# **Import Libraries**

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
   import numpy as np
   import seaborn as sns
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   %matplotlib inline
```

# **Upload dataset**

```
In [2]: data = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\sundara.rao.ext\\Desktop\\SUNDAR\\Data Science
   \\DL & NLP\\Machine Learning\\Credit_Card_Default_Classifica
   tion\\creditcard.csv')
```

## Analysis the data set

```
In [3]: # View the shape of dataset
data.shape
Out[3]: (284807, 31)
```

```
In [4]: # View the type of data
         data.info()
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 284807 entries, 0 to 284806
        Data columns (total 31 columns):
                   284807 non-null float64
        Time
        V1
                   284807 non-null float64
        V2
                   284807 non-null float64
        V3
                   284807 non-null float64
        V4
                   284807 non-null float64
        ۷5
                   284807 non-null float64
                   284807 non-null float64
        ۷6
        ٧7