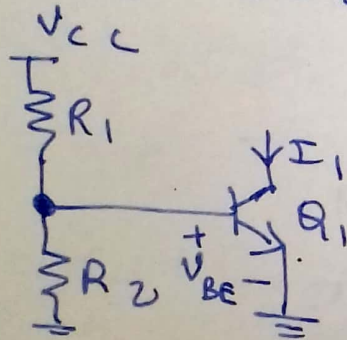


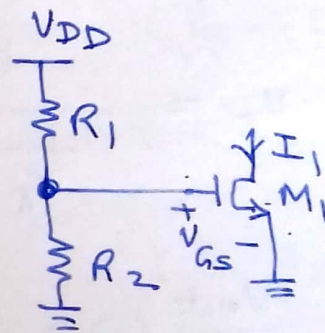
CURRENT SOURCE :-

Cascode :- "Cascaded Triodes having similar characteristics to a Pentode"  
 "Coined in 1939"

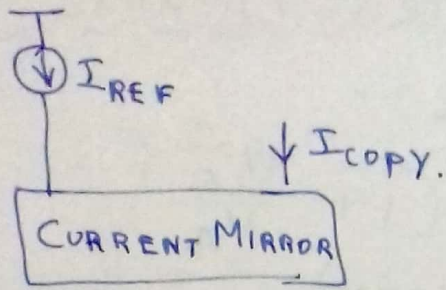
Impractical Realization of Current sources:-



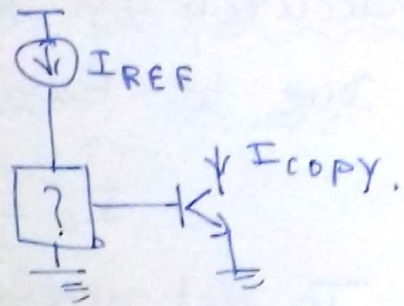
$$\frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} V_{CC} = V_T \ln\left(\frac{I_1}{I_S}\right)$$



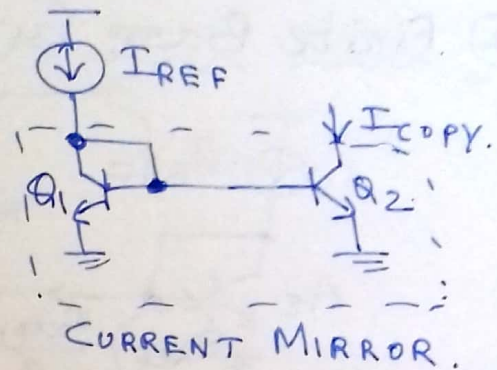
$$\frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} V_{DD} = \sqrt{\frac{2I_1}{\mu_n C_{ox} \frac{W}{L}}} + V_{TH}$$



$\Rightarrow$

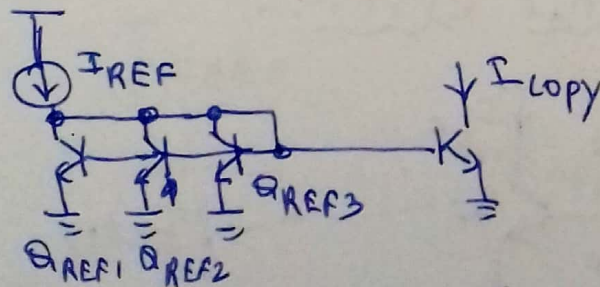
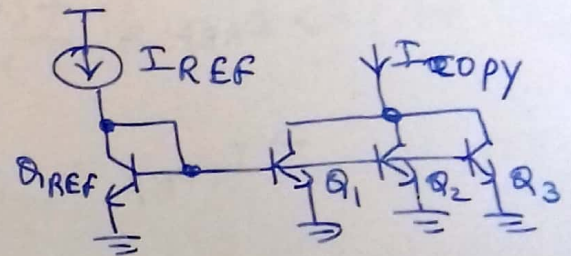
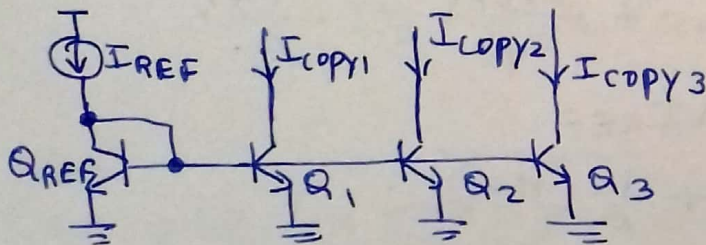


$\Downarrow$



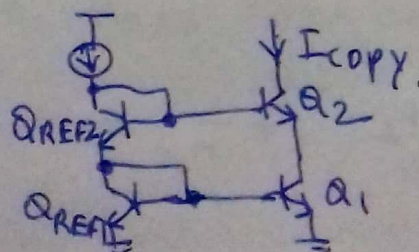
### Properties of Current Mirrors

- ① High output impedance.
- ② Low compliance voltage.  $\rightarrow$  compliance voltage is the voltage across the current mirror.
- ③ Accuracy of mirroring.



### How to increase o/p impedance?

\* Cascoding.



\* Mirroring action due to  $Q_1$ .

\* Enhanced o/p impedance due to  $Q_2$ .



