6/10/24, 2:33 AM about:blank

Module 1 Cheat Sheet: Python Basics

Package/Method	Description	Code Example
Comments	Comments are lines of text that are ignored by the Python interpreter when	 1. 1 1. # This is a comment
	executing the code<./td>	Copied!
		Syntax:
Concatenation	Combines (concatenates) strings.	 1. 1 1. concatenated_string = string1 + string2
		Copied!
		Example:
		1. 1
		1. result = "Hello" + " John"
		Copied! Example:
		1. 1 2. 2
Data Types	- Integer - Float - Boolean - String	3. 3 4. 4
		5. 5 6. 6
		7. 7 8. 8 9. 9
		10. 10
		 x=7 # Integer Value
		3. y=12.4 4. # Float Value
		5. is_valid = True 6. # Boolean Value
		<pre>7. is_valid = False 8. # Boolean Value 9. F_Name = "John"</pre>
		10. # String Value
		Copied!
		Example: 1. 1
Indexing	Accesses character at a specific index.	2. 2
Ü		<pre>1. my_string="Hello" 2. char = my_string[0]</pre>
		Copied! Syntax:
		1. 1
		<pre>1. len(string_name)</pre>
		Copied!
len()	Returns the length of a string.	Example:
		1. 1 2. 2
		<pre>1. my_string="Hello" 2. length = len(my_string)</pre>
		Copied! Example:
		1. 1 2. 2
lower()	Converts string to lowercase.	 z my_string="Hello" uppercase_text = my_string.lower()
		Copied!
print()	Prints the message or variable inside `()`.	Example:
		1. 1 2. 2
		 print("Hello, world") print(a+b)

about:blank 1/3

6/10/24, 2:33 AM about:blank

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                                                                                                                      Example:
                                                                                                                         1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6
7. 7
                       - Addition (+): Adds two values together.
                       - Subtraction (-): Subtracts one value from another.
                       - Multiplication (*): Multiplies two values.
Python Operators
                       - Division (/): Divides one value by another, returns a float.
                                                                                                                         1. x = 9 y = 4
                       - Floor Division (//): Divides one value by another, returns the quotient as an
                                                                                                                         1. X = 9 y = 4
2. result_add= x + y # Addition
3. result_sub= x - y # Subtraction
4. result_mul= x * y # Multiplication
5. result_div= x / y # Division
6. result_fdiv= x // y # Floor Division
7. result_mod= x % y # Modulo
                       integer.
                       - Modulo (%): Returns the remainder after division.
                                                                                                                       Copied!
                                                                                                                      Example:
                                                                                                                         1. 1
                                                                                                                         2. 2
replace()
                       Replaces substrings.
                                                                                                                         1. my_string="Hello"
2. new_text = my_string.replace("Hello", "Hi")
                                                                                                                      Copied!
                                                                                                                      Syntax:
                                                                                                                         1. 1
                                                                                                                         1. substring = string_name[start:end]
                                                                                                                      Copied!
Slicing
                       Extracts a portion of the string.
                                                                                                                      Example:
                                                                                                                         1. 1
                                                                                                                         1. my string="Hello" substring = my string[0:5]
                                                                                                                       Copied!
                                                                                                                      Example:
                                                                                                                         2. 2
                       Splits string into a list based on a delimiter.
split()
                                                                                                                         1. my_string="Hello"
2. split_text = my_string.split(",")
                                                                                                                      Copied!
                                                                                                                      Example:
                                                                                                                         2. 2
strip()
                       Removes leading/trailing whitespace.

    my_string="Hello"

                                                                                                                         2. trimmed = my_string.strip()
                                                                                                                       Copied!
                                                                                                                      Example:
                                                                                                                         2. 2
upper()
                       Converts string to uppercase.

    my_string="Hello"

                                                                                                                         2. uppercase_text = my_string.upper()
                                                                                                                      Copied!
                                                                                                                      Syntax:
                                                                                                                         1. 1
                                                                                                                         1. variable_name = value
                                                                                                                      Copied!
Variable
                       Assigns a value to a variable.
                                                                                                                      Example:
Assignment
                                                                                                                         1. 1
2. 2
                                                                                                                         1. name="John" # assigning John to variable name 2. x = 5 # assigning 5 to variable x
                                                                                                                       Copied!
```

6/10/24, 2:33 AM about:blank



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about:blank 3/3