad, behave as if you were receiving an important guest. When employing the people, behave as if you were assisting at an important sacrifice. Don’t im-

pose on others what you don't want for yourself."

^{12:3} Sima Niu asked about benevolence. Confucius said, "A benevolent person is reluctant to speak. When doing it is difficult, how can you not be reluctant to speak about it."

^{12:4} Sima Niu asked about the superior man. Confucius said, "A superior man is free from worry and fear. If introspection finds nothing to be ashamed of, why should he have worry or fear?"

^{12:6} Zizhang asked about discernment. Confucius said, "He who is not influenced by slander that saturates and by accusations that spread like a rash, can be called discerning. He can also be called farsighted."

^{12:7} Zigong asked about government. Confucius said, "Sufficient food, sufficient arms, and the trust of the people. If I had to give up one of these three, I would give up the arms. If I had

to give up one of the remaining two, I would give up the food. Death has been with us since ancient times, but without trust the people cannot stand.”

^{12:10} Zizhang asked about accumulating virtue. Confucius said, “Make these your guiding principles: loyalty, trustworthiness, and following what is right. This is the way to accumulate virtue.”

^{12:13} In hearing lawsuits, I am the same as anyone. What we need is to make it so that there are no lawsuits.

^{12:14} Zizhang asked about government. Confucius said, “Ponder it without tiring, and carry it out with loyalty.”

^{12:15} Study culture broadly, and restrain yourself with propriety. You will not stray from what is right.

^{12:16} The superior man perfects the good in people, he does not perfect the bad. The inferior man does the opposite.

^{12:19} Ji Kangzi asked Confucius about

government: "What if I were to kill those who don't follow the Way in order to help those who do?" Confucius said, "In administering your government, what use is killing? If you desire what is good, the people will be good. The virtue of the superior man is like the wind, and the virtue of the inferior man is like the grass. When the wind blows, the grass is sure to bend."

^{12:20} Zizhang asked, "When can a gentleman be called distinguished? By this I mean that he is sure to be known in his state and in his clan." Confucius said, "That is fame, not distinction. A distinguished man has upright character, loves what is right, examines what people say and observes their facial expressions, and is mindful of deference to others. Such a man will be distinguished in his state and in his clan. As for fame, it is enough to be wholly confident about assuming the appearance of benevolence while acting to the con-

trary. Such a man is sure to be known in his state and in his clan.”

^{12:21} Fan Chi asked, “How do I accumulate virtue, reform wickedness, and recognize confusion?” Confucius said, “Excellent question! Put the effort before the reward: is that not accumulating virtue? Attack your own evil rather than the evil of others: is that not reforming wickedness? In a moment of anger, to forget your own safety and that of your family: is that not confusion?”

^{12:23} Zigong asked how to treat friends. Confucius said, “Loyally advise them, and skillfully show them the Way. If that doesn’t work, then stop. Don’t disgrace yourself.”

^{13:1} Zilu asked about government. Confucius said, “Set an example for them, and encourage them. Be tireless.”

^{13:2} Zhonggong asked about government. Confucius said, “Set an example

for your officers. Grant pardon for minor offenses. Promote men of virtue and talent.”

^{13:3} A superior man remains silent about things he doesn’t understand. He permits no carelessness in his speech.

^{13:5} Consider a man who can recite the three hundred Poems. If he fails when you entrust him with governance, and cannot act on his own initiative, what use is all his learning?

^{13:6} If a man is upright in his personal conduct, others will follow without him giving orders. If a man is not upright in his personal conduct, even if he gives orders, others won’t obey.

^{13:12} Even with a true king, it would still take a generation for benevolence to prevail.

^{13:13} If a man can correct himself, what difficulty will he have in governing? If he can’t correct himself, how can he correct others?

^{13:15} A single saying cannot ruin a

country, but there is a saying that, “The only pleasure of ruling is that no one contradicts you.” If a ruler is good and no one contradicts him, that’s fine. But if a ruler is not good and no one contradicts him, then isn’t this almost a saying that could ruin a country?

^{13:16} The Governor of She asked about government. Confucius said, “People nearby are pleased, and people far away come.”

^{13:17} Zixia asked about government. Confucius said, “Don’t try to rush things. Don’t look for small advantages. If you try to rush things, you won’t reach your goal. If you look for small advantages, you won’t accomplish great things.”

^{13:19} Be courteous at home. Be respectful in handling public affairs. Be loyal in dealing with others. Even among barbarians, you can’t discard these.

^{13:21} If I can’t find moderate men to

associate with, I must find the reckless and the cautious. The reckless advance towards the goal. The cautious have lines they won't cross.

^{13:23} A superior man seeks harmony without conformity. An inferior man seeks conformity without harmony.

^{13:24} It's not enough for all the people to love you. It's not enough for all the people to hate you. It's better if the good people love you and the bad people hate you.

^{13:25} If you try to please a superior man without following the Way, he will not be pleased; but when employing others, he only assigns tasks according to their capacity. If you try to please an inferior man without following the Way, he will be pleased; but when employing others, he expects them to be good at everything.

^{13:26} A superior man has a dignified ease without being arrogant. An inferior man is arrogant without a dignified

ease.

^{13:27} Firm, resolute, simple, slow to speak: these are close to benevolence.

^{14:1} To serve a state in which the Way prevails, then to continue serving it after it has lost the Way. That is shameful.

^{14:2} A gentleman who is attached to material comforts is not worthy of being called a gentleman.

^{14:4} A virtuous man will certainly have something to say, but a man with something to say is not necessarily virtuous. A benevolent man will certainly be brave, but a brave man is not necessarily benevolent.

^{14:7} Can you love someone without making them work hard? Can you be loyal to someone without instructing them?

^{14:10} To be poor without resentment is difficult; to be rich without arrogance is easy.

^{14:12} A man who is wise, free from desires, brave, accomplished, and also refined through ritual and music, may be called a complete man. But, does a complete man need all this nowadays? If he sees profit and thinks of what is right; if he sees danger and is ready to give his life; if he endures long hardship and doesn't forget the words he lives by: he may be called a complete man.

^{14:20} When your words are not humble, it's difficult to live up to them.

^{14:22} Zilu asked how to serve a ruler. Confucius said, "Don't use deceit when you oppose him."

^{14:27} A superior man is ashamed if his words surpass his deeds.

^{14:28} The Way of a superior man has three things that I can't find in myself: the benevolent are not anxious; the wise are not confused; the brave are not afraid.

^{14:29} Zigong was judging other people. Confucius said, "Zigong must be

of such superior character himself that he has leisure for this. I don't."

^{14:30} Don't worry that men don't recognize you; worry about your own lack of ability.

^{14:31} To be the first to be aware of deception or bad faith, without anticipating or suspecting it: is that not being worthy?

^{14:34} Someone asked, "What do you think of the saying, 'Repay resentment with kindness'?" Confucius said, "Then how will you repay kindness? Repay resentment with uprightness. Repay kindness with kindness."

^{14:35} No one understands me! I don't complain against Heaven, nor do I blame men. I study here below, and I penetrate up above. Who understands me? Heaven does!

^{14:36} Gongbo Liao had slandered Zilu. Zifu Jingbo said, "I have enough power to have Gongbo Liao's corpse displayed in the marketplace." Confucius said,

“If circumstances allow, the Way will prevail; if not, the Way will be abandoned. What effect does Gongbo Liao have on these circumstances?”

^{14:37} The highest virtue is to avoid the world; next, to avoid certain places; next, to avoid certain attitudes; next, to avoid certain words.

^{14:41} When those above love propriety, the common people are easy to lead.

^{14:44} Confucius employed a boy to carry messages. Someone asked, “Is he making any progress?” Confucius said, “He’s not seeking progress. He wants quick results.”

^{15:2} A superior man is steadfast in the face of adversity, while an inferior man is engulfed by it.

^{15:5} Can’t Shun be said to have achieved order without forcing? What did he do? He just sat reverently on the throne, and faced due south.

^{15:6} If your words are loyal and trustworthy, and your conduct is sincere and

respectful, then your conduct will be proper even among barbarians. If your words are not loyal and trustworthy, and your conduct is not sincere and respectful, how can your conduct be proper, even in your own neighborhood?

^{15:8} If you fail to speak to a man who is capable of understanding, you waste the man. If you speak to a man who is incapable of understanding, you waste your words. The wise waste neither men nor words.

^{15:9} A benevolent man will not injure his benevolence in order to save his life, but he might sacrifice his life in order to achieve benevolence.

^{15:10} In whatever country you're living, serve its most virtuous officers, and befriend its most benevolent gentlemen. This is how to practice benevolence.

^{15:12} If a man doesn't concern himself with what's far away, he will have sorrows near at hand.

^{15:15} If you demand much from your-

self and little from others, you will keep resentment at a distance.

^{15:18} A superior man takes what is right as his basis. He practices it with propriety, demonstrates it with modesty, and completes it with good faith.

^{15:20} A superior man hates the thought of leaving the world without making a name for himself. ²¹ A superior man makes demands on himself; an inferior man makes demands on others. ²² A superior man is confident without being contentious; gathers with others but doesn't form cliques. ²³ A superior man doesn't promote a man because of his words, and doesn't reject the words because of the man.

^{15:27} Clever words disrupt virtue. Impatience in small matters disrupts great plans.

^{15:28} When everyone loves a man, you must investigate. When everyone hates a man, you must investigate.

^{15:30} To have a fault and not correct

it is a fault indeed.

^{15:31} I once spent a whole day without eating and a whole night without sleeping in order to think. I got nothing out of it. It would have been better to study.

^{15:32} A superior man makes his plans around the Way, not around food. A superior man worries about the Way, not about poverty.

^{15:36} In the pursuit of benevolence, don't yield even to your teacher.

^{15:37} A superior man is principled, but not rigid.

^{15:38} In serving your ruler, devotion to duty comes before any thought of compensation. ³⁹ In teaching, there is no such thing as social class.

^{15:40} Those who follow a different Way can't make plans together.

^{15:41} In expressing yourself, get the point across then stop.

Buddha

Pairs

¹ Our life is shaped by our mind: it is ruled by our mind, it is made by our mind. If one speaks or acts with an evil mind, suffering follows him, as the wheel follows the foot of the ox that draws the cart. ² Our life is shaped by our mind: it is ruled by our mind, it is made by our mind. If one speaks or acts with a pure mind, happiness follows him, like a shadow that never leaves him.

³ “He insulted me, hit me, defeated me, robbed me.” In those who harbor such thoughts, hatred will never cease. ⁴ “He insulted me, hit me, defeated me, robbed me.” In those who do not harbor such thoughts, hatred will cease. ⁵ For hatred never ceases by hatred. Hatred ceases by love. This is an eternal law. ⁶ Some do not realize that we all must die, but those who do realize it cease their quarrels at once.

⁷ Just as the wind throws down a weak tree, so will the tempter overthrow him who focuses only on pleasures, his senses uncontrolled, immoderate in his food, idle, and weak. ⁸ Just as the wind cannot throw down a rocky mountain, so the tempter will not overthrow him who does not focus on pleasures, his senses well controlled, moderate in his food, faithful and strong.

⁹ He who puts on the monk's yellow robe without having cleansed himself from sin, who disregards self-control

and truth, is unworthy of the robe.
¹⁰ But he who has cleansed himself from sin, is well grounded in virtues, and regards self-control and truth, is indeed worthy of the robe.

¹¹ They who mistake the trivial for the essential, and the essential for the trivial, never arrive at the essential, but follow vain desires. ¹² They who know the essential as essential, and the trivial as trivial, arrive at the essential, and follow true desires.

¹³ Just as rain seeps through a poorly thatched house, passion seeps through an undeveloped mind. ¹⁴ Just as rain cannot seep through a well thatched house, passion cannot seep through a well developed mind.

¹⁵ The evildoer grieves in this world, and in the next. He grieves in both. He grieves and suffers when he sees the evil of his own work. ¹⁶ The virtuous man delights in this world, and in the next. He delights in both. He delights

and rejoices when he sees the purity of his own work.

¹⁷ The evildoer suffers in this world, and in the next. He suffers in both. He suffers when he thinks of the evil he has done. He suffers more when going to the next world. ¹⁸ The virtuous man is happy in this world, and in the next. He is happy in both. He is happy when he thinks of the good he has done. He is happier still when going to the next world.

¹⁹ The thoughtless man, if he recites many scriptures, but does not do what they say, has no share in the blessings of the holy life, but is like a cowherd counting the cows of others. ²⁰ He who recites only a few scriptures, but does what they say, having forsaken lust and hatred and delusion, possesses true knowledge and serenity of mind, caring for nothing in this world or that to come, he shares in the blessings of the holy life.

Vigilance

²¹ Vigilance is the path to salvation. Carelessness is the path to death. Those who are vigilant do not die. Those who are careless are as if dead already.

²² The wise, having understood this clearly, delight in vigilance, and rejoice in the knowledge of the noble ones.

²³ These wise people, meditative, steadfastly persevering, attain to salvation, the highest happiness.

²⁴ If a vigilant person is energetic, if he is mindful, if his deeds are pure, if he acts with consideration, if he has self-control, and is righteous, then his glory will increase. ²⁵ By effort, by vigilance, by discipline and self-control, the wise man may make for himself an island which no flood can overwhelm.

²⁶ The foolish and ignorant indulge in carelessness. The wise man keeps vigilance as his greatest treasure. ²⁷ Do not give way to carelessness or to the enjoy-

ment of sensual pleasures. He who is vigilant and meditative, obtains ample joy.

²⁸ When the wise man drives away carelessness by vigilance, he climbs the tower of wisdom and looks down upon the fools. Without suffering, he looks at the suffering crowd, as one that stands on a mountain looks at them that stand on the ground below.

²⁹ Vigilant among the careless, awake among the sleeping, the wise man advances like a fast horse, leaving the weak behind. ³⁰ Vigilance is always praised; carelessness is always despised.

³¹ The monk who delights in vigilance, who looks with fear at carelessness, moves about like fire, burning all fetters, small and large. ³² The monk who delights in vigilance, who looks with fear at carelessness, cannot fall away. He is close to salvation.

Mind

³³ Just as a fletcher straightens his arrow, a wise man straightens his trembling and unsteady mind, which is difficult to guard, difficult to restrain.

³⁴ Just as a fish quivers when taken from its home in the water and thrown on land, our mind trembles all over to escape the influence of the tempter.

³⁵ It is good to tame the mind, which is difficult to tame and flighty, rushing wherever it wants. A tamed mind brings happiness. ³⁶ Let the wise man guard his mind, for it is subtle and elusive, and it rushes wherever it wants. A guarded mind brings happiness.

³⁷ The mind wanders far, moves about alone, is without a body, and hides in the cave of the heart. Those who bridle it are free from the bonds of the tempter.

³⁸ If a man's mind is unsteady, if he does not know the true law, and if his

faith is troubled, then his knowledge will never be perfect. ³⁹ If a man's mind is free from passion, if his mind is free from ill will, if he is unaffected by good and evil, then there is danger for him.

⁴⁰ Knowing that this body is fragile like a clay pot, and securing this mind like a fortress, attack the tempter with the sword of knowledge. Then guard what is won without feeling attachment to it. ⁴¹ Soon, this body will lie on the ground, discarded, without consciousness, like a useless log.

⁴² Whatever an enemy might do to an enemy, or a foe to a foe, a wrongly directed mind can do to you even worse. ⁴³ Whatever a mother, a father, or any other relative might do for you, a well directed mind can do for you even more.

Flowers

⁴⁴ Who will overcome this earth, and the world of the dead, and the world of the gods? Who will choose the well taught path of virtue, as an expert florist chooses the right flower? ⁴⁵ A disciple will overcome this earth, and the world of the dead, and the world of the gods. A disciple will choose the well taught path of virtue, as an expert florist chooses the right flower.

⁴⁶ Knowing that this body is like froth, and learning that it is insubstantial like a mirage, you will remove the flower-tipped arrows of the tempter, and never see the king of death.

⁴⁷ As a flood sweeps away a sleeping village, so death sweeps away a man who is immersed in gathering flowers, his mind distracted. ⁴⁸ Death subdues a man who is immersed in gathering flowers, his mind distracted, before he is satiated in his pleasures. ⁴⁹ As a

bee collects nectar and departs without damaging the flower or its color or its scent, so should a sage collect alms in a village.

⁵⁰ Do not notice the faults of others, their sins of commission or omission, but notice your own misconduct and negligence.

⁵¹ Like a beautiful flower, full of color but without scent, are fair but fruitless words of him who does not practice them. ⁵² But, like a beautiful flower, full of color and full of scent, are fair and fruitful words of him who practices them.

⁵³ Just as many wreaths can be made from a heap of flowers, so can many good things be done by a mortal.

⁵⁴ The scent of flowers does not travel against the wind, not even that of sandalwood, tagara or jasmine; but the reputation of the virtuous does travel against the wind. The reputation of the virtuous pervades every place. ⁵⁵ A-

mong the scent of sandalwood, tagara, lotus, and jasmine, the scent of virtue is unsurpassed.

⁵⁶ The scent that comes from tagara and sandalwood is faint. The scent of the virtuous is best, it rises up to the gods. ⁵⁷ The tempter never finds the path of the virtuous, who lives with vigilance, and is freed through perfect knowledge.

⁵⁸ On a garbage heap by the roadside, a lotus grows full of sweet perfume and delight. ⁵⁹ Likewise, on a garbage heap of blind mortals, a true disciple of the Buddha shines forth in wisdom.

The Fool

⁶⁰ The night is long to the sleepless; a mile is long to the tired; life is long to the foolish who do not know the true law.

⁶¹ If a traveler does not meet a companion who is his better, or his equal, let him firmly keep to his solitary journey. There is no companionship with a fool. ⁶² He worries, "I have sons, and I have wealth," but he himself is not his own, how much less sons and wealth?

⁶³ A fool who knows his own foolishness, is wise to that extent. But a fool who thinks he is wise, is a fool indeed.

⁶⁴ Even if a fool associates with a wise man all his life, he will perceive the truth no more than a spoon perceives the flavor of the soup. ⁶⁵ If an intelligent man associates with a wise man for only one minute, he will soon perceive the truth as the tongue perceives the taste of soup.

⁶⁶ Fools of little understanding are their own enemies, for they do evil deeds that bear bitter fruit. ⁶⁷ That deed is poorly done if a man must repent afterward, and its reward is crying and a tearful face. ⁶⁸ That deed is well done if a man does not repent afterward, and its reward is delight and happiness.

⁶⁹ As long as an evil deed does not bear fruit, the fool thinks it is like honey. But when it ripens, then the fool suffers grief. ⁷⁰ Even if a fool, month after month, eats his food like an ascetic with the tip of a blade of grass, he is not worth even one sixteenth of those who have understood the truth.

⁷¹ An evil deed, like freshly drawn milk, does not sour immediately; it follows the fool, smoldering, like fire covered by ashes.

⁷³ The fool wishes for a false reputation, for precedence among monks, for authority in the monasteries, for hon-

or among other people. ⁷⁴ “May both laymen and monks think that I did it. Let them obey me in everything, great and small.” Such is the mind of the fool, and thus his desire and pride increase.

⁷⁵ One road leads to wealth, another road leads to salvation. If the monk, a disciple of Buddha, has learned this, he will not yearn for honor, he will strive for separation from the world.

The Wise

⁷⁶ If you find a wise man who points out faults, and who reproves, follow that wise man as one would follow a guide to hidden treasure. It will be better, not worse, for those who follow him.

⁷⁷ Let him admonish, let him teach, let him restrain you from what is improper. The good will love him. The bad will hate him.

⁷⁸ Do not have evildoers as companions, do not have vile people as friends.

Have virtuous people as companions,
have the best as friends.

⁷⁹ He who drinks in the law lives happily with a serene mind. The wise man rejoices always in the law, as preached by the noble ones.

⁸⁰ Irrigators guide the water. Fletchers straighten the arrow. Carpenters shape the wood. The wise control themselves.

⁸¹ Just as a solid rock is not shaken by the wind, the wise do not falter amidst blame or praise. ⁸² After they have listened to the law, the wise become serene, like a deep, smooth, and still lake.

⁸³ The good keep walking whatever happens. The good do not prattle, longing for pleasure. Whether touched by happiness or sorrow, the wise never appear elated or depressed. ⁸⁴ A man is good, wise, and virtuous if he does no wrong for his own sake or for the sake of others, if he wishes neither for wealth,

a son, or a kingdom, and if he does not wish for success by unfair means.

⁸⁵ Few among men arrive at the other shore (salvation). The rest run up and down on this shore. ⁸⁶ But those who follow the law, when it has been well taught to them, will arrive at the other shore having crossed the dominion of death, however difficult to overcome.

⁸⁷ Let a wise man leave the dark way, and follow the bright path. After going from his home to homelessness, let him yearn for delight in detachment, so difficult to enjoy. ⁸⁸ Leaving all pleasures behind, and calling nothing his own, let the wise man cleanse himself of that which defiles the mind. ⁸⁹ Those whose minds are well grounded in the factors of enlightenment, who without clinging to anything, rejoice in freedom from attachment, whose appetites have been conquered, and who are full of light, are free even in this world.

The Saint

⁹⁰ There is no suffering for him who has finished his journey, and is without sorrow, and is free on all sides, and has thrown off all fetters.

⁹¹ The mindful strive diligently. They are not attached to any home. Like swans who leave a lake, they leave their house and home.

⁹² Like birds in the air, the path of the saint is hard to trace. They have no riches, are wise regarding food, and their objective is emptiness and freedom. ⁹³ Like birds in the air, his path is hard to trace. He whose appetites are stilled, who is not attached to food, whose objective is emptiness and freedom.

⁹⁴ Even the gods adore him whose senses have been subdued, like horses well trained by a charioteer, who is free from pride, and free from appetites. ⁹⁵ Like the earth, he is not provoked. He is

firm like a pillar. He is like a pure lake without mud. No new births are in store for him.

⁹⁶ His mind is calm, and calm are his words and deeds. By true knowledge, he has obtained freedom, and thus become tranquil.

⁹⁸ In a village or in a forest, in a valley or on a hill, wherever saints dwell, that place is delightful. ⁹⁹ Delightful are the forests in which the crowds find no pleasure. Those without passion will find delight there, for they do not seek pleasure.

Thousands

¹⁰⁰ Better than a speech of a thousand vain words, is one thoughtful word, hearing which brings peace. ¹⁰¹ Better than a poem of a thousand vain verses, is one thoughtful verse, hearing which brings peace. ¹⁰² Better than reciting a hundred vain verses, is reciting one verse of law, hearing which brings peace.

¹⁰³ Greater than he who conquers a thousand times a thousand men in battle, is he who conquers just one — himself. ¹⁰⁴ It is far better to conquer oneself than to conquer others. ¹⁰⁵ For a man who has conquered himself and always lives with self-control, not even a god, an angel, or a demon with a god can change that victory into defeat.

¹⁰⁶ A man could sacrifice by the thousands for month after month for a hundred years, or he could pay homage for one moment to a man living in wisdom.

Better is that homage than sacrifices for a century. ¹⁰⁷ A man could tend the sacrificial fire in the forest for a hundred years, or he could pay homage for one moment to a man living in wisdom. Better is that homage than sacrifices for a century. ¹⁰⁸ In this world, a man may make sacrifices and oblations for a whole year in order to gain merit, yet all of it is not worth a quarter of the merit gained by revering the righteous.

¹⁰⁹ For him who always respects and honors the wise, four things will increase: life, beauty, happiness, power.

¹¹⁰ Better than a hundred years lived immoral and unrestrained, is one day lived virtuous and reflecting. ¹¹¹ Better than a hundred years lived ignorant and unrestrained, is one day lived wise and reflecting. ¹¹² Better than a hundred years idle and weak, is one day lived energetic and firm. ¹¹³ Better than a hundred years lived without seeing beginning or end, is one day lived seeing

beginning and end. ¹¹⁴ Better than a hundred years lived without seeing the deathless state, is one day lived seeing the deathless state. ¹¹⁵ Better than a hundred years lived without seeing the highest law, is one day lived seeing the highest law.

Evil

¹¹⁶ Hasten to do good. Keep your mind from evil. If a man is slow to do good, his mind delights in evil.

¹¹⁷ If a man does what is evil, let him not do it again and again. Let him not delight in it, for accumulating evil brings pain. ¹¹⁸ If a man does what is good, let him do it again and again. Let him delight in it, for accumulating good brings joy.

¹¹⁹ Even an evildoer may be happy before his evil deed ripens, but when it ripens, he suffers. ¹²⁰ Even a good man

may suffer before his good deed ripens, but when it ripens, he is happy.

¹²¹ Let no man think lightly of evil, saying in his heart, "It will not amount to much." As a water pot is filled by the falling of water drops, so the fool becomes full of evil, even if he gathers it little by little. ¹²² Let no man think lightly of good, saying in his heart, "It will not amount to much." As a water pot is filled by the falling of water drops, so the wise man becomes full of good, even if he gathers it little by little.

¹²³ Let a man avoid evil deeds, as a wealthy merchant with few companions avoids a dangerous road; as a man who loves life avoids poison.

¹²⁵ If a man offends a harmless, pure, and innocent person, the evil falls back upon that fool, like dust thrown against the wind.

¹²⁶ Some are born in the womb. Evil-doers go to hell. The righteous go to

heaven. Those without any worldly desires attain salvation.

¹²⁷ Not in the sky, not in the middle of the sea, not in a cleft of the mountains, is there a spot to be found where a man can escape from the consequences of his evil deed. ¹²⁸ Not in the sky, not in the middle of the sea, not in a cleft of the mountains, is there a spot to be found where a man will not be overcome by death.

Punishment

¹²⁹ Everyone trembles at punishment, everyone fears death. Putting yourself in his place, do not kill or cause others to kill. ¹³⁰ Everyone trembles at punishment, everyone loves his own life. Putting yourself in his place, do not kill or cause others to kill.

