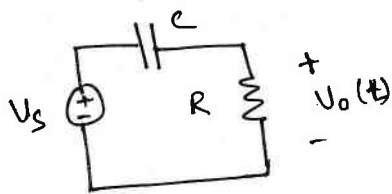


①



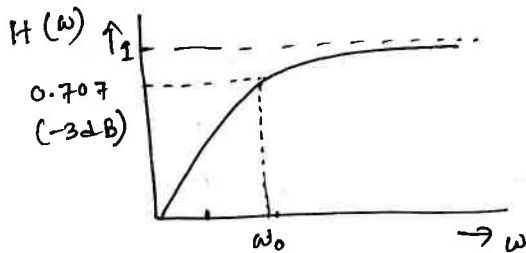
$$H(\omega) = \frac{V_o}{V_s} = \frac{R}{R + \frac{1}{j\omega C}} = \frac{j\omega RC}{1 + j\omega RC}$$

$$\left| \frac{V_o}{V_s} \right| = \frac{\omega RC}{\sqrt{1 + \omega^2 R^2 C^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \text{ at cut-off freq. } (\omega_0)$$

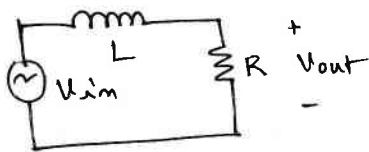
$$\therefore \omega_0^2 R^2 C^2 = 1; \quad \boxed{\omega_0 = \frac{1}{RC}}$$

High pass filter

$$\therefore H(\omega) = \frac{j(\omega/\omega_0)}{1 + j(\omega/\omega_0)}$$



②



$$\text{Transfer function } H(\omega) = \frac{V_o}{V_s} = \frac{R}{R + j\omega L}$$

$$\therefore \left| \frac{V_o}{V_s} \right| = \frac{R}{\sqrt{R^2 + \omega^2 L^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \text{ at } \omega = \omega_0 \text{ (cut-off)}$$

$$\omega_0 = \frac{R}{L}$$

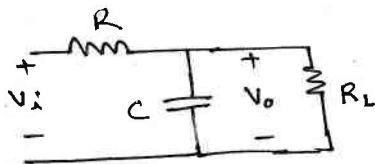
$$\therefore f_0 = \frac{R}{2\pi L}$$

$$f_0 = 5 \text{ kHz}, L = 40 \text{ mH.}$$

$$\therefore R = 2\pi f_0 L = 2 \times 3.14 \times 5000 \times 40 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$R = 1.256 \text{ k}\Omega$$

③



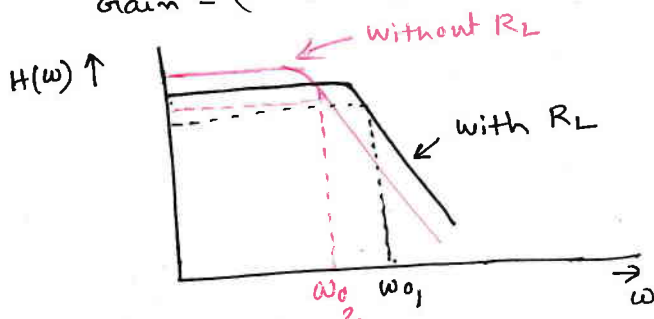
$$H = \frac{V_o}{V_i} = \frac{R_L \parallel \frac{1}{j\omega C}}{R + R_L \parallel \frac{1}{j\omega C}} = \frac{R_L}{R + R_L + R R_L j\omega C}$$

$$|H| = \frac{(R'/R)^2}{\sqrt{1 + \omega^2 C^2 R'^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \text{ at } \omega = \omega_{01} \text{ cut-off.}$$

$$\omega_{01}^2 C^2 R'^2 = 1$$

$$\omega_{01} = \frac{1}{CR'} \quad \text{--- (c)}$$

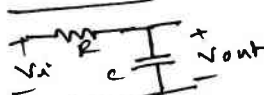
$$\text{Gain} = (R'/R) \quad \text{--- (c)}$$



