

- File system is on disk partition, logically divided into 4 sections
 - Boot block, Super block, inode list, data blocks

DBMS - Database Management System

- Is a program that store data, retrieve data and manipulate data
- CRUD operations
 - Create - Insert new records
 - Retrieve - Select existing records
 - Update - Modify existing records
 - Delete - Delete existing records
- Generic program for any data e.g. students, employees exams, financial,...
- e.g. Excel/Spreadsheets

RDBMS - Relational DBMS

- is a generic program that store data, retrieve data and manipulate data ie perform CRUD operations efficiently
- RDBMS organize data into Tables, Rows and Columns. These tables are related to each others --> Relational DBMS
- Built-in relational feature
- Built-in CRUD and other operations
- Less network use (only records)
- Server side processing
- Faster
- huge data support (100s of GB)
- Client-server architecture
- Multi-user systems
- Row level locking
- e.g. MySQL, MariaDb, Oracle, MSSQL, Informix, Sybase, Paradox, SQLite

SQL - Structure Query Language

- RDBMS data processing is done using SQL queries
- Client fire query on server, server process query, produce result and send result back to client
- Case insensitive language
- Categories:
 - DDL : Data Definition Language
 - create, drop, rename, alter
 - DML : Data Manipulation Language *
 - DQL : Data Query Language *
 - DCL : Data Control Language
 - create user, grant, revoke
 - TCL : Transaction Control Language
 - commit, rollback

MySQL - RDBMS software

MySQL Installation - Ubuntu

- open the terminal and give following commands.
 - `sudo apt-get update`
 - `sudo apt-get install mysql-server -y`
- After Successful Installation, give following command to open mysql prompt
 - `sudo mysql`
- Set password of root user as 'root'
 - `use mysql;`
 - `alter user 'root'@'localhost' identified with mysql_native_password by 'root';`
 - `exit;`
- Open Mysql prompt with password
 - `mysql -u root -p`
 - or
 - `mysql -u root -proot`
- Create a new user
 - `use mysql;`
 - `CREATE USER 'sunbeam'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'sunbeam';`
- Create database for your usage
 - `create database iotdb;`
- Grant all permissions for database(iotdb) to user(sunbeam)
 - `grant all on iotdb.* to sunbeam@'%';`
 - `FLUSH PRIVILEGES;`
 - `exit`
- Login with new user and start creating and using tables
- MySQL server - mysqld
 - without UI
 - implemented in C/C++
 - To check status of MySQL server
 - `sudo systemctl status mysql`
 - To start the service of MySQL server
 - `sudo systemctl start mysql`
 - To stop the service of MySQL server
 - `sudo systemctl stop mysqld`

- MySQL client - mysql
 - CLI based
 - To start the MySQL client
 - mysql
 - mysql -u root
 - mysql -u root -p

SQL Queries

- To display all the databases
 - show databases;
- To create a new database
 - create database iotdb;
- To use/change the database
 - use iotdb;
- Person - uid, name, age, address, mobile
- To create a new table
 - create table persons(uid INT, name VARCHAR(36), age INT, address VARCHAR(64), mobile VARCHAR(16));
 - create table persons(uid INT NOT NULL, name VARCHAR(36), age INT, address VARCHAR(64), mobile VARCHAR(16));
 - create table persons(uid INT AUTO_INCREMENT, name VARCHAR(36), age INT, address VARCHAR(64), mobile VARCHAR(16));
- To display all tables
 - show tables;
- To describe the table
 - desc persons;
- To add record into table
 - insert into persons values(42, "abc", 30, "pune", "1234567890");
 - insert into persons(name, uid, age, address, mobile) values("pqr", 65, 25, "mumbai", "9765977654");
 - insert into persons(name, uid, age, address) values("xyz", 60, 27, "mumbai");
 - insert into persons values(41, "abc", 32, "pune", "1234567890"),(34, "mno", 34, "delhi", "9890662093");

- To read records form table
 - select * from persons;
 - select uid from persons;
 - select name from persons;
 - select uid,name from persons;
 - select DISTINCT address from persons;
 - select * from persons where address = "pune";
 - select * from persons where age <= 30;
 - select * from persons where age < 30 or age > 30;
 - select * from persons order by address;
 - select * from persons order by address DESC;
 - select * from persons order by address ASC;
 - select * from persons order by age DESC LIMIT 1;
 - select * from persons order by uid, address;
- To update existing records
 - update persons SET mobile="7658612345" where uid = 60;
 - update persons SET mobile="7658612345", address = "chennai" where uid = 60;
 - update persons SET mobile="7658612345";
- To delete existing records
 - delete from persons where uid = 60;
 - delete from persons;
 - -- all records will be deleted
- To delete all records
 - truncate table persons;
- To delete table
 - drop table persons;
 - -- give error if table does not exist
 - drop table IF EXISTS persons;
- Create table to log data generated by different sensors

- type
 - location
 - value
 - time
- create table sensorsLog(type VARCHAR(16), location VARCHAR(20), value float, time datetime default CURRENT_TIMESTAMP);
 - insert into sensorsLog(type, location, value) values("LM35", "Nira", 39);

Install MySQL connector for python

- sudo pip3 install mysql-connector-python