¹³¹ He who, seeking happiness, punishes beings who also desire happiness, will not find happiness after death.

¹³² He who, seeking happiness, does not punish beings who also desire happiness, will find happiness after death.

¹³³ Speak harshly to no one, or those who are spoken to will answer you in the same way. Contentious speech hurts, and retaliation will come to you.

¹³⁴ If your mind is still, like a broken gong, you have attained salvation, for there's no contention in you.

¹³⁵ As a cowherd drives cows to pasture with a staff, so ageing and death drive the life of men. ¹³⁶ A fool does not realize when he commits evil, but he suffers for those deeds, as if burned by fire.

¹³⁷ He who inflicts pain on the innocent and unarmed, will soon suffer in one of these ten ways: ¹³⁸ severe pain, impoverishment, bodily injury, serious illness, mental illness, ¹³⁹ trouble from the government, a fearful accusation, loss of relatives, loss of wealth, ¹⁴⁰ or fire will destroy his houses. When his

body is destroyed, the fool will go to hell.

¹⁴¹ Neither nakedness, nor matted hair, nor dirt, nor fasting, nor lying on the earth, nor rubbing with dust, nor sitting motionless, can purify a mortal who has not overcome doubt. ¹⁴² He who exercises tranquility, is quiet, subdued, restrained, chaste, and has set aside violence towards all others, he indeed is a holy man, an ascetic, a monk, even if dressed in fine apparel.

¹⁴³ Who in this world is so restrained by conscience that he needs no reproof, as a fine horse needs no whip? ¹⁴⁴ Like a fine horse when touched by the whip, be active and lively. By faith, by virtue, by effort, by meditation, by discerning the truth, by perfect knowledge and conduct, by mindfulness, you will leave this pain behind.

¹⁴⁵ Irrigators guide the water. Fletchers straighten the arrow. Carpenters shape the wood. Good people fashion

themselves.

Old Age

¹⁴⁶ Why is there laughter and joy when this world is always burning? Surrounded by darkness, don't you look for a light?

¹⁴⁷ Look at this body — a painted image, covered with festering wounds, sickly, full of many thoughts — neither lasting nor stable. ¹⁴⁸ This body is worn out, full of sickness, and frail. This heap of corruption breaks to pieces, for life indeed ends with death.

¹⁴⁹ These white bones are like gourds thrown away in the autumn. What pleasure is there in seeing them?

¹⁵⁰ A city made of bones is covered with flesh and blood. Living in it are old age and death, pride and deceit.

¹⁵¹ The beautiful chariots of kings get worn out and so does the body. But the

virtue of good people does not age: thus do the good say among themselves.

¹⁵² A man who has learned little grows old like an ox. His body grows, but his wisdom does not.

¹⁵³ I roamed through many births, without reward and without rest, looking for the builder of this house. Painful is birth again and again. ¹⁵⁴ But now, builder of this house, I have seen you. You will not build this house again. All your rafters are broken, your ridge pole is dismantled. My mind has attained the extinction of all desires.

¹⁵⁵ Those who, in their youth, have not lived the holy life nor gained wealth, perish like old herons in a lake without fish. ¹⁵⁶ Those who, in their youth, have not lived the holy life nor gained wealth, lie sighing over the past like arrows misfired from a bow.

Self

¹⁵⁷ If a man holds himself dear, let him watch himself carefully. Let a wise man keep vigil during one of the three watches of the night.

¹⁵⁸ Let each man first direct himself to what is proper, then let him teach others. Thus a wise man will not be reproached.

¹⁵⁹ If a man makes himself as he teaches others to be, then, being himself well tamed, he may tame others. One's self is indeed difficult to tame.

¹⁶⁰ A man is truly his own protector. Who else could be the protector? With self well controlled, one finds a protector such as few can find.

¹⁶¹ The evil a foolish man does by himself, self-born, self-created, grinds him down, as a diamond breaks a hard gem. ¹⁶² When overspread with great wickedness, like a tree covered by vines, a man brings himself down to where

his enemy wishes. ¹⁶³ Evil deeds, which harm ourselves, are easy to do. Good and beneficial deeds are very difficult to do.

¹⁶⁴ The fool who scorns the teachings of the wise, of the noble, of the righteous, and follows false doctrine, is like the bamboo that dies after bearing fruit.

¹⁶⁵ Evil is done by oneself, by oneself one is defiled. Evil is left undone by oneself, by oneself is one purified. Purity and impurity are one's own doing. No one can purify another.

¹⁶⁶ Let no man sacrifice his own welfare for that of another, however great. Let a man, after discerning his own welfare, be always attentive to it.

The World

¹⁶⁷ Do not follow vulgar ways. Do not live with abandon. Do not follow false doctrine. Do not be a friend of the world.

¹⁶⁸ Wake up! Do not be idle. Live a virtuous life. The virtuous sleeps with ease in this world and the next. ¹⁶⁹ Live a virtuous life. Do not live a life of sin. The virtuous sleeps with ease in this world and the next.

¹⁷⁰ The king of death does not see him who looks upon the world as a bubble, as a mirage. ¹⁷¹ Come look at this world, decorated like a royal chariot. Fools are immersed in it, but the wise do not cling to it.

¹⁷² He who was reckless and then becomes mindful, brightens up this world like the moon when freed from clouds. ¹⁷³ He who replaces evil deeds with good deeds, brightens up this world, like the moon when freed from clouds.

¹⁷⁴ In this dark world, only a few can see. Only a few, like birds escaping from the net, go to heaven. ¹⁷⁵ Swans fly on the path of the sun, through the air by their wonderful power. The wise flee from the world after defeating the tempter and his armies.

¹⁷⁶ A man who transgresses the one law, speaks lies, and scoffs at the world beyond, is capable of any evil.

¹⁷⁷ Misers do not go to the world of the gods; neither do fools praise generosity. A wise man rejoices in generosity, and through it becomes blessed in the world beyond.

¹⁷⁸ The first step towards holiness is better than sovereignty over the earth, better than going to heaven, and better than being lord over all the worlds.

The Awakened

¹⁸¹ Even the gods envy those who are awakened, who are devoted to meditation, who are wise, and who delight in the calm of renunciation.

¹⁸² It is difficult to obtain a human birth, difficult is the life of mortals. It is difficult to obtain the chance to hear the true law, difficult is the birth of the awakened.

¹⁸³ To avoid all evil, to cultivate good, and to purify one's mind, that is the teaching of the awakened. ¹⁸⁴ Patient endurance is the highest austerity. "Salvation is supreme", say the awakened. He is no monk who injures others. He is no ascetic who insults others. ¹⁸⁵ Not to revile, not to injure, to live restrained under the law, to be moderate in food, to live in solitude, and to dwell on the highest thoughts: this is the teaching of the awakened.

¹⁸⁶ There is no way to satisfy lusts,

even with a shower of gold coins. He is wise who knows that lusts give little satisfaction and much pain.¹⁸⁷ Even in heavenly pleasures the wise finds no delight. The disciple who is fully awakened delights only in the destruction of craving.

¹⁸⁸ When threatened with danger, men go to many a refuge: to mountains and forests, to groves and shrines.¹⁸⁹ But that is not a secure refuge, that is not the best refuge. A man is not delivered from all pain after going to that refuge.

¹⁹⁰ He who takes refuge with the law, the awakened, and their order, sees with clear understanding the four holy truths: ¹⁹¹ pain, the cause of pain, the destruction of pain, and the holy eight-fold path that leads to the quieting of pain; ¹⁹² That is a secure refuge, that is the best refuge. After going to that refuge, a man is delivered from all pain.

¹⁹³ An awakened man is hard to find.

He is not born everywhere. Wherever such a wise man is born, that clan prospers.

¹⁹⁴ Blessed is the arising of awakened ones, blessed is the teaching of the true law, blessed is harmony in the order, blessed is the devotion of those who are at peace.

¹⁹⁵ He who reveres those who deserve reverence — the awakened ones or their disciples, who have overcome all obstacles, sorrow, and lamentation, ¹⁹⁶ who found deliverance and know no fear — his merit can never be measured.

Happiness

¹⁹⁷ We live happily, not hating those who hate us. When among men who hate us, we dwell without hatred. ¹⁹⁸ We live happily, without illness among the ill. When among men who are ill, we dwell without illness. ¹⁹⁹ We live happily, without greed among the greedy. When among men who are greedy, we dwell without greed. ²⁰⁰ We live happily, we who own nothing.

²⁰¹ Victory breeds hatred, for the conquered live in pain. The contented is happy, having given up both victory and defeat.

²⁰² There is no fire like lust, no loss like hatred, no pain like this existence, and no happiness higher than peace.

²⁰³ Hunger is the worst disease, this existence the greatest pain. If one truly knows this, he realizes salvation, the highest happiness. ²⁰⁴ Health is the greatest gift, contentment the greatest

wealth. Trust is the best kinsman, salvation the highest happiness.

²⁰⁵ He who has savored the taste of solitude and tranquility is free from fear and evil, refreshed with the nourishment of the law.

²⁰⁶ The sight of noble ones is good. To live with them is always happiness. If a man does not see fools, he will be truly happy.

²⁰⁷ He who walks with fools suffers for a long time. Company with fools, as with an enemy, is always painful. Company with the wise is a pleasure, like reunion with family. ²⁰⁸ Therefore, follow the wise, the intelligent, the learned, the steadfast, the dutiful, the noble. Follow a good and discerning man, as the moon follows the path of the stars.

Pleasure

²⁰⁹ He who gives himself to vanity, instead of to meditation, who forgets the goal and grasps at pleasure, will come to envy him who has exerted himself.

²¹⁰ Don't seek for what is pleasant or unpleasant, for it is pain not to see the pleasant, and it is pain to see what is unpleasant.

²¹¹ Therefore, let no man hold anything dear, for loss of the dear is painful. Those who hold nothing dear and hate nothing have no fetters.

²¹² From pleasure comes grief, from pleasure comes fear. He who is free from pleasure knows neither grief nor fear.

²¹³ From affection comes grief, from affection comes fear. He who is free from affection knows neither grief nor fear.

²¹⁴ From attachment comes grief, from attachment comes fear. He who

is free from attachment knows neither grief nor fear.

²¹⁵ From lust comes grief, from lust comes fear. He who is free from lust knows neither grief nor fear.

²¹⁶ From craving comes grief, from craving comes fear. He who is free from craving knows neither grief nor fear.

²¹⁷ He who has virtue and insight, who is just, who speaks the truth, and does his own business, him the world holds dear.

²¹⁸ He who is intent upon salvation, who is satisfied in his mind, and who is not attached to pleasure, is called “carried upstream”.

²¹⁹ Family, friends, and well-wishers welcome a man, long absent, who returns safely from afar. ²²⁰ As family receives a friend on his return, so do his good works welcome him who has done good, and has gone from this world to the next.

Anger

²²¹ Let a man leave anger, forsake pride, and overcome all bondage. No suffering befalls the man who is detached from name and form, and who calls nothing his own.

²²² I call him a master charioteer who holds back rising anger like a racing chariot. Others merely hold the reins.

²²³ Overcome anger with love, evil with good, greed with generosity, and lies with truth. ²²⁴ Speak the truth, do not yield to anger, and give, if asked, even if it's only a little. By these three steps you will go near the gods.

²²⁵ The sages who harm no one, and always control their body, go to the unchangeable state, where they suffer no more. ²²⁶ Those who are always vigilant, studying day and night, intent on salvation, their passions fade away.

²²⁷ This is an old saying, not just of today: "They blame him who is silent,

they blame him who speaks much, they blame him who speaks little.” There is none on earth who escapes blame. ²²⁸ There never was, there never will be, nor is there now, a man who is always blamed or always praised.

²²⁹ If the knowledgeable praise him, having observed him day after day to be without blemish, wise, and rich in knowledge and virtue, ²³⁰ like an ingot of gold, who can blame him? Even the gods praise him. Even the Creator praises him.

²³¹ With your body: beware of anger, be restrained, leave its sins, and with it practise virtue. ²³² With your tongue: beware of anger, be restrained, leave its sins, and practise virtue. ²³³ With your mind: beware of anger, be restrained, leave its sins, and practise virtue. ²³⁴ The wise who control their body, their tongue, and their mind, are well controlled indeed.

Impurity

²³⁵ You are now like a withered leaf, the messengers of death stand nearby. You stand at the door of departure, yet have no provision for your journey. ²³⁶ Make an island for yourself, work hard, be wise. When your impurities are blown away, and you are free from guilt, you will enter into the heavenly world of the elect.

²³⁷ Your life has come to an end, you are near death, there is no resting place for you on the road, yet you have no provision for your journey. ²³⁸ Make an island for yourself, work hard, be wise. When your impurities are blown away, and you are free from guilt, you will not enter again into birth and decay.

²³⁹ Let a wise man remove his own impurities, as a smith removes impurities from silver one by one, little by little, and moment by moment. ²⁴⁰ Just as rust destroys the iron from which it

springs, so do a transgressor's deeds lead him to an evil destination.

²⁴¹ The impurity of prayers is not reciting them. The impurity of houses is not repairing them. The impurity of beauty is sloth. The impurity of a watchman is mindlessness.

²⁴² Sexual misconduct is the impurity of woman, stinginess the impurity of a donor. All evil ways are impurities, both in this world and in the next.

²⁴³ But there is an impurity worse than all others: ignorance. O monks, throw off that impurity to become pure.

²⁴⁴ Life is easy for a shameless man, who is cunning as a crow, who makes mischief, and is insulting, arrogant, and corrupt. ²⁴⁵ But life is hard for a modest man, who always seeks purity, is disinterested, quiet, spotless, and observant.

²⁴⁶ He who destroys life, speaks lies, takes what is not given, goes to another man's wife, ²⁴⁷ and gives himself to

intoxicating liquor, he digs up his own root here in this world. ²⁴⁸ Know this, good man, that evil is hard to control. Do not let greed and vice bring you to prolonged grief.

²⁴⁹ People give according to their faith or conviction. If a man worries about the food and drink given to others, he will find no rest by day or night. ²⁵⁰ He in whom that feeling is cut down, uprooted, and destroyed, finds rest by day and night.

²⁵¹ There is no fire like passion, no grip like hatred, no snare like delusion, no river like craving.

²⁵² It is easy to see the faults of others, but difficult to see one's own. A man winnows the faults of others like chaff, but hides his own, like a cheat hides an unlucky throw of the dice. ²⁵³ If a man focuses on the errors of others, and is always inclined to find fault, his own faults will grow, and he is far from destroying them.

²⁵⁴ The world delights in vanity, but the awakened are free from it. ²⁵⁵ No creature is eternal, but the awakened are never shaken.

The Just

²⁵⁶ A man does not become just by passing arbitrary judgement. No, he is called just who weighs both right and wrong, ²⁵⁷ who judges impartially and without hurry, in line with law, guarding the law, guarded by the law, and who is intelligent.

²⁵⁸ A man is not wise just because he talks a lot. He is called wise who is patient, and free from hostility and fear.

²⁵⁹ A man does not uphold the law just because he talks a lot. He who has learned only a little of the law, yet comprehends it and never neglects it, he upholds the law.

²⁶⁰ A man is not an elder just because his hair is grey. He may be advanced in years, but is called "one grown old in vain." ²⁶¹ He in whom there is truth, virtue, love, restraint, self control, who is free from impurity, and is wise, he is called an elder.

²⁶² Eloquence or physical beauty do not make an envious, greedy, dishonest man respectable. ²⁶³ He is called respectable when all these are cut down, uprooted, and destroyed, when he is free from hatred, and is wise.

²⁶⁴ An undisciplined man who speaks lies does not become a monk just by shaving his head. How can he be a monk who is held captive by desire and greed? ²⁶⁵ He who quiets evil, both small and large, is called a monk, because he has overcome all evil.

²⁶⁶ A man is not a monk just because he asks for alms. He who adopts the whole law is a monk. ²⁶⁷ He who is above both good and evil, who is chaste,

and who goes through the world with understanding, he indeed is called a monk.

²⁶⁸ A foolish and ignorant man does not become a sage just by silence. But the wise, as if holding the scales, chooses good and avoids evil. ²⁶⁹ For this reason he is a sage. He who weighs both sides of this world is called a sage.

²⁷⁰ A man does not become noble by harming living creatures. He is called noble for harming no living thing.

²⁷¹ Not by rules and practices, not by much learning, not by great concentration, not by life in seclusion, ²⁷² not by thinking, "I enjoy the happiness of renunciation which no worldling can know", should the monk be confident without attaining the extinction of desires.

The Path

²⁷³ Of paths, the Eightfold is best. Of truths, the Four Noble are best. Of virtues, detachment is best. Of men, he who has eyes to see is best.

²⁷⁴ This is the only path, there is no other, to purify vision. Follow this path and it will bewilder the tempter. ²⁷⁵ Following this path will end pain. Once I understood how to remove thorns in the flesh, I preached this path.

²⁷⁶ You yourself must make an effort. Buddhas only show the way. The thoughtful who follow the path are freed from the tempter's bonds.

²⁷⁷ "All created things are temporary." He who sees and knows this turns away from pain. This is the path to purity.

²⁷⁸ "All created things are painful." He who sees and knows this turns away from pain. This is the path to purity.

²⁸⁰ He who does not exert himself when it is time, who, though young and strong, is full of sloth, whose will and mind are weak, that lazy and idle man will never find the path to knowledge.

²⁸¹ Let a man watch his speech, be well restrained in mind, and never commit wrong with his body. If a man purifies these three courses of action, he will achieve the path taught by the wise.

²⁸² Zeal brings knowledge. Lack of zeal loses knowledge. Knowing these two paths of gain and loss, let a man conduct himself so that knowledge may grow.

²⁸³ Cut down the whole forest of desire, not just one tree. Danger comes from the forest. Once you have cut down this forest and its undergrowth, monks, you will be free.

²⁸⁴ As long as the smallest craving of man for woman is not destroyed, his mind is in bondage, as the sucking calf

to its mother. ²⁸⁵ Cut out the love of self, like an autumn lotus with your hand. Cherish the road of peace, salvation, as shown by the awakened.

²⁸⁶ "I will live here during the rains, and over here in winter and summer." Thus thinks the fool, unaware of obstructions.

²⁸⁷ Death carries off the man, praised for his children and flocks, his mind distracted, as a flood carries off a sleeping village.

²⁸⁸ For him whom death has seized, kinsmen are no protection. Neither sons, a father, nor relations can give shelter. ²⁸⁹ Knowing this, a wise and good man should quickly clear the path leading to salvation.

Miscellaneous

²⁹⁰ If by leaving a small pleasure one sees a great pleasure, let a wise man leave the small pleasure and look to the great.

²⁹¹ He who seeks pleasure for himself by causing pain to others is entangled by the bonds of hatred, and cannot be free from hatred.

²⁹² Desires always increase for unruly, heedless people who neglect what should be done and do what should not be done. ²⁹³ But desires will come to an end for watchful, wise people who do not do what should not be done, who steadfastly do what should be done, and whose whole watchfulness is always directed to their body.

²⁹⁶ The disciples of Gotama are wide awake and vigilant, and their minds day and night are always set on the Awakened, ²⁹⁷ on the law, ²⁹⁸ on the church, ²⁹⁹ and on their body.

³⁰⁰ The disciples of Gotama are wide awake and vigilant, and their minds day and night always delight in compassion,
³⁰¹ and in meditation.

³⁰² It is hard to be a monk. It is hard to enjoy that life. Household life is also hard and painful. It is painful to dwell with unequals and the wandering monk is beset with pain. Therefore let no man wander aimlessly and he will not be beset with pain.

³⁰³ A faithful, virtuous, reputable, and wealthy man is respected wherever he goes. ³⁰⁴ Like the Himalayas, good people shine from afar. Like arrows shot by night, bad people are unseen even when they are near.

³⁰⁵ He who sits alone, sleeps alone, walks alone, is diligent, and subdues himself alone, will rejoice in the solitude of the forest.

Hell

³⁰⁶ He goes to hell, the one who asserts what didn't happen, and the one who did a thing but says, "I have not done it". They are both evildoers, and are equal in the next world.

³⁰⁷ Many men who wear the saffron robe are ill-mannered and unrestrained. Such evildoers by their evil deeds go to hell. ³⁰⁸ It would be better to swallow an iron ball, red-hot and aflame, than for an immoral, unrestrained man to eat the alms of the people.

³⁰⁹ A wreckless man who lies down with his neighbor's wife gains four things: a bad reputation, poor sleep, punishment, and hell. ³¹⁰ There is bad reputation, an evil destination, the brief pleasure of the frightened man and woman, and the king imposes a heavy punishment. Therefore, let no man lie down with his neighbor's wife.

³¹¹ Just as a blade of grass, if wrongly

handled, cuts the hand, so does asceticism, if wrongly practised, lead to hell.

³¹² An act performed carelessly, a broken vow, and questionable celibacy, none of these bring much reward.

³¹³ If anything is to be done, then do it vigorously. A careless pilgrim only scatters the dust of his passions more widely.

³¹⁴ It is better not to do an evil deed, for an evil deed torments a man afterwards. It is better to do a good deed, for having done it, one is not tormented.

³¹⁵ Like a frontier fort with defences inside and out, so let a man guard himself. Do not let a moment pass by, for they who allow the right moment to pass, suffer pain when consigned to hell.

³¹⁶ They who are ashamed of what is not shameful, and are not ashamed of what is shameful, such men, embracing false doctrines go to an evil destination.

³¹⁷ They who see danger where there is none, and see no danger where there

is, such men, embracing false doctrines go to an evil destination.

³¹⁸ They who see wrong where there is none, and see no wrong where there is, such men, embracing false doctrines go to an evil destination.

³¹⁹ They who see wrong as wrong, and see right as right, such men, embracing true doctrine go to a good destination.

The Elephant

³²⁰ As an elephant in battle endures an arrow shot from a bow, so will I endure defamation. Many people lack virtue.

³²¹ They only lead a tamed elephant into crowds. The king only rides a tamed elephant. The tamed man who endures defamation is the best among men.

³²² Trained mules, thoroughbred horses, and elephants with large tusks are excellent, but he who tames himself is better still. ³²³ For with these animals

no man reaches the untrodden country, where a tamed man goes by taming himself.

³²⁴ The elephant called Dhanapalaka, deep in rut, is difficult to hold. He does not eat a morsel in captivity, but longs for the elephant grove.

³²⁵ When a man is inactive and gluttonous, sleeping and rolling around in bed like an overfed hog, that fool is born again and again.

³²⁶ This mind used to wander about as it liked, wherever it wished, however it pleased. Now I will hold it in check, as a rider with a hook controls an elephant in rut.

³²⁷ Delight in mindfulness. Watch over your mind. Lift yourself out of the evil way, as an elephant lifts itself out of the mud.

³²⁸ If you find a wise, prudent, and virtuous friend, then, overcoming all dangers, walk with him joyfully and mindfully.

³²⁹ If you find no friend who is wise, prudent, and virtuous, then walk alone like a king leaving behind his kingdom, like an elephant in the forest. ³³⁰ It is better to live alone. There is no companionship with a fool. Live alone, do no evil, and be content, like an elephant in the forest.

³³¹ These are good: friends when the need arises, contentment with what you have, merit in the hour of death, giving up all grief, ³³² serving your mother, serving your father, serving monks, serving holy men, ³³³ virtue lasting into old age, firmly rooted faith, attaining discernment, avoiding evil.

Craving

³³⁴ The craving of a heedless man grows like a creeping vine. He runs from life to life, like a monkey seeking fruit in the forest.

³³⁵ He who is overcome by this vile and clinging craving, his suffering increases like grass after rain. ³³⁶ He who overcomes this vile craving, so difficult to conquer, suffering falls off him like water drops from a lotus leaf.

³³⁷ To all assembled here I say, "Good luck. Dig up the root of craving, like one seeking the sweet scented root of birana grass. Let not the tempter crush you again and again, as the stream crushes a reed." ³³⁸ A tree will grow again, even if cut down, as long as its root is safe and firm. Thus, unless latent craving is destroyed, suffering will return again and again.

³³⁹ The thirty six streams of craving flow towards pleasure. The misguided

man, in whom they flow strongly, is carried away. ³⁴⁰ The streams flow everywhere. The creeping vines of craving grow everywhere. If you see the vine spring up, cut its root with knowledge.

³⁴² Driven by craving, men run about like a snared rabbit. Held by fetters and bonds, they suffer again and again for a long time. ³⁴³ Driven by craving, men run about like a snared rabbit. So a monk should drive out craving, and strive to be without passion.

³⁴⁵ The wise do not say that a fetter made of iron, wood, or hemp is strong. Far stronger is a longing for jewels and ornaments, children and wives. ³⁴⁶ The wise say that a strong fetter drags one down, though seeming loose, it is difficult to remove. After having cut it, the wise are free from cares, and leave the world, desires, and pleasures behind.

³⁴⁸ Give up the past, the future, and the present, to cross to the other shore of existence. If your mind is completely

free, you will not enter into birth and decay again.

³⁴⁹ If a man is tossed about by doubts, full of passion, and focused on pleasure, his craving grows more and more. He makes his fetters strong, indeed. ³⁵⁰ If a man delights in quieting doubts, is always mindful, and meditates on the impurities, he will end craving and cut the fetter of the tempter.

³⁵¹ He who has reached the goal is without fear, is without craving, is without blemish, and has removed all the thorns of life: this will be his last body.

³⁵⁴ The gift of the law exceeds all gifts. The taste of the law exceeds all tastes. Delight in the law exceeds all delights. The extinction of craving overcomes all suffering.

³⁵⁵ Riches destroy the foolish, but not those who seek the beyond. The fool, by craving for riches, destroys himself and others.

³⁵⁶ Weeds spoil a field. Passion spoils

a man. Therefore, a gift given to those without passion yields great fruit.

