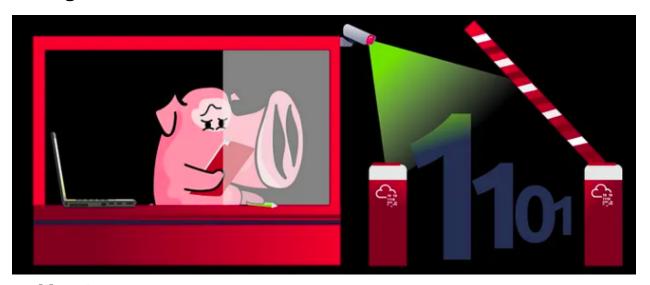
Project 1: NIDS Rule Creation and Testing Lab



Network Intrusion Detection System (NIDS) Rule Creation and **Testing Lab**



Problem Statement: Develop and test a robust set of custom rules for a Network Intrusion Detection System (NIDS) to identify and flag common cyber-attacks in real-time, reducing the mean time to detect threats within a network.

Abstract

A concise summary of what you built: a virtualised lab, Snort NIDS on Ubuntu, a Kali attacker, and a custom rule to detect brute-force attempts.

Use Case: Create a virtualized security lab where an open-source NIDS like Snort or Suricata is deployed to monitor network traffic. The system will be configured with custom rules designed to detect specific malicious activities, such as reconnaissance scans, brute-force login attempts, and known malware communication, providing immediate alerts to security analysts for investigation.

Tools & Technologies Used:

• NIDS Engine: Snort,

• Operating System: Kali Linux 2025 (Attacker Machine), Ubuntu Server 24.04.10 (Target Machine)

• Virtualization: VirtualBox

• Attack & Testing Tools: Hydra

• Scripting & Analysis: Bash, Wireshark

Focus Directory is

1. Target Machine (Ubuntu Server)

cybermonk@myLap:~ \$ cd /etc/snort/rules/local.rules

2. Attacker Machine

This guide details how to set up Snort, a Network Intrusion Detection System (NIDS), to detect an SSH brute-force attack.

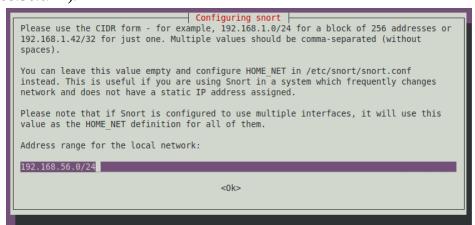


Step 1: Setup and Installation

- a. **Install Ubuntu Server:** Use VirtualBox or VMware to create a new virtual machine. Install a minimal Ubuntu Server. Ensure the network adapter is set to "Bridged Mode" to get an IP address from your local network.
- b. **Install Snort**: Once the VM is running, update your package list and install Snort.

cybermonk@myLap:~ \$sudo apt update cybermonk@myLap:~ \$sudo apt install snort -y

c. Configure Network Interface: During installation, you'll be prompted for the network interface to monitor. Enter the name of your primary interface (e.g., eth0 or enp0s3). You can find it by running the ip command. Also, provide your local network range in CIDR notation (e.g., 192.168.56.0/24).



Step 2: Create a Custom NIDS Rule

a. **Open the Rules File:** Snort's custom rules can be placed in /etc/snort/rules/local.rules. Open this file with a text editor like nano. Note:

Below is a ready-to-paste *local.rules* file (Snort) **and** a set of test commands / scripts to generate traffic that should trigger each rule. Copy *local.rules* into /*etc/snort/rules/local.rules* (or your Suricata *local.rules* equivalent after minor syntax checks). All SIDs use >= 1000000.

cybermonk@myLap:~ \$sudo vim /etc/snort/rules/local.rules

local.rules - Custom Snort rules (lab)
Place this file at /etc/snort/rules/local.rules

All SIDs >= 1000000 (local rules)

Optional IPS (drop) version - ONLY enable if Snort is running inline/IPS
drop tcp any any -> \$HOME_NET 22 (msg:"SSH Brute-Force Attempt - Block";
flow:to_server,established; detection_filter:track by_src, count 5, seconds 60; classtype:attempted-admin;
priority:1; sid:1000003; rev:1;)

Nmap scan detection (SYN / FIN / XMAS)

