

OOP ->

Abstraction ✓	employee.h	employee.cpp	main.cpp
Encapsulation ✓	class declaration	class defination	employee obj
Modularity ✓			creation
Hirerachy ✓			

has-a  
is-a

has-a relationship  
- Association

Human has-a Heart  
Car has-a Engine  
Room has-a Wall

Types of Association

1. Composition  
- It represents tight coupling between entities

2. Aggegration  
- It represents loose coupling between entities

Customer has-a Dob  
Employee has-a Doj

```
//Dependent  
class Human{  
  
    //Data member  
    Heart h; // Association  
}
```

```
//Dependency  
class Heart{  
  
}
```

```
// Dependency  
class Date{  
  
}
```

```
//Dependent  
class Employee{  
    Date doj; // Association -> Composition  
    Date *dob; // Association -> Aggegration  
  
}
```

empid	name	salary	doj	day
				month
				year
int	string	double	Date	

Composition

Employee e

cid	name	dob
		<del>NULL</del>
		0X500
int	string	Date *

Customer c

day
month
year

Aggegration

0X500  
Heap

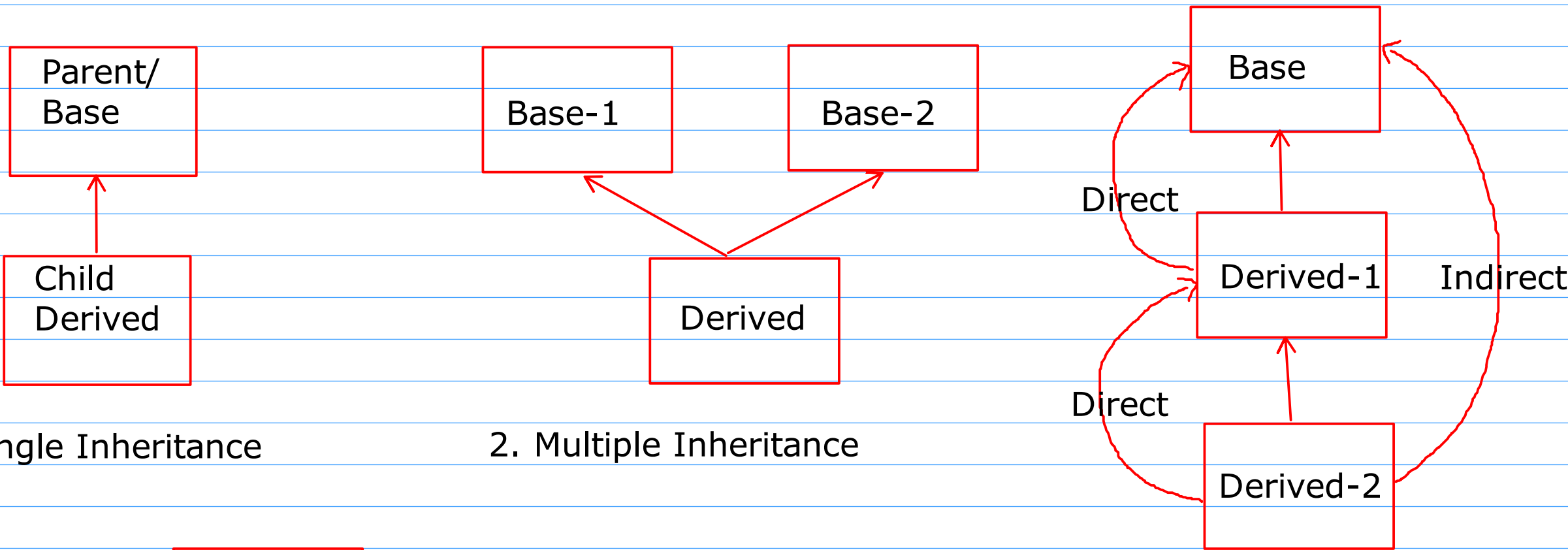
is-a relationship - Inheritance

Laptop is-a ElectronicDevice

//Parent / Base  
class Person  
{  
string name;  
string mobile;  
string email;  
}  
  
