Descriptive Stats Project_June 3rd

June 5, 2025

[3]:
```
import pandas as pd
```

[9]:
```
income_df=pd.read_csv("/Users/shashi/Desktop/NARESH IT /Inc_Exp_Data.csv")
```

[11]:
```
income_df.head()
```

[11]:

	Mthly_HH_Income	Mthly_HH_Expense	No_of_Fly_Members	Emi_or_Rent_Amt	\
0	5000	8000	3	2000	
1	6000	7000	2	3000	
2	10000	4500	2	0	
3	10000	2000	1	0	
4	12500	12000	2	3000	

	Annual_HH_Income	Highest_Qualified_Member	No_of_Earning_Members
0	64200	Under-Graduate	1
1	79920	Illiterate	1
2	112800	Under-Graduate	1
3	97200	Illiterate	1
4	147000	Graduate	1

[13]:
```
income_df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 50 entries, 0 to 49
Data columns (total 7 columns):
 #   Column                   Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ------                   --------------  -----
 0   Mthly_HH_Income          50 non-null     int64
 1   Mthly_HH_Expense         50 non-null     int64
 2   No_of_Fly_Members        50 non-null     int64
 3   Emi_or_Rent_Amt          50 non-null     int64
 4   Annual_HH_Income         50 non-null     int64
 5   Highest_Qualified_Member 50 non-null     object
 6   No_of_Earning_Members    50 non-null     int64
dtypes: int64(6), object(1)
memory usage: 2.9+ KB
```

[17]:
```
income_df.shape
```

[17]:
```
(50, 7)
```

[21]:
```
# describe computes mean,median,mode
# T means tarnspose rows becomes columns & columns becomes rows

income_df.describe().T
```

[21]:

	count	mean	std	min	25%	\
Mthly_HH_Income	50.0	41558.00	26097.908979	5000.0	23550.0	
Mthly_HH_Expense	50.0	18818.00	12090.216824	2000.0	10000.0	
No_of_Fly_Members	50.0	4.06	1.517382	1.0	3.0	
Emi_or_Rent_Amt	50.0	3060.00	6241.434948	0.0	0.0	
Annual_HH_Income	50.0	490019.04	320135.792123	64200.0	258750.0	
No_of_Earning_Members	50.0	1.46	0.734291	1.0	1.0	

	50%	75%	max
Mthly_HH_Income	35000.0	50375.0	100000.0
Mthly_HH_Expense	15500.0	25000.0	50000.0
No_of_Fly_Members	4.0	5.0	7.0
Emi_or_Rent_Amt	0.0	3500.0	35000.0
Annual_HH_Income	447420.0	594720.0	1404000.0
No_of_Earning_Members	1.0	2.0	4.0

[23]:
```
income_df.isna().any()
```

[23]:
```
Mthly_HH_Income             False
Mthly_HH_Expense            False
No_of_Fly_Members           False
Emi_or_Rent_Amt             False
Annual_HH_Income            False
Highest_Qualified_Member    False
No_of_Earning_Members       False
dtype: bool
```

1 WHAT IS THE MEAN EXPENSE OF A HOUSEHOLD ?

[28]:
```
income_df["Mthly_HH_Expense"].mean()
```

[28]:
```
18818.0
```

1.1 Median of Household Expense?

[31]:
```
income_df["Mthly_HH_Expense"].median()
```

[31]:
```
15500.0
```

[33]:
```
income_df["Mthly_HH_Expense"].mode()
```

[33]:
```
0    25000
Name: Mthly_HH_Expense, dtype: int64
```

2 what is the monthly expense for most of the households?