Nmap SYN scan (many SYNs to many ports)

alert tcp any any -> \$HOME_NET any (msg:"Nmap SYN scan detected"; flags:S; detection_filter:track by_src, count 20, seconds 60; classtype:attempted-recon; priority:2; sid:1000100; rev:1;)

Nmap FIN scan

alert tcp any any -> \$HOME_NET any (msg:"Nmap FIN scan detected"; flags:F; detection_filter:track by_src, count 20, seconds 60; classtype:attempted-recon; priority:2; sid:1000101; rev:1;)

Nmap XMAS scan (FIN,PSH,URG)

alert tcp any any -> \$HOME_NET any (msg:"Nmap XMAS scan detected"; flags:FPU; detection_filter:track by_src, count 20, seconds 60; classtype:attempted-recon; priority:2; sid:1000102; rev:1;)

Simple HTTP C2 beacon signature (example)

Matches repeated GETs for /update.php to web ports (80,8080). Adjust URI & ports for your lab.

If you want to monitor any TCP destination (less strict), use this variant instead:
alert tcp any any -> \$HOME_NET any (msg:"Possible C2 Beacon - suspicious URI /update.php";
flow:to_server,established; uricontent:"/update.php"; nocase; detection_filter:track by_src, count 5,
seconds 300; classtype:trojan-activity; priority:2; sid:1000301; rev:1;)

Validate Snort config:

cybermonk@myLap:~ \$ sudo snort -T -c /etc/snort/snort.conf

Save the file to .txt file

cybermonk@myLap:~ \$ sudo snort -T -c /etc/snort/snort.conf > /home/cybermonk/snort_test_output.txt 2>&1

Step 3: Test the Rule



cybermonk@myLap:~ \$ip route get 192.168.56.102 ip -br addr sudo tcpdump -D

```
ybermonk@myLap:~ $ ip route get 192.168.56.102
ip -br addr
sudo tcpdump -D
192.168.56.102 dev enp0s8 src 192.168.56.105 uid 1000
lo
                 UNKNOWN
                                127.0.0.1/8 ::1/128
                                10.0.2.15/24 metric 100 fe80::a00:27ff:fe7b:505d/64
enp0s3
                 UP
enp0s8
                 UP
                                192.168.56.105/24 fe80::a00:27ff:fe4c:6dd5/64
1.enp0s3 [Up, Running, Connected]
2.enp0s8 [Up, Running, Connected]
3.any (Pseudo-device that captures on all interfaces) [Up, Running]
4.lo [Up, Running, Loopback]
5.bluetooth-monitor (Bluetooth Linux Monitor) [Wireless]
6.nflog (Linux netfilter log (NFLOG) interface) [none]
7.nfqueue (Linux netfilter queue (NFQUEUE) interface) [none]
8.dbus-system (D-Bus system bus) [none]
9.dbus-session (D-Bus session bus) [none]
 ybermonk@myLap:~ $
```

This command:

cybermonk@myLap:~ \$ps aux | grep snort | grep -v grep

```
ps aux | grep snort | grep
cvbermo+
             3417
                   0.0
                               25220 13056 pts/0
                                                            10:05
                                                                     0:00 vim snort test output.txt
                                                                     0:00 sudo snort -A console -q -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -i enp0s8
root
             3742
                   0.0
                         0.1
                               17132
                                      6912 pts/0
                                                            10:11
                              17132
                                      2612 pts/1
                                                                     0:00 sudo snort -A console -q -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -i enp0s8
             3743
                   0.0
                         0.0
                                                            10:11
root
             3744
                         1.4 135228 93184 pts/1
                                                                     0:00 snort -A console -q -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -i enp0s8
root
                   0.0
                                                            10:11
                                                                     0:00 sudo snort -A console -q -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -i enp0s8
             3878
                              17136
                                      6912 pts/0
                                                                     0:00 sudo snort -A console -q -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -i enp0s8
             3879
                         0.0
                              17136
                                      2616 pts/2
                                                            10:15
                        1.4 135148 92964
0.1 17136 6784
             3880
                   0.0
                                            pts/2
                                                            10:15
                                                                     0:00 snort -A console -q -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -i enp0s8
root
             3903
                   0.0
                                     6784 pts/0
                                                            10:16
                                                                    0:00 sudo vim /var/log/snort/alert
0:00 sudo vim /var/log/snort/alert
root
             3904
                   0.0
                         0.0
                              17136
                                      2612 pts/3
                                                            10:16
                              25212 12928 pts/3
135008 89240 ?
             3905
                   0.0
                         0.1
                                                                     0:00 vim /var/log/snort/alert
root
                                                            10:16
                                                                     0:00 /usr/sbin/snort -m 027 -D -d -l /var/log/snort -u snort -g snort
0:00 /usr/sbin/snort -m 027 -D -d -l /var/log/snort -u snort -g snort
             4086
                             135008 89240
                                                            10:22
             4102
                             135008 89292
             4165
                   0.0
                         0.1
                              17136
                                      6784 pts/0
                                                            10:24
                                                                     0:00 sudo snort -A console -q -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -i enp0s8
             4166
                   0.0
                         0.0
                              17136
                                      2612 pts/4
                                                            10:24
                                                                     0:00 sudo snort -A console -q -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -i enp0s8
root
             4167
                   0.0
                        1.3 134848 90756 pts/4
                                                      Tl+ 10:24
                                                                     0:00 snort -A console -q -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -i enp0s8
```

