

Linux introduction

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What is Unix?

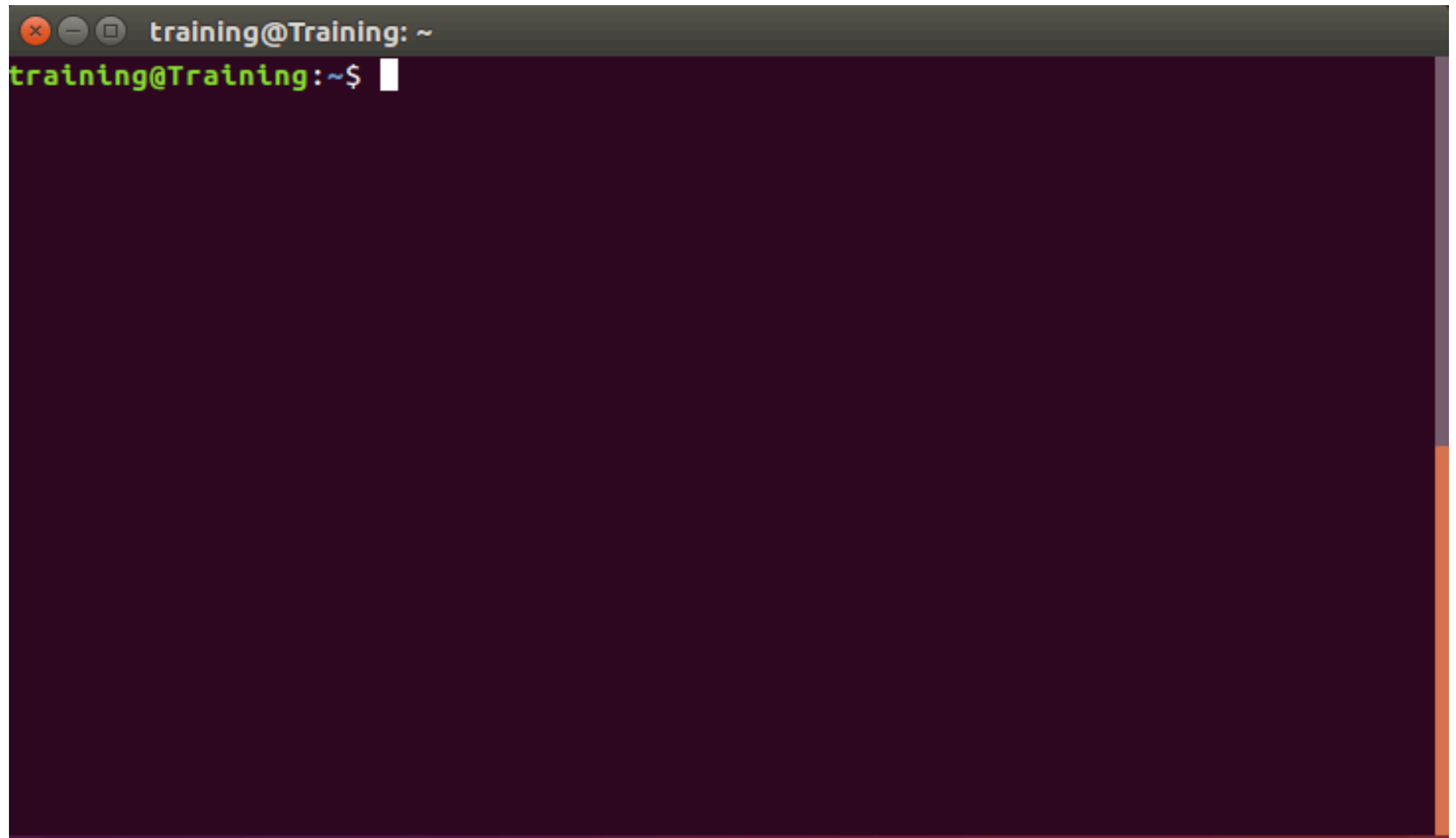
- Unix is an operating system and set of tools.
- Shell: tool that provides a command line interface
- The shell is a very direct and powerful way to manipulate your computer



Why Unix?