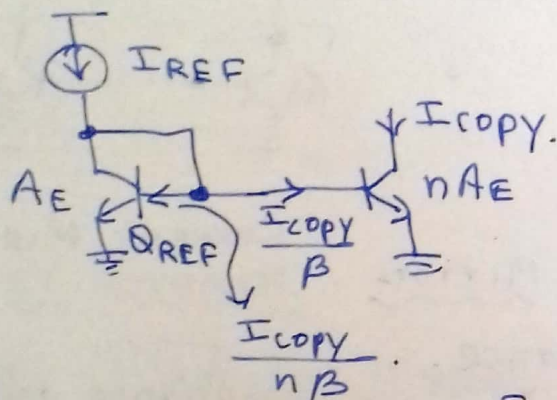
### ③ Inaccuracy In BJT Current Mirrors :-

① Due to Early Voltage :-

$$I_C = I_C e^{\frac{V_{BE}}{V_T}} \left(1 + \frac{V_{CE}}{V_A}\right)$$

To get perfect (i.e., 100%) accuracy  $V_{CE}$  of  $Q_{REF}$  should be equal to  $V_{CE, copy}$  transistor.

② Finite Base Current :-

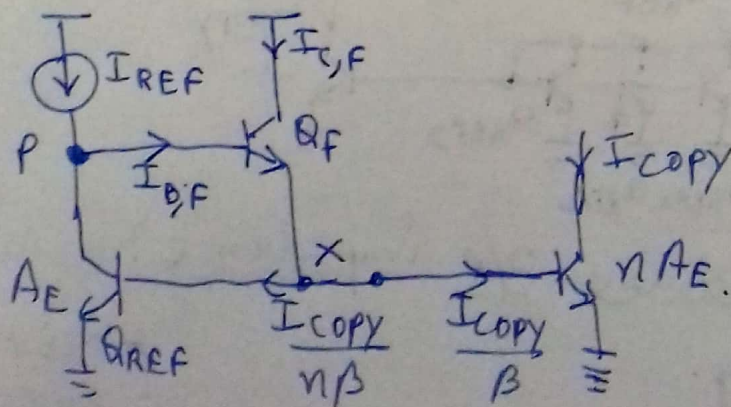


$$\text{Thus, } I_{REF} = I_{CREF} + \frac{I_{COPY}}{n\beta} + \frac{I_{COPY}}{\beta}$$

$$\Rightarrow I_{REF} = \frac{I_{COPY}}{n} + \frac{I_{COPY}}{n\beta} + \frac{I_{COPY}}{\beta}$$

$$\Rightarrow I_{COPY} = \frac{n I_{REF}}{1 + \frac{1}{\beta}(n+1)}$$

Minimizing this error :-



$$\text{Now, } I_{SF} = \frac{I_{COPY}}{\beta} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Rightarrow I_{B,F} = \frac{I_{COPY}}{\beta^2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)$$

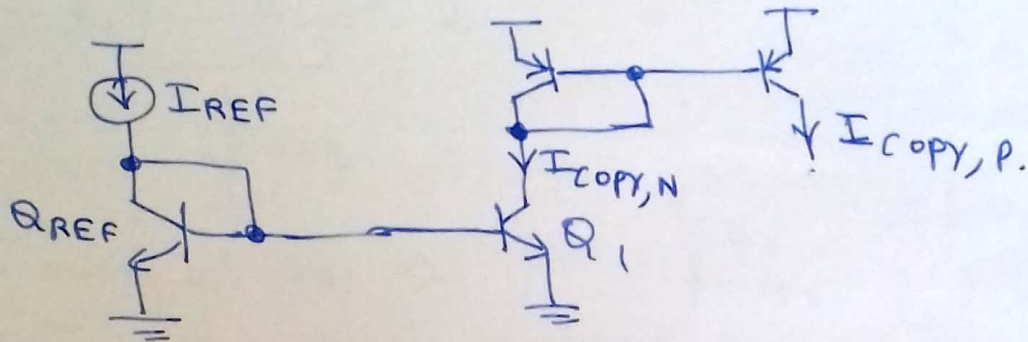
4

Thus,  $I_{REF} = I_{B,F} + I_{C,REF}$ .

$$\Rightarrow I_{REF} = \frac{I_{copy}}{\beta^2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) + \frac{I_{copy}}{n}.$$

$$\Rightarrow I_{\text{copy}} = \frac{n I_{\text{REF}}}{1 + \frac{1}{\beta^2}(n+1)}$$

## How to make PNP mirrors?

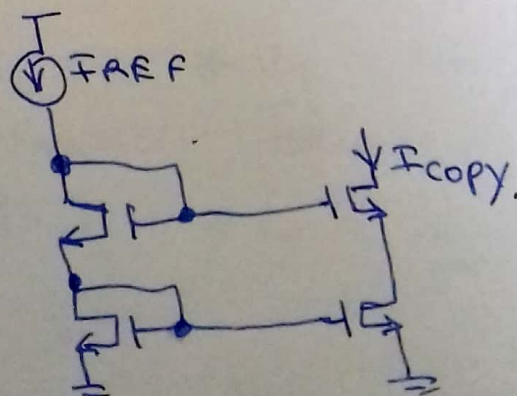


## Inaccuracy in MOS Current Mirrors

\* Due to mismatch in  $V_{DS}$  of the reference and copying transistor.

$$I_D = \frac{1}{2} \mu_n C_{ox} \frac{W}{L} (V_{GS} - V_{TH})^2 (1 + \lambda V_{DS})$$

## Cascode Current Mirrors :-



\* PMOS current mirrors can be realized similar to PNP mirrors shown above?