Homework #5 (11.26)

1、已知有关系模式 R(A, B, C)和 S(B, C, D),每个属性都占 10 个字节,请估计下面的逻辑查询计划的 T(U),S(U)以及结果关系中每个属性的 V 值(假设满足"Containment of Value Sets",并且选择条件中的值都在关系中存在):

$$\bigcup = \pi_{AD} [(\sigma_{A=3 \land B=5} R) \bowtie S)]$$

相应的统计量如下:

$$T(R) = 100000$$
, $V(R,A) = 20$, $V(R,B) = 50$, $V(R,C) = 150$
 $T(S) = 5000$, $V(S,B) = 100$, $V(S,C) = 200$, $V(S,D) = 30$

2、已知有下面的3个基本表:

3 个基本表相关的统计量如下:

T(Movies)=50,000 T(Actors)=200,000 T(Acted_in)=1,000,000

V(Movies, title)=30,000 V(Movies, year)=90 V(Actors, actorID)=200,000

V(Actors, name)=160,000 V(Acted_in, actorID)=180,000

V(Acted in, title)=29,000 V(Acted in, year)=90

请估计下面查询的结果关系大小(精确到小数点后3位):

- 1) SELECT * FROM Movies WHERE year=2000 AND title='The Killer'
- 2) SELECT * FROM Movies, Acted_in WHERE Movies.title= Acted_in.title AND
 Movies.year=Acted_in.year

[考虑两种情况: (title, year) 是 Movies 的主键, (title, year) 不是 Movies 的主键]

解:

[(U) = 20 bytes

$$T(B_{A=3} \cap B=5(R)) = \frac{T(R)}{V(R,A) \times V(R,B)} = \frac{100000}{20 \times 500} = 100$$
 $T(S_{A=3} \cap B=5(R)) = \frac{T(S_{A=3} \cap B=5(R)) \cdot T(S_{A=3} \cap B=5(R)) \cdot T(S_{$

以投影操作不影响元组数 (T(U)=25 公属性A在R中做了选择操作且S中无属性A. CV(U,A)=1 根据集值保持的假设, V(U,D)=V(S,D)=30 综上, S(U)=20 bytes, T(U)=25, V(U,A)=1, V(U,D)=30 2.将5%1洁自转换为关系代数: 1) W. = 5 year = 2000 AND title= 'The killer' (Movies) 2) Wz = Movies Mmovies, title = Acted - in title AND Movies, year = Acted - in year / cted - in ·若(title, year)是Movies的主般其: T(W1)=1(也有可能查不到,则T(W1)=0) ?(title, year)是Movies的主键, Acted_in的外凝集 : T(W2) = T (Acted_in) = /000000 ·若(title, year)不是Movies的主教表: T(Wz) = T(Movies) · T(Acted_in) = \frac{10000 \times / 00000 0}{30000 \times / 0000 \times / 0000 \times } = 18518, 519