³⁵⁷ Weeds spoil a field. Hatred spoils a man. Therefore, a gift given to those without hatred yields great fruit.

³⁵⁸ Weeds spoil a field. Delusion spoils a man. Therefore, a gift given to those without delusion yields great fruit.

³⁵⁹ Weeds spoil a field. Desire spoils a man. Therefore, a gift given to those without desire yields great fruit.

The Monk

³⁶⁰ Good is restraint over the eye, over the ear, over the nose, and over the tongue. ³⁶¹ Good is restraint in the body, in speech, in mind, in all things. A monk, restrained in all things, is freed from all suffering.

³⁶² He who controls his hands, feet, and speech; who is well controlled, delights in the inward, is collected, solitary and content, him they call a monk.

³⁶³ The monk who controls his tongue, speaks moderately and calmly, and teaches the law and its meaning, his speech is sweet.

³⁶⁴ The monk who abides in the law, delights in the law, meditates on the law, and keeps the law in mind, he will never fall away from the true law.

³⁶⁵ Let him not despise what he has received, nor envy others. A monk who envies others does not obtain concentration.

³⁶⁶ If a monk lives purely, is diligent, and does not despise what he has received, though he receives little, then even the gods will praise him. ³⁶⁸ The monk who abides in kindness, and is devoted to the teachings of Buddha, will attain peace, happiness, and cessation of natural desires.

³⁶⁹ Monk, bail out this boat. Once bailed, it will sail lightly. Having cut out passion and hatred, you will reach Salvation.

³⁷¹ Meditate monk. Be mindful. Do not direct your mind to sensual pleasure. Heedless, do not swallow the flaming iron ball lest you cry out when burning, "This is suffering."

³⁷² There is no meditation without insight. There is no insight without meditation. He who has insight and meditation is near Salvation.

³⁷³ A monk who has entered his empty house, whose mind is tranquil, and who sees the law clearly, feels a delight more than human. ³⁷⁴ Once he has considered the origin and destruction of the elements of the body, he finds happiness and joy belonging to those who know the immortal.

³⁷⁵ This is the beginning for a wise monk: guarding the senses, contentment, restraint under the law. ³⁷⁶ He

should have friends who are noble, energetic, and pure. He should be friendly, and skilled in conduct. Then, having much joy, he will put an end to suffering.

³⁷⁷ Shed passion and hatred, O monks, as the jasmine plant sheds its withered flowers. ³⁷⁸ That monk is called quiet whose body and speech and mind are calm, who is collected, and who has purged the baits of the world.

³⁷⁹ Reprove yourself and examine yourself by yourself. By being vigilant and attentive, you will live happily. ³⁸⁰ You are your own master and refuge. Therefore, watch over yourself as a merchant watches over a good horse.

³⁸¹ The monk who is full of joy, and who has faith in the teachings of Buddha will reach the quiet place, cessation of natural desires, and happiness. ³⁸² Even a young monk who applies himself to the teachings of Buddha brightens this world, like the moon set free from

clouds.

The Holy Man

³⁸⁶ He who is mindful, blameless, settled, dutiful, without passions, and who has attained the highest goal, him I call a holy man.

³⁸⁷ The sun shines by day, the moon shines by night, the warrior shines in armor, the holy man shines in meditation. But the Awakened One shines with splendor day and night.

³⁸⁸ A man is called holy for discarding evil, contemplative for walking quietly, a pilgrim for leaving his own impurities.

³⁸⁹ No one should attack a holy man, but no holy man, if attacked, should give in to his anger. Shame on him who attacks a holy man, but more shame to him who gives in to his anger.

³⁹⁰ Nothing is better for a holy man than to hold his mind back from the

pleasures of life. When all desire to injure has vanished, pain ceases.

³⁹¹ I call him a holy man who does not offend in body, word, or mind, and is restrained on these three points.

³⁹² Revere that teacher who has taught you the law as taught by the Buddha, just as a holy man reveres the sacrificial fire.

³⁹³ A man does not become holy by his matted hair, by his family, or by birth. He in whom there is truth and righteousness, he is pure, he is a holy man. ³⁹⁴ What use is matted hair, O fool? What use is your coat of goat skins? The tangle is within you, but you comb the outside.

³⁹⁷ I call him a holy man who has cut every fetter, is fearless, independent and unshackled.

³⁹⁹ I call him a holy man who, without anger, endures insult, imprisonment, and beating, who has patience like the strength of an army.

⁴⁰⁰ I call him a holy man who is free from anger, dutiful, virtuous, without craving, subdued, and who has received his last body.

⁴⁰¹ I call him a holy man who does not cling to pleasures, like water on a lotus leaf or a mustard seed on the tip of a needle. ⁴⁰² I call him a holy man who, even here, discerns the end of his suffering, has put down his burden, and is unshackled.

⁴⁰³ I call him a holy man who is wise, has deep understanding, discerns the right and wrong path, and has reached the ultimate goal.

⁴⁰⁴ I call him a holy man who keeps aloof from both laymen and ascetic, who has no permanent home, and few desires.

⁴⁰⁵ I call him a holy man who renounces violence towards all beings, whether weak or strong, and neither kills nor causes others to kill.

⁴⁰⁷ I call him a holy man from whom

passion and hatred, pride and envy have dropped like a mustard seed from the tip of a needle.

⁴⁰⁸ I call him a holy man who speaks true and instructive words, free from harshness, so that he offends no one.

⁴⁰⁹ I call him a holy man who only takes what is given to him, be it long or short, small or large, good or bad.

⁴¹² I call him a holy man who, in this world, is above attachment to merit and evil, is without grief, stainless, and pure.

⁴¹⁶ I call him a holy man who, leaving all craving, travels without a home, and in whom all craving is extinct.

⁴¹⁷ I call him a holy man who, after leaving all attachment to men, has risen above all attachment to the gods, and is free from every attachment.

⁴²¹ I call him a holy man who does not cling to past, present, or future, who has nothing, who clings to nothing.

⁴²² I call him a holy man, the fearless,

the noble, the heroic, the great sage, the conqueror, the passionless, the pure, the awakened.

⁴²³ I call him a holy man who knows his former lives, who sees heaven and hell, has reached the end of births, is perfect in knowledge, a sage, and who has mastered all there is to master.

Jesus

^{1:4} John the Baptist appeared in the wilderness, preaching a baptism of repentance for the forgiveness of sins. ⁵ All the people were going out to him and were being baptized by him in the river Jordan, confessing their sins. ⁶ John was clothed with camel's hair, wore a leather belt around his waist, and ate locusts and wild honey.

^{1:7} He preached, saying, "After me comes he who is mightier than I. I'm not worthy to stoop down and untie the strap of his sandals. ⁸ I baptized you

with water, but he'll baptize you with the holy spirit."

^{1:9} In those days Jesus was baptized by John in the Jordan. ¹⁰ Just as he was coming up out of the water, he saw the heavens being torn open and the spirit descending on him like a dove. ¹¹ And a voice came out of the heavens, "You are my beloved son; with you I am well pleased."

^{1:12} Immediately the spirit drove him into the wilderness. ¹³ He was in the wilderness forty days, being tempted by the tempter. He was with the wild animals, and the angels ministered to him.

^{1:14} After John was arrested, Jesus came into Galilee, preaching the gospel of God, ¹⁵ and saying, "The time is fulfilled, and God's kingdom is at hand. Repent and believe in the gospel."

^{1:16} Walking along by the Sea of Galilee, he saw Simon and Andrew the

brother of Simon casting a net into the sea, for they were fishermen. ¹⁷ Jesus said to them, "Come, follow me, and I'll make you become fishers of men." ¹⁸ Immediately they left the nets, and followed him.

^{1:19} Going on a little farther, he saw James the son of Zebedee, and John his brother, who were in the boat mending their nets. ²⁰ Immediately he called them, and they left their father Zebedee in the boat with the hired servants, and followed him.

^{1:29} They entered the house of Simon and Andrew, with James and John.

^{1:30} Now Simon's mother-in-law lay sick with a fever, and immediately they told him about her. ³¹ He came, took her by the hand, and helped her up. The fever left her, and she began to wait on them.

^{1:32} That evening, after the sun had set, they brought to him all who were sick and possessed by demons. ³³ The

whole city gathered together at the door. ³⁴ He healed many who were sick with various diseases, and cast out many demons. He would not allow the demons to speak, because they knew him. ³⁹ He went into their synagogues throughout all Galilee, preaching and casting out demons.

^{1:40} A leper came to him, and kneeling said to him, "If you're willing, you can make me clean."

^{1:41} Moved with compassion, he touched him, and said to him, "I am willing. Be clean." ⁴² Immediately the leprosy left him, and he was cleansed. ⁴³ Jesus sent him away at once and sternly warned him, ⁴⁴ "Say nothing to anyone, but go show yourself to the priest and offer for your cleansing what Moses commanded, as a testimony to them."

^{1:45} But he went out and began to talk freely about it, spreading the news, so

that Jesus could no longer enter a city publicly, but stayed out in deserted places, and people came to him from everywhere.

^{2:1} When he returned to Capernaum some days later, people heard that he was at home. ² Many were gathered together, so that there was no more room for them, not even near the door. He preached the word to them. ³ They came, bringing to him a paralytic, carried by four of them. ⁴ When they could not come near him because of the crowd, they removed the roof above him, made an opening, and let down the mat on which the paralytic was lying. ⁵ When Jesus saw their faith, he said to the paralytic, "Son, your sins are forgiven."

^{2:6} But some of the scribes were sitting there, thinking to themselves, ⁷ "Why does he talk like that? He's blaspheming. Who can forgive sins but God alone?"

2:8 Immediately Jesus perceived in his spirit what they were thinking, and said to them, “Why do you question these things in your hearts? ⁹ Which is easier, to say to the paralytic, ‘Your sins are forgiven’, or to say, ‘Rise, pick up your mat, and walk?’ ¹⁰ But that you may know that the son of man has authority on earth to forgive sins”, he said to the paralytic, ¹¹ “I tell you, Rise, pick up your mat, and go home.”

2:12 He got up, immediately picked up the mat, and went out in front of them all, so that they were all amazed, and glorified God, saying, “We’ve never seen anything like this.”

2:13 He went out again beside the sea, and all the crowd came to him, and he taught them. ¹⁴ As he passed by, he saw Levi the son of Alphaeus sitting in the tax booth, and said to him, “Follow me.” He got up and followed him.

2:15 As he reclined at the table in his house, many tax collectors and sinners

reclined with Jesus and his disciples, for there were many who followed him. ¹⁶ The scribes of the Pharisees asked his disciples, “Why does he eat with tax collectors and sinners?”

^{2:17} When Jesus heard it, he said to them, “Those who are healthy don’t need a doctor, but those who are sick. I didn’t come to call the righteous, but sinners.”

^{2:18} Some people came and asked him, “Why do John’s disciples and the disciples of the Pharisees fast, but your disciples don’t fast?”

^{2:19} Jesus said to them, “Can wedding guests fast while the groom is with them? As long as they have the groom with them, they can’t fast. ²⁰ The days will come, when the groom is taken away from them, and then they will fast in that day.”

^{2:23} One Sabbath he was going through the grainfields, and his disciples began

to pluck some heads of grain as they went. ²⁴ The Pharisees said to him, “Look. Why are they doing what’s unlawful on the Sabbath?”

^{2:25} He said to them, “Haven’t you read what David did when he and his companions were in need and hungry? ²⁶ He entered the house of God and ate the consecrated bread, which is only lawful for the priests to eat, and he also gave some to his companions.”

^{2:27} He said to them, “The Sabbath was made for man, not man for the Sabbath.”

^{3:1} He entered the synagogue again, and a man with a withered hand was there. ² They watched Jesus to see if he would heal him on the Sabbath, so that they might accuse him.

^{3:3} He said to the man with the withered hand, “Come forward.” ⁴ He asked them, “Is it lawful on the Sabbath to do good or to do harm, to save life or to kill?” But they were silent.

3:5 He looked around at them with anger, grieved at the hardness of their hearts, and said to the man, “Stretch out your hand.” He stretched it out, and his hand was restored. ⁶ The Pharisees went out and immediately held counsel with the Herodians against him, how to destroy him.

3:7 Jesus withdrew with his disciples to the sea, and a large crowd followed him. ⁸ Hearing the great things he did, a large crowd came to him.

3:9 Because of the crowd, he told his disciples to have a boat wait for him, so they wouldn’t crush him. ¹⁰ Since he had healed so many, everyone who had diseases pressed around him to touch him. ¹¹ Whenever the unclean spirits saw him, they fell down in front of him, and cried out, “You are the son of God.” ¹² And he sternly ordered them not to make him known.

3:13 He went up on the mountain and

summoned those he wanted, and they came to him. ¹⁴ He appointed twelve, whom he also named apostles, to be with him, and to send them out to preach, ¹⁵ and to have authority to cast out demons.

^{3:22} The scribes said, “He casts out demons by the prince of demons.”

^{3:23} He called them over to him, and said to them in parables, “How can the tempter cast out the tempter? ²⁴ If a kingdom is divided against itself, that kingdom cannot stand. ²⁵ If a house is divided against itself, that house will not be able to stand. ²⁶ If the tempter has risen up against himself, and is divided, he cannot stand, but is finished. ²⁷ No one can enter a strong man’s house, and plunder his goods, unless he first ties up the strong man, and then he can plunder his house.”

^{3:28} “Truly I say to you, the sons of men will be forgiven all sins and whatever blasphemies they speak, ²⁹ but

whoever blasphemes against the holy spirit will never be forgiven, but is guilty of an eternal sin,” ³⁰ because they said, “He has an unclean spirit.”

^{3:32} A crowd was sitting around him, and said to him, “Your mother and brothers are outside looking for you.”

^{3:33} He answered them, “Who are my mother and my brothers?” ³⁴ Looking at those seated around him, he said, “Here are my mother and my brothers. ³⁵ Whoever does the will of God, he is my brother and sister and mother.”

^{4:1} He began to teach by the sea again. A very great crowd gathered around him, so he got into a boat on the sea and sat down. The whole crowd was by the sea on the land. ² He taught them many things in parables, and in his teaching said to them, ³ “A sower went out to sow. ⁴ As he sowed, some seed fell along the path, and the birds came and devoured it. ⁵ Other seed fell

on rocky ground, where it had little soil. It sprang up quickly, because it had no depth of soil. ⁶ When the sun rose, it was scorched. Because it had no root, it withered away. ⁷ Other seed fell among thorns. The thorns grew up, and choked it, and it produced no grain. ⁸ Other seed fell on good soil. It grew up, increased, and produced grain, bringing forth thirty, sixty, and a hundredfold. ⁹ He who has ears to hear, let him hear.”

^{4:10} When he was alone, those around him with the twelve asked him about the parables. ¹⁴ He said to them, “The sower sows the word. ¹⁵ These are the ones along the path, where the word is sown. When they hear, immediately the tempter comes, and takes away the word sown in them. ¹⁶ These are the ones sown on rocky ground. When they hear the word, they immediately receive it with joy, ¹⁷ but they have no root in themselves, and endure brief-

ly. When trouble or persecution comes because of the word, they immediately fall away. ¹⁸ These are the ones sown among thorns. When they hear the word, ¹⁹ the worries of the world, the deceitfulness of riches, and the desire for other things enter in and choke the word, and it becomes unfruitful. ²⁰ These are the ones sown on good soil. They hear the word, accept it, and bear fruit: thirty, sixty, and a hundredfold.”

^{4:21} He said to them, “Is a lamp brought in to be put under a basket, or under a bed, and not on a stand? ²² Nothing is hidden that will not be revealed, and nothing is secret that will not come to light.”

^{4:24} He said to them, “Pay attention to what you hear. With the measure you use, it will be measured to you, and even more will be added to you. ²⁵ For whoever has will be given more; and whoever doesn’t have, even what he has will be taken away.”

4:30 He said, “With what can we compare God’s kingdom? What parable can we use to describe it? ³¹ It’s like a mustard seed. When sown upon the soil, it’s smaller than all other seeds on the ground, ³² yet when it’s sown, it grows up and becomes larger than all the garden plants, and puts out large branches, so the birds of the air can nest in its shade.”

4:36 Leaving the crowd, they took him with them since he was in the boat; and other boats were with him. ³⁷ A great windstorm arose, and the waves were breaking over the boat, so that the boat was already filling up.

4:38 He was in the stern, sleeping on the cushion. They woke him up, and said to him, “Teacher, don’t you care that we’re going to die?”

4:39 He woke up, rebuked the wind, and said to the sea, “Peace. Be still.” The wind stopped, and there was a great calm. ⁴⁰ He said to them, “Why

are you afraid? Do you still have no faith?"

4:41 They were terrified, and asked each other, "Who is this, that even the wind and the sea obey him?"

5:1 They came to the other side of the sea. ² As soon as Jesus got out of the boat, a man with an unclean spirit came out of the tombs and met him. ³ He lived in the tombs. No one could bind him anymore, not even with a chain, ⁴ because he had often been bound with shackles and chains, but had torn the chains apart, and broke the shackles in pieces. No one was strong enough to subdue him. ⁵ Night and day, in the tombs and in the mountains, he was always crying out, and cutting himself with stones.

5:6 When he saw Jesus from a distance, he ran and knelt down in front of him. ⁷ He cried out with a loud voice, "What do you want with me, Jesus, you son of the most high God? I beg you

by God, not to torment me.” ⁸ For he had said to him, “Come out of the man, you unclean spirit.”

^{5:11} There was a large herd of pigs on the hillside, feeding. ¹³ So he gave the spirits permission to enter the pigs. The unclean spirits came out, and entered the pigs. The herd of about two thousand rushed down the steep bank into the sea and drowned.

^{5:14} The herdsmen fled and told it in the city and the countryside. People came to see what had happened. ¹⁵ They came to Jesus, and saw him who had been possessed with the demons, sitting, clothed, and in his right mind; and they were afraid. ¹⁶ Those who had seen it described to them what had happened to the demon-possessed man and the pigs. ¹⁷ They began to beg Jesus to leave their region.

^{5:18} As he was entering the boat, the man who had been possessed with demons begged to go with him. ¹⁹ He did

not let him, but said to him, "Go home to your own people, and tell them how much the Lord has done for you, and how he had mercy on you." ²⁰ He went away and began to proclaim how much Jesus had done for him. Everyone was amazed.

^{5:21} When Jesus had crossed again by boat to the other side, a large crowd gathered around him, and he was by the sea. ²² One of the synagogue leaders, named Jairus, came. Seeing Jesus, he fell at his feet, ²³ begging him earnestly, "My little daughter is dying. Come and lay your hands on her, so that she will get well, and live."

^{5:24} He went with him. A large crowd followed him, and pressed around him. ²⁵ A woman, bleeding for twelve years, ²⁶ had suffered much under many doctors, and had spent all she had, and was no better, but rather grew worse. ²⁷ Having heard about Jesus, she came up behind him in the crowd, and tou-

ched his cloak. ²⁸ For she said, "If I can just touch his clothes, I'll get well."
²⁹ Immediately, the flow of blood dried up. She felt in her body that she was healed of her affliction.

^{5:30} Jesus realized at once that power had gone out from him, and turned around in the crowd, and said, "Who touched my clothes?"

^{5:31} His disciples said to him, "You see the crowd pressing around you, and yet you ask, 'Who touched me?'"

^{5:32} He looked around to see who had done it. ³³ The woman, fearing and trembling, knowing what had happened to her, came and fell down in front of him, and told him the whole truth.
³⁴ He said to her, "Daughter, your faith has made you well. Go in peace, and be healed of your affliction."

^{5:35} While he was still speaking, people came from Jairus's house and said, "Your daughter is dead. Why bother the teacher anymore?"

5:36 Jesus overheard what they said, and told Jairus, “Don’t be afraid, just believe.”

5:37 He allowed no one to follow him except Peter, James, and John. 38 When they came to Jairus’s house, he saw a commotion, and people weeping and wailing loudly. 39 He went inside, and asked them, “Why are you making a commotion, and weeping? The child isn’t dead but asleep.”

5:40 They laughed at him, but he sent them all outside. He took the child’s father and mother and those who were with him, and went in to where the child was. 41 Taking her by the hand, he said to her, “Little girl, I say to you, get up.” 42 Immediately the girl got up and began walking. They were completely amazed. 43 He gave them strict orders that no one should know about this, and told them to give her something to eat.

6:1 He left there, and went to his

hometown, and his disciples followed him. ² When the Sabbath came, he began to teach in the synagogue. Many who heard him were astonished, saying, "Where did this man get these things? What is this wisdom given to him? How are such miracles done by his hands?" ³ Isn't this the carpenter, the son of Mary, and brother of James, and Joses, and Judas, and Simon? Aren't his sisters here with us?" And they took offense at him.

^{6:4} Jesus said to them, "A prophet is without honor only in his hometown, among his relatives, and in his own household." ⁵ He could do no miracle there, except to lay his hands on a few sick people, and heal them. ⁶ He was amazed at their unbelief.

^{6:6} He went around the villages teaching. ⁷ He summoned the twelve, and began to send them out in pairs. He gave them authority over unclean spirits. ⁸ He instructed them to take noth-

ing for their journey except a staff: no bread, no bag, no money in their belts;⁹ but to wear sandals and not a second shirt.

^{6:12} They went out, and preached that people should repent. ¹³ They cast out many demons, anointed many sick people with oil, and healed them.

^{6:14} King Herod heard about this because Jesus's name had become well known. ¹⁶ When Herod heard it, he said, "John, whom I beheaded, has risen." ¹⁷ For Herod had married Herodias, his brother's wife. He had ordered John to be arrested and bound in prison for her sake. ¹⁸ For John had been telling Herod, "It's not lawful for you to have your brother's wife." ¹⁹ So Herodias had a grudge against him, and wanted to kill him. But she could not, ²⁰ because Herod feared John, and kept him safe, knowing that he was a righteous and holy man. When he heard him, he was greatly perplexed, yet he enjoyed

listening to him.

^{6:21} An opportunity came on Herod's birthday. He hosted a banquet for his nobles, the military commanders, and the leading men of Galilee.

²² When Herodias's daughter came in and danced, she pleased Herod and his guests. The king said to the girl, "Ask me for whatever you want, and I'll give it to you."

^{6:25} She said, "I want you to give me John the Baptist's head on a platter right now."

^{6:26} The king was greatly distressed, but because of his vow and his guests he did not want to refuse her. ²⁷ Immediately the king sent an executioner who went and beheaded him in the prison, ²⁸ brought his head on a platter, and gave it to the girl, and the girl gave it to her mother.

^{6:29} When his disciples heard about it, they came and took his body, and laid it in a tomb.

6:32 They went away in the boat by themselves to a deserted place. 33 Many saw them going and recognized them, and ran on foot from all the towns and arrived ahead of them. 34 When he went ashore, he saw a large crowd, and had compassion on them, because they were like sheep without a shepherd. He began to teach them many things.

6:35 When it grew late, his disciples came to him, and said, "This is a desolate place, and it's getting late. 36 Send them away to go into the surrounding countryside and villages to buy themselves something to eat."

6:37 He answered, "You give them something to eat." They asked him, "Should we go and buy two hundred denarii worth of bread, and give it to them to eat?"

6:38 He said, "How many loaves do you have? Go and see." Once they had found out, they said, "Five, and two fish."

6:39 He commanded them all to sit down in groups on the green grass. 40 They sat down in groups of hundreds and fifties.

6:41 He took the five loaves and the two fish. Looking up to heaven, he blessed and broke the loaves. He gave them to his disciples to set before the people, and divided the two fish among them all. 42 Everyone ate and was satisfied. 43 They picked up twelve baskets full of broken pieces and of fish. 44 There were five thousand men who ate the loaves.

7:1 The Pharisees, and some of the scribes who had come from Jerusalem, gathered around him, 2 and saw some of his disciples eating their bread with unwashed hands. 3 The Pharisees only eat if they have carefully washed their hands, keeping the tradition of the elders. 4 When they come from the marketplace, they only eat after they have washed. They keep many

other traditions such as the washing of cups, pitchers, copper pots, and dining couches.

7:5 The Pharisees and the scribes asked him, “Why don’t your disciples keep the tradition of the elders? Instead, they eat with unwashed hands.”

7:6 He replied, “Isaiah prophesied correctly about you hypocrites, as it is written: ‘This people honors me with their lips, but their heart is far from me. 7 They worship me in vain, teaching as doctrines the commandments of men.’ 8 Neglecting the commandment of God, you hold on to the tradition of men. 9 You have a fine way of rejecting the commandment of God in order to keep your tradition. 13 The tradition that you have handed down nullifies the word of God. You do many things like that.”

7:14 He summoned the crowd again, and said to them, “Everyone listen to me and understand: 15 Nothing that

enters a person from outside can defile him, but the things that come out of a person are what defile him.”

7:17 When he entered the house away from the crowd, his disciples asked him about the parable. ¹⁸ He said to them, “Are you also without understanding? Do you not see that whatever goes into a person from outside cannot defile him, ¹⁹ because it doesn’t go into his heart, but into his stomach and is eliminated?” Thus he declared all foods clean.

7:20 He said, “What comes out of a person is what defiles him. ²¹ For from within, out of a person’s heart, come evil thoughts, sexual immorality, theft, murder, adultery, ²² coveting, wickedness, deceit, sensuality, envy, slander, pride, foolishness. ²³ All these evil things proceed from within, and defile a person.”

8:11 The Pharisees came and began to argue with him, demanding of him a

sign from heaven to test him. ¹² He sighed deeply in his spirit, and said, "Why does this generation demand a sign? No sign will be given to this generation." ¹³ He left them, got back into the boat, and went to the other side.

^{8:27} Jesus and his disciples went to the villages of Caesarea Philippi. On the way he asked his disciples, "Who do people say that I am?"

^{8:28} They told him, "John the Baptist; others say Elijah; but others, one of the prophets."

^{8:29} He asked them, "But who do you say that I am?" Peter answered, "You are the Christ."