- The Unix operating system has been around since 1969
- Much easier to automate keyboard tasks than mouse tasks.
- The raw output of genetics (and more in general biological research) is usually in the form of large text files. Unix has several powerful commands that can process the data
- Most of these commands can be combined

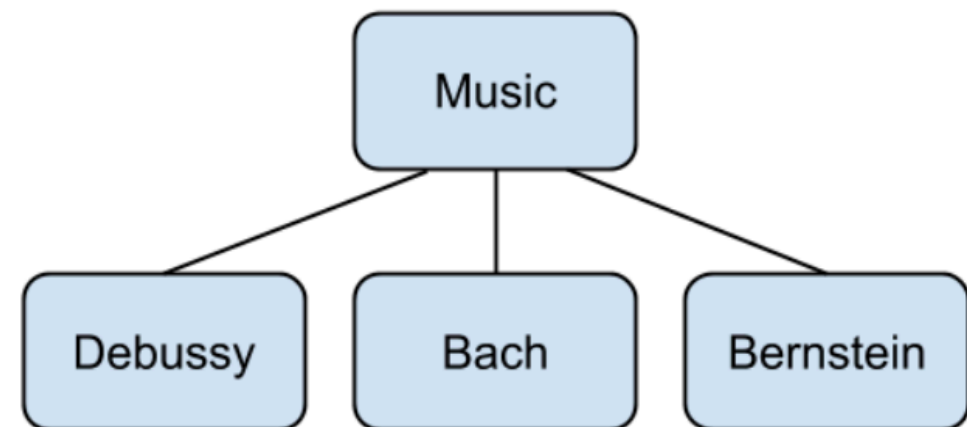
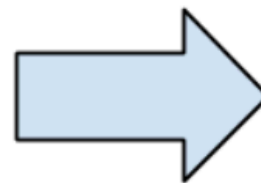
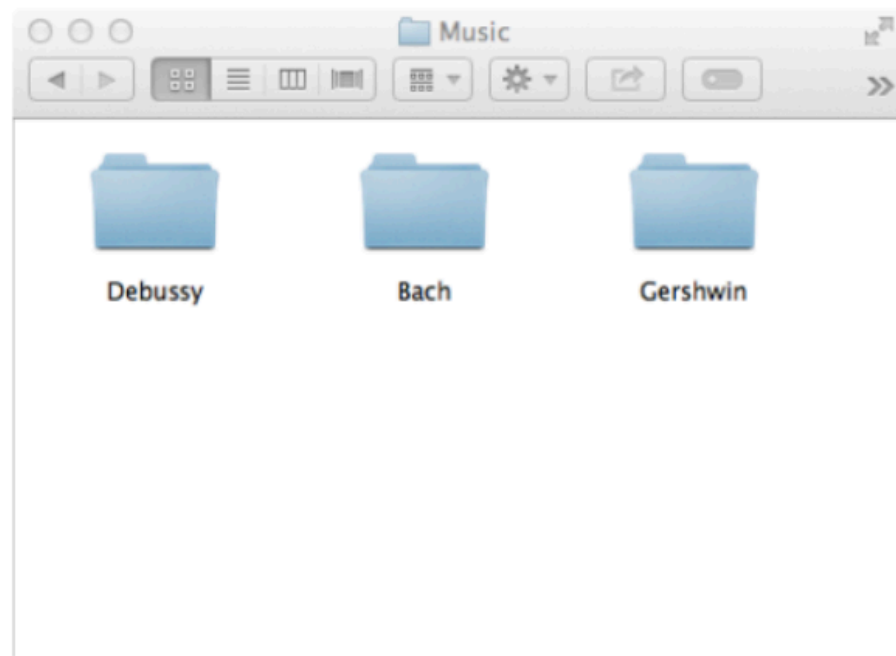
The terminal