is used to **find all running processes related to Snort**.

Show the active *local.rules* on the target (verify the rules exist and SIDs):

cybermonk@myLap:~ \$ nl -ba /etc/snort/rules/local.rules | sed -n '1,200p'

Note:

Make sure the rules we created are present (SIDs 1000002, 1000100, etc.) and that there are no *alert http* headers left.

b. Check Snort logs (if Snort is running as a daemon):

cybermonk@myLap:~ \$ sudo ls -l /var/log/snort

sudo tail -n 200 /var/log/snort/alert || sudo tail -n 200 /var/log/snort/fast.log || true

total 740

```
-rw-r--r-- 1 root adm 0 Oct 12 05:33 snort.alert.fast

-rw----- 1 root adm 0 Oct 12 06:09 snort.log.1760249370

-rw----- 1 root adm 0 Oct 12 06:14 snort.log.1760249657

-rw----- 1 root adm 376618 Oct 12 06:56 snort.log.1760251584

-rw----- 1 root adm 378458 Oct 12 08:50 snort.log.1760258824

tail: cannot open '/var/log/snort/alert' for reading: No such file or directory

tail: cannot open '/var/log/snort/fast.log' for reading: No such file or directory
```

cybermonk@myLap:~\$

If the directory is empty or no alert file, Snort may not be logging or running.

Note:

Thanks here— the missing <u>/var/log/snort/alert</u> tells us Snort isn't writing alerts to that file (either it's logging elsewhere, running only in the console, or the log directory/permissions aren't correct). Let's fix and verify **quickly**.

C. Creating snort alert directory

Kill all extra Snort processes

cybermonk@myLap:~ \$ sudo pkill snort

Daemon mode with alert logging (for persistent logging):

Edit /etc/snort/snort.conf to add:

```
# Event thresholding or suppression commands. See threshold.conf
include threshold.conf
output alert_fast: /var/log/snort/alert
:wq
```

Make sure /var/log/snort exists and is owned by snort:

cybermonk@myLap:~ \$ sudo mkdir -p /var/log/snort sudo chown snort:snort /var/log/snort sudo chmod 750 /var/log/snort

cybermonk@myLap:~\$

Now, alerts will be logged to /var/log/snort/alert.

```
10/12-10:28:06.390164 [**] [1:1000100:1] Nmap SYN scan detected [**] [Classification: Attempt ed Information Leak] [Priority: 2] {TCP} 192.168.56.104:56460 -> 192.168.56.105:22 10/12-10:28:07.232021 [**] [1:1917:6] SCAN UPnP service discover attempt [**] [Classification : Detection of a Network Scan] [Priority: 3] {UDP} 192.168.56.1:34212 -> 239.255.255.250:1900 10/12-10:30:04.232460 [**] [1:1917:6] SCAN UPnP service discover attempt [**] [Classification : Detection of a Network Scan] [Priority: 3] {UDP} 192.168.56.1:34843 -> 239.255.255.250:1900 10/12-10:30:05.233656 [**] [1:1917:6] SCAN UPnP service discover attempt [**] [Classification : Detection of a Network Scan] [Priority: 3] {UDP} 192.168.56.1:34843 -> 239.255.255.250:1900 10/12-10:30:06.234760 [**] [1:1917:6] SCAN UPnP service discover attempt [**] [Classification : Detection of a Network Scan] [Priority: 3] {UDP} 192.168.56.1:34843 -> 239.255.255.250:1900 10/12-10:30:07.235677 [**] [1:1917:6] SCAN UPnP service discover attempt [**] [Classification : Detection of a Network Scan] [Priority: 3] {UDP} 192.168.56.1:34843 -> 239.255.255.250:1900 10/12-10:30:07.235677 [**] [1:1917:6] SCAN UPnP service discover attempt [**] [Classification : Detection of a Network Scan] [Priority: 3] {UDP} 192.168.56.1:34843 -> 239.255.255.250:1900 cybermonk@myLap:.../log/snort $
```