^{8:30} He warned them to tell no one about him.

^{8:31} He began to teach them that the son of man must suffer many things, and be rejected by the elders, chief priests, and scribes, and be killed, and after three days rise again. ³² He spoke

openly about this. Peter took him aside, and began to rebuke him.

8:33 Turning and seeing his disciples, he rebuked Peter, and said, “Get behind me, Tempter. For you’re not thinking about the things of God, but the things of man.”

8:34 He summoned the crowd with his disciples, and said to them, “If anyone wants to come after me, let him deny himself, take up his cross, and follow me. 35 For whoever wants to save his life will lose it, but whoever loses his life for my sake and the gospel’s will save it. 36 What does it profit a man to gain the whole world, and forfeit his soul? 37 What can a man give in exchange for his soul? 38 Whoever is ashamed of me and my words in this adulterous and sinful generation, the son of man will also be ashamed of him when he comes in his father’s glory with the holy angels.”

9:2 After six days Jesus took Peter, Ja-

mes, and John with him, and led them up a high mountain by themselves. He was transfigured in front of them, ³ and his clothes became radiant, intensely white, as no one on earth could whiten them. ⁴ Elijah and Moses appeared to them, and they were talking with Jesus.

^{9:7} A cloud overshadowed them, and a voice from the cloud said, "This is my beloved son. Listen to him." ⁸ Suddenly, looking around, they no longer saw anyone with them except Jesus.

^{9:9} As they were coming down the mountain, he ordered them to tell no one what they had seen, until the son of man had risen from the dead. ¹⁰ They kept it to themselves, discussing what it meant to rise from the dead.

^{9:14} When they came to the disciples, they saw a large crowd around them, and scribes arguing with them. ¹⁵ As soon as the crowd saw him, they were amazed, and ran to greet him. ¹⁶ He

asked them, “What are you arguing with them about?”

9:17 Someone in the crowd answered him, “Teacher, I brought my son to you. He has a spirit that makes him mute.

18 Whenever it seizes him, it throws him down. He foams at the mouth, grinds his teeth, and becomes rigid. I asked your disciples to cast it out, but they couldn’t.”

9:19 He answered them, “You unbelieving generation, how long will I be with you? How long will I put up with you? Bring him to me.”

9:20 They brought the boy to him. When the spirit saw him, it immediately threw the boy into a convulsion. He fell to the ground, and rolled around, foaming at the mouth.

9:21 Jesus asked his father, “How long has this been happening to him?” And he said, “From childhood. 22 It has often thrown him into fire or water to destroy him. If you can do anything,

have compassion on us, and help us.”

9:23 Jesus said to him, ““If you can?” Everything is possible for one who believes.”

9:24 Immediately the boy’s father cried out, “I do believe. Help my unbelief.”

9:25 When Jesus saw that a crowd was rapidly gathering, he rebuked the unclean spirit, saying to it, “You mute and deaf spirit, I command you: come out of him and never enter him again.”

9:26 After crying out, and throwing him into terrible convulsions, it came out. The boy was like a corpse, so that most of them said, “He’s dead.” 27 But Jesus took him by the hand, and lifted him up, and he got up.

9:28 After he entered the house, his disciples asked him privately, “Why couldn’t we cast it out?”

9:29 He said to them, “This kind only comes out by prayer.”

9:30 They left that place, and passed through Galilee. He did not want any-

one to know, ³¹ because he was teaching his disciples, saying to them, “The son of man will be delivered into the hands of men, and they will kill him. After he’s killed, he’ll rise three days later.” ³² But they did not understand this statement, and were afraid to ask him.

^{9:33} They came to Capernaum. He asked them, “What were you discussing on the way?” ³⁴ But they were silent, because they had been arguing about which of them was the greatest. ³⁵ He sat down, called the twelve, and said to them, “If anyone wants to be first, he must be last of all, and servant of all.”

^{9:36} He took a child, and had him stand among them. Taking him in his arms, he said to them, ³⁷ “Whoever welcomes one child like this in my name welcomes me. Whoever welcomes me, doesn’t welcome me, but him that sent me.”

9:38 John said to him, “Teacher, we saw someone casting out demons in your name, and we tried to stop him, because he didn’t follow us.”

9:39 But Jesus said, “Don’t stop him. No one can do a miracle in my name, then soon afterward speak evil of me.
40 Whoever is not against us is for us.

41 Truly I tell you, whoever gives you a cup of water to drink, because you are Christ’s, will never lose his reward.”

9:42 “Whoever causes one of these little ones who believe in me to stumble, it would be better for him if a heavy millstone were hung around his neck, and he were thrown into the sea. 43 If your hand causes you to stumble, cut it off. It’s better for you to enter life crippled than to go to hell with two hands. 45 If your foot causes you to stumble, cut it off. It’s better for you to enter life lame than to be thrown into hell with two feet. 47 If your eye causes you to stumble, tear it out. It’s

better for you to enter God's kingdom with one eye than to be thrown into hell with two eyes."

9:49 "For everyone will be salted with fire. ⁵⁰ Salt is good, but if the salt becomes unsalty, how will you make it salty again? Have salt in yourselves, and be at peace with one another."

10:1 He left there and went into the region of Judea and beyond the Jordan. Crowds gathered around him again. Again he taught them, as was his custom.

10:2 Pharisees came to him. Testing him, they asked, "Is it lawful for a man to divorce a wife?"

10:3 He answered them, "What did Moses command you?"

10:4 They said, "Moses allowed a man to 'write a certificate of divorce, and send her away.'"

10:5 But Jesus said to them, "He wrote you this commandment because of your hard hearts. ⁶ But from the beginning

of creation, ‘God made them male and female.’ ⁷ ‘Therefore a man will leave his father and mother, ⁸ and the two will become one flesh.’ So they are no longer two, but one flesh. ⁹ Therefore what God has joined together, let no one separate.”

^{10:10} In the house the disciples asked him about this again. ¹¹ He said to them, “Whoever divorces his wife, and marries another, commits adultery against her. ¹² If she divorces her husband, and marries another, she commits adultery.”

^{10:13} People were bringing children to him, so that he might touch them, but the disciples rebuked them. ¹⁴ When Jesus saw it, he was indignant, and said to them, “Let the children come to me. Don’t hinder them, for God’s kingdom belongs to such as these. ¹⁵ Truly I tell you, whoever does not receive God’s kingdom like a child, will never enter it.” ¹⁶ He took them in his arms, laid

his hands on them, and blessed them.

^{10:17} As he was setting out on his journey, a man ran up to him, knelt in front of him, and asked him, “Good teacher, what must I do to inherit eternal life?”

^{10:18} Jesus said to him, “Why do you call me good? No one is good except God alone. ¹⁹ You know the commandments: ‘Do not murder, Do not commit adultery, Do not steal, Do not bear false witness, Do not defraud, Honor your father and mother.’”

^{10:20} He said to him, “I’ve kept all these from my youth.”

^{10:21} Looking at him, Jesus loved him, and said to him, “You lack one thing: go, sell all you have, give to the poor, and you will have treasure in heaven. Then come, follow me.”

^{10:22} But he was saddened by these words, and he went away grieving, for he had many possessions.

^{10:23} Jesus looked around, and said to his disciples, “How hard it will be

for those who have wealth to enter God's kingdom." ²⁴ The disciples were amazed at his words. But Jesus said to them again, "Children, how hard it is to enter God's kingdom. ²⁵ It's easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle than for a rich person to enter God's kingdom."

^{10:26} They were even more astonished, and asked him, "Then who can be saved?"

^{10:27} Looking at them, Jesus said, "With man it's impossible, but not with God. Because all things are possible with God."

^{10:28} Peter began to tell him, "We've left everything, and followed you."

^{10:29} Jesus said, "Anyone who has left house or brothers or sisters or mother or father or children or fields, for my sake, and for the gospel, ³⁰ will receive a hundredfold now in this time, houses and brothers and sisters and mothers and children and fields, with persecu-

tions, and eternal life in the age to come.
³¹ But many who are first will be last,
and the last first.”

^{10:32} They were on the road, going up
to Jerusalem, and Jesus was walking a-
head of them. He took the twelve again,
and began to tell them what was go-
ing to happen to him, ³³ “We’re going
up to Jerusalem, and the son of man
will be delivered to the chief priests
and the scribes. They’ll condemn him
to death, and deliver him to the Gen-
tiles. ³⁴ They’ll mock him, spit on him,
scourge him, and kill him. He’ll rise
after three days.”

^{10:42} Jesus called them over, and said
to them, “You know that those who are
considered rulers of the Gentiles lord it
over them, and their great ones exercise
authority over them. ⁴³ But it is not
this way among you. Instead, whoever
wants to become great among you must
be your servant, ⁴⁴ and whoever wants

to be first among you must be slave of all. ⁴⁵ For even the son of man didn't come to be served, but to serve, and to give his life as a ransom for many."

^{10:46} As he was leaving Jericho with his disciples and a large crowd, a blind beggar was sitting by the road. ⁴⁷ When he heard that it was Jesus of Nazareth, he began to cry out, "Jesus, son of David, have mercy on me."

^{10:48} Many sternly told him to be silent, but he cried out even louder, "Son of David, have mercy on me."

^{10:49} Jesus stopped and said, "Call him." They called the blind man, saying to him, "Take courage. Get up. He's calling for you." ⁵⁰ Throwing aside his cloak, he jumped up, and came to Jesus.

^{10:51} Jesus asked him, "What do you want me to do for you?" The blind man said to him, "Rabbi, I want to regain my sight."

^{10:52} Jesus said to him, “Go, your faith has made you well.” Immediately he regained his sight, and began following him on the road.

^{11:1} As they approached Jerusalem, near the Mount of Olives, he sent two of his disciples, ² and told them, “Go into the village ahead of you. As soon as you enter it, you’ll find a colt tied, on which no one has ever sat. Untie it, and bring it. ³ If anyone asks you, ‘Why are you doing this?’ say, ‘The Lord needs it and will send it back immediately.’”

^{11:4} They went, found a colt outside in the street tied by a door, and untied it. ⁵ Some of the bystanders asked them, “Why are you untying the colt?” ⁶ They told them what Jesus had said, and they gave them permission. ⁷ They brought the colt to Jesus, and put their coats on it. He sat on it, ¹¹ and went into Jerusalem, and into the temple. After looking around at everything, he left for Bethany with the twelve, since

it was already late.

^{11:15} They came to Jerusalem. He entered the temple, and began to drive out those buying and selling in the temple, and overturned the tables of the money changers and the seats of those selling doves. ¹⁶ He would not allow anyone to carry merchandise through the temple. ¹⁷ He taught, and said to them, “Isn’t it written, ‘My house will be called a house of prayer for all the nations’? But you have made it ‘a den of robbers.’”

^{11:27} As he was walking in the temple, the chief priests, the scribes, and the elders came to him. ²⁸ They asked him, “By what authority are you doing these things?”

^{11:29} Jesus said to them, “I will ask you one question. Answer me, and I will tell you by what authority I do these things. ³⁰ Was John’s baptism from heaven or from men?”

11:31 They discussed it with one another, saying, "If we say, 'From heaven,' he will say, 'Then why didn't you believe him?'" 32 But should we say, 'From men'?" They feared the people, for everyone thought that John really was a prophet.

11:33 They answered Jesus, "We don't know." Jesus said to them, "Neither will I tell you by what authority I do these things."

12:1 He began to speak to them in parables. "A man planted a vineyard, put a fence around it, dug a pit for a winepress, and built a tower. Then he leased it to tenants, and went on a journey. 2 At harvest time, he sent a servant to the tenants to collect some of the fruit of the vineyard from them. 3 They took him, beat him, and sent him away empty-handed. 4 Again he sent them another servant. They hit him on the head, and treated him shamefully. 5 He sent another, and they killed that one.

He sent many others; they beat some, and killed others. ⁶ He had one more to send, a beloved son. Finally he sent him to them, saying, 'They will respect my son.'"

^{12:7} "But those tenants said to one another, 'This is the heir. Come, let's kill him, and the inheritance will be ours.'
⁸ They took him, killed him, and threw him out of the vineyard."

^{12:9} "What will the vineyard's owner do? He will come and destroy the tenants, and give the vineyard to others. ¹⁰ Haven't you read this scripture: 'The stone that the builders rejected has become the cornerstone.'"

^{12:12} They were seeking to arrest him, because they understood that he spoke the parable against them, but they feared the crowd. So they left him, and went away.

^{12:13} They sent some of the Pharisees and Herodians to him, so that they might trap him in his words. ¹⁴ When

they came, they said to him, “Teacher, we know that you’re truthful. You don’t care what anyone thinks, because you’re impartial. You truthfully teach the way of God. Is it lawful to pay taxes to Caesar, or not?” ¹⁵ Knowing their hypocrisy, he said to them, “Why are you testing me? Bring me a denarius to look at.”

^{12:16} They brought one. He asked them, “Whose image and inscription is this?” They answered, “Caesar’s.” ¹⁷ Jesus said to them, “Give to Caesar the things that are Caesar’s, and to God the things that are God’s.” They marveled at him.

^{12:18} Some Sadducees, who say there is no resurrection, came to Jesus and asked him, ¹⁹ “Teacher, Moses wrote for us that if a man’s brother dies, and leaves behind a wife but no child, that his brother must marry the widow, and raise up children for his brother. ²⁰ There were seven brothers. The first

one took a wife, and died without children. ²¹ The second one married her, and died without children. ²² None of the seven left children. Last of all, the woman died too. ²³ In the resurrection, when they rise, whose wife will she be? For all seven had married her.”

^{12:24} Jesus said to them, “Isn’t this the reason you are mistaken: you don’t know the scriptures or the power of God? ²⁵ For when the dead rise, they neither marry nor are given in marriage, but are like angels in heaven.”

^{12:26} “As for the dead being raised, haven’t you read in the book of Moses, in the passage about the burning bush, how God said to him, ‘I am the God of Abraham, and the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob’? ²⁷ He isn’t God of the dead, but of the living. You’re greatly mistaken.”

^{12:28} One of the scribes came, and heard them arguing. Seeing that he answered them well, he asked him,

“Which commandment is the most important?”

^{12:29} Jesus answered, “The most important is, ³⁰ ‘Love the Lord your God with all your heart, soul, mind, and strength.’ ³¹ The second is this, ‘Love your neighbor as yourself.’ There is no commandment greater than these.”

^{12:32} The scribe said to him, “You stated correctly that ³³ to love him with all the heart, understanding, and strength, and to love one’s neighbor as himself, is more important than all burnt offerings and sacrifices.”

^{12:34} When Jesus saw that he answered wisely, he said to him, “You aren’t far from God’s kingdom.” After that, no one dared to ask him any more questions.

^{12:38} In his teaching he said, “Beware of the scribes, who like walking around in long robes, being greeted in the marketplaces, ³⁹ the best seats in the synagogues, and places of honor at banquets.

⁴⁰ They devour widows' houses, and offer long prayers for show. They will receive greater condemnation."

^{13:1} As he came out of the temple, one of his disciples said to him, "Teacher, look at these wonderful stones and buildings!"

^{13:2} Jesus said to him, "Do you see these great buildings? Not one stone will be left upon another; all will be thrown down."

^{13:3} As he sat on the Mount of Olives opposite the temple, Peter, James, John and Andrew asked him privately, ⁴ "When will these things happen? What will be the sign that they are about to be fulfilled?"

^{13:5} Jesus said to them, "See that no one leads you astray. ⁶ Many will come in my name, saying, 'I am he,' and will mislead many. ¹² Brother will betray brother to death, and a father his child. Children will rise against parents,

and have them put to death. ¹³ Everyone will hate you because of my name, but he who endures to the end will be saved.”

^{13:31} “Heaven and earth will pass away, but my words won’t pass away. ³² No one knows about that day or that hour, not even the angels in heaven, nor the son, but only the father. ³³ Be on guard. Be alert. For you don’t know when the time will come.”

^{13:34} “It’s like a man on a journey: when he leaves home, he puts his servants in charge, each with a task, and commands the doorkeeper to be alert. ³⁵ Therefore be alert. You don’t know when the master of the house will come. It could be in the evening, at midnight, when the rooster crows, or in the morning. ³⁶ Otherwise, he may come suddenly and find you asleep. ³⁷ What I say to you, I say to everyone: Be alert.”

^{14:1} The Passover and the Feast of Unleavened Bread were now two days a-

way. The chief priests and the scribes sought a way to arrest him by stealth, and kill him. ² But they said, “Not during the feast, otherwise the people might riot.”

^{14:3} While he was in Bethany in the house of Simon the leper, and reclining at the table, a woman came with an alabaster jar of very expensive perfume. She broke the jar, and poured it over his head. ⁴ Some expressed indignation to one another, saying, “Why has this perfume been wasted? ⁵ This perfume might have been sold for more than three hundred denarii, and the money given to the poor.” And they scolded her.

^{14:6} Jesus said, “Leave her alone. Why are you bothering her? She’s done a beautiful thing for me. ⁷ You always have the poor with you. Whenever you want, you can do good for them, but you won’t always have me. ⁸ She has done what she could. She has anointed

my body beforehand for the burial.
⁹ Truly I tell you, wherever the gospel is preached in the whole world, what she has done will be told in memory of her.”

^{14:10} Then Judas Iscariot, one of the twelve, went to the chief priests to betray him to them. ¹¹ They were glad when they heard this, and promised to give him money. He began looking for an opportunity to betray him.

^{14:12} On the first day of Unleavened Bread, when the Passover lamb was being sacrificed, his disciples asked him, “Where do you want us to go to prepare for you to eat the Passover?”

^{14:13} He sent two of his disciples, and told them, “Go into the city. A man carrying a pitcher of water will meet you. Follow him. ¹⁴ Wherever he enters, say to the owner of the house, ‘The teacher says, Where is my guest room, where I may eat the passover with my disciples?’ ¹⁵ He will show you a large

upper room furnished and ready. Prepare for us there.” ¹⁶ The disciples went out, entered the city, and found it just as he had told them. They prepared the Passover.

^{14:17} When it was evening, he arrived with the twelve. ¹⁸ While they were reclining at table and eating, Jesus said, “Truly I tell you, one of you will betray me, one who is eating with me.”

^{14:19} They began to be grieved, and to say to him one by one, “Surely not I?”

^{14:20} He said to them, “It’s one of the twelve, one who is dipping bread into the bowl with me. ²¹ For the son of man goes as it is written of him, but woe to that man by whom the son of man is betrayed! It would have been better for that man if he had not been born.”

^{14:22} As they were eating, he took bread, blessed it, broke it, gave it to them, and said, “Take it. This is my

body.” ²³ He took a cup, and after giving thanks, he gave it to them, and they all drank from it. ²⁴ He said to them, “This is my blood of the covenant, which is poured out for many. ²⁵ Truly I tell you, I won’t drink of the fruit of the vine again until that day when I drink it new in God’s kingdom.”

^{14:26} After singing a hymn, they went out to the Mount of Olives.

^{14:27} Jesus said to them, “You will all fall away, because it is written, ‘I will strike down the shepherd, and the sheep will be scattered.’ ²⁸ But after I’m raised up, I’ll go ahead of you to Galilee.”

^{14:29} Peter said to him, “Even if everyone falls away, I won’t.”

^{14:30} Jesus said to him, “Truly I tell you, that this very night, before a rooster crows twice, you will deny me three times.”

^{14:31} But he kept insisting, “If I have to die with you, I won’t deny you.”

They all said the same thing.

^{14:32} They went to a place called Gethsemane. He told his disciples, “Sit here while I pray.” ³³ He took Peter, James and John with him, and began to be very distressed and troubled. ³⁴ He told them, “My soul is deeply grieved to the point of death. Stay here, and keep watch.”

^{14:35} He went a little farther, fell to the ground, and prayed that the hour might pass from him. ³⁶ He said, “Father, everything is possible for you. Remove this cup from me. Yet not what I will, but what you will.”

^{14:37} He came, found them sleeping, and said to Peter, “Simon, are you asleep? Couldn’t you keep watch for one hour? ³⁸ Keep watch and pray, that you won’t come into temptation. The spirit is willing, but the flesh is weak.”

^{14:39} Again he went away, and prayed, saying the same words. ⁴⁰ Again

he came, and found them sleeping, because their eyes were very heavy. They didn't know what to say to him.

^{14:41} He came the third time, and said to them, "Are you still sleeping and resting? It's enough. The time has come. See, the son of man is being betrayed into the hands of sinners. ⁴² Get up. Let's go. See, my betrayer is near."

^{14:43} While he was still speaking, Judas, one of the twelve, arrived. With him was a crowd, armed with swords and clubs, who was sent from the chief priests, the scribes and the elders. ⁴⁴ The betrayer had given them a sign, saying, "The one I kiss is the one. Arrest him, and lead him away under guard." ⁴⁵ Going directly to Jesus, he said, "Rabbi!" and kissed him.

^{14:46} They laid hands on him, and arrested him. ⁴⁷ One of the bystanders drew his sword, and struck the high priest's servant, cutting off his ear.

^{14:48} Jesus said to them, "Have you

come out with swords and clubs to arrest me, as you would arrest a robber?⁴⁹ I was with you every day, teaching in the temple, and you didn't arrest me."

^{14:50} They all left him, and fled. ⁵¹ A young man was following him, wearing only a linen cloth around his naked body. They seized him, ⁵² but he left the linen cloth, and fled naked.

^{14:53} They led Jesus to the high priest. All the chief priests, the elders and the scribes assembled. ⁵⁴ Peter followed him at a distance, right into the high priest's courtyard. He was sitting with the guards, and warming himself by the fire.

^{14:55} The chief priests and the whole council sought testimony against Jesus to put him to death, but found none. ⁵⁶ Many gave false testimony against him, but their testimony was inconsistent. ⁵⁷ Some stood up, and gave false testimony against him, saying, ⁵⁸ "We heard him say, 'I'll destroy this temple

made with hands, and in three days I'll build another made without hands.”

⁵⁹ But even this testimony was inconsistent.

^{14:60} The high priest stood up in front of them, and asked Jesus, “Don't you answer? What is it that these men testify against you?” ⁶¹ But he kept silent, and did not answer. Again the high priest asked him, “Are you the Christ, the son of the Blessed One?”

^{14:62} Jesus said, “I am. You'll see the son of man sitting at the right hand of power, and coming with the clouds of heaven.”

^{14:63} The high priest tore his clothes, and said, “Why do we need any more witnesses? ⁶⁴ You've heard the blasphemy. What's your decision?” They all condemned him as deserving death.

^{14:65} Some began to spit on him, and to cover his face and strike him, saying, “Prophecy.” The guards received him with slaps in the face.

14:66 While Peter was in the courtyard below, one of the high priest's servant girls came. ⁶⁷ Seeing Peter, she looked at him, and said, "You also were with Jesus the Nazarene."

14:68 But he denied it, saying, "I don't know or understand what you're talking about." He went out to the entryway, and a rooster crowed.

14:69 The servant girl saw him, and began again to tell the bystanders, "This man is one of them."

14:70 But again he denied it. After a little while the bystanders again said to Peter, "You're certainly one of them, since you're a Galilean too." ⁷¹ But he began to curse and swear, "I don't know this man you're talking about."

14:72 Immediately a rooster crowed a second time. Peter remembered when Jesus said to him, "Before a rooster crows twice, you'll deny me three times". He began to weep.

15:1 Early in the morning, the chief

priests, elders, scribes, and the whole council held a consultation. They bound Jesus, led him away, and delivered him to Pilate.

^{15:2} Pilate asked him, “Are you the king of the Jews?” He answered, “You have said so.”

^{15:3} The chief priests accused him of many things. ⁴ Pilate again asked him, “Don’t you answer? Look how many charges they bring against you.” ⁵ But Jesus answered no further, so Pilate was amazed.

^{15:6} Now at the feast he used to release for them any one prisoner whom they requested. ⁷ The man named Barabbas was in prison with rebels who had committed murder during the insurrection. ⁸ The crowd began to ask Pilate to do for them as he usually did.

^{15:9} Pilate answered them, saying, “Do you want me to release the king of the Jews for you?” ¹⁰ For he knew that the chief priests had handed him

over because of envy. ¹¹ But the chief priests stirred up the crowd to have him release Barabbas instead. ¹² Pilate again asked them, “Then what should I do with the one you call the king of the Jews?”

^{15:13} They shouted back, “Crucify him!”

^{15:14} Pilate asked them, “Why? What evil has he done?” But they shouted all the more, “Crucify him!”

^{15:15} Wishing to satisfy the crowd, Pilate released Barabbas for them. After having Jesus flogged, he handed him over to be crucified.

^{15:21} Simon of Cyrene was passing by, coming from the country. They forced him to carry Jesus’s cross. ²² They brought Jesus to the place called Golgotha, which means place of a skull. ²³ They offered him wine mixed with myrrh, but he did not take it.

^{15:24} They crucified him, and divided his clothes among themselves, casting

lots to decide what each should take.
²⁵ It was nine in the morning when they crucified him. ²⁶ The inscription of the charge against him read, "The King of the Jews." ²⁷ They crucified two robbers with him, one on his right and one on his left.

^{15:29} Those who passed by derided him, shaking their heads, and saying, "Ha! You who would destroy the temple and rebuild it in three days,
³⁰ save yourself, and come down from the cross."

^{15:31} In the same way, the chief priests and the scribes mocked him to one another saying, "He saved others. He can't save himself. ³² Let this Christ, the King of Israel, come down now from the cross, so that we may see and believe." Those who were crucified with him also insulted him.

^{15:33} At noon, darkness fell over the whole land until three in the afternoon.
³⁴ At three in the afternoon Jesus cried

with a loud voice, “My God, my God, why have you abandoned me?”

^{15:37} Jesus let out a loud cry, and breathed his last. ³⁸ The curtain of the temple was torn in two, from the top to the bottom.

