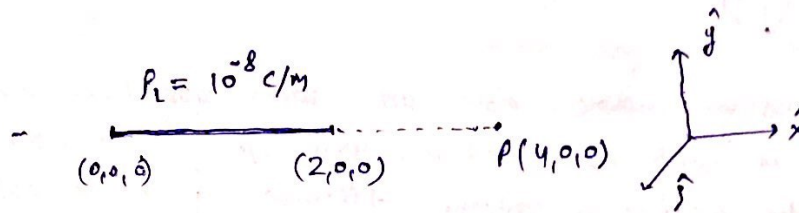


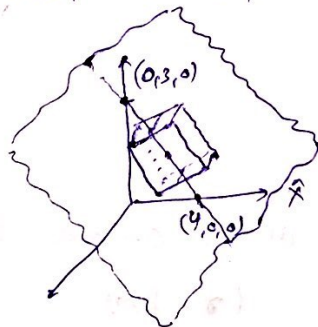
- Q-1. Find electric field intensity at point $P(4,0,0)$ due to a finite length uniform charge distribution as shown below



- Q-2. A positive charge $2C$ is at the center of a spherical dielectric shell of inner radius $R_i = 4\text{ mm}$ and outer radius $R_o = 6\text{ mm}$. Dielectric constant of the shell is 2.5 . Find the ^{surface} charge density on the inner surface due to polarization — C/m^2

- Q-3. In copper material whose conductivity is $\sigma = 5.8 \times 10^7 \text{ S/m}$ and $\epsilon_r = 1$. If some charge density ρ_{vo} is placed at some point inside copper material. Find time in ~~the~~ which 60% of charge density vanish from the interior point and appear at the surface. — $\times 10^{-19} \text{ sec.}$

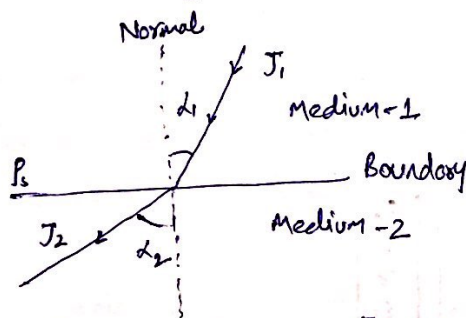
- Q-4. A dielectric interface is defined by $3x + 4y = 12$ is shown below origin lies in free space; where



$\vec{E} = 2\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} + 7\hat{k}$. In other region

$\epsilon_r = 2$. Find energy within a cube of side 2.5 m centre lies on the plane $3x + 4y = 12$ as shown centre of cube is $P(2, 1.5, 4)$

- Q-5.



Medium-1 be carbon and medium-2 is copper.

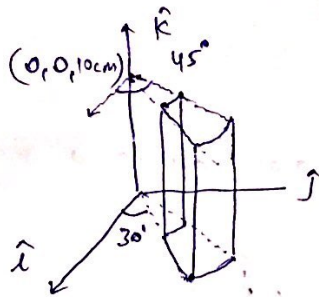
If $\alpha_2 = 89.8^\circ$

Conductivity of copper is $5.7 \times 10^7 \text{ S/m}$

Conductivity of carbon is $3 \times 10^4 \text{ S/m}$

Find α_1 — degrees.

Q-6.



Two conducting plates of capacitor are at $x=10\text{ cm}$ and $x=20\text{ cm}$. The medium between the plates is 2.5. Determine the capacitance between the plates.

Q-7. A parallel-plate capacitor whose plates are 10 cm square and 0.2 cm apart contains a medium with $\epsilon_r=2.5$ and $\sigma=4 \times 10^{-5}\text{ S/m}$. To maintain a steady current through the medium a potential difference of 120 V is applied between the plates. The resistance of the medium between the plates will be $\text{--- k}\Omega$

Q-8. A truncated circular cone is shown below is made of iron

10 cm radius



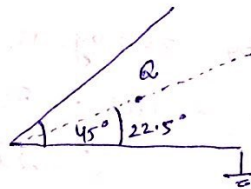
5 cm radius

1 m.

resistivity of iron is $8.9 \times 10^{-8}\text{ }\Omega\cdot\text{m}$.

Find resistance of the cone between its flat ends $\text{--- }\Omega$

Q-9.



No. of image charges will be ---

Q-10. Given that $J = \frac{5e^{-10^4 t}}{r} \hat{r}\text{ A/m}^2$ at $t = 0.1\text{ msec}$ find charge density ρ_v on that surface --- C/m^3 ($r = 2\text{ m}$)

Q-11. for a medium

$$\begin{bmatrix} D_x \\ D_y \\ D_z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2\epsilon_0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2\epsilon_0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2\epsilon_0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} E_x \\ E_y \\ E_z \end{bmatrix}$$

which of the following statement is ^{Not} true

(a) $\nabla \cdot D = \rho_v$

(b) $\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{s} = \frac{Q_{\text{enclosed}}}{2\epsilon_0}$

(c) $\oint \vec{D} \cdot d\vec{s} = Q_{\text{enclosed}}$

(d) $\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{s} = \frac{Q_{\text{enclosed}}}{\epsilon_0}$