Note: sudo tail -n 200 /var/log/snort/alert || sudo tail -n 200 /var/log/snort/fast.log || true

d.Start Snort in console (live) and capture verbose errors — run this in a terminal and leave it open:

sudo snort -A console -q -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -i <interface> Replace **<interface>** with your actual interface (**ip** *a* to check).

Replace **eth0** with your actual interface (**ip** *a* to check).

Leave this terminal open — alerts will appear live.

Step 4. Perform the Attack (Kali Machine):

a. Script (save on attacker VM as run nids tests.sh)

On your **attacker (Kali)** machine run the following commands to make the correct script, make it executable, and run it. (This writes a single file home/kali/run_nids_tests.sh.)

```
#!/usr/bin/env bash
# run_nids_tests.sh - Attacker-side NIDS test script
# Usage: sudo ./run nids tests.sh TARGET IP [IFACE]
# Default TARGET_IP = 192.168.56.102
set -u
TARGET=${1:-192.168.56.102}
IFACE=${2:-$(ip route get "$TARGET" 2>/dev/null | awk '/dev/ {print $5; exit}')}
PCAP="/tmp/nids_test_${TARGET//./_}.pcap"
TCPDUMP_PID_FILE="/tmp/tcpdump_nids_test.pid"
echo "[*] Target: $TARGET"
if [[ -z "$IFACE" || "$IFACE" == "0.0.0.0" ]]; then
 echo "[!] Interface autodetect failed. List your interfaces with: ip -br addr"
 echo " Re-run the script with the interface as second argument, e.g.:"
 echo "
         sudo ./run_nids_tests.sh $TARGET eth1"
 exit 2
fi
echo "[*] Interface: $IFACE"
echo "[*] PCAP file: $PCAP"
echo
# require sudo
if [[ $EUID -ne 0 ]]; then
 echo "[!] Please run with sudo. Exiting."
 exit 3
fi
# Check for required commands and warn (we won't attempt to install)
for cmd in tcpdump nmap curl ssh; do
 if! command -v "$cmd" >/dev/null 2>&1; then
  echo "[!] Warning: '$cmd' not found. Some tests may be skipped."
 fi
```

```
# start tcpdump capturing traffic between attacker and target (if tcpdump exists)
if command -v tcpdump >/dev/null 2>&1; then
 echo "[*] Starting tcpdump..."
 tcpdump -i "$IFACE" host "$TARGET" -w "$PCAP" 2>/dev/null &
 TCPDUMP PID=$!
 echo $TCPDUMP_PID > "$TCPDUMP_PID_FILE"
 sleep 1
 echo "[*] tcpdump started (pid $TCPDUMP_PID)."
 echo "[!] tcpdump not installed — continuing without pcap capture."
fi
# 1) Nmap tests (if nmap installed)
if command -v nmap >/dev/null 2>&1; then
 echo
 echo "==== [Nmap SYN scan] ===="
 nmap -sS -Pn "$TARGET" -oN /tmp/nmap_syn_scan_${TARGET}.txt || true
 sleep 2
 echo
 echo "==== [Nmap FIN scan] ===="
 nmap -sF -Pn "$TARGET" -oN /tmp/nmap fin scan ${TARGET}.txt || true
 sleep 2
 echo
 echo "==== [Nmap XMAS scan] ===="
 nmap -sX -Pn "$TARGET" -oN /tmp/nmap_xmas_scan_${TARGET}.txt || true
 sleep 2
else
 echo "[!] nmap not installed; skipping Nmap tests."
fi
# 2) SSH brute-force (quick) - simple connect attempts
if command -v ssh >/dev/null 2>&1; then
 echo
 echo "==== [SSH brute attempts x6] ===="
 for i in {1..6}; do
  ssh -o ConnectTimeout=2 -o StrictHostKeyChecking=no invaliduser@"$TARGET"
2>/dev/null || true
  sleep 1
 done
 sleep 2
```

```
else
 echo "[!] ssh client not installed; skipping SSH tests."
fi
#3) FTP attempts (simple TCP connects) - uses bash TCP socket, always available on modern
bash
echo
echo "==== [FTP connect attempts x12] ===="
for i in {1..12}; do
 timeout 3 bash -c "echo > /dev/tcp/$TARGET/21" 2>/dev/null || true
done
sleep 2
# 4) HTTP beacon simulation - 5 quick GETs to /update.php
if command -v curl >/dev/null 2>&1; then
 echo
 echo "==== [HTTP beacon: GET /update.php x5] ===="
 for i in {1..5}; do
  curl -s -I "http://$TARGET/update.php" >/dev/null 2>&1 || true
  sleep 1
 done
 echo "[!] curl not installed; skipping HTTP beacon."
fi
# cleanup tcpdump
if [[ -f "$TCPDUMP_PID_FILE" ]]; then
 TCPDUMP_PID=$(cat "$TCPDUMP_PID_FILE" 2>/dev/null || echo "")
 if [[ -n "$TCPDUMP_PID" ]]; then
  echo
  echo "[*] Stopping tcpdump (pid $TCPDUMP PID)..."
  kill "$TCPDUMP_PID" 2>/dev/null || true
  sleep 1
 fi
 rm -f "$TCPDUMP_PID_FILE"
echo
echo "[*] Tests finished."
if [[ -f "$PCAP" ]]; then
 echo "[*] PCAP saved to: $PCAP"
else
 echo "[!] No PCAP was captured (tcpdump missing or failed)."
```

```
fi
echo "[*] Nmap outputs (if run): /tmp/nmap_syn_scan_${TARGET}.txt
/tmp/nmap_fin_scan_${TARGET}.txt /tmp/nmap_xmas_scan_${TARGET}.txt"
echo
echo "On the TARGET (NIDS host) check alerts with:"
echo " sudo tail -n 200 /var/log/snort/alert"
Echo
```