^{15:39} When the centurion who stood facing him saw the way he breathed his last, he said, “Truly this man was the son of God.”

^{15:40} There were also women watching from a distance. Among them were Mary Magdalene, Salome, and Mary the mother of James the younger and of Joses. ⁴¹ When he was in Galilee, they followed him and took care of him. Many other women had come up with him to Jerusalem.

^{15:42} When evening had come, because it was the day before the Sabbath, ⁴³ Joseph of Arimathea came, a prominent member of the council, who was himself waiting for God’s kingdom. He boldly went to Pilate, and asked

for Jesus's body. ⁴⁴ Pilate was surprised that he was already dead. ⁴⁵ He granted the body to Joseph.

^{15:46} Joseph bought a linen cloth, took him down, wrapped him in the linen cloth, laid him in a tomb cut out of a rock, and rolled a stone against the entrance of the tomb. ⁴⁷ Mary Magdalene and Mary the mother of Joses were watching to see where he was laid.

^{16:1} When the Sabbath was past, Mary Magdalene, Salome, and Mary the mother of James bought spices, so that they could go and anoint him. ² Very early on the first day of the week, when the sun had risen, they went to the tomb. ³ They were saying to one another, "Who will roll away the stone from the entrance of the tomb for us?" ⁴ Looking up, they saw that the stone had already been rolled away, although it was extremely large.

^{16:5} Entering the tomb, they saw a young man sitting at the right, wearing

a white robe, and they were alarmed.
⁶ He told them, “Don’t be alarmed. You’re looking for Jesus the Nazarene, who was crucified. He has risen. He’s not here. See, here is the place where they laid him. ⁷ But go, tell his disciples and Peter, ‘He’s going ahead of you to Galilee. You’ll see him there, just as he told you.’”

^{16:8} They went out, and fled from the tomb, for trembling and astonishment had seized them. They said nothing to anyone, because they were afraid.

Mormon

Introduction

^{1:1} I, Joseph Smith, write this history to put all inquirers after truth in possession of the facts.

^{1:5} There was in the place where I lived an unusual excitement on the subject of religion. ⁶ The clergy promoted this scene of religious feeling in order to have everybody converted, let them join what sect they pleased. Yet when the converts began to file off, some to one party and some to another, it was

seen that the seemingly good feelings of both the priests and the converts were more pretended than real, lost in a strife of words: priest contending against priest, and convert against convert.

^{1:7} I was at this time fourteen years old. ⁸ My mind was called up to serious reflection and great uneasiness. My feelings were deep and often poignant, but still I kept myself aloof from all the parties, though I attended their meetings as often as occasion would permit. So great were the confusion and strife among the different denominations, that it was impossible for a person as young as I was to come to any certain conclusion who was right and who was wrong.

^{1:10} In the midst of this war of words and tumult of opinions, I often said to myself, "What is to be done? If any of these parties is right, which is it, and how will I know it?"

^{1:11} One day I was reading James 1:5,

which reads, "If any of you lacks wisdom, let him ask God, who gives generously to all without reproach, and it will be given to him." ¹² This passage entered with great force into every feeling of my heart. I reflected on it again and again, knowing that if any person needed wisdom from God, I did; for the different sects understood the same passages of scripture so differently as to destroy all confidence in settling the question by an appeal to the Bible.

^{1:13} At length I came to the determination to "ask God." ¹⁴ So, in accordance with my determination, I retired to the woods to make the attempt. It was the first time in my life that I had made the attempt to pray vocally.

^{1:15} Having looked around me, and finding myself alone, I kneeled down and began to offer up the desires of my heart to God. I had scarcely done so when ¹⁶ I saw a pillar of light over my head. ¹⁷ When the light rested upon

me, I saw two personages. One of them said to me, "Joseph, this is my beloved son. Hear him."

^{1:18} I asked the personages which of all the sects was right, and which I should join. ¹⁹ I was answered that I must join none of them.

^{1:21} A few days after I had this vision, I was with one of the preachers who was very active in the religious excitement. I gave him an account of the vision which I had had. He treated my communication with contempt, saying that there were no such things as visions or revelations in these days.

^{1:22} I soon found that my story had excited a great deal of prejudice against me among the professors of religion. They excited the public mind against me and created a bitter persecution. This was common among all the sects, ²³ and it often caused me great sorrow.

^{1:24} However, it was nevertheless a fact that I had seen a vision, and all

the persecution under heaven could not make it otherwise. ²⁵ I said in my heart, "Why persecute me for telling the truth? For I have seen a vision. I know it, and I know that God knows it, and I can not deny it."

^{1:27} I continued to pursue my common vocations in life, all the time being ²⁸ persecuted by those who ought to have been my friends and to have treated me kindly. If they supposed me to be deluded, they ought to have endeavored to reclaim me in a proper and affectionate manner. I was left to mingling with all kinds of society, and frequently fell into many foolish errors. In making this confession, no one need suppose me guilty of any great sins, but I was guilty of levity and sometimes associated with jovial company.

^{1:29} In consequence of these things, I often felt condemned for my weaknesses and imperfections. One evening, I betook myself to prayer and supplication

to God for forgiveness of my sins and follies. ³⁰ While I was calling upon God, I discovered a light appearing in my room, and immediately a personage appeared.

^{1:33} He called me by name, said that he was a messenger from God, and that his name was Moroni. ³⁴ He said that there was a book, written upon gold plates, giving an account of the former inhabitants of this continent. ⁴² The vision was opened to my mind so that I could see the place where the plates were deposited. ⁴⁶ He added a caution, telling me that Satan would try to tempt me to get the plates for the purposes of getting rich. This he forbade me, saying that I must only get the plates to glorify God. ⁵³ The messenger informed me that the time for bringing forth the plates would arrive in four years.

^{1:54} I went at the end of each year to the place where the plates were de-

posited. Each time I found the same messenger there, and received instruction from him.

^{1:59} At length, the time arrived for obtaining the plates. Having gone as usual at the end of another year to the place where they were deposited, the same messenger delivered them to me. ⁶⁷ I commenced to translate the Book of Mormon.

1 Nephi

^{1:1} I, Nephi, am making a record of my proceedings during my lifetime.

^{1:4} In the first year of the reign of Zedekiah, king of Judah, ¹⁸ God showed my father, Lehi, many things about the destruction of Jerusalem. He went among the people, and declared to them what he had seen. ²⁰ When the people heard these things, they were angry with him, and sought his life.

2:2 God commanded my father in a dream to take his family, and depart into the wilderness. ⁴ He left his house, land, gold, silver, and precious things, and took nothing with him, except his family, provisions, and tents, and departed into the wilderness.

2:11 Laman and Lemuel, my older brothers, grumbled against their father because he had led them out of Jerusalem, leaving their land, gold, silver, and precious things. They said he had done this because of the foolish imaginations of his heart. ¹³ They also did not believe that Jerusalem could be destroyed.

2:16 I believed all that my father had spoken. Therefore, I did not rebel against him like my brothers.

3:2 My father said to me, ³ “Laban has the record of the Jews, and it’s engraved on brass plates. ⁴ Therefore, God has commanded me that you and

your brothers should return to Jerusalem, go to Laban's house, seek the records, and bring them here into the wilderness."

3:7 I said to my father, "I'll go and do what God has commanded, for I know that God gives no commandments unless he prepares a way to accomplish them."

3:19 I said to my brothers, "It's wisdom in God that we should obtain these records, that we may preserve for our children ²⁰ the words spoken by all the holy prophets."

3:23 We went up to the house of Laban.
4:38 My brothers and I took the brass plates, departed into the wilderness, and journeyed to our father's tent.

5:1 After we returned to our father, he was filled with joy, and also my mother was very glad. ²¹ We had obtained the records which God had commanded us, and found that they had great value to

us, because we could preserve the commandments of God for our children.

^{7:6} As we journeyed in the wilderness, Laman and Lemuel ¹⁶ were angry with me, and tried to take away my life, ¹⁹ but some of our company plead with them, and they stopped trying to take away my life. ²¹ I forgave them all that they had done, and we traveled again on our journey.

^{17:3} If the children of men keep God's commandments, he provides means for them to accomplish what he has commanded.

^{17:5} We came to the land which we called Bountiful, because it had much fruit and wild honey. God had prepared all these things that we might not perish. ⁶ We pitched our tents by the seashore, and rejoiced greatly.

^{17:7} God said to me, Nephi, ⁸ "You shall construct a ship after the manner that I will show you, that I may

carry your people across these waters.”
¹⁵ Therefore, I labored to keep the commandments of God.

^{17:17} When my brothers saw that I was about to build a ship, they began to grumble against me, saying, “Our brother is a fool, for he thinks that he can build a ship, and cross these great waters.”

^{17:19} I was deeply grieved because of the hardness of their hearts. When they saw this they were glad, saying, “We knew that you couldn’t construct a ship, and that you lacked judgment.

²⁰ You’re like our father, led away by the foolish imaginations of his heart. He has led us out of the land of Jerusalem, and we’ve wandered in the wilderness all these years.”

^{18:3} I, Nephi, often went up on the mountain, and I often prayed to God.

^{18:4} After I had finished the ship, my brothers saw that it was good, and they humbled themselves again before God.

⁶ We prepared many provisions, went into the ship with our wives and children, ⁸ and put forth into the sea.

^{18:23} After we had sailed for many days we arrived at the promised land.

^{19:1} I made plates of ore on which to engrave the record of my people, ⁵ to keep the more sacred things for instructing my people.

^{19:7} The things which some men esteem to be of great worth, both to the body and soul, others set at naught.

⁹ The world, because of their iniquity, will judge Jesus to be a thing of naught.

¹⁸ I have written these things that perhaps I might persuade my people to remember God.

^{22:23} For the time soon comes that all churches which are built up to make a profit, and to get power, and to become popular in the eyes of the world, must be brought low in the dust.

^{22:31} If you are obedient to the commandments, and endure to the end, you

will be saved at the last day.

2 Nephi

^{4:13} Not many days after Lehi's death, Laman and Lemuel were angry with me, ^{5:2} so they sought to take away my life.

^{5:5} God warned me to depart from them, and flee into the wilderness along with all those who would go with me. ⁶ Therefore, I took my family, and Sam, my older brother, and Jacob and Joseph, my younger brothers, and also my sisters, and their families. All those who went with me were those who believed in the warnings and revelations of God.

^{5:7} We journeyed in the wilderness for many days, and pitched our tents. ¹⁰ We were careful to keep the commandments of God in all things. ¹¹ We prospered greatly, for we sowed seed,

reaped in abundance, and raised flocks, and herds, and animals of every kind.

5:14 I made many swords so that our enemies would not come upon us and destroy us.

6:1 The words of Jacob, the brother of Nephi:

9:27 Woe to him who has all the commandments of God, and transgresses them, and wastes the days of his probation.

9:28 Oh the vanity, and foolishness of men! When they are learned they think they are wise, and they do not listen to God's counsel, for they set it aside, supposing they know of themselves, therefore, their wisdom is foolishness and it does not profit them. ²⁹ But to be learned is good if they listen to God's counsels.

9:30 Woe to the rich, who despise the poor, and persecute the meek, and whose hearts are on their treasures; therefore, their treasure is their God.

9:34 Woe to the liar, ³⁵ to the murderer who kills deliberately, ³⁶ and to those who commit fornication.

9:39 Remember, the mind set on the flesh is death, and the mind set on the spirit is eternal life. ⁴⁵ Turn away from your sins. ⁴⁶ Prepare your souls for the day of judgment.

9:51 Do not spend money on what has no value, nor your labor on what cannot satisfy.

10:23 Cheer up your hearts, and remember that you are free to act for yourselves: to choose the way of everlasting death or the way of eternal life. ²⁴ Therefore, reconcile yourselves to the will of God, and not to the will of the flesh.

11:1 Jacob spoke many more things to my people, but I, Nephi, have only written these.

25:23 We labor diligently to write, to persuade our children, and also our brothers, to believe in Christ, and to

be reconciled to God. ²⁶ We talk of Christ, we rejoice in Christ, we preach of Christ, we prophesy of Christ.

^{26:21} There are many churches built up which cause envy, strife, and malice. ²² The devil leads them by the neck with a flaxen cord until he binds them with his strong cords forever.

^{26:23} God does not work in darkness. ²⁵ Does he say to anyone, "Depart from me?" No. ²⁶ Has he commanded anyone to depart from the houses of worship? No.

^{26:29} He commands that there shall be no priestcrafts, which are when men preach and set themselves up as a light to the world, to make a profit, and get praise of the world. ³⁰ God has forbidden this. Therefore, he has commanded that all men should have love, and except they have love they are nothing.

^{26:32} God has commanded men not to murder, lie, steal, envy, take his name in vain, have malice, contend

with one another, or commit fornication. ³³ None of these iniquities come from God, for he does good among the children of men.

^{28:3} One church will say to the other, "Behold, I, I am God's." And the other churches will say, "I, I am God's." Thus will every one say that has built up churches, and not to God. ⁴ They will contend with one another, and their priests will contend with one another.

^{28:8} Many will say, "Eat, drink, and be merry, nevertheless fear God. He will justify in committing a little sin. Lie a little, take advantage of one because of his words, dig a pit for your neighbor. There is no harm in this. Do all these things, for tomorrow we die. If we are guilty, God will beat us with a few lashes, and at last we will be saved."

^{28:12} Because of pride their churches have become corrupted. ¹³ They rob the poor because of their fine sanctu-

aries, and their fine clothing. They persecute the meek and the poor in heart, because in their pride they have become arrogant.

^{28:16} Woe to those who turn aside the just for nothing, and revile against what is good, and say that it has no worth! ²⁹ Woe to him who says, “We have received the word of God, and we need no more of the word of God, for we have enough!”

^{28:30} God says, “To him who receives I will give more. From them who say, ‘We have enough,’ will be taken away whatever they have.”

^{29:3} “Some will say, ‘We have a Bible, and there cannot be any more Bible.’ ¹⁰ Because you have a Bible you don’t need to suppose that it contains all my words. ¹¹ For I command all men to write the words which I speak to them.”

^{30:17} There is nothing secret that will not be revealed.

^{32:8} Know that you must pray, for the evil spirit teaches a man that he must not pray.

^{33:10} Listen to these words and believe in Christ, for they teach all men to do good.

Jacob

^{1:2} Nephi gave me, Jacob, a commandment to write a few of the most precious things. ¹⁵ The people began to grow hard in their hearts, and to indulge somewhat in wickedness, ¹⁷ therefore I gave them these words:

^{2:12} Many of you have begun to search for gold, silver, and precious ores, ¹³ and providence has smiled on you most pleasingly, that you have obtained many riches. Because some of you have obtained more abundantly than others you are lifted up in the pride of your hearts because of the costliness of your

apparel, and persecute others because you suppose that you are better than they. ¹⁴ Do you suppose that God justifies you in this thing? No, but he condemns you, and if you persist his judgments will speedily come to you.

^{2:17} Think of others like yourselves, be familiar with all, and free with your possessions, that they may be rich like you. ¹⁸ But before you seek for riches, seek for the kingdom of God. ¹⁹ After you have obtained a hope in Christ you will obtain riches, if you seek them, and you will seek them with the intent to do good: to clothe the naked, to feed the hungry, to liberate the captive, and to administer relief to the sick and the afflicted. ²¹ Don't you suppose that one being is as precious in God's sight as the other?

^{2:35} You have broken your tender wives' hearts, and lost your children's confidence, because of your bad examples before them. The sobbing of their

hearts ascends up to God against you.

^{4:8} Don't despise God's revelations.

¹⁰ Don't seek to counsel God, but to take counsel from him. For you know that he counsels in wisdom, justice, and great mercy.

^{6:12} Be wise; what more can I say?

Zeniff

Taken from chapters 11-23 of the Book of Mosiah.

^{11:1} Zeniff conferred the kingdom on Noah, one of his sons. ² Noah did not keep God's commandments, but followed the desires of his own heart. ³ He imposed a tax of one fifth of all the people possessed ⁴ to support himself, and his priests.

^{11:20} There was a man named Abinadi who went among the people saying, "God says, 'Woe to this people, for I have seen their abominations,

their wickedness, and their fornication. ²¹ Unless they repent they will be brought into bondage.’”

^{11:27} When king Noah heard of Abinadi’s words, he was angry. He said, “Who is Abinadi that he should judge me and my people, or who is God to bring such great affliction on my people? ²⁸ Bring Abinadi here that I may kill him.”

^{12:9} They took him and carried him bound before the king. ²⁹ Abinadi said to the priests, “Why do you set your hearts on riches? Why do you spend your strength with prostitutes?”

^{13:4} “You’re angry with me because I’ve told you the truth. ^{15:26} But fear and tremble before God, for he redeems none who have wilfully rebelled against him, who have known his commandments, and refused to keep them.”

^{17:1} The king commanded the priests to take Abinadi and cause him to be put to death.

^{17:2} There was a young man among the priests whose name was Alma, and he believed Abinadi's words, therefore he began to plead with the king to let Abinadi depart in peace. ³ But the king was more angry and sent his servants after Alma to kill him. ⁴ But he fled from them and hid. Being concealed for many days, he wrote all the words which Abinadi had spoken.

^{17:7} The king said, "Abinadi, ⁸ you will be put to death unless you take back all the evil you've spoken about me and my people."

^{17:9} Abinadi said to him, "I will not take back what I've spoken to you, for it is true. ¹⁰ It will stand as a testimony against you at the last day."

^{17:11} King Noah was about to release him, for he feared that God's judgments would come upon him. ¹² But the priests said, "He has reviled the king." Therefore the king was incited

to anger against him, and delivered him to be killed.

^{17:20} Abinadi suffered death by fire because he would not deny the commandments of God, having sealed the truth of his words with his death.

^{18:1} Alma, who had fled from king Noah's servants, began to teach Abinadi's words. ³ Many believed his words.

^{18:31} These things were done in the borders of the land, that the king might not know. ³² But they were made known to the king. ³³ He said that Alma was inciting the people to rebellion against him, therefore he sent his army to destroy them.

^{23:1} Now Alma, having been warned by God, told his people, therefore they gathered together their flocks, and their grain, and ³ they fled eight days' journey into the wilderness.

^{23:4} They came to a beautiful and pleasant land, ⁵ and began to till the

ground, and build buildings. They were industrious, and worked very hard.

^{23:6} The people wanted Alma to be their king, for his people loved him. ⁷ But he said to them, “It’s not expedient for us to have a king. ⁹ Remember the iniquity of king Noah and his priests. ¹² King Noah oppressed you, and you were in bondage to him and his priests. ¹³ Because you have been delivered out of the hands of king Noah and his people, I ask you not to trust any man to be a king over you.”

^{23:15} Thus did Alma teach his people that every man should love his neighbor as himself, and that there should be no contention among them.

Mosiah

^{1:2} King Benjamin had three sons, and he caused them to be taught so that they might become men of understanding. ³ He also taught them about the records which were engraved on the brass plates, saying: “My sons, ⁴ it wasn’t possible for our father, Lehi, to remember all these things; but he could read these engravings, and teach them to his children, that they could teach them to their children, even down to the present time.”

^{1:9} King Benjamin grew old, and saw that he must very soon go the way of all the earth. ¹⁰ Therefore, he ¹⁸ proclaimed to all the people to gather themselves together to hear his words.

^{2:5} When they arrived, they pitched their tents on every side, every family being separate from one another.

^{2:8} He caused his words to be written and sent to those who could not hear

him, that they might also receive his words. ⁹ These are the words which he spoke:

^{2:10} I have not commanded you to come here to fear me, or to think that I am more than a mortal man. ¹¹ But I am like you, subject to all kinds of infirmities in body and mind; yet the people have chosen me, and God has allowed me to be a king; to serve you with all the might, mind and strength which he has granted me.

^{2:12} I have been allowed to spend my days in your service, and have not sought gold, or silver, or any kind of riches from you. ¹³ Neither have I allowed you to be confined in dungeons, or to make slaves of one another, or to murder, or steal, or commit adultery. ¹⁴ And even I, myself, have labored with my own hands that I might serve you, and that you should not be burdened with taxes.

^{2:15} Yet, I have not done this to boast.

¹⁷ I tell you so you may learn wisdom; that you may learn that when you serve your fellow beings you are only serving God.

^{2:18} If I, whom you call your king, labor to serve you, then shouldn't you labor to serve one another? ¹⁹ If I, whom you call your king, merit any thanks from you, O how you should thank your heavenly king!

^{2:41} Consider the blessed and happy state of those who keep God's commandments. They are blessed in all things, both temporal and spiritual, and if they remain faithful to the end they are received into heaven to dwell with God in never-ending happiness.

^{3:19} The natural man is an enemy to God, and will be forever, unless he puts off the natural man and becomes like a child: submissive, meek, humble, patient, full of love, willing to submit to all things, even as a child submits to his father.

^{4:9} Believe in God. Believe that he is, and that he created all things. Believe that he has all wisdom. Believe that man does not comprehend all that God can comprehend. ¹⁰ Believe that you must repent of your sins and forsake them, and humble yourselves before God. Ask in sincerity of heart that he would forgive you. And now, if you believe all these things see that you do them.

^{4:11} Humble yourselves, calling on God daily. ¹² If you do this you will always rejoice, ¹³ and you will not have a mind to injure one another, but to live at peace, and to repay every man what he is due. ¹⁴ You will not allow your children to go hungry, or naked, or to transgress God's laws and fight and quarrel with one another. ¹⁵ But you will teach them to walk in the ways of sober truth, to love one another, and to serve one another. ¹⁶ You will help those who need your help. You will

give of your possessions to him who stands in need. You won't allow the beggar to petition you in vain, and turn him away to perish.

^{4:17} Perhaps you will say, "The man has brought his misery on himself, therefore I won't give him of my food, or of my possessions, for his punishments are just." ¹⁸ Whoever does this has great cause to repent. Unless he repents he perishes forever, and has no part in the kingdom of God. ¹⁹ For aren't we all beggars? Don't we all depend on God for all our possessions, for food and clothing, for gold and silver, and for all our riches of every kind?

^{4:22} If you judge the man who petitions you for your possessions, that he perish not, and condemn him, how much more just will be your condemnation for withholding your possessions, which don't belong to you but to God. ²³ Woe to that man, for his possessions will perish with him. I speak to those

who are rich in the things of this world.

^{4:24} I say to the poor, you who only have enough to remain from day to day; I mean all you who deny the beggar, because you have not. Say in your hearts: "I don't give because I don't have, but if I had I would give." ²⁵ If you say this in your hearts you remain guiltless. Otherwise you are condemned, for you covet what you have not received.

^{4:26} To retain forgiveness of your sins: Share your possessions with the poor, every man according to what he has, such as feeding the hungry, clothing the naked, visiting the sick and helping them, both spiritually and temporally, according to their needs. ²⁷ And see that all this is done in wisdom and order; for it is not necessary for a man to run faster than he has strength. It is expedient for him to be diligent, that he might win the prize. Therefore, all things must be done in order.

^{4:28} Remember that whoever borrows

from his neighbor should return the thing, as he has agreed, or else you will sin; and perhaps you will cause your neighbor to sin also.

^{4:30} If you do not watch yourselves, and your thoughts, and your words, and your deeds, and observe God's commandments, even until the end of your lives, you must perish. ^{5:13} How does a man know the master whom he has not served, and who is a stranger to him, and is far from the thoughts and intents of his heart?

^{6:4} Mosiah began to reign in his father's place. ^{25:1} He gathered all the people together, and ⁵ read the records of Zeniff to them. ⁶ He also read the account of Alma and his people. ¹⁵ Alma also spoke to them, preaching repentance and faith on God.

^{28:10} King Mosiah had no one to confer the kingdom on, for none of his sons

would accept the kingdom. ¹¹ Therefore he took the records ²⁰ and conferred them on Alma, who was the son of Alma, and commanded him to keep and preserve them, and also to keep a record of the people, handing them down from one generation to the next.

^{29:4} King Mosiah wrote to the people saying, ⁵ “You want to have a king. ⁶ He to whom the kingdom rightly belongs has declined. ⁷ If I appoint another in his place, I fear there would arise contentions which would cause wars, which would destroy the souls of many people.”

^{29:10} “Let us be wise and anticipate these things, and do what will make for peace. ¹¹ Therefore I will be your king for the rest of my life. Nevertheless, let us appoint judges, to judge this people according to our law, and we will newly arrange the affairs of this people.”

^{29:16} “Because all men are not just, it is not expedient to have a king or

kings to rule over you. ¹⁷ For behold, how much iniquity does one wicked king cause to be committed, and what great destruction!”

^{29:21} “You can only dethrone an iniquitous king through much contention, and bloodshed. ²² For he has his friends in iniquity, and he keeps his guards around him, and he tears up the laws of those who have reigned in righteousness before him, and he tramples God’s commandments under his feet, ²³ and he enacts laws according to his own wickedness, and whoever does not obey his laws he causes to be destroyed.”

^{29:25} “Therefore, choose judges by the voice of the people, that you may be judged according to the laws which have been given by our fathers. ²⁶ Observe this and make it your law: do your business by the voice of the people.”

^{29:37} The people were convinced of the truth of his words, ³⁸ therefore they re-

linquished their desire for a king.

^{29:40} The people loved Mosiah, for they did not consider him a tyrant who was seeking for that money which corrupts the soul, for he had not exacted riches from them, neither had he delighted in shedding blood, but he had established peace in the land, and had granted to his people that they should be delivered from all kinds of bondage, therefore they esteemed him beyond measure.

^{29:41} They appointed judges to judge them according to the law. ⁴² Alma was appointed to be the first chief judge.

^{29:47} Thus ended the reign of the kings over the people.

Alma

^{1:2} In the first year of Alma's reign in the judgment seat, there was a man named Nehor ³ who was preaching that every priest and teacher should become popular, and should not labor with his hands, but be supported by the people.