[ ]:
```
# this gives how many time  - 1st line - a frequency table (cross-tabulation)
## that counts how many times each unique value appears in the column␣
 ↪Mthly_HH_Expense.
# mth_exp_tmp[mth_exp_tmp['count'] == income_df.Mthly_HH_Expense.value_counts().
 ↪max()]
## This filters the table to only show the row(s) with the highest count.

income_df.Mthly_HH_Expense.value_counts().max() gets the maximum frequency of␣
 ↪any expense value.
```

[36]:
```
mth_exp_tmp=pd.crosstab(index=income_df['Mthly_HH_Expense'],columns='count')
mth_exp_tmp.reset_index(inplace=True)
mth_exp_tmp[mth_exp_tmp['count']==income_df.Mthly_HH_Expense.value_counts().
 ↪max()]
```

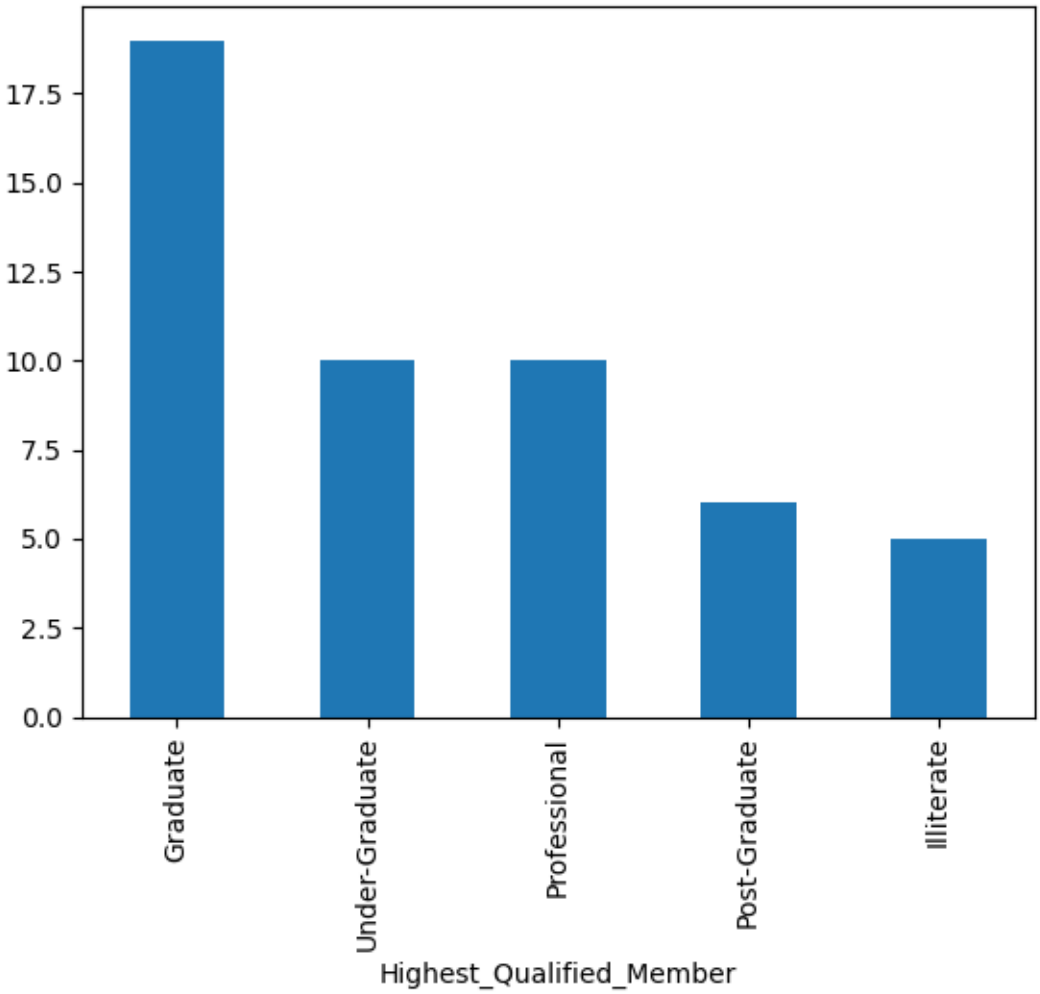
[36]:

col_0	Mthly_HH_Expense	count
18	25000	8

3 PLOT the histogram to count the highest qualified member

[39]:
```
income_df["Highest_Qualified_Member"].value_counts().plot(kind='bar')
```