$$\frac{V_o}{V_i} = \frac{\frac{R R_L}{(R + R_L) R}}{1 + j\omega C \frac{R R_L}{R + R_L}} = \frac{R'/R}{1 + j\omega C R'} \quad \text{--- (a)}$$

$$\text{Where, } R' = R \parallel R_L = \frac{R R_L}{R + R_L}$$

Low pass filter --- (b)

without  $R_L$ ,For this filter:  
Gain = 1

$$H' = \frac{\frac{1}{j\omega C}}{R + \frac{1}{j\omega C}} = \frac{1}{1 + j\omega RC}$$

Low pass filter, with cut-off

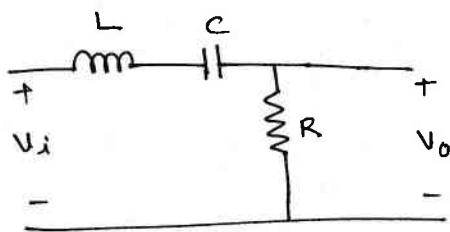
$$\text{freq. } \omega_{02} = \frac{1}{CR}, \text{ as } R > R', [R' = R \parallel R_L]$$

$$\omega_{01} > \omega_{02},$$

$$\text{with } R_L, \text{ Gain} = \frac{R'}{R} < 1$$

So, gain reduces due to  $R_L$  but, cut-off freq. increases.

④



Band width =  $f_{upper} - f_{lower}$   
(BW)

$\therefore 3 \text{ KHz} = f_{upper} - 1 \text{ KHz}$

$\therefore f_{upper} = 4 \text{ KHz}$

BW in rad/Sec =  $2\pi \text{ BW (Hz)} = 1.88 \times 10^4 \text{ rad/s}$

$\omega_{upper} = 2\pi f_{upper} = 2.51 \times 10^4 \text{ rad/sec}$

$\omega_{lower} = 2\pi f_{lower} = 6.28 \times 10^3 \text{ rad/sec}$

$\therefore \omega_0 = \sqrt{\omega_{upper} \times \omega_{lower}}$   
 $= 1.26 \times 10^4 \text{ rad/Sec}$

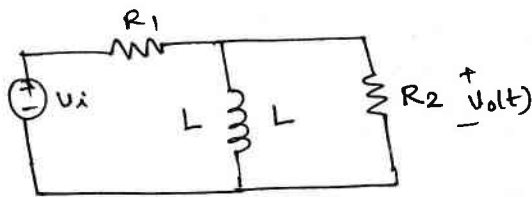
$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} ; LC = \frac{1}{\omega_0^2} \therefore C = \frac{1}{\omega_0^2 L} ; L = 10 \text{ mH (let)}$   
(design value)

$\therefore C = 0.63 \mu\text{F}$

$\therefore BW = \frac{\omega_0}{Q} ; Q = \frac{1.26 \times 10^4}{1.88 \times 10^4} = 0.67$

$Q = \frac{\omega_0}{R/L} ; R = \frac{\omega_0 L}{Q} = BW \cdot L = 188 \Omega$

⑤



$H(\omega) = \frac{V_o}{V_i} = \frac{R_2 \parallel j\omega L}{R_1 + R_2 \parallel j\omega L}$

$= \frac{\frac{R_2 j\omega L}{R_2 + j\omega L}}{R_1 + \frac{R_2 j\omega L}{R_2 + j\omega L}}$

$= \frac{R_2 j\omega L}{R_1 R_2 + j\omega L R_1 + j\omega L R_2}$

$H(\omega) = \frac{j R_2 \omega L}{R_1 R_2 + j\omega L (R_1 + R_2)} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \left[ \frac{j\omega L}{\frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2} + j\omega L} \right]$

$H(\omega) = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \left[ \frac{1}{1 - j \frac{R_1 R_2}{\omega L (R_1 + R_2)}} \right]$

At  $\omega_0$ ,  $|H(\omega)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \therefore 1 + \frac{R_1 R_2}{\omega_0^2 L^2 (R_1 + R_2)^2} = 2$   
Cut-off freq.

