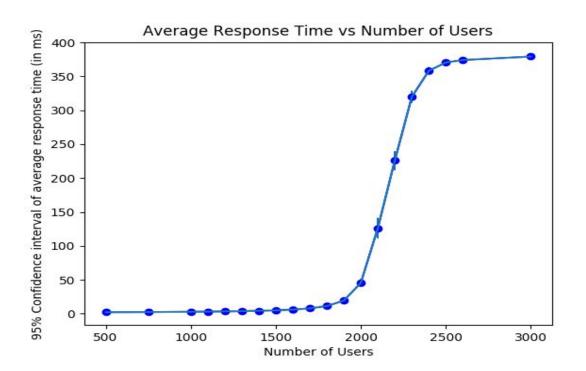
CS 681 Project

Simulation of a Closed Loop System

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```
1
     num runs: 3
    num cores: 2
 3
     num threads: 128
                                          Configuration of system
    max_request_queue_length: 250
 4
     policy: roundRobin
 5
 6
     # policy: fcfs
 7
     quantum_size: 0.4
 8
     # Stopping criterion is the number of requests to generate (need not finish)
 9
     stopping criterion: 200000
1.0
     context switch overhead: 0.005
11
12
13
     think time distribution:
14
       name: c+exp
15
       params:
         c: 1500.0
16
17
         lambd: 0.002
18
19
     service time distribution:
20
       name: exponential
21
       params:
         lambd: 0.5
22
23
24
     timeout_distribution:
25
       name: c+exp
26
       params:
         c: 500.0
27
         lambd: 0.002
28
```

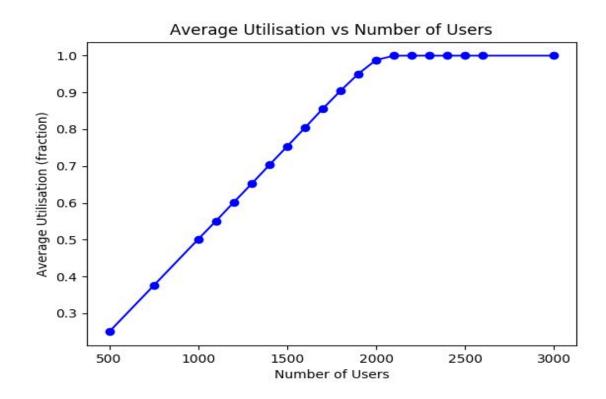
Average Response Time



Average response time increases and then saturates as the number of users increase. This is expected.

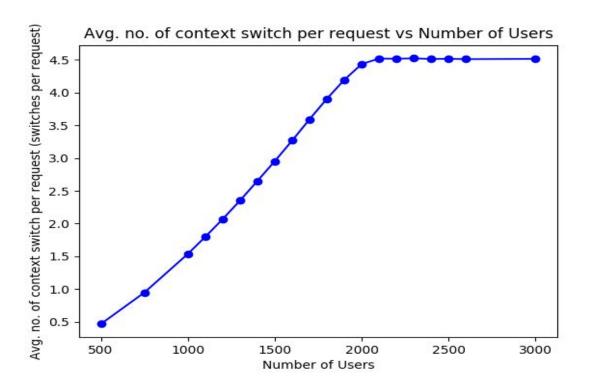
It saturates because the requests are dropped as number of users increase.

Average Utilisation



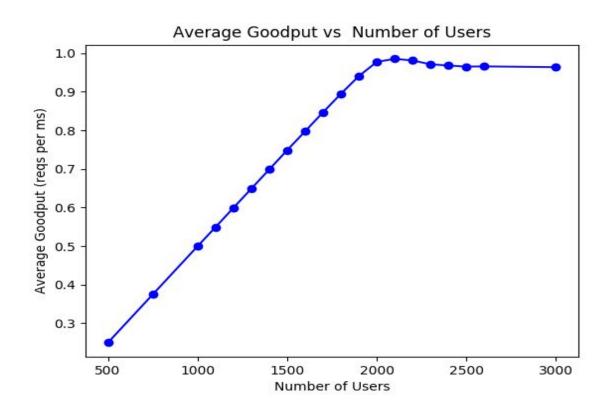
Average utilisation increases and then saturates to 1 as the number of users increase.