This will create /home/kali/run nids tests.sh with the full content and make it executable.

b. Check the file: —(kali@kali)-[~] \$_\\$ \ls \cdot \lambda \texts.sh -rwxrwxr\cdot x \text \

```
-(kali⊕kali)-[~]
 -$ ip route get 192.168.56.102
ip -br addr
sudo tcpdump -D
192.168.56.102 dev eth1 src 192.168.56.104 uid 1000
    cache
lo
                 UNKNOWN
                                127.0.0.1/8 ::1/128
eth0
                                10.0.2.15/24 fe80::3c9a:37a0:d591:21e
                 UP
1/64
                                192.168.56.104/24 fe80::9ffe:9eda:2ef
eth1
                 UP
6:eb96/64
1.eth0 [Up, Running, Connected]
2.eth1 [Up, Running, Connected]
3.any (Pseudo-device that captures on all interfaces) [Up, Running]
4.lo [Up, Running, Loopback]
5.bluetooth-monitor (Bluetooth Linux Monitor) [Wireless]
6.nflog (Linux netfilter log (NFLOG) interface) [none]
7.nfqueue (Linux netfilter queue (NFQUEUE) interface) [none]
8.dbus-system (D-Bus system bus) [none]
9.dbus-session (D-Bus session bus) [none]
   -(kali⊛kali)-[~]
```

c. Perform the Attack

```
____(kali⊛kali)-[~]
___$ sudo bash -x /home/kali/run_nids_tests.sh 192.168.56.105 eth1
```

If ip could not auto-detect the interface you can provide it as second argument:

sudo ./run_nids_tests.sh 192.168.56.102 eth0

d. Verify the Alert (in NIDs machine):

e. In Target

Check alerts (console or log):

cybermonk@myLap:~ \$ sudo tail -n 50 /var/log/snort/alert

Or watch live

cybermonk@myLap:~ \$ sudo tail -f /var/log/snort/alert

Or

cybermonk@myLap:~ \$ sudo journalctl -u snort --no-pager -n 200 || sudo grep -i snort /var/log/syslog || true