- It allows to type input to the computer and see the output

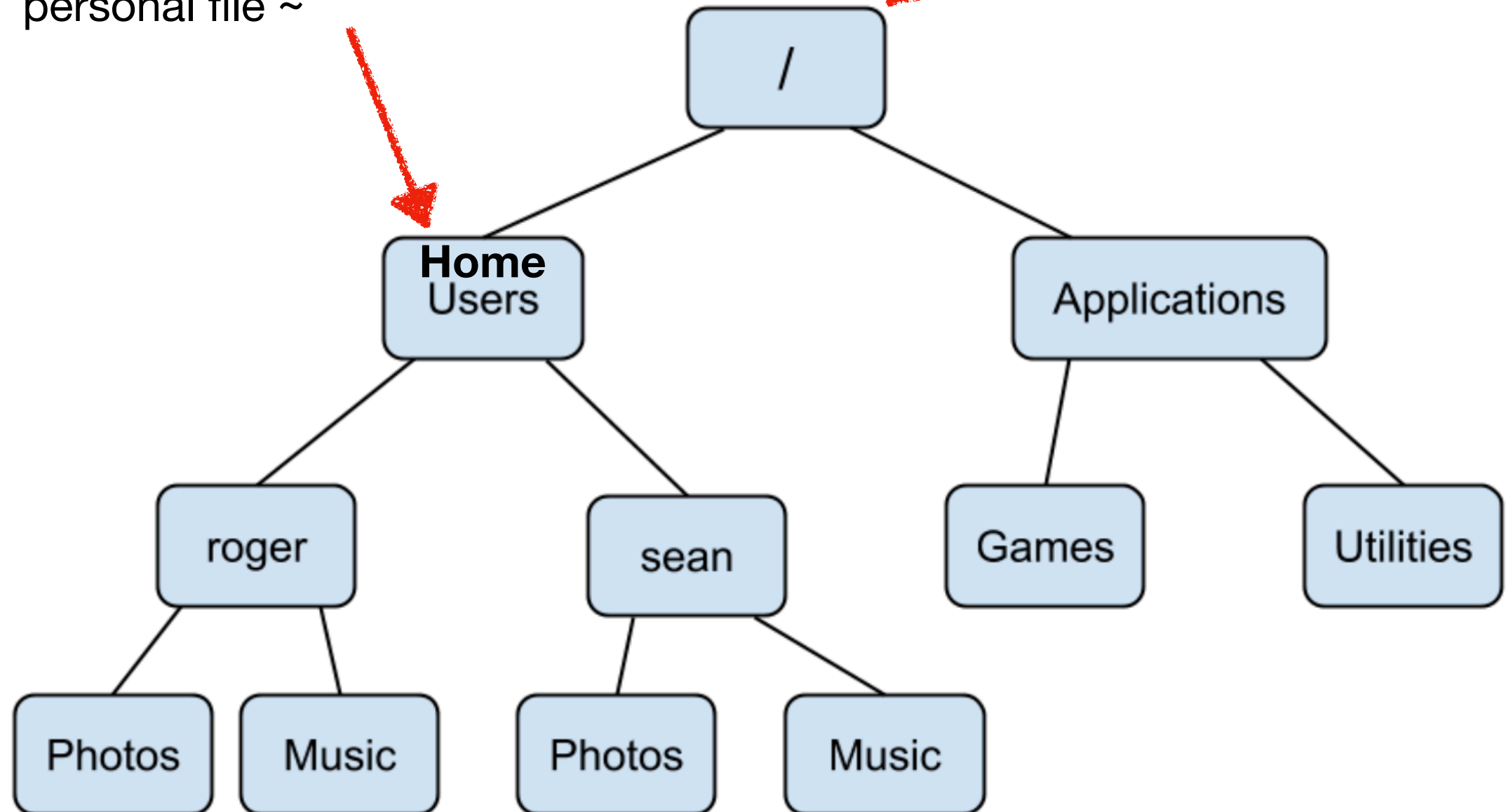
The Unix tree

- Computers are organised in a hierarchy of folders, where a folder can contain many folders and files.
- Folders in Unix can be called “directories”

