# Idris A Programming Language with Dependent Types

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## What is Idris?

"Idris is a general purpose pure functional programming language with dependent types."

The Idris Website

- Version 0.1.3 of Idris was released in December of 2009.
- Version 1.2.0 is the latest stable release and was released on January 9, 2018.
- Idris was named after the singing dragon in the 1970s UK children's television program Ivor the Engine.
- Idris development is led by Edwin Brady at the University of St. Andrews.

## The Obligatory Picture of This Madman



## **Properties of Idris**

- Idris can be interpreted, transpiled, or compiled.
- Idris is statically typed.
- Idris is strongly typed.
- Idris has first class functions, much like Haskell.
- Idris has first class types. This means that types can be treated as data. In fact, types are the *only* type of data.

#### **Idris Features**

Idris is a general purpose language, and thus it has a lot of features. We will focus on the following aspects of the language.

- Haskell-like Syntax
- Dependent Types
- Proof Assistant



**Dependent Types** 

# Idris Syntax: Function Signatures

The Idris function signature syntax is *very* similar to the Haskell function signature syntax.

Here are a few examples of Idris function signatures:

even : Nat -> Bool
add : Nat -> Nat -> Nat

foo : (a:Nat) -> (b:Nat) -> a = b

 $\texttt{bar} : (\texttt{a:Nat}) \to (\texttt{b:Nat}) \to \texttt{LTE} \texttt{ a} \texttt{ b}$ 

If you are familiar with Haskell, you will note the use of : rather than ::. This makes it look a bit more like a mathematical function definition:

$$f: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}$$
.

You will also note that instead of the (Type x) => x syntax, it uses a more concise (x:Type) syntax.

#### **Sumner Evans and Sam Sartor**

# Idris Syntax: Currying and Pattern Matching

Because of its foundation in Lambda Calculus, all functions only take a single argument.

We can still handle multiple arguments using *currying*. For example, the plus operator is defined as follows:

Like Haskell, functions are implemented using *pattern matching*.









Using Idris as a Proof Assistant

## **Quotes From Our Exploration**

"The concept of a programming language in which the possibility of inline assembly is an entirely foreign concept hurts my brain."

"Where do I put it? Do I put it in the type?"

"When your Rust program compiles, you know it won't segfault, or give you any undefined behavior at runtime. When your Idris program compiles, you throw away your executable, and publish your dissertation."

