Universal Packages

Sumner Evans and Robby Zampino

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Introduction

What are packages?

A **package** is an archive containing a collection of executable files or source code, along with metadata, which represent a computer program.

What is a package format?

A **package format** is an organizational structure for delivering packages to users.

Why do we need package formats?

- They provide a common way to bundle executables, libraries, assets, etc. for deployment on user machines.
- They provide metadata about programs for use in package managers.
- It would suck if we had to go find the source code for every single program we want to use and compile from source.¹

 $^{^1}$ Actually, some package formats do require compilation from source (for example some AUR packages) but at least it helps automate this process.

Appimage

${\sf snapd}$

flatpak

nix

Love to Hate Them

Proprietary enterprise applications are coming to Linux

Currently, when enterprises want to make a cross-platform application, they see this:

```
macOS .dmg
```

Windows .exe

Android .apk

Linux .deb and .rpm and PKGBUILD and ...

However, when companies like Canonical come in and say "just target snaps", all of a sudden, it may tip the scale at enterprises for them to start targeting Linux. If they create a snap, then they capture all of the Linux market, not just the subset that uses a particular format.

Pros and cons

Pros

More application availability.

Cons

 The applications are going to be sh*t. Electron enterprise sh*t.

Live Demo

Questions?

Resources

https://

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Colorado School of Mines Linux Users Group