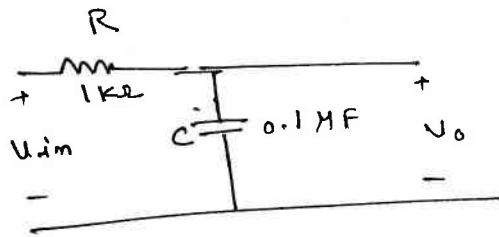
$R_1 = R_2 = 100 \Omega, L = 2 \text{ mH}$

$\omega_0 = \frac{R_1 R_2}{L (R_1 + R_2)}$

$\omega_0 = \frac{100 \times 100}{2 \times 10^{-3} (100 + 100)}$

$\omega_0 = 25 \text{ krad/Sec}$

⑥



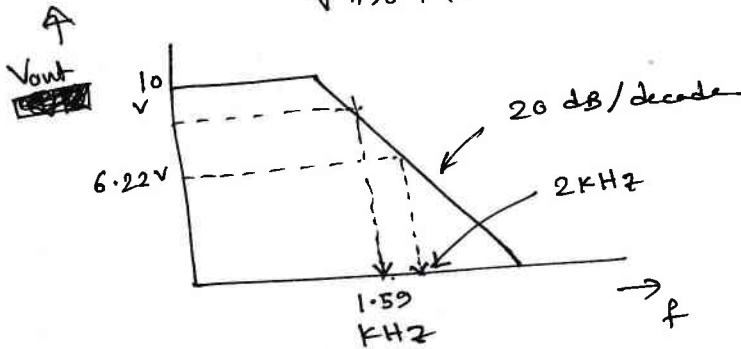
Cut-off frequency  $f_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi RC}$

$$f_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi \times 10^3 \times 0.1 \times 10^{-6}} = 1.59 \text{ KHz.}$$

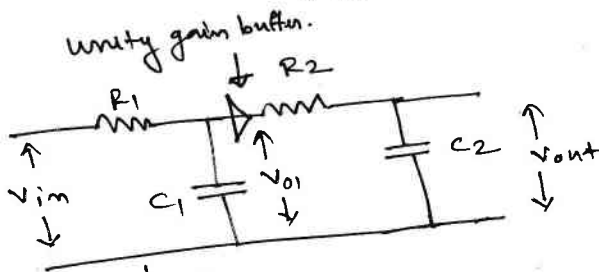
$$V_{out}(2\text{KHz}) = \frac{|X_c|}{\sqrt{R^2 + X_c^2}} \times U_{im}, \quad U_{im} = 10\text{V} @ 2\text{KHz.} = f$$

$$X_c = \frac{1}{2\pi f c} = \frac{1}{2\pi \times 2000 \times 0.1 \times 10^{-6}} = 796 \Omega$$

$$V_{out} = \frac{796}{\sqrt{796^2 + 1000^2}} \times 10 = 6.22\text{V.}$$



⑦



$$V_{01} = \frac{\frac{1}{j\omega C_1}}{R_1 + \frac{1}{j\omega C_1}} U_{im}$$

$$V_{01} = \frac{1}{1 + j\omega C_1 R_1} U_{im}$$

$$V_{out} = \frac{\frac{1}{j\omega C_2}}{R_2 + \frac{1}{j\omega C_2}} V_{01} = \frac{U_{im}}{(1 + j\omega C_2 R_2)(1 + j\omega C_1 R_1)} = \frac{U_{im}}{1 + j\omega(C_1 R_1 + C_2 R_2) - \omega^2 C_1 C_2 R_1 R_2}$$

$$\therefore \frac{V_{out}}{U_{im}} = \frac{1}{1 + j\omega(C_1 R_1 + C_2 R_2) - \omega^2 C_1 C_2 R_1 R_2}$$

Low pass filter (2nd order).

$$\text{Cut-off frequency} = \omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{C_1 C_2 R_1 R_2}}$$

Roll-off at -3dB frequency = -40dB/decade.

