## ASSIGNMENT 1 19 CS 1006 0 Sunanda Mandal

1.a)  $\lambda x \cdot x \neq \lambda y \cdot x y$ paranthe sized:  $(\lambda x \cdot ((x \neq x)(\lambda y \cdot x y)))$ 7 in this part is free variable

b)  $(\lambda x. \chi z) \lambda y. \omega \lambda \omega. \omega y z \chi$   $\left( (\lambda x. (\chi z)) \lambda y. (\omega (\lambda z).((\omega y)z)\chi) \right)$   $= \frac{1}{2} \omega z.\chi$ 

These are the free variables in corresponding marked part.

e) Ax. x y Ax. y x

 $\left(\lambda x.\left(\left(x,y\right).\left(\lambda x.\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)\right)\right)\right)$ 

These are free voubles in cornes ponding marked.

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```
NOT = Ax. ((x TRUE) FALSE)
2.(a)
      TRUE = Dx. Dy. x
      FALSE = Ax. Ay. y
    NOW, NOT (NOT FALSE)
    = 22. ((n TRUE) FALSE) (NOT FALSE)
   = ((NOT FALSE) TRUE) FALSE)
  = ((( AX. ((X TRUE) FALSE) FALSE) TRUE, ) FALSE)
 = (( (FALSE TRUE) FALSE) FAUE) FALSE)
  = (((Ax. Ay. y) TRUE) FALSE) TRUE) FALSE)
= ( ((ay.y) FALSE) TRUE) FALSE)
  (((FALSE) TRUE) FALSE)
= ((ax. ay. y) TRUE) FALSE
    (Ay. y) FALSE = FALSE (Proved)
 = ((Ax. Ay. ((x TRUE)y)) FALSE) TRUE
   Ay. (( FALSE TRUE) Y) TRUE
= ((FALSE TRUE) TRUE)
 = ((Ax, Ay, y)TRUE) TRUE
    (Ay. y) TRUE = TRUE (Proved)
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Sunanda Mandal 190510060 add  $\bar{5}$  1 = (2n. 2m. 2f. 2x. (2n f)(m f x)) 5) I2.0 = /2m. ^ - //= // / /// 1 = 2f. 2x. ((5f)((if)x)) $\left[\tilde{n} = \lambda f. \ \lambda \chi. \ f^{\tilde{n}}\chi\right]$ = 2f. 2x.  $((2f. 2x. f^5x)f)((2f. 2x. fx)f)x)$  $= Af. Ax. \left[ (\widehat{A}x. \widehat{f}^{5}x) \left( (\widehat{A}x. \widehat{f}^{2}x) \chi \right) \right]$ =  $\lambda f$ .  $\lambda x$ .  $\left( \left( \lambda x, f^5 x \right) \left( f x \right) \right)$ . =  $\lambda f. \lambda \chi. \left( \int_{0}^{5} \left( f(\chi) \right) \right)$ = 2f.  $2\pi$ .  $f^6 x = 6$  [Solved] IF TRUE THEN 2 FLSE Y TRUE x y [: IF a THEN BELSE C = a b c]  $= ((\lambda x, \lambda y, \chi) \chi) \chi$   $= ((\lambda x, \lambda y, \chi) \chi) \chi$   $= ((\lambda x, \lambda y, \chi) \chi) \chi$   $= ((\lambda x, \lambda y, \chi) \chi) \chi$ (Ay, x) y

T. Proved7

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for add to be commatative: add a b = add ba LHS = add a 6  $= \left( \left( 2n \cdot 2m \cdot 2f \cdot 2n \cdot \left( \left( n \cdot f \right) \left( \left( m \cdot f \right) 2 \right) \right) \right) = 5$ = (2m. 2f. 2x.((af)((mf)x)))5= 2f. 1x. ((af) ((6f)x))  $= 3f. \lambda x. \left( \left( \left( \lambda f. \lambda x. f^{a_{\chi}} \right) f \right) \left( \left( \left( \lambda f. \lambda x. f^{b_{\chi}} \right) f \right) a \right).$  $= \lambda f. \lambda x. \left( (\lambda x. f^{a}x) \cdot ((\lambda x. f^{b}x)^{a}) \right)$ = 2f. 2x. ((xx. fax)(f6x)) = Af. An. (fa(fbx)) = >f. Ax, fa+ba = Africa . Tato  $= \left( \left( 2n \cdot 2m, 2f \cdot 2n \cdot \left( \left( nf \right) \left( \left( mf \right) \cdot n \right) \right) \right) \overline{a}$ = (nm. Af. An. ((bf) ((mf) n))) ba $= \lambda f \cdot \lambda \hat{x} \cdot ((bf)((af)a))$ =  $Af. a x. \left( \left( Ax. f^b a \right) \left( \left( Ax. f^a x \right) x \right) \right)$ =  $\lambda f. \lambda x. \left( \left( \lambda x. f^{b} \chi \right) \left( f^{a} \chi \right) \right)$  $= \lambda f, \lambda x. \left( f \left( \int f a_{\chi} \right) \right)$ = Af. Ax. of Ath or

Hence Proved: add is commutative

```
Sunanda Mandal
20 Need to prove: mal à 5 = mul 5 à
      + LHS = mul a 5
            = (an. Am. Ax. (n(m.x)) \overline{a}) \overline{b}
           = /2m. 2x. (ā (mx)) ] 5
         = ax. (ā (5 a))
         = 22. (ā ((29. 24. 9 4) 2))
        = \lambda x. \left( \overline{a} \left( \lambda y. \lambda^{6} y. \right) \right)
       = 1x. (2g. 22. gaz) (2y. 2by)
      = \lambda x. \ \lambda z. \left( \lambda y. \ \chi^b y \right)^a z
      = An. Az. (ay, 2by) a-1 (ay, 2by) Z
     = Ax. Az. (Ay. x^by)^a (x^by) (x^bz)
     = \lambda x \lambda z : (\lambda y \cdot x^{b} y)^{a-2} (\lambda^{2b} z)
         i in this way after a-2 step
     = Ax. Az. xab z
  In similar way for
     RHS = mul 5 a
         = Ax. \left( b \left( \bar{a} x \right) \right)
        = \lambda x. \Re \left( \overline{b} \left( \lambda y. x^{\alpha} y \right) \right)
        = 12. 12. (2y, xay) = 2
         = 22,22. xba z
          = ab = LAS
 Hence proved: mul is commutative.
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                     Sunanda Mandal
3.0
         Tome $1!
                     True = True
         Trace $$! False = False
          False $$ 1 True = False
         False $$1 False = False
 In is the input, I is the list]
  (defun mot-left (n 1)
(mod (n (tength & l)))
(append (nthodr n l)
       (but last )
  (defun not-left (n l)
      (mod n (length 1))
     (append (nthodo nl)
              (butlast l (-(length l) n))
 (define (ack m n)
   (cond ((fx = ? m 0)
          (fx + n 1)
         ((fx=?n 0)
           (ack (fx- m 1)1))
         (else
            (ack (fx-m1) (ack m (fx-n1)))
```

3 (a) Sum of Odd Sq:: Integer

Sum Odd Sq
= sum (takeWhile (<10,000) [x\*x | x ← [1.], odd x])

3 (a) Sm. Divison: Integer

Sm. Divison in | n <0 = error "In Valid Input"

| n <0 = 0

| otherwise = head  $[x \mid x \leftarrow [2...n], n' mod' x = = 0]$