^{1:7} As he was preaching, Nehor began to contend sharply with a man ⁸ named Gideon. ⁹ Nehor drew his sword and killed Gideon.

^{1:10} Nehor was brought before Alma to be judged. ¹² Alma said to him, ¹⁴ "You are condemned to die, according to the law."

^{1:15} He suffered a shameful death, ¹⁶ yet this did not stop priestcraft from spreading through the land, for there were many who loved the vain things of the world.

^{1:21} There was a strict law among the people of the church that no one should persecute those who did not belong to

the church. ²⁷ They imparted of their possessions to the poor, and the needy, and the sick, and the afflicted. They did not wear expensive clothing, yet they were neat and comely.

^{1:29} Because of the steadiness of the church they became very rich, having an abundance of everything they needed. ³⁰ In their prosperous circumstances, they did not send away any who were naked, or hungry, or sick. They did not set their hearts on riches, therefore they were generous to all.

^{4:6} The people of the church began to grow proud because of the great riches they had obtained by their diligence. They were lifted up in their pride, for they began to wear very expensive clothing. ⁷ Now this caused Alma much affliction.

^{4:9} There began to be great contentions among the people of the church. There was envy, strife, malice, persecution, and pride.

4:15 Alma, seeing the afflictions, persecutions, and inequality, began to be very sorrowful. ¹⁶ He selected a wise man, and ¹⁸ delivered the judgment seat to him. ¹⁹ He did this that he himself might go out among his people to remind them of their duty, and to tear down all the pride, craftiness, and contention among them. ²⁰ And thus, Alma delivered up the judgment seat, and confined himself wholly to the priesthood of God.

5:2 This is what Alma said to the people of the church:

5:14 I ask you, have you experienced a mighty change in your hearts? ¹⁵ Do you look forward and view this mortal body raised in immortality to stand before God to be judged according to the deeds which have been done in the mortal body?

5:17 Do you imagine that you can lie to God in that day, and say, "God, our

works have been righteous,” and that he will save you?

5:26 If you have experienced a change of heart, can you feel so now? 27 Have you walked, keeping yourselves blameless before God? Could you say, if you were called to die at this time, that you have been sufficiently humble? 28 Are you stripped of pride? If not, you are not prepared to meet God.

5:30 Is there one among you who mocks his brother, or heaps persecutions on him? 31 Woe to such a one, for he is not prepared, and must repent!

5:57 All of you who desire to follow the voice of the good shepherd, come out from the wicked, be separate, and don't touch their unclean things.

7:2 If I hadn't given the judgment seat to another, to reign in my place, I could not have come at this time.

7:15 Lay aside every sin which so easily entangles you, which binds you down to destruction. Show God that you are

willing to repent of your sins. ²³ Be humble, submissive and gentle; open to reason; full of patience and long-suffering; exercising self-control in all things; diligent in keeping the commandments of God at all times; asking for whatever you need, both spiritual and temporal; always thanking God for whatever you receive.

^{8:6} Alma came to a city called Ammonihah. ¹⁹ As he entered the city he said to a man, “Will you give a humble servant of God something to eat?”

^{8:21} The man was named Amulek, and he brought bread and meat and placed them before Alma. ²⁷ Alma stayed with Amulek for many days before he began to preach to the people.

^{8:30} Alma and Amulek went out among the people, to declare God’s words. ^{12:9} Alma began to explain things to them saying, “God only imparts to the children of men according

to the attention and diligence which they give him. ¹⁰ Therefore, he who hardens his heart receives the lesser portion of the word, and he who will not harden his heart receives the greater portion of the word.”

^{12:12} “All men must die, and be brought before God to be judged according to our works. ¹⁴ For our words, our works, and our thoughts will condemn us.”

^{12:24} “We see that death comes to mankind. Nevertheless there was a space granted to man in which he might repent; therefore this life became a probationary state; a time to prepare to meet God. ³⁷ Because we know these things, let us repent, and not harden our hearts.”

^{13:27} “I wish, from the innermost part of my heart, that you would listen to my words, and cast off your sins, and not procrastinate the day of your repentance, ²⁸ but that you would humble yourselves before God, and watch

and pray continually, that you may not be tempted above what you can bear, becoming humble, meek, submissive, patient, full of love and all long-suffering; ²⁹ having faith in God; having hope that you will receive eternal life; always having the love of God in your hearts.”

^{13:31} Alma spoke many more words to the people which are not written in this book.

^{14:1} After he had spoken to the people, many of them believed his words, and began to repent, and to search the scriptures.

^{15:16} Amulek had left all his gold, silver, and precious things, being rejected by those who were once his friends and also by his father and his relatives. ¹⁸ Alma, seeing all these things, took Amulek to his own house, and ministered to him in his tribulations.

^{29:2} I, Alma, would declare repentance to everyone, that they should repent

and come to God, that there might be less sorrow on the earth. ³ But I sin in my wish, for I should be content with what God has allotted me. ⁸ For God grants to all nations, of their own nation and language, people to teach what he sees fit that they should have.

^{30:6} A man began to preach against the coming of Christ. ⁷ Now there was no law against a man's belief. ⁹ If a man desired to serve God, it was his privilege, but if he did not believe in him there was no law to punish him.

^{30:12} This man, named Korihor, preached saying, ¹⁴ "These things which you call prophecies are foolish traditions of your fathers. ¹⁵ You can't know of things you don't see. ¹⁶ You say that you see a remission of your sins, but it is the effect of a frenzied mind. This derangement of your minds comes because of the traditions of your fathers, which lead you away to believe in things which are not so." ¹⁷ And he told them

that whatever a man did was no crime.

^{30:31} He reviled against Alma and the priests, accusing them of leading away the people after the silly traditions of their fathers, to glut on the labors of the people.

^{30:32} Alma said to him, “You know that we don’t glut ourselves on the labors of this people. I’ve labored with my own hands for my support. ³³ Notwithstanding the many labors I’ve performed in the church, I’ve never received as much as one penny for my labor; neither have any of my brothers.”

^{31:1} Alma received news that one Zoram was leading the people to bow down to idols. ⁵ As preaching the word had a great tendency to lead the people to do what was just — it had had a more powerful effect on the minds of the people than the sword, or anything else which had happened to them

— therefore Alma thought it was expedient to try the power of the word of God. ⁷ Therefore he went among the Zoramites to preach the word to them.

^{32:2} After much labor, they began to have success among the poor, for they were cast out of the synagogues because of their coarse clothing.

^{32:5} One of them said, “They cast us out of our synagogues and we have no place to worship God. What shall we do?”

^{32:7} Alma said to them, ¹⁰ “Do you suppose that you can only worship God in your synagogues? ¹¹ Do you suppose that you must only worship God once per week?”

^{32:22} “God is merciful to all who believe his word. ²³ He imparts his word to men, and women. This is not all, little children often have words given to them which confound the wise and the learned.”

^{32:28} “We will compare the word to

a seed. If you make room to plant a seed in your heart, you will begin to say within yourselves, ‘It’s a good seed, for it begins to enlighten my understanding.’ ³³ Because you have tried the experiment, and planted the seed, ³⁴ you know that the word has sprouted up, that your understanding begins to be enlightened, and your mind begins to expand.” ³⁷ As the tree begins to grow, you will say: “Let’s nourish it carefully, that it may bear fruit. ³⁸ But if you neglect the tree, and don’t think about its nourishment, it withers away. ³⁹ Now, this isn’t because the seed was not good, or because its fruit would not be desirable, but it’s because you won’t nourish the tree.”

^{33:2} “You’ve said that you couldn’t worship God because you’re cast out of your synagogues, but you’re greatly mistaken. ³ Do you remember what Zenos, the prophet of old, said about prayer? ⁴ He said, ‘You are merciful, O

God, for you have heard my prayer, even when I was in the wilderness,⁵ and when I cried to you in my field.⁶ And again, when I turned to my house, you heard my prayer.⁸ You are merciful to your children when they cry to you, to be heard by you and not by men, and you will hear them.”

^{34:1} After Alma had spoken, Amulek taught them, saying,²⁰ “Cry to God when you’re in your fields, over all your flocks.²¹ Cry to him in your houses, over all your household, both morning, midday, and evening.²⁴ Cry to him over the crops of your fields, that you may prosper in them.²⁵ Cry over the flocks of your fields, that they may increase.²⁶ You must pour out your souls in your secret places, and in your wilderness.²⁸ Don’t suppose that this is all; if you turn away the needy, and the naked, and don’t visit the sick and afflicted, your prayer is empty, and brings you nothing, and you are hypocrites.”

34:32 “This life is the time for men to labor. ³³ Don’t procrastinate the day of your repentance. ⁴⁰ Have patience, and bear all kinds of affliction. Don’t revile against those who cast you out because of your great poverty, lest you become sinners like them.”

35:16 Alma gathered his sons together:

37:1 My son Helaman, take the records which have been entrusted to me, ² and keep a record of this people. ⁶ You may suppose that this is foolishness, but by small and simple things are great things brought to pass. ⁸ These things have enlarged the memory of this people, and convinced many of the error of their ways.

37:35 In your youth, learn wisdom and to keep the commandments of God. ⁴⁷ Be sober. My son, farewell.

38:1 My son Shiblon, ¹⁰ be diligent and temperate in all things. ¹¹ Don’t be lifted up in pride. Don’t boast in your

own wisdom, or in your much strength.
¹² Use boldness, but not overbearance.
Bridle all your passions, that you may
be filled with love. Refrain from idleness.

^{38:14} Don't say, "God, I thank you
that we are better than our brothers."
Rather say, "God, forgive my unworthiness,
and remember my brothers in mercy."

^{38:15} Be sober. My son, farewell.

^{39:1} My son Corianton, ² this is what
I have against you: you went on boasting
in your strength and your wisdom, ³ and
you went after a prostitute. ⁵ Don't you know
that these things are an abomination to God?

^{39:9} Repent and forsake your sins, and
don't go after the lusts of your eyes
anymore. ¹¹ Don't allow yourself to be
led away by any vain or foolish thing.
¹⁴ Don't seek after riches or the vain
things of this world, for you cannot carry
them with you.

^{41:14} Be merciful to your brothers. Deal justly, judge righteously, and do good continually. ¹⁵ For what you send out will return to you again.

^{42:27} Whoever will come may partake of the waters of life freely, and whoever will not come is not compelled to come.

^{42:31} My son, declare the word with truth and soberness.

Helaman

^{3:37} In the fifty-third year of the reign of the judges, Nephi, the son of Helaman, the son of Helaman, began to reign in the judgment seat.

^{4:18} In the sixty-second year of the reign of the judges, ^{5:1} Nephi delivered the judgment seat to Cezoram, ⁴ for Nephi was weary because of the iniquity of the people. He gave up the judgment seat to preach the word of God for the rest of his life, and his brother

Lehi also. ⁵ For they remembered what their father Helaman had said to them:

^{5:6} “My sons, declare these words to the people: ¹² Remember that it is upon the rock of Christ that you must build your foundation; that when the devil sends forth his mighty winds, when all his hail and his mighty storm beats upon you, it will have no power to drag you down to the gulf of misery and endless woe, because of the rock on which you are built.”

^{6:15} In the sixty-sixth year of the reign of the judges, Cezoram was murdered. His son, who had been appointed by the people in his place, was also murdered.

^{6:16} The people grew very wicked. ¹⁷ For God had blessed them so long with the riches of the world that they began to set their hearts on their riches. They began to seek for profit that they might be lifted up one above another. Therefore they began to murder, rob, and plunder, to get money.

6:18 Those murderers and plunderers were a band formed by Gadianton.²² They had signs, and secret words to recognize a brother who had entered into the covenant, that whatever wickedness he did he should not be injured by those who belonged to his band.²³ Thus they might murder, plunder, steal, and commit fornication and all kinds of wickedness, contrary to the laws of their country and the laws of God.

7:4 Nephi saw the people in a state of awful wickedness, and the Gadianton robbers filling the judgment seats, having usurped the authority of the land;⁵ letting the guilty go unpunished because of their money; being held in office to get money and glory of the world, that they might more easily commit adultery, steal, and kill.

7:6 This great iniquity had come upon the people in only a few years.

7:13 Nephi said to the people, ²⁰ “How

could you have forgotten God? ²¹ Behold, it is to get money, and to be praised of men. ²⁶ Woe will come to you because of that pride which you have allowed to enter your hearts, which has lifted you up because of your very great riches!”

^{8:25} “You have rejected the truth, and rebelled against God. Instead of storing up for yourselves treasures in heaven, where nothing destroys, you are accumulating for yourselves anger for the day of judgment.”

^{10:18} They would not listen to his words.

^{12:1} Thus we can see the unsteadiness of the hearts of the children of men.

² At the very time when God prospers his people, doing all things for their welfare and happiness, then is the time that they harden their hearts, and forget God, because of their ease, and very great prosperity.

^{12:4} How foolish, vain, and quick to

do iniquity, and how slow to do good, are the children of men. How quick to set their hearts on the vain things of the world! ⁵ How quick to be lifted up in pride; how quick to boast; and how slow to remember God, and to listen to his guidance. How slow to walk in wisdom's paths!

^{12:6} They neglect God's guidance, and will not have him as their guide. ²³ Blessed are they who will repent and listen to the voice of God.

^{13:2} There was one Samuel who came into the land, and preached repentance to the people. ⁴ They would not let him enter the city, so he got on the city wall, and ⁵ said to them:

^{13:8} God says, "Because of the hardness of the hearts of the people, unless they repent I will take away my word from them. ¹⁰ Your enemies, of the fourth generation, will live to see your utter destruction." ²¹ Your riches are cursed because you have set your

hearts on them, and have not listened to the words of him who gave them to you. ²² You don't remember God in the things with which he has blessed you, but you always remember your riches, not to thank God for them. Your hearts swell with great pride, unto boasting, envy, strife, malice, persecution, murder, and all manner of iniquity.

^{13:24} Woe to you, because you drive out the prophets, and mock them, and throw stones at them, and kill them, just as they did long ago. ²⁵ And now you say, "If we had lived in the time of our fathers, we would not have killed the prophets. We would not have stoned them, and driven them out."

^{13:26} You are worse than they. If a prophet comes to you and declares your sins and iniquities, you are angry with him, and look for ways to destroy him. You will say that he is a false prophet, because he testifies that your deeds are evil.

^{13:27} But if a man comes to you and says, “Do this and there is no iniquity. Walk after the pride of your eyes, and do whatever your heart desires,” you will say that he is a prophet. ²⁸ You will dress him in expensive clothing because he speaks flattering words, and says that all is well.

^{14:30} Remember that you are free. You are permitted to act for yourselves. God ³¹ has allowed you to know good from evil, and to choose life or death. You can do good and have good restored to you, or you can do evil and have evil restored to you.

^{16:1} Many heard the words of Samuel, and believed him, and confessed their sins. ² But those who did not believe Samuel were angry with him. They threw stones and shot arrows at him as he stood on the wall, but they could not hit him.

^{16:7} He jumped down from the wall, fled out of their land, ⁸ and was never

heard from again.

3 Nephi

^{2:10} The people still remained in wickedness. ¹¹ The Gadianton robbers had become so numerous, and killed so many of the people, that all the people ¹² were compelled, for the safety of their lives and their women and their children, to take up arms against those Gadianton robbers to maintain their liberty.

^{6:4} The people began again to prosper, and there was great order in the land. ⁵ There was nothing to hinder the people from prospering continually, except if they fell into transgression.

^{6:10} There began to be some disputes among the people, and some were lifted up in pride and boasting because of their very great riches, even to great persecutions. ¹² The people began to be distinguished by rank, according to

their riches and their chances for learning. Some were ignorant because of their poverty, and others received great learning because of their riches. ¹⁴ And thus there arose a great inequality in the land, so the church began to be broken up.

^{6:15} Now the cause of the iniquity was this: the people were puffing up with pride, seeking for power, authority, riches, and the vain things of the world. ¹⁸ They did not sin ignorantly, because God's will had been taught to them, therefore they wilfully rebelled against God.

^{7:14} The people divided into tribes, every man according to his family. They had come to an agreement that they would not go to war with one another, or trespass against one another, so in some degree they had peace in the land. Nevertheless, their hearts were turned from God, and they stoned the prophets and cast them out.

^{7:17} Nephi preached many things to the people. ¹⁸ They were angry with him. ²¹ Only a few were converted to God.

^{11:1} A great multitude were gathered together ² talking about Jesus Christ. ³ While they were talking with one another, they heard a voice as if it came from heaven. ⁸ They looked up, and saw a man descending out of heaven. He came down and stood among them. ⁹ He reached out his hand and spoke to the people, saying, ¹⁰ “I am Jesus Christ, whom the prophets testified would come into the world.”

^{11:12} When Jesus said these words the whole multitude fell to the ground, for they remembered that it had been prophesied that Christ would show himself to them.

^{11:18} Jesus commanded Nephi to come forward, ²² and called others, and said to them, ²⁸ “There shall be no disputes among you, as there have been until

now. ²⁹ For he that has the spirit of contention is not of me, but is of the devil, who is the father of contention, and he stirs up the hearts of men to contend with anger, one with another.”

^{12:1} When Jesus had spoken these words to Nephi, and those who had been called, he said to the multitude:

^{12:3} Blessed are the poor in spirit who come to me, for the kingdom of heaven is theirs. ⁴ Blessed are all those who mourn, for they will be comforted.

⁵ Blessed are the meek, for they will inherit the earth. ⁶ Blessed are all those who hunger and thirst for righteousness, for they will be filled with the holy spirit. ⁷ Blessed are the merciful, for they will receive mercy. ⁸ Blessed are all the pure in heart, for they will see God. ⁹ Blessed are all the peacemakers, for they will be called sons of God. ¹⁰ Blessed are all those who are persecuted because of my name, for the kingdom of heaven is theirs. ¹¹ Bless-

ed are you when people insult you and persecute you, and falsely say all kinds of evil against you because of me, ¹² for you will have great joy and be glad, for your reward in heaven will be great; for in the same way they persecuted the prophets who were before you.

^{12:15} Do people light a lamp and put it under a basket? No, but on a stand, and it gives light to everyone in the house. ¹⁶ Therefore let your light shine before this people, so that they may see your good works and glorify God who is in heaven.

^{12:19} You have the commandments. ²⁰ Unless you keep my commandments, you will never enter into the kingdom of heaven.

^{12:21} It is written that you shall not murder, and whoever murders will be subject to God's judgment. ²² But I tell you that everyone who is angry with his brother will be subject to his judgment. And whoever says, "You fool,"

will be subject to hell fire. ²³ Therefore, if you want to come to me, and remember that your brother has something against you, ²⁴ go to your brother, and first be reconciled to him, and then come to me with full purpose of heart, and I will receive you.

^{12:27} It is written that you shall not commit adultery. ²⁸ But I tell you that everyone who looks at a woman with lust for her has already committed adultery in his heart.

^{12:29} Allow none of these things to enter your heart, ³⁰ for it is better to deny yourselves these things than to be thrown into hell.

^{12:33} It is written that you shall not break your oath, but shall fulfill your oaths to God. ³⁴ But I tell you, make no oath at all, ³⁷ but let your statement be “Yes” or “No”. Anything more than this is evil.

^{12:38} It is written, an eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth. ³⁹ But I tell

you, don't resist an evil person. Instead, if someone slaps you on the right cheek, turn to him the other also. ⁴⁰ If someone wants to sue you and take your shirt, let him have your coat also. ⁴¹ If someone forces you to go one mile, go with him two. ⁴² Give to him who asks you, and don't turn away from him who wants to borrow from you.

^{12:43} It is written, "Love your neighbor and hate your enemy." ⁴⁴ But I tell you, love your enemies, bless those who curse you, do good to those who hate you, and pray for those who mistreat you and persecute you ⁴⁵ that you may be sons of God. For he makes his sun rise on the evil and the good.

^{13:1} You should give to the poor, but beware of practicing your righteousness before men to be seen by them. ² So when you give to the poor, don't sound a trumpet before you, as the hypocrites do, to be praised by men. They have their reward. ³ But when you give to

the poor, don't let your left hand know what your right hand is doing, ⁴ so that your giving may be in secret.

^{13:5} When you pray, don't do as the hypocrites, for they love to pray to be seen by men. They have their reward. ⁶ But when you pray, go into your room, shut your door, and pray to God who is in secret. ⁷ When you pray, don't use meaningless repetition like the pagans, for they think that they will be heard for their many words.

^{13:16} When you fast, don't look gloomy like the hypocrites, for they disfigure their faces to show men that they are fasting. They have their reward. ¹⁷ But when you fast, anoint your head, and wash your face, ¹⁸ so that your fasting is not obvious to men, but to God, who is in secret.

^{13:19} Don't store up for yourselves treasures on earth, where moth and rust destroy, and thieves break in and steal. ²⁰ But store up for yourselves

treasures in heaven, where neither moth nor rust destroys, and where thieves do not break in and steal. ²¹ For where your treasure is, there your heart will be also.

^{13:24} No one can serve two masters; for either he will hate the one and love the other, or he will be devoted to the one and despise the other. You cannot serve God and money.

^{14:1} Don't judge, so that you won't be judged. ² For in the way you judge, you will be judged; and with the measure you use, it will be measured to you.

^{14:3} Why do you look at the speck in your brother's eye, but don't notice the log in your own eye? ¹² Therefore, whatever you want others to do to you, do also to them.

^{14:15} Beware of false prophets who come to you in sheep's clothing, but inwardly are ravenous wolves. ¹⁶ You will recognize them by their fruits. Are grapes gathered from thornbushes, or

figs from thistles? ¹⁷ Likewise, every good tree bears good fruit, but a bad tree bears bad fruit. ¹⁸ A good tree cannot bear bad fruit, nor can a bad tree bear good fruit. ²⁰ So you'll recognize them by their fruits.

^{14:24} Everyone who hears these words of mine and acts on them will be like a wise man who built his house on the rock. ²⁵ The rain fell, the floods came, and the winds blew and beat against that house. Yet it did not fall, because its foundation was on the rock.

^{14:26} Everyone who hears these words of mine and doesn't act on them, will be like a foolish man who built his house on the sand. ²⁷ The rain fell, the floods came, and the winds blew and beat against that house, and it fell.

^{15:9} Turn to me, and endure to the end, and you will live. For to him who endures to the end, I will give eternal life. ¹⁰ I've given you the commandments, therefore keep my command-

ments.

^{17:2} I can see that you're weak, that you cannot understand all that I'm speaking to you. ³ Therefore, go to your homes, and ponder on the things which I've said, and ask God that you may understand.

^{18:18} You must watch and pray always to avoid temptation. ²¹ Pray to God in your families that your wives and your children may be blessed. ²² Meet together often, and forbid no man from coming to you when you meet together, ²³ but pray for them, and do not cast them out.

^{18:36} When Jesus finished these sayings, ³⁹ he departed from them.

Mormon

8:1 I, Moroni, finish the record of my father, Mormon. I have only a few things to write, which things my father commanded me.

8:3 Our enemies killed my father, and I alone remain to write the sad tale of the destruction of my people. I don't know whether they will kill me. ⁵ All my relatives have been killed in battle, and I have no friends, and nowhere to go.

8:12 Whoever receives this record, and doesn't condemn it because of its imperfections, will know of greater things than these; ¹⁹ for one who judges rashly will be judged rashly again; for his wages will be according to his works. ²⁰ The scripture says, "Man shall not strike, neither shall he judge, for judgment is mine, and vengeance is mine also, and I will repay," says God."

8:22 For the eternal purposes of God

will roll on until all his promises are fulfilled.

8:31 Many will say, "Do this, or do that, and it doesn't matter, for God will uphold them at the last day." But woe to them, for they are in the gall of bitterness and in the bonds of iniquity.

32 Churches will be built up that will say, "Come to me, and for your money you will be forgiven of your sins."

33 You wicked and perverse and stubborn people.

8:36 I know that you walk in the pride of your hearts, to wearing very fine clothing, to envying, strife, malice, persecution, and all manner of iniquity.

37 For you love money, and your possessions, and your fine clothing, and adorning your churches, more than you love the poor and the needy, the sick and the afflicted.

8:39 Why do you adorn yourselves with what has no life and yet allow the hungry, the needy, the naked, the sick,

and the afflicted to pass by you, and not notice them?

^{9:27} Don't doubt, but believe, and come to God with all your heart, and work out your own salvation with fear and trembling before him. ²⁸ Be wise during your probation. Strip yourselves of all impurity. Don't ask so that you may spend it on your pleasures, but ask with an unwavering firmness that you will yield to no temptation, but serve the true and living God.

^{9:31} Don't condemn me or my father because of our imperfections, neither those who have written before us. Rather, give thanks to God that he has revealed our imperfections to you, that you may learn to be wiser than we have been.

Moroni

7:1 I, Moroni, write some of the words of my father Mormon.

7:2 I, Mormon, speak to you. ⁵ I remember God's word, which says you will recognize them by their works, for if their works are good then they are also good. ⁶ For God has said, an evil man cannot do what is good. For if he offers a gift, or prays to God, unless he does it with real intent he gains nothing, ⁷ for it is not counted to him as righteousness. ⁸ For if an evil man gives a gift, he does it reluctantly, therefore it is counted to him the same as if he had retained the gift, therefore he is counted evil before God.

7:9 Likewise, it is counted evil to a man if he prays without real intent of heart. He gains nothing, for God receives none such. ¹⁰ Therefore, an evil man cannot do what is good. ¹¹ A bitter spring cannot pour out good water;

neither can a good spring pour out bitter water.

7:13 That which is of God invites and entices to do good continually. Therefore, everything which invites and entices to do good, to love God, and to serve him, is inspired of God. ¹⁴ Be on guard that you don't judge what is evil to be of God, or what is good and of God to be of the devil.

7:18 See that you don't judge unjustly, for with the same judgment that you judge you will also be judged.