Employee is-a Person  
// child / Derived  
class Employee : Person{  
  
}  
  
Student is-a Person  
// Child/Dervied  
class Student : Person{  
  
}

Inheritance

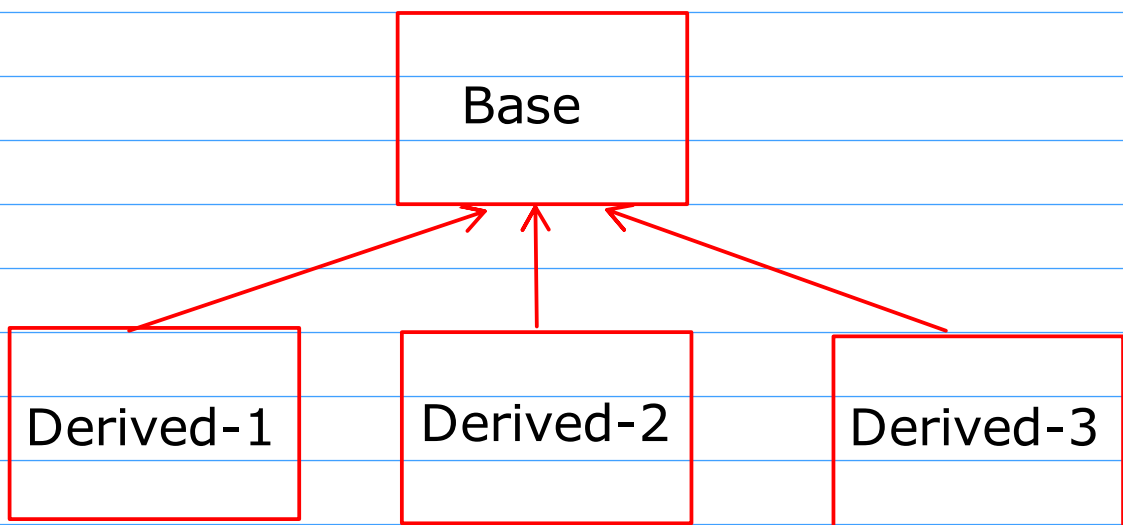
Types of inheritance



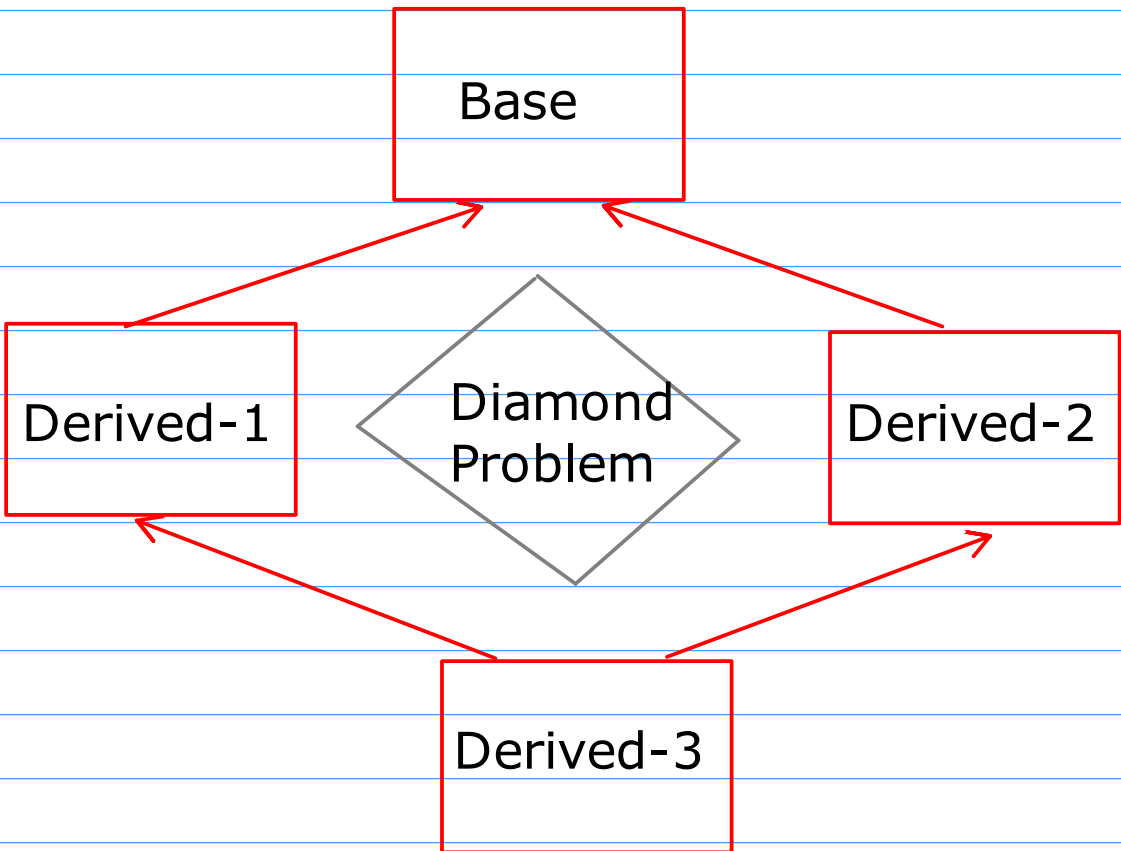
1. Single Inheritance

2. Multiple Inheritance