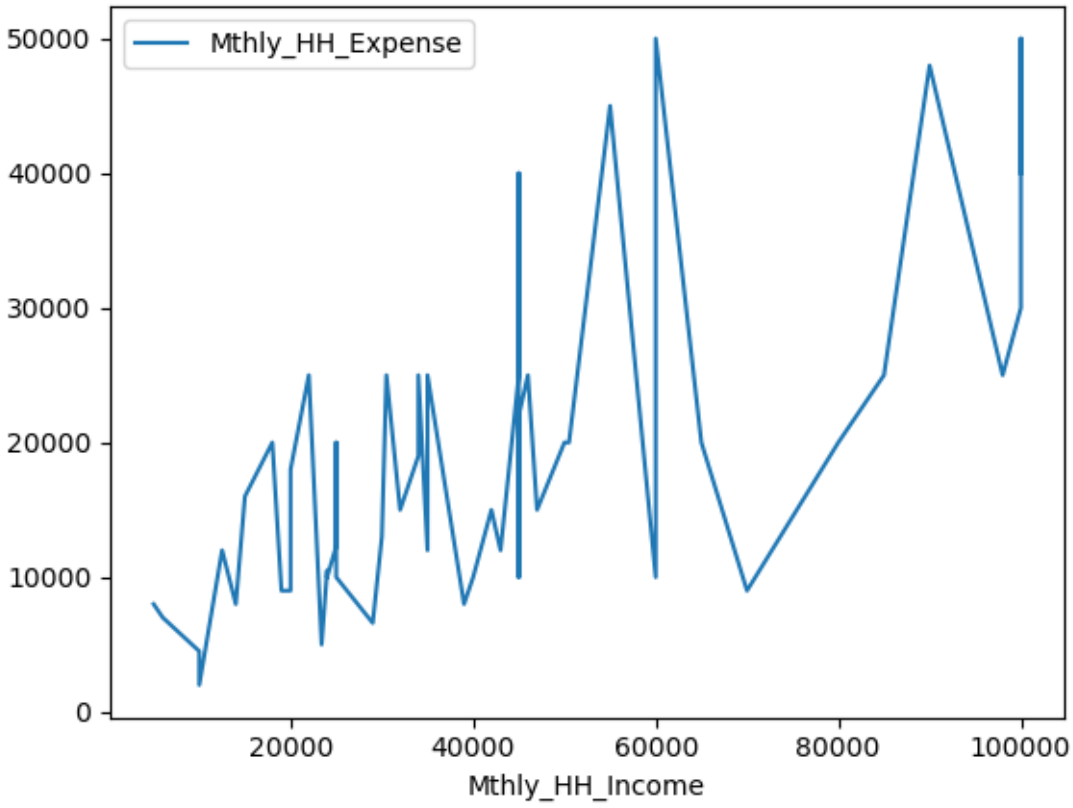
[39]:
```
<Axes: xlabel='Highest_Qualified_Member'>
```



4 CALCULATE IQR (diff /w 75% ans 25 % quartile)

[44]:
```
income_df.plot(x="Mthly_HH_Income",y="Mthly_HH_Expense")
IQR=income_df["Mthly_HH_Expense"].quantile(0.75)-income_df["Mthly_HH_Expense"].
 ↪quantile(0.25)
IQR
```

[44]: 15000.0



5 CALCULATE STANDARD DEVIATION OF THE 1ST 4 COLUMNS

[47]:
```
pd.DataFrame(income_df.iloc[:,0:5].std().to_frame()).T
```

[47]:
```
   Mthly_HH_Income  Mthly_HH_Expense  No_of_Fly_Members  Emi_or_Rent_Amt  \
0     26097.908979      12090.216824           1.517382      6241.434948

   Annual_HH_Income
0     320135.792123
```

[49]:
```
pd.DataFrame(income_df.iloc[:,0:5].var().to_frame()).T
```

[49]:
```
   Mthly_HH_Income  Mthly_HH_Expense  No_of_Fly_Members  Emi_or_Rent_Amt  \
0     6.811009e+08      1.461733e+08           2.302449     3.895551e+07

   Annual_HH_Income
0      1.024869e+11
```