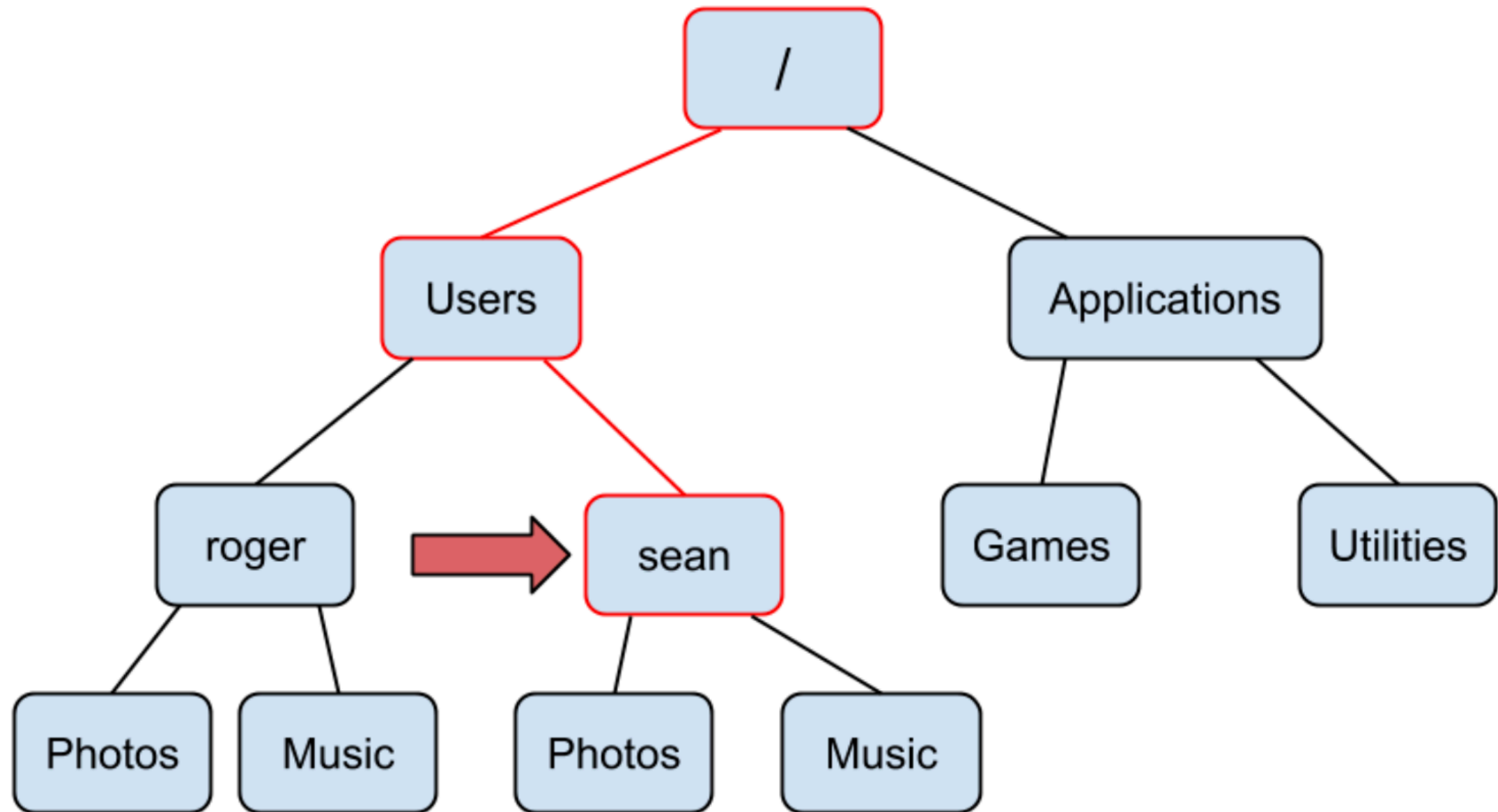


Home directory:
Contains all your
personal file ~

Root directory:
Contains all other
directories



- Imagine tracing all of the directories from your root directory to the directory you are currently viewing. This sequence of directories is called **path**



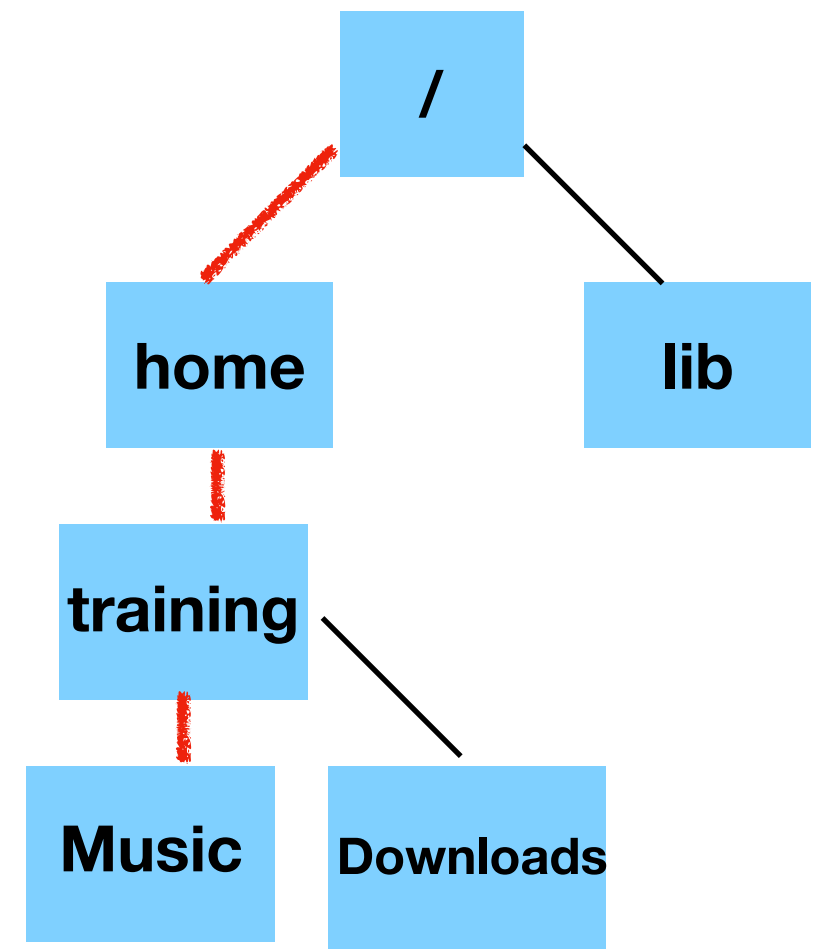
/Users/sean

Navigating the command line

- A path can be relative to your current directory or you can specify the absolute path to a directory starting from the root of your computer

```
training@Training:~$ pwd  
/home/training
```

```
training@Training:~$ cd Music  
training@Training:~/Music$ pwd  
/home/training/Music  
training@Training:~/Music$
```



Tutorial

- We are going to learn Unix/Linux by using it!
- Take your time to read the tutorial material carefully!