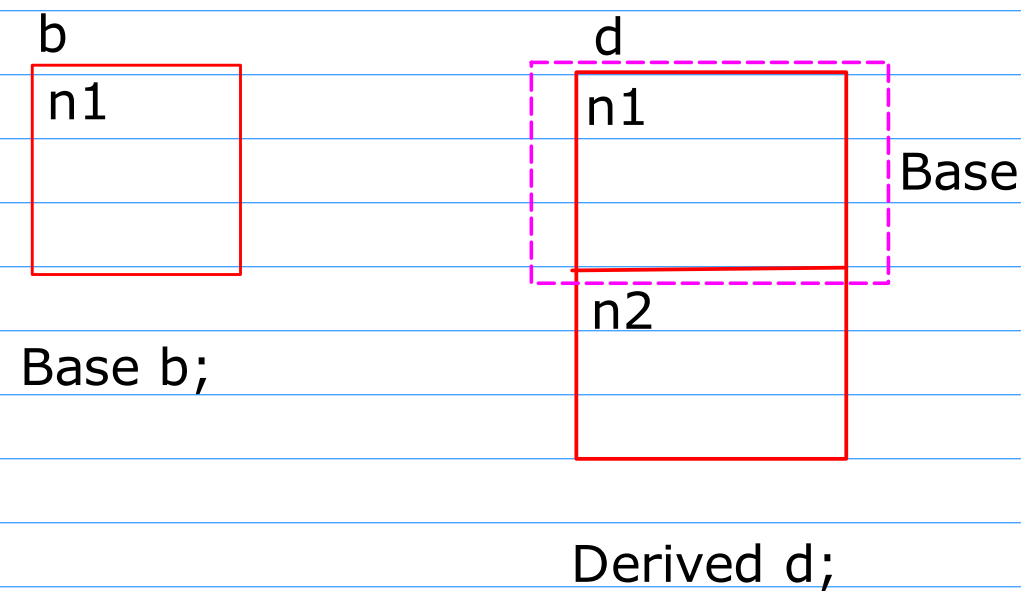
3. Multilevel Inheritance



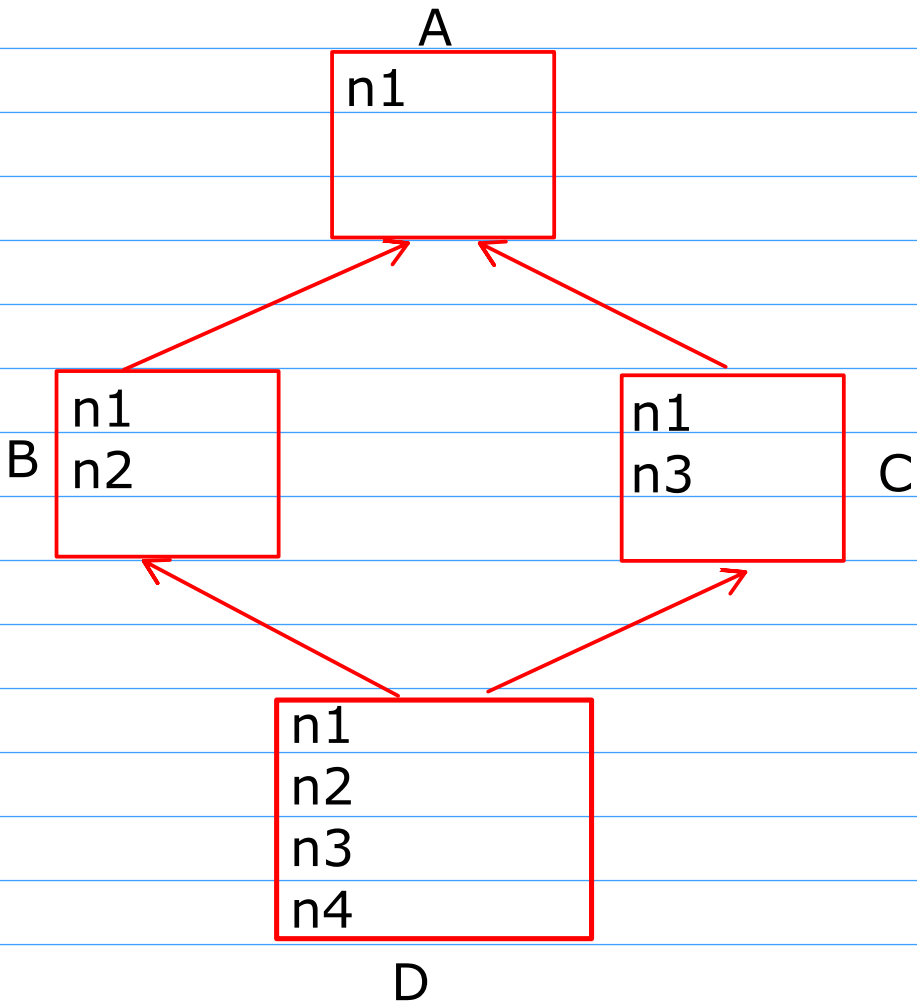
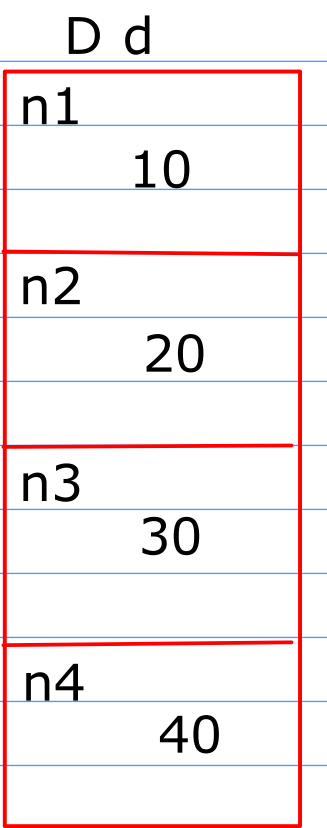
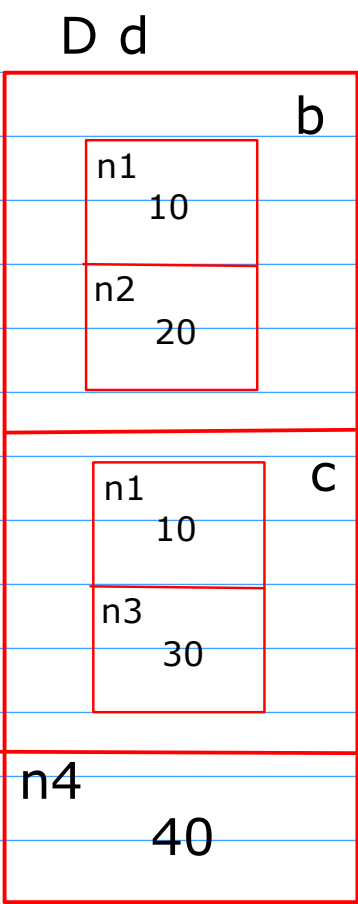
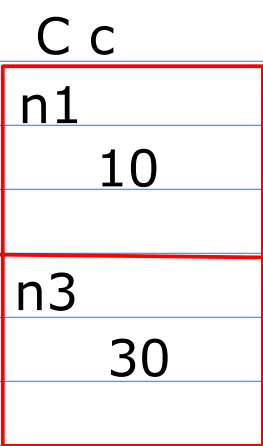
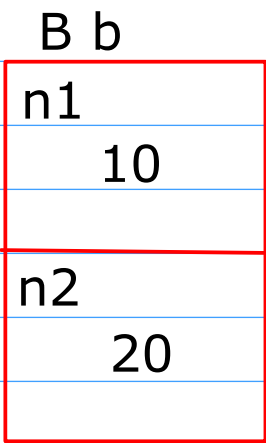
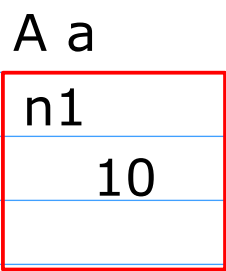
4. Hirerachical Inheritance



5. Hybrid Inheritance



Mode of Inheritance  
- Default mode of inheritace is private



### Diamond Problem

- The Indirect base class members inheriting multiple times inside indirect derived class

### Solution to Diamond Problem

- To make the base class as virtual