6 variance of 1st 3 columns

[51]:
```
pd.DataFrame(income_df.iloc[:,0:4].var().to_frame()).T
```

[51]:
```
   Mthly_HH_Income  Mthly_HH_Expense  No_of_Fly_Members  Emi_or_Rent_Amt
0     6.811009e+08      1.461733e+08           2.302449     3.895551e+07
```

7 calculate count of highest qualified member

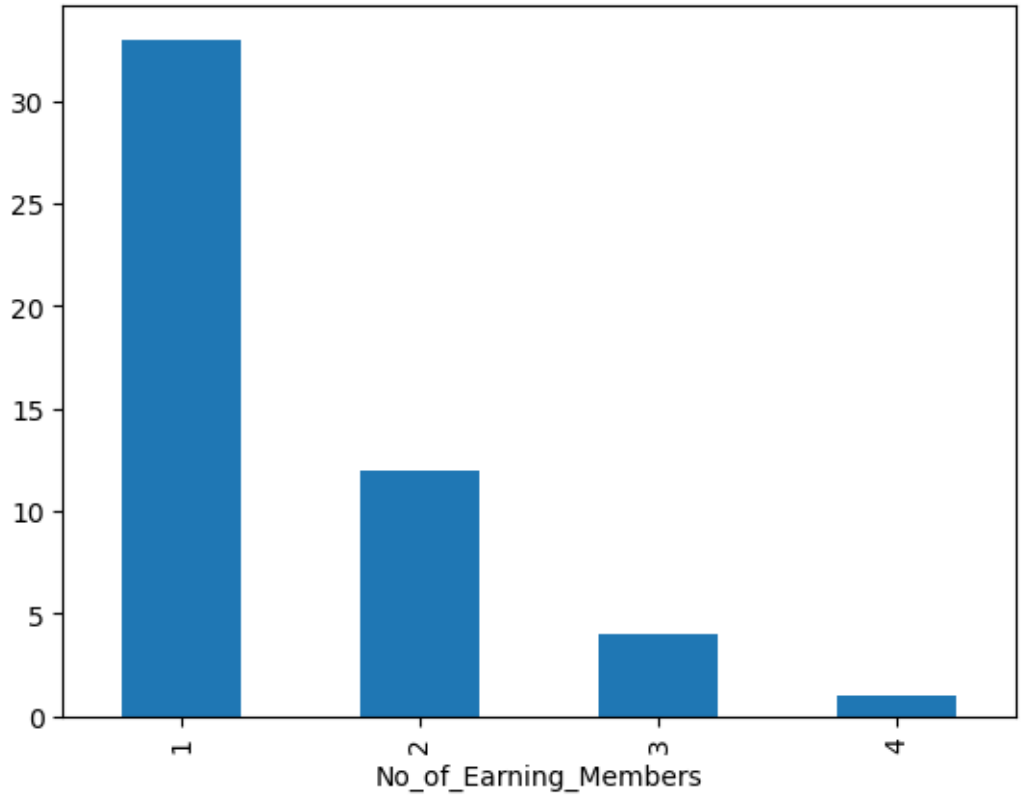
[55]:
```
income_df["Highest_Qualified_Member"].value_counts().to_frame().T
```

[55]:
```
Highest_Qualified_Member  Graduate  Under-Graduate  Professional  \
count                           19              10            10

Highest_Qualified_Member  Post-Graduate  Illiterate
count                             6           5
```

[57]:
```
income_df["No_of_Earning_Members"].value_counts().plot(kind="bar")
```

[57]:
```
<Axes: xlabel='No_of_Earning_Members'>
```



[59]:
```
#Here we need to calculate the coeff of variation

Coeff_of_var_StockA=10/15
print(Coeff_of_var_StockA)
Coeff_of_var_StockB=5/10
print(Coeff_of_var_StockB)
```

```
0.6666666666666666
0.5
```

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