7:44 If a man doesn't have love he is nothing. ⁴⁵ Love is patient, is kind, does not envy, is not arrogant, is not self-seeking, is not irritable, keeps no record of wrongs, does not rejoice in unrighteousness but rejoices in the truth, bears all things, believes all things, hopes all things, and endures all things.

7:46 Therefore, love never ends. Hold fast to love, which is the greatest of all, for all things must end, ⁴⁷ but love

endures forever, and whoever possesses it at the last day, it will go well with him.

^{10:1} Now I, Moroni, ³ exhort you that when you read these things, you should remember how merciful God has been to the children of men, and ponder it in your hearts.

^{10:8} Don't deny the gifts of God, for they are many, and they come from the same God. There are different ways that these gifts are administered, but it is the same God who works all things in all men, and they are given to profit men. ⁹ To one is given that he may teach a message of wisdom, ¹⁰ to another teaching a message of knowledge, ¹¹ to another very great faith, to another the gifts of healing, ¹² to another working mighty miracles, ¹³ to another prophesy about all things, ¹⁴ to another seeing angels and ministering spirits, ¹⁵ to another all kinds of tongues, ¹⁶ and to another the interpretation of

languages. ¹⁷ All these gifts come from God to every man individually, as he wills.

^{10:21} Unless you have love, faith, and hope, you cannot be saved. ²² If you don't have hope you must be in despair, and despair comes because of iniquity.

^{10:34} I say to all, farewell. I soon go to rest in God's paradise.

Muhammad

^{1:1} In the name of God, Most Gracious, Most Merciful. ² All praise is owed to God, sustainer of the worlds, ⁴ Master of the Day of Judgment. ⁵ You alone we worship, and you alone we ask for help. ⁶ Guide us to the straight path; ⁷ the path of those you have blessed, not of those who earned your anger, nor of those who stray.

^{2:2} This book is a guidance for those conscious of God, ³ who believe in the unseen, are steadfast in prayer, give out of what We have provided them,

⁴ believe in the revelation sent to you, Muhammad, and what was sent before your time, and who have firm faith in the hereafter. ⁵ They are following guidance from their Lord, and they will prosper. ⁶ As for those who disbelieve, it is the same to them whether you warn them or not: they won't believe.

^{2:42} Don't mix truth with falsehood, nor knowingly conceal the truth. ⁴³ Be steadfast in prayer, spend in charity, and bow down with those who bow down in worship.

^{2:44} Do you enjoin righteousness on the people and forget to do it yourselves, even though you recite the Scripture? Have you no sense? ⁴⁵ Seek help with patience and prayer. It is difficult indeed, except for the humble, ⁴⁶ who are certain that they will meet their Lord and return to Him.

^{2:62} All who believe in God and the Last Day, and do righteousness, will have their reward with their Lord.

They will have no fear, nor will they grieve.

^{2:79} Woe to those who write a book with their own hands then say, "This is from God," in order to sell it for a small price!

^{2:111} They say, "None will enter Paradise unless he is a Jew or a Christian." ¹¹² In fact, whoever submits himself wholly to God and does good will have his reward with his Lord.

^{2:135} They say, "Become Jews or Christians, then you will be rightly guided." ¹³⁶ Say, "We believe in God, and the revelation given to us, and to Abraham, Ishmael, Isaac, Jacob, and their descendants, and the revelation given to Moses, Jesus, and the prophets from their Lord. We make no distinction between any of them, and we submit to Him."

^{2:153} Believers, seek help through patience and prayer. For God is with the steadfast.

2:172 Believers, eat the good things We have provided for you, and be grateful to God, if it is Him you worship.

2:177 Righteousness is not turning your faces towards east or west, but righteousness is one who believes in God, the Last Day, the angels, the Book, and the prophets; who gives of his wealth, even though he loves it, to relatives, orphans, the needy, the traveler, beggars, and for freeing slaves; who are steadfast in prayer, and spend in charity; who keep their promises; and are patient in poverty, adversity, and during battle. These ones are true, and conscious of God.

2:180 When death approaches any of you and he leaves behind wealth, it is prescribed that he make a proper bequest to parents and near relatives. This is a duty for those conscious of God. ¹⁸¹ If anyone alters the bequest after hearing it, the sin is on them: God hears and knows all. ¹⁸² But if anyone

fears that the testator made a mistake or did wrong, and makes peace between the heirs, he incurs no sin: God is forgiving and merciful.

^{2:183} Believers, fasting is prescribed for you, as it was for those before you, that you may become conscious of God. ¹⁸⁴ Fast for a specific number of days, but if you are sick or traveling, make up the days later. Those who can only fast with difficulty may feed a poor person instead. Whoever volunteers to give more, it is better for him. ¹⁸⁵ In the month of Ramadan the Qur'an was revealed as a guidance for mankind, as a clear sign of that guidance, and as judgment between right and wrong. So whoever is present during that month should fast. God wants ease for you, not hardship; and perhaps you will be grateful.

^{2:188} Don't consume one another's property unjustly, nor use it to bribe judges, intending to consume some

of the property of others sinfully and knowingly.

2:215 Whatever you spend in charity should be for parents, close relatives, orphans, the poor, and for travelers. Whatever good you do, God knows it well.

2:216 You may dislike something that's good for you, and love something that's bad for you. God knows, and you do not.

2:219 They ask you about wine and gambling. Say, "In them is great sin, yet some benefit, but the sin is greater than the benefit." They ask you how much they should give. Say, "The excess." 220 They ask you about orphans. Say, "Improving their condition is best. God knows who spoils things and who improves them. If God had wished, He could have put you into difficulties."

2:221 Don't marry idolatrous women until they believe. A slave who believes is better than an idolatress, even if she

pleases you. These invite you to the fire.

^{2:238} Strictly guard your habit of prayers. Stand before God in devout obedience. ²³⁹ If you are in danger, pray walking or riding, but when you are secure, remember God, for He taught you what you did not know.

^{2:256} There shall be no compulsion in religion. The right path has become clear from the wrong. Whoever rejects false gods and believes in God has grasped the most trustworthy handhold that never breaks.

^{2:261} Those who spend their wealth in God's cause are like a grain of corn which grows seven ears, and each ear has a hundred grains. ²⁶² Those who spend their wealth in God's cause will have their reward with their Lord: they will have no fear, nor will they grieve.

^{2:263} Kind words and forgiveness are better than charity followed by injury. ²⁶⁴ Believers, don't cancel your charity

with reminders of your generosity or with injury, like those who spend their wealth to be seen of men, but do not believe in God or the Last Day. They are like a smooth rock with dust on it. Heavy rain falls, leaving it bare. They are unable to keep anything they have earned. God does not guide disbelievers. ²⁶⁵ Those who spend their wealth seeking to please God are like a garden on high ground. Heavy rain falls, yielding a double harvest. If heavy rain doesn't fall, light rain will.

^{2:267} Believers, give from the good things which you have earned. Do not give from what is bad, when you yourselves would only accept it if your eyes were closed.

^{2:268} Satan threatens you with poverty and orders you to commit immorality. God promises you His forgiveness and bounty.

^{2:270} Whatever you give, or vow to give, God knows it. But the wrong-

doers will have no helpers. ²⁷¹ If you disclose your charity, it is good, but if you conceal it and give it to the poor, it is better for you. It will atone for some of your bad deeds.

^{2:272} Whatever charity you give benefits your own soul when you do it only to seek the face of God. Whatever you give will be repaid to you in full, and you will not be wronged. ²⁷³ Give to the poor who are wholly occupied in God's cause, unable to travel in the land for work. The unknowing might think they are rich because of their restraint, but you will recognize them because they don't beg persistently. Whatever good you give, be assured that God knows it.

^{2:274} Those who give of their possessions by night and by day, privately and publicly, will have their reward with their Lord: they will have no fear, nor will they grieve. ²⁷⁷ Those who believe, do good works, are steadfast in prayer,

and spend in charity, will have their reward with their Lord: they will have no fear, nor will they grieve.

2:282 When you contract a debt for a specified term, write it down. Let the debtor write, and not diminish what he owes. Bring two witnesses. They must not refuse when called to testify. Do not disdain to write down your contract, whether it be small or large, along with the time it falls due: this is more just with God, more reliable as evidence, and more likely to prevent doubt between you. If it be an immediate trade, there is no blame if you don't write it down. Have witnesses present when you trade with one another.

3:3 He sent down to you the Book with the truth, confirming what went before it. He sent down the Torah and the Gospel ⁴ as a guidance for the people.

3:14 Alluring to men is the love of their desires: women, children, heaping treasures of gold and silver, fine horses, cat-

tle, and farmland. These are pleasures of life in this world, but with God is the best place to return.

3:92 You will only attain true piety if you give out of what you love. Whatever you give, truly, God knows it.

3:137 Situations similar to yours have happened before: travel through the earth, and see how it ended for the disbelievers.

3:156 Believers, don't say of your brothers who traveled or went out to fight, "If they had stayed with us, they would not have died." This will become a source of regret in your hearts.

4:2 Give orphans their property. Don't replace their good things with your bad things, nor consume their property together with your own. Surely, this is a great sin.

4:3 Marry women of your choice, two or three or four. If you fear that you will not treat them fairly, then only one. That will help you avoid bias. ⁴ Give

the women their dower graciously. If they willingly remit any of it to you, enjoy it with a clear conscience.

^{4:5} Do not entrust your property to the weak-minded. God made it a means of support for you, but feed and clothe them with it, and speak to them with kindness.

^{4:6} Test orphans until they reach marriageable age. If they have sound judgment, release their property to them. Don't consume it wastefully or hastily before they grow up. If the guardian is wealthy, he should take no compensation. If he is poor, he should use only what is reasonable. When you release their property to them, bring witnesses.

^{4:7} Men and women shall each have a share of what parents and close relatives leave, whether the property is small or large. ⁸ If other relatives, or orphans, or poor are present during the division, then give them something from the estate, and speak to them

with kindness. ⁹ Let executors have the same fear in their minds as if they had left helpless children behind. Let them fear God, and speak justly.

^{4:18} Repentance has no effect for those who continue to do evil until death confronts them and they say, "Now I repent."

^{4:19} Believers, you are forbidden to inherit women against their will. Don't treat your wives harshly. Live with them in kindness. If you dislike them, it may be that you dislike something in which God has placed much good.

^{4:22} Don't marry women whom your fathers married, ²³ women who are close relatives, your wet nurses, your milk sisters, your wives' mothers, your stepdaughters, those whom your sons married, two sisters at the same time, ²⁴ and women already married. All other women are lawful to you, provided that you seek them in marriage, with dower from your property, desiring

marriage not fornication.

4:29 Believers, don't consume one another's wealth unjustly, but let there be trade by mutual consent. Don't kill yourselves or one another, for God is merciful to you.

4:31 If you avoid the great sins which you are forbidden, We will remove your minor sins, and admit you through the entrance of honor. ³² Don't covet what God has bestowed more freely on some than on others. Men and women receive a share of what they earn.

4:36 Worship God, and join nothing with Him. Do good to parents, relatives, orphans, the poor, neighbors, the companion by your side, and travelers. God does not like the arrogant, the boastful, ³⁷ the stingy; those who command others to be stingy, hiding the bounty God has given them; ³⁸ those who spend their wealth to be seen by men, and don't believe in God nor the Last Day. ³⁹ What harm would it do

them to believe in God and the Last Day, and to spend out of what God has provided them? ⁴⁰ God wrongs no one in the least degree. If there is a good deed, He doubles it, and gives a great reward.

^{4:58} God commands you to return what you've been entrusted to its rightful owner. When you judge between people, do so with justice. ⁵⁹ Believers, obey God, the Messenger, and those in authority among you.

^{4:85} Whoever intercedes for a good cause will share in its reward. Whoever intercedes for an evil cause will share in its burden.

^{4:86} When offered a greeting, respond with a better one, or at least its equal. God takes account of everything.

^{4:95} God prefers the believers who strive with their wealth and lives over those who sit — other than the disabled. Although He has promised good to all of them, those who strive receive

a greater reward than those who sit.

^{4:100} Whoever emigrates for God's cause will find on the earth abundance, and many places of refuge. If he then dies as a refugee, his reward from God is certain.

^{4:101} When you travel, it's no sin to shorten your prayers, if you fear that disbelievers may attack you. ¹⁰³ When you have completed the prayer, remember God: standing, sitting, and lying down. Once you are secure, reestablish regular prayer, for prayer is mandatory for believers at specific times.

^{4:110} One who does evil or wrongs himself, but then asks God for forgiveness, will find God is forgiving and merciful. ¹¹² But if one sins then blames an innocent person, he burdens himself with a slander and a flagrant sin.

^{4:123} Anyone who does wrong will be repaid accordingly and will find no protector or helper besides God. ¹²⁴ Any believer, male or female, who does good

deeds will enter heaven, and will not receive the least injustice.

4:129 You will never be able to treat your wives with perfect fairness, however much you may want to, but don't favor one completely so as to leave another hanging. If you make amends and are conscious of God, He is forgiving and merciful.

4:135 Believers, steadfastly uphold justice, as witnesses for God, even if it is against yourselves, your parents, or your relatives. Whether rich or poor, God can best protect them both. Don't follow your own desire, lest you swerve from justice. If you distort or neglect justice, God knows what you do.

4:140 When you hear people deny and ridicule God's messages, do not sit with them until they change topics. Otherwise you will become like them: God will gather the hypocrites and disbelievers in hell.

4:142 When hypocrites stand to pray,

they stand lazily, to be seen of men, remembering God only a little, ¹⁴³ wavering between this and that, belonging to neither these nor those.

^{4:148} God does not like evil to be mentioned in public, except by the one who was wronged. God hears and knows all. ¹⁴⁹ Whether you do good openly or privately, or pardon an evil, God is forgiving and powerful.

^{4:163} Muhammad, we've sent you revelation as We did to Noah and the prophets after him: Abraham, Ishmael, Isaac, Jacob, Jesus, Job, Jonah, Aaron, and Solomon; to David We gave the Psalms; ¹⁶⁴ to other messengers We've mentioned before; to others We haven't mentioned; and to Moses God spoke directly.

^{5:2} Some people shut you out of the Sacred Mosque. Don't let your hatred for them lead you to transgress. Help one another in righteousness and piety, but don't help one another in sin and

aggression. Fear God, for God is severe in punishment.

^{5:7} Remember God's blessing on you. Fear God, for He knows all the secrets of your heart. ⁸ Believers, be steadfast in devotion to God, as impartial witnesses. Don't let hatred of others lead you away from justice. Be just: that is nearer to piety. ⁹ God has promised forgiveness and a great reward to those who believe and do good works.

^{5:35} Believers, fear God, seek ways to come closer to Him, and strive in His cause that you may prosper.

^{5:38} Cut off the hands of thieves as recompense for what they have done: a deterrent from God. ³⁹ But whoever repents after his crime, and makes amends, God will accept his repentance, for God is forgiving and merciful.

^{5:44} We revealed the Torah containing guidance and light. ⁴⁵ In it we ordained a life for a life, an eye for an eye, and similar retribution for wounds. But if

anyone forgoes this out of charity, it is an atonement for himself. Those who do not judge by what God has revealed are the wrongdoers.

5:48 Muhammad, We revealed to you this Book with the truth, confirming the scriptures that came before it. To each of you, We have prescribed a law and a clear path. Had God wanted it, He would have made you all a single community, but He wanted to test you in what He has given you, so race to do good. You will all return to God, then He will clarify your differences.

5:57 Believers, don't take allies who view your religion with ridicule and amusement.

5:89 God will not punish you for your thoughtless oaths, only for your deliberate oaths. The atonement for breaking an oath is to feed ten poor people as you would feed your own family, or to clothe them, or to free a slave. If you can't afford it, fast for three days. That

is the atonement for broken oaths, but keep your oaths.

^{5:90} Believers: intoxicants, gambling, idolatry, and divination are abominations from Satan. Avoid them so that you may prosper. ⁹¹ Satan only wants to use intoxicants and gambling to cause enmity and hatred among you, and to hinder you from remembering God and prayer. So will you quit?

^{5:106} Believers, when making bequests as death approaches you, let there be two honest witnesses.

^{6:7} Muhammad, even if We had sent down to you a message written on paper, and the disbelievers had touched it with their hands, they would have said, "This is nothing but obvious magic!" ⁸ They say, "Why was no angel sent down to him?" Had We sent down an angel, their judgment would have come at once, without respite. ⁹ Even if We had sent an angel, We would have

sent him as a man, adding to their confusion.

^{6:48} We send the messengers only to give good news and to warn. Whoever believes and reforms will have no fear, nor will they grieve. ⁴⁹ But suffering afflicts those who reject our messages, because of their defiant disobedience.

^{6:52} Don't send away those who call on their Lord morning and evening, seeking His face. You are not accountable for them, nor they for you. If you turn them away, you become one of the unjust. ⁵⁴ Your Lord has prescribed for Himself mercy: if any of you does wrong out of ignorance, but then repents and corrects himself, He is forgiving and merciful.

^{6:70} Leave alone those who take play and amusement as their religion, and are deceived by the life of this world. Remind them, lest a soul be destroyed for what it has earned, that it will find no protector or intercessor except God.

6:108 Don't revile those whom idolaters call upon, lest they revile God in their spite and ignorance. To every community We have made its own deeds seem pleasing. In the end they will return to their Lord, and He will inform them of all they did.

6:120 Avoid sin, both open and secret, for those who sin will be repaid for what they've done. ¹²¹ Eat nothing over which God's name has not been pronounced: that is disobedience indeed.

6:141 Don't be excessive, for God dislikes the wasteful. ¹⁴² Eat what God has provided for you, whether it's livestock for burdens or for meat.

6:151 Don't ascribe any equals with God. Be good to your parents. Don't kill your children for fear of poverty — We will provide for you and for them. Don't approach shameful deeds, whether open or secret. Don't take the life that God has made sacred, except by

legal right. ¹⁵² Don't approach the orphan's property before he comes of age, except to improve it. Give full measure and weight with justice; we burden no one with more than he can bear. When you speak, be just, even if it concerns a relative. ¹⁵³ This is My straight path, so follow it. Don't follow other paths. They will lead you away from His. He has commanded you to do this, so that you may be righteous.

^{6:164} Every soul is responsible for its own actions, and no one bears another's burden. You will all return to your Lord in the end, and He will clarify that on which you used to differ.

^{7:3} Believers, follow the revelation to you from your Lord, and follow no masters other than Him.

^{7:204} When the Qur'an is recited, pay attention and listen silently that you may receive mercy. ²⁰⁵ In the mornings and evenings, remember your Lord inwardly, with humility, reverence, and a

quiet voice. Don't be among the heedless. ²⁰⁶ Even those who are near your Lord aren't too proud to worship Him: they glorify Him, and prostrate before Him.

^{8:2} Believers are those whose hearts tremble with awe when God is mentioned, whose faith strengthens when His messages are recited to them, who trust in their Lord, ³ who are steadfast in prayer, and who give from what We have provided them. ⁴ They are the true believers. They have forgiveness with their Lord, and generous sustenance.

^{8:20} Believers, obey God and His Messenger. Don't turn away from him when you are listening. ²¹ Don't be like those who say, "We have heard," but don't actually listen. ²² Indeed, the worst creatures in God's sight are the deaf and dumb who don't use reason.

^{8:47} Don't be like those who came out of their homes conceited, showing off,

and hindering others from God's path.

9:24 If your fathers, your sons, your brothers, your wives, your tribes, the wealth you have gained, the commerce you fear will decline, and the dwellings you love are dearer to you than God, His Messenger, and struggle in His cause, then wait until God executes His command. God does not guide the rebellious.

9:34 Believers, many rabbis and monks falsely devour men's wealth and divert men from God's path. Tell those who hoard gold and silver, without giving for God's cause, that they will receive a painful punishment.

9:54 Only this prevents a gift from being accepted: they don't believe God and His Messenger, they come to prayer lazily, and they give unwillingly.

9:60 Alms are for the poor, the needy, those who administer the funds, those whose hearts are to be won over, to free

slaves, to help debtors, for God's cause, and needy travelers.

^{9:71} The believers protect one another. They enjoin what is right, forbid what is wrong, are steadfast in prayer, spend in charity, and obey God and His Messenger. God will have mercy on them.

^{9:91} There is no blame on the weak, the ill, or those without resources to spend, when they are sincere to God and His Messenger. There is no reason to reproach those who do good.

⁹² There is also no blame on those who came to you for mounts, and when you said, "I can't find a mount for you," they turned back, their eyes overflowing with tears of grief that they had nothing to spend. ⁹³ Only those who request exemption, despite being rich, are open to blame. They are content to be with those who stay behind.

^{10:11} If God were to hasten the ill that men have earned, as they wish to has-

ten the good, their end would already be here. ¹² And when trouble touches man, he cries out to Us whether lying on his side, sitting, or standing, but when We remove his trouble, he goes on his way as if he had never cried out to Us.

^{10:41} If they don't believe you, say, "My deeds for me, and yours for you. You are not responsible for what I do, nor I for what you do."

^{10:47} Every community is sent a messenger. When their messenger comes, they will be judged with justice, and will not be wronged.

^{11:9} If We let man taste mercy, and then withdraw it, he despairs and is ungrateful. ¹⁰ But if We let him taste mercy after adversity has touched him, he is sure to say, "Misfortune has left me." He becomes exultant and boastful. ¹¹ Those who are steadfast and do righteous deeds don't act this way.

They will have forgiveness and a great reward.

^{11:112} Stay on the right path as you have been commanded, together with those who have turned to God. Don't transgress, for He sees all that you do. ¹¹³ Don't incline toward nor rely on those who do wrong. ¹¹⁴ Be steadfast in prayer at both ends of the day and during parts of the night. Good deeds drive away evil deeds. ¹¹⁵ Be steadfast: God won't lose the reward of those who do good.

^{11:117} Your Lord would never destroy communities unjustly if its people act righteously. ¹¹⁸ If your Lord had wanted, He could have made mankind one community, but they continue to differ.

^{13:4} There are neighboring plots in the land: vineyards, cornfields, and date palms. They are all watered with the same water, yet We make some better to eat than others. These are signs for people who reason.

^{13:11} God does not change the condition of a people unless they change what is within themselves.

^{13:22} Those who are patient, seeking their Lord's face; who are steadfast in prayer; who spend secretly and openly from what We have provided them; and who repel evil with good: those will have the reward of an eternal home.

^{13:26} They rejoice in the life of this world, but it is a fleeting pleasure compared to the hereafter. ²⁷ The disbelievers say, "Why hasn't his Lord sent down a sign to him?" Say, "God lets stray whom He will, and guides to Himself those who turn to Him, ²⁸ those who believe, and those whose hearts find rest in remembering God. ²⁹ Joy and a beautiful homecoming await those who believe and do righteous deeds."

^{14:3} Those who prefer this world over the hereafter, and turn others from God's way, making it seem crooked: they are far astray.

^{14:4} We have only sent messengers who speak the language of their people, in order to make things clear for them.

^{14:10} The messengers said to them, “Can there be any doubt about God, the creator of the heavens and earth? He invites you in order to forgive your sins, and let you live until the appointed time.” They said, “You’re only men like us. You want to turn us away from what our fathers worshipped. In that case, bring us clear proof.” ¹¹ Their messengers answered, “True, we are only men like you, but God favors His servants as He pleases. We can’t bring you proof unless God permits it, so let all believers put their trust in God.”

^{15:2} Perhaps the disbelievers will wish that they had submitted to God. ³ Let them eat and enjoy. Let false hope distract them. They will come to know.

^{15:19} We have spread out the earth, placed firm mountains on it, and let everything grow on it in due balance.

²⁰ We have provided sustenance in it for you and for other creatures.

^{16:5} He has created livestock for you. You derive warmth, food, and other benefits from them. ⁶ You find beauty in them when you bring them home in the evening, and as you lead them to pasture in the morning. ⁷ They carry your loads to lands that you could only reach on your own with great hardship. Truly your Lord is kind and merciful. ⁸ He has created horses, mules, and donkeys for you to ride, and as adornment. He also creates things you know nothing about.

^{16:10} He sends down water from the sky. It provides a drink for you and for the vegetation which feeds your livestock. ¹¹ With it He grows for you crops, olives, date palms, grapes, and every kind of fruit. These are signs for those who reflect.

^{16:14} He has subjected the sea for you, that you may eat fresh meat from it,

and extract ornaments from it to wear. You see the ships plowing through its waves seeking the bounty of God that you may be grateful. ¹⁵ He has placed rivers and roads on the earth, so you may find your way; ¹⁶ and landmarks and stars that men may guide themselves. ¹⁷ Is He who creates like one who doesn't create?

^{16:36} We sent a messenger to every community saying, "Serve God and avoid false gods." Among them were some whom God guided and some who strayed. So travel through the earth and observe how it ended for the deniers.

^{16:61} If God were to punish men for their wrongdoing, He would leave no living creature on the earth, but He gives them respite for an appointed time. When their time comes, they are unable to delay it or advance it by a single hour.

^{16:90} God commands justice, doing

good, and generosity towards relatives. He forbids all shameful deeds, bad conduct, and oppression. He instructs you so that you may take heed. ⁹¹ Fulfill the covenant of God once you have made it, and don't break your oaths. ⁹² Don't be like a woman who unravels the yarn which she has firmly spun.

^{16:93} If God wanted, He could have made you all one people, but He lets some stray and guides others. You will be accountable for your actions. ⁹⁴ Don't use your oaths to deceive one another, lest a foot slip that was firmly planted. Then you will taste the evil of hindering someone from God's path, and will suffer great punishment.

^{16:96} What you have will vanish, but what God has will endure. We will certainly reward the steadfast according to the best of their actions. ⁹⁷ We will give a new life, one that is good and pure, to whoever works righteousness and has faith, whether male or female.

^{16:99} Satan has no power over those who believe and trust in their Lord. ¹⁰⁰ He only has power over those who ally with him and who join partners with God.