Avg Number of Context Switches per Req



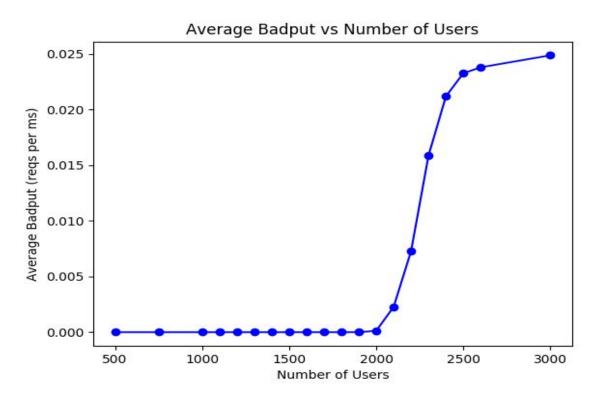
This also increases and then saturates as the number of users increase. Initially, when the load is low, less number of context switches happen. When it is high, it saturates because the number of threads are fixed.

Average Goodput (at Writing)



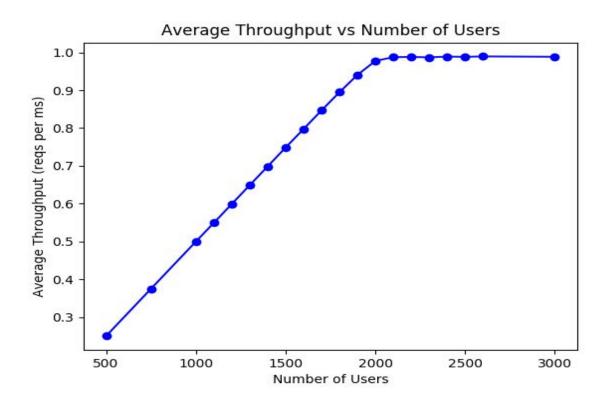
Average Goodput increases with the number of users.

Average Badput



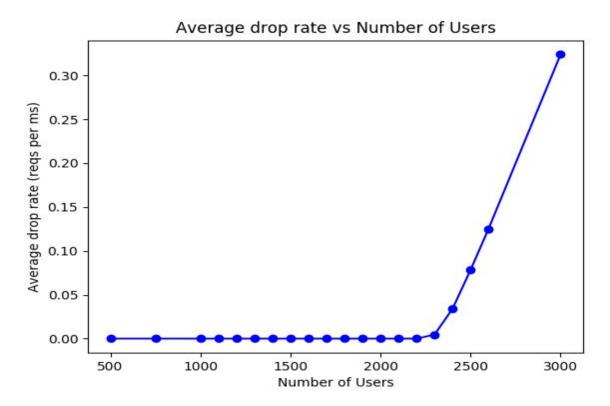
Average badput also increases with the number of users. When the load is low, timeouts are very less, so badput is also less. However, when the load increases, the chance of timeout also increases, indicating a higher badput.

Average Throughput



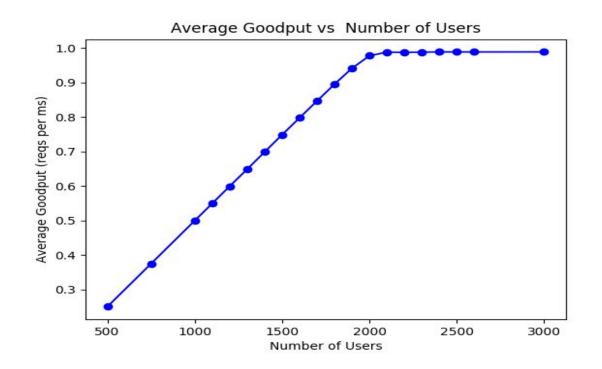
Average throughput increases and then saturates as the number of users increase. This is expected.

Average Drop Rate



The average drop rate increases with the number of users. When, the load is low, very less number of drops occur (almost 0), but as the users increase, more and more requests are being dropped.

Goodput (before writing)



If we change timeout to be deterministic with value = 100ms. Then corresponding values are as follows for number of users to be 1500 and 3000 respectively: