

Logical Java Problem Statements

1. Without Using Loops or Recursion, Print 1 to 100

Write a program that prints numbers from 1 to 100 **without using** any loop (`for`, `while`, `do-while`) or recursion.

Hint: Use streams, or object constructors, or thread hacks.

2. Find the Second Highest Number Without Sorting or Duplicates

Given an integer array, find the **second highest unique number** without using `Collections.sort()` or streams.

Input: [3, 1, 4, 4, 5, 5, 2]

Output: 4

3. Find Missing Number in an Arithmetic Progression

Given an arithmetic progression with one missing number (unsorted), find the missing number.

Input: [2, 6, 10, 14, 18] → 4 is missing

Output: 4

4. Number Is Reversible?

A number is reversible if **reversing it and adding** gives a number where **all digits are odd**.

Input: 36 → $36 + 63 = 99$ → valid

Output: true

Write a method to check this.

5. Find Repeating Pattern in a String

Given a string, return the smallest repeating unit if possible.

Input: "abcabcabc"

Output: "abc"

6. Reverse Only Digits in a Mixed String

Reverse the digits in a string without touching other characters.

Input: "a1b2c3d4"

Output: "a4b3c2d1"

7. Rearrange Characters So That No Adjacent Are the Same

Given a string, rearrange characters so no two adjacent characters are the same.

Input: "aaabbc"

Possible Output: "ababac"

Hint: Use PriorityQueue or Greedy logic.

8. Valid Sudoku Checker

Given a 9x9 board, write logic to check whether it's a valid Sudoku board (rows, cols, boxes).

Trick: No easy built-in validator, you must track all 3 constraints logically.

9. Validate Email Without Regex

Write your own logic to validate a basic email without using regex.

Input: "test@gmail.com" → true

Input: "invalid@com" → false

10. Find Subarray with Given Sum (Positive Integers Only)

Find a subarray in an array whose elements sum to a given number.

Input: [1, 2, 3, 7, 5], sum = 12

Output: [2, 3, 7]