^{16:110} Your Lord is forgiving and merciful to those who emigrate because of persecution, then fight for the faith and remain steadfast. ¹¹¹ On the Day when every soul comes to plead for himself, every soul will be fully paid for his actions and none will be wronged.

^{16:114} Eat the good and lawful food which God has provided for you, and be grateful for His favors.

^{16:119} Your Lord is forgiving and merciful to those who do wrong out of ignorance, but afterwards repent and make amends.

^{16:125} Invite everyone to your Lord's path with wisdom and beautiful teaching. Argue with them in the most polite way, for your Lord knows who has strayed from His path and who is right-

ly guided. ¹²⁶ If you must respond to an attack, respond no worse than the attack, but it is better to show patience. ¹²⁷ Be patient, for your patience is from God. Don't grieve over them or be distressed by their schemes.

^{17:15} Whoever receives guidance does so for his own benefit. Whoever strays does so to his own detriment. No one will bear another's burden, but We only punish after We have sent a messenger.

^{17:20} We bestow some of our bounty on all. Your Lord's bounty is not closed to anyone. ²¹ Notice that We have bestowed more on some than on others, but the hereafter holds greater rank and bounty.

^{17:22} Don't make another deity equal with God or you will become disgraced and forsaken. ²³ Your Lord has decreed that you worship only Him, and that you be kind to your parents. Don't speak a word of disrespect to them, nor

scold them, but address them respectfully. ²⁴ Say, “My Lord, have mercy on them just as they reared me when I was small.”

^{17:25} Your Lord knows what is in your hearts. If you are righteous, He forgives those who turn to Him again and again. ²⁶ Give what is due to relatives, the needy, and travelers; but don't spend your wealth wastefully. ²⁷ Indeed, the wasteful are brothers of Satan, and Satan is always ungrateful to his Lord. ²⁸ Even if you must turn away from the needy in pursuit of mercy from your Lord, then at least speak a kind word to them.

^{17:31} Don't kill your children for fear of poverty. We will provide for them and for you. Indeed, killing them is a great sin. ³² Don't go near adultery, for it is shameful and an evil path. ³³ Don't take life, which God has made sacred, except in pursuit of justice. ³⁴ Don't go near an orphan's property, except

to improve it, until he reaches maturity. Fulfill every commitment, for you will be questioned about your commitments. ³⁵ Give full measure when you measure, and weigh with honest scales. That is best and advantageous in the end. ³⁶ Don't concern yourself with things you know nothing about: you will be questioned about hearing, seeing, and feeling. ³⁷ Don't walk on the earth with arrogance: you can't tear the earth apart, nor match the mountains in height. ³⁸ Your Lord detests all these actions. ³⁹ This is some of the wisdom your Lord has revealed to you.

^{17:53} Say what is best. Satan sows discord among My servants. He is a clear enemy to man.

^{17:70} We have honored Adam's children, carried them on land and sea, given them good sustenance, and favored them above much of our creation. ⁷¹ One day We will call together all men along with their leaders. Whoever is

given his record in his right hand will read it with pleasure, and will not be wronged in the least. ⁷² But whoever is blind in this world will be blind in the hereafter and even further astray.

^{17:78} Establish regular prayer from midday until the darkness of night. Recite the Qur'an at dawn, for morning recitation is always witnessed.

^{17:100} If you possessed the treasuries of my Lord's mercy, you would withhold them for fear of spending too much: man is ever stingy.

^{17:110} Call on God, or on the Most Merciful. Whichever name you call is the same, for the best names belong to Him. Don't pray too loudly or too quietly, but seek a middle way.

^{18:23} Never say, "I'll do that tomorrow," ²⁴ without adding, "God willing." When you forget, remember your Lord and say, "May my Lord guide me closer to the right path."

18:32 There were two men. We gave one of them two vineyards surrounded by date palms with cornfields in between. ³³ Both vineyards produced fruit, didn't fail, and We caused a river to flow through them, ³⁴ so this man had abundant fruit. He said to his friend, "I have more wealth and men than you." ³⁵ Having thus sinned against himself, he went into his garden. He said, "I don't think this will ever perish, ³⁶ nor that the Hour of Judgment will ever come. Even if I were brought back to my Lord, I would surely find something even better than this."

18:37 His friend said to him, "Do you disbelieve in Him who created you? ³⁸ But as for me, He is God, My Lord, and I associate no partner with Him. ³⁹ When you entered your garden, why didn't you say, 'This is God's will. There is no power but with God.' Although I have less wealth and offspring

than you, ⁴⁰ my Lord may give me something better than your garden, or a calamity may turn your garden into slippery sand, ⁴¹ or its water might sink underground so that you can't reach it."

^{18:42} And thus it happened: his fruit was ruined. He remained, wringing his hands over what he had spent on it, while it collapsed upon its trellises, saying, "I wish that I had never ascribed partners to my Lord." ⁴³ He had none to help him other than God, nor could he help himself.

^{18:45} This world's life is like rain sent down from the sky. The earth's vegetation absorbs it but soon becomes dry stubble, scattered by the wind. ⁴⁶ Wealth and children adorn this world's life, but enduring good deeds are better to your Lord, and a better source of hope.

^{20:2} We didn't send down the Qur'an to distress you, ³ but only as a reminder

for those who fear God.

^{20:15} Although I keep the hour hidden, the time is coming for each soul to be rewarded for its effort. ¹⁶ Don't let those who deny it and follow their own desires distract you from it, lest you perish.

^{20:81} Eat from the good things We have provided you, but don't transgress, lest My anger descend on you. ⁸² Yet I repeatedly forgive those who repent, believe, do right, and continue receiving guidance.

^{22:39} Those who have been wrongfully attacked may fight back. Indeed, God has the power to help ⁴⁰ those who have been unjustly driven from their homes only for saying, "Our Lord is God". If God didn't repel one people with another, many monasteries, churches, synagogues, and mosques would have been destroyed; places in which the name of God is frequently invoked.

^{22:67} We have appointed a different manner of worship for each community to observe, so don't let others argue with you about the matter. ⁶⁸ If they do argue with you, say, "God knows best what you are doing." ⁶⁹ On Resurrection Day, God will judge the differences between you.

^{23:1} The believers are indeed successful: ² those who pray humbly, ³ avoid idle talk, ⁴ give alms, ⁵ guard their chastity ⁶ (except with their spouses), ⁸ who are attentive to their trusts and promises, ⁹ and guard their prayers. ¹¹ These will inherit Paradise and live there forever.

^{23:44} We sent our messengers one after another. Every time a community's messenger arrived, they denied him. So We let them follow each other to destruction and they became cautionary tales.

^{23:68} Have they never contemplated the word of God? Has something new

come to them that didn't come to their forefathers? ⁶⁹ Do they deny their Messenger because they don't recognize him? ⁷⁰ Do they say, "He is possessed"? No, he brought them the truth and most of them hate it. ⁷¹ If truth had followed their desires, the heavens, the earth, and everything that lives in them would be ruined. We sent them a reminder, but they turn away from it.

^{24:27} Believers, before entering another person's house, ask permission and greet its occupants. ²⁸ Even if no one is in the house, wait until you receive permission. If you are told, "Go away," do so. God is aware of all that you do.

^{24:30} Tell believing men to lower their gaze and guard their private parts. ³¹ Tell believing women to lower their gaze and guard their private parts, to cover their breasts, and not to stamp their feet to draw attention to what is hidden.

^{25:7} They say, "What sort of a messenger is this? He eats food and walks through the marketplace. Why wasn't an angel sent down to help him warn?"

⁸ Why hasn't he been given treasure, or a garden to feed him? The man you follow is simply bewitched." ⁹ They've gone astray and can't find the right path.

^{25:20} Muhammad, all the messengers We sent before you were also men who ate food and walked through the marketplace. We've made some people a test for others. Will you have patience? Your Lord sees everything.

^{25:27} On that Day the wrongdoer will bite his hand and say, "If only I had taken the same path as the Messenger!" ²⁸ Woe is me! If only I had not taken so-and-so as a friend! ²⁹ He lead me away from the Reminder after it came to me. Satan always betrays mankind."

^{25:32} Disbelievers say, "Why isn't the Qur'an revealed to him all at once?"

This is to strengthen your heart. We have revealed it gradually, in stages.

^{25:47} He makes the night as clothing for you, sleep as rest, and the day like a resurrection. ⁴⁸ He sends the winds as messengers of good news before His mercy. We send down pure water from the sky ⁴⁹ to revive a dead land and as a drink for our creations: animals and men in great numbers. ⁵⁰ We have repeated this many times among them as a reminder, but most remain ungrateful.

^{25:56} Muhammad, We have only sent you to deliver good news and a warning. ⁵⁷ Say, "The only payment I ask for it is that whoever wishes takes a path to his Lord."

^{25:63} The servants of the Most Gracious are those who walk humbly on the earth, and when fools address them, they reply, "Peace;" ⁶⁷ those who, when they spend, are neither extravagant nor stingy, but moderate between those ex-

tremes; ⁶⁸ those who never invoke a deity beside God, nor take a life which God has made sacred, nor commit fornication.

^{25:70} God will change evil into good for him who repents, believes, and does good deeds. God is forgiving and merciful. ⁷¹ Whoever repents and does good has turned towards God with true repentance.

^{25:72} Servants of God are those who give no false witness and pass by frivolity with dignity; ⁷³ those who don't ignore their Lord's messages when reminded of them; ⁷⁴ and those who pray, "Our Lord, give us joy in our wives and children, and let us be examples to the righteous."

^{28:50} Who is further astray than one who follows his own desires without guidance from God? Indeed, God doesn't guide wrongdoers. ⁵¹ We have conveyed the Word to them, so they may remember.

28:54 Those who believe the Scriptures will be rewarded double, because they are steadfast, repel evil with good, give out of what We have given them, ⁵⁵ and turn away from frivolous speech saying, “We have our actions and you have yours. Peace be with you. We don’t seek association with the ignorant.” ⁵⁶ You can’t guide everyone you love.

28:76 Qarun had great riches. His people said to him, “Don’t gloat, for God doesn’t like gloaters. ⁷⁷ Instead, use your wealth to seek the home of the hereafter without forgetting your share in this world. Do good, as God has been good to you. Don’t spread corruption in the land, for God doesn’t like those who spread corruption.” ⁷⁹ He went out among the people in his pomp. Those who desired a worldly life said, “If only we had what Qarun has. He is truly fortunate.” ⁸⁰ But those with knowledge said, “Woe to you. God’s

reward is better for those who believe and do good. Only the steadfast will attain it.”

28:84 Whoever does good will receive something better, but whoever does evil will only be punished for what he has done.

29:7 For those who believe and do good deeds, We will blot out all their evil and reward them according to their best deeds.

29:8 We have commanded man to treat his parents with kindness, but if they try to make you worship gods beside Me, disobey them. You will all return to me, and I'll tell you the truth about everything you've done.

29:10 Some men say, “We believe in God,” but when they suffer for His cause, they consider persecution from men as if it were God's punishment. If help comes to you from your Lord, they say, “We've always been with you.”

God knows best what is in everyone's heart.

^{29:45} Prayer restrains immoral and unjust behavior. ⁴⁶ Don't argue with followers of earlier revelation, but say, "We believe in what was revealed to us and in what was revealed to you. Our God and your God are the same. We all bow to Him."

^{29:57} Everyone will taste death, then return to Us. ⁵⁸ To them who believe and do good, We will give mansions to live in forever in a paradise with flowing rivers. The reward is excellent for those who labor, ⁵⁹ are steadfast, and trust in their Lord.

^{30:21} Among His signs is this: He created spouses for you that you may live in tranquility with them. He put love and mercy between you. Indeed, there are signs in this for those who reflect. ²² Among His signs is the creation of the heavens and the earth, and the diversity of your languages and your colors.

Indeed, in that are signs for those who know. ²³ Among His signs is your sleep, by night and day, and your quest for some of His bounty.

^{30:33} When men encounter trouble, they cry to their Lord and turn to Him for help, but as soon as He gives them a taste of mercy, some of them worship gods beside Him, ³⁴ showing ingratitude for what We gave them.

^{30:36} When We give men a taste of mercy, they rejoice, but when evil afflicts them because of their own actions, they despair.

^{30:38} Give what is due to relatives, the needy, and the traveler. That is best for those who seek God's countenance, and they will prosper. ³⁹ Whatever you lend in usury, to increase through the property of others, has no increase with God, but whatever you give in charity, seeking God's countenance, will increase repeatedly.

^{31:4} Those who are steadfast in pray-

er, spend in charity, and are certain of the hereafter, ⁵ are guided by their Lord and will prosper.

^{31:14} We have commanded man to be good to his parents. His mother carried him in weakness, and it took two years to wean him. Be grateful to Me and your parents. ¹⁵ But if they try to make you associate others with Me, disobey them. Yet accompany them in this life with kindness, and follow the path of those who turn to me. You will all return to Me in the end, and I will tell you the truth about all you did.

^{31:17} Be steadfast in prayer, enjoin what is right, forbid what is wrong, and patiently bear whatever happens to you: aspire to these things. ¹⁸ Don't turn away from men in pride, nor walk arrogantly through the earth, for God dislikes the arrogant and boastful. ¹⁹ Be moderate in your pace and lower your voice, for the ugliest sound is the braying of asses.

31:32 When waves cover them like a canopy, they call to God, offering Him sincere devotion. But once He has safely delivered them to land, some of them waver.

33:35 God has prepared forgiveness and a great reward for those who are devoted to God, for the believers, the devout, the honest, the steadfast, the humble, the charitable, those who fast, the chaste, and those who frequently remember God.

33:54 God has full knowledge of everything, whether you reveal or conceal it.

34:34 Whenever we send a warner to a community, the wealthy say, “We don’t believe in the message you bring. 35 We have more wealth and children than you, and will not be punished.”

34:37 Neither wealth nor children will bring you nearer to Us: only faith and righteousness.

35:45 If God immediately punished men for their wrongdoing, He wouldn't leave a single creature on the earth. However, He defers for a stated time.

39:7 If you are ungrateful, God has no need of you. He dislikes ingratitude in His servants. If you are grateful, He is pleased with you. No one will bear another's burden. You will return to your Lord in the end, and He will inform you about what you did. He knows what is in men's hearts.

39:10 Those who do good in this world receive a good reward. The patient will receive a reward without measure.

39:49 When man suffers, he cries out to Us, but when We favor him, he says, "I've received this because of my own wisdom." This is only a test, but most don't know it.

39:69 The earth will shine with the light of its Lord, the record of deeds will be opened, the prophets and witnesses

will be brought forward, and fair judgment pronounced between them. They will not be wronged. ⁷⁰ Every man will be paid in full for his actions. ⁷¹ Disbelievers will be led to Hell in crowds. When they arrive, its gates will open, and its keepers will say, "Didn't messengers come from among you, reciting your Lord's messages to you, and warning you about today's meeting?"

^{40:55} Be patient, for God's promise is true. Ask forgiveness for your sins, and praise your Lord evening and morning. ⁵⁶ Those who dispute God's messages without authority have hearts full of pride, which they will never satisfy. Seek refuge in God.

^{40:61} God made the night for you, so that you may rest. He made the day to help you see. God is bountiful towards men, but most men give no thanks.

^{41:33} Who speaks better than one who calls men to God, does what is right,

and says, "I submit to God"? ³⁴ Repel evil with something better, then your enemy will become like a close friend. ³⁶ If whispers from Satan stir you up, seek refuge in God.

^{41:49} Man never tires of asking for good things, but if evil touches him, he gives up all hope and is lost in despair. ⁵⁰ When we let him taste mercy after adversity, he is sure to say, "This is due to my merit. I don't think that the Hour will come, but if I am brought back to my Lord, I will receive the best reward." We will inform the disbelievers of everything they did, and make them taste a severe torment.

^{42:13} He has established the same religion for you that He gave to Noah, Abraham, Moses, and Jesus: uphold the faith, and make no factions therein. ¹⁴ They became divided through jealous animosity among themselves. ¹⁵ Therefore say, "God is our Lord and your Lord. Our deeds for us, and your deeds

for you. Let there be no arguments between us. God will bring us together, and we will return to Him.”

^{42:27} If God were to grant abundant provision to His servants, they would misbehave; but he sends down in due measure what He pleases. He knows His servants and watches over them.

^{42:36} What you’ve been given is for temporary enjoyment in this life. What is with God is better and more lasting for those who believe and trust in their Lord; ³⁷ avoid great sins and immoralities; forgive, even when angry; ³⁸ respond to their Lord; are steadfast in prayer; conduct their affairs by mutual consultation; give from what We have provided them; ³⁹ and defend themselves when tyranny afflicts them.

^{42:40} The recompense for harm is an equal harm, but God rewards him who forgives and reconciles. ⁴¹ There is no reason to blame someone who defends himself after being wronged. ⁴³ It re-

quires great determination to be patient and forgiving.

^{42:48} Man rejoices when We let him taste Our mercy, but he is ungrateful when his own deeds bring misfortune.

^{43:6} We sent many prophets among earlier people, ⁷ but they mocked each one.

^{43:22} They said, “Our fathers followed a certain religion, and we guide ourselves by their footsteps.” ²³ In the same way, whenever We sent a messenger to warn a community, the wealthy ones said, “Our fathers followed a certain religion, and we will certainly follow them.”

^{45:14} Tell the believers to forgive those who don't expect the Days of God. He alone will repay people for what they have earned. ¹⁵ Whoever does good benefits himself. Whoever does evil harms himself. You will all return to your Lord.

^{47:2} For those who have faith, do good, and believe in the revelation given to Muhammad, God will remove their misdeeds and improve their condition.

^{47:36} If you believe and fear God, He will give you your rewards. He doesn't ask you to give up all your possessions. ³⁷ If He pressed you for them, you would begrudge Him, and it would bring out your ill feelings.

^{47:38} You're invited to give towards God's cause, but some among you are grudging. Whoever withholds, only withholds from himself. God is free from all wants. You are the needy ones. If you turn away, He'll replace you with someone else.

^{49:6} Believers, if a troublemaker brings you news, verify it, lest you unwittingly harm someone, and later regret what you've done.

^{49:11} Believers, one group should not ridicule another, who may after all be

better than them. Don't insult one another. Don't use offensive nicknames for one another. ¹² Avoid making too many assumptions, for some assumptions are sins. Don't spy on or backbite one another.

^{53:29} Avoid those who turn away from Our message and only desire a worldly life. ³⁰ That is the extent of their knowledge. ³¹ Everything in the heavens and on earth belongs to God. He repays those who do evil, according to their deeds, and those who do good, with what is best. ³² Your Lord is ample in forgiveness to those who avoid great sins and shameful deeds, though they may commit small sins.

^{57:7} Believe in God and His messenger, and give out of what you inherit from Him. Those who believe and give will receive a great reward. ²⁰ This life is like rain: the growth it causes delights the tillers, but soon it withers. You see

it yellow, then dry and crumble away. Worldly life is only a pleasant illusion.
²¹ Race for your Lord's forgiveness and for a garden as wide as heaven and earth, prepared for those who believe in God and His messengers.

^{57:23} You don't need to despair over what eludes you or gloat over what you receive. For God dislikes those who are conceited, boastful, ²⁴ stingy, and enjoin stinginess on others.

^{57:26} We sent Noah and Abraham, and gave prophethood and scripture to their descendants. Some of them were rightly guided, but many were transgressors.
²⁷ We sent other messengers in their footsteps. We sent Jesus the son of Mary, gave him the Gospel, and put compassion and mercy into the hearts of his followers. But We did not prescribe monasticism for them; they invented that themselves. We gave the believers among them their reward, but many of them were transgressors.

^{61:2} Believers, why do you say one thing and do another? ³ It is most hateful in God's sight.

^{61:7} Who does greater wrong than one who invents a lie against God while he is being invited to Islam?

^{62:9} Believers, when the call to prayer is proclaimed on Friday, hurry to God's remembrance, and leave your commerce. That is best for you if only you knew. ¹⁰ When the prayer is finished, disperse throughout the land, seek God's bounty, and remember Him often, so that you may prosper.

^{62:11} Muhammad, when they see commerce or amusement, they rush towards it, and leave you standing. Say, "What God has is better than any amusement or commerce. God is the best provider."

^{68:7} Your Lord knows best who strays from His path and who receives guidance, ⁸ so don't obey the deniers. ¹⁰ Don't

obey a worthless oath-maker, ¹¹ a slanderer, a malicious gossip, ¹² one who hinders good, a transgressor, sinful, ¹³ cruel, a pretender.

^{70:19} Man was created anxious. ²⁰ He's fretful when misfortune touches him, ²¹ and stingy when good fortune touches him. ²² Except for those devoted to prayer ²³ who remain constant in their prayers, ²⁴ and who give a share of their wealth ²⁵ to beggars and the deprived; ²⁶ those who believe in the Day of Judgment; ²⁷ those who fear their Lord's punishment, ²⁸ for none is safe from it; ²⁹ those who guard their chastity, ³⁰ except with their wives; ³² those who are attentive to their trusts and pledges; ³³ those who bear witness honestly; ³⁴ those who guard their prayers. ³⁵ They will be honored in the Gardens.

^{73:7} You are busy for much of the day, ⁸ but remember your Lord and devote yourself to Him wholeheartedly. ¹¹ Let

Me deal with the deniers who live in luxury. Bear with them for a little while.

^{73:20} Recite as much of the Qur'an as may be easy for you. He knows that some of you are sick, others travel throughout the land seeking God's bounty, and others fight in God's cause. Therefore, recite as much of the Qur'an as may be easy for you, establish regular prayer, and spend in charity.

^{74:3} Glorify your Lord, ⁴ purify yourself, ⁵ and shun all filth. ⁶ Don't bestow favors to receive increase, ⁷ but be patient for your Lord.

^{74:11} Let Me alone deal with him whom I alone created, ¹² to whom I gave vast wealth ¹³ and children by his side, ¹⁴ for whom I made life comfortable, ¹⁵ yet he still wants Me to give him more.

^{74:40} The companions of the right will be in gardens asking one another ⁴¹ about the sinners, ⁴² "What led you into

hell-fire?” ⁴³ They will answer, “We neither prayed ⁴⁴ nor fed the poor, ⁴⁵ but we indulged in vain conversation with others ⁴⁶ and denied the Day of Judgment ⁴⁷ until certainty came upon us.”

^{74:49} Why do they turn away from admonition ⁵⁰ like frightened donkeys ⁵¹ fleeing from a lion?

^{76:7} The righteous fulfill their vows; they fear a day of widespread evil; ⁸ they feed the poor, the orphan, and the captive, ⁹ saying, “We feed you for the sake of God alone. We seek neither reward nor gratitude from you.”

^{76:24} Patiently await your Lord’s judgment, and don’t obey the sinner or disbeliever. ²⁵ Remember your Lord’s name morning and evening. ²⁶ Bow to Him during the night, and glorify Him throughout the long night.

^{80:1} Muhammad frowned and turned away ² because the blind man came to

him. ³ For all you know, he might become pure, ⁴ or be reminded of something useful.

^{81:1} When the sun is wrapped in darkness, ² when the stars fall, ³ when the mountains vanish, ⁸ when the baby girl buried alive is asked ⁹ for what sin she was killed, ¹⁰ when the pages are laid open, ¹⁴ then every person will know what he has prepared for himself.

^{83:2} Woe to those who demand a full measure for themselves ³ but give to others less than what's due. ⁴ Do they not think that they will be resurrected, ⁶ on a Day when all men will stand before the Lord of the worlds?

^{83:29} Sinners used to laugh at believers, ³⁰ wink at each other when they passed by, ³¹ joke about them when they returned to their own people, ³² and say, "These people are truly lost," ³³ but they were not sent as guardians over them.

^{87:8} We will make the path towards ease easy for you. ⁹ So remind others, if a reminder will help them. ¹⁰ Those who fear God will receive the reminder, ¹¹ but the wicked will avoid it.

^{87:14} Those will prosper who purify themselves, ¹⁵ remember the name of their Lord, and pray. ¹⁶ Yet you prefer the life of this world ¹⁷ even though the Hereafter is better and more enduring.

^{89:15} As for man, when his Lord tries him by giving him honor and gifts, he says "My Lord has honored me." ¹⁶ But when He tries him by restricting his provision, he says, "My Lord has humiliated me."

^{92:4} You all strive for diverse goals. ⁵ For him who gives, fears God, ⁶ and believes in the best, ⁷ We will smooth his path towards ease. ⁸ But for him who is stingy, considers himself self-sufficient, ⁹ and denies the best, ¹⁰ We

will smooth his path towards difficulty, ¹¹ and his wealth will not help him when he falls.

^{92:17} The righteous will remain far from hell. ¹⁸ Those who spend their wealth on self-purification, ¹⁹ not to return a favor ²⁰ but only seeking their Lord's face, ²¹ will be satisfied.

^{93:6} Muhammad, did He not find you as an orphan and shelter you, ⁷ find you lost and guide you, ⁸ find you in need and make you rich? ⁹ Therefore, don't oppress the orphan, ¹⁰ nor repel the beggar, ¹¹ but talk about your Lord's blessings.

^{96:3} Your Lord is the most Bountiful, ⁴ who taught by the pen, ⁵ who taught man what he didn't know. ⁶ But man transgresses ⁷ by considering himself self-sufficient.

^{104:1} Woe to every slanderer and back-biter ² who amasses wealth and con-

tinuously counts it, ³ thinking that his wealth will make him immortal.

^{107:1} Have you considered the man who denies the Judgment? ² He is the one who pushes the orphan away, ³ and doesn't encourage the feeding of the poor. ⁴ So woe to those who pray ⁵ but are heedless of their prayer; ⁶ who only want to be seen, ⁷ and withhold small kindnesses.

^{109:1} Muhammad, say, "Disbelievers, ² I don't worship what you worship, ³ nor do you worship what I worship. ⁶ You have your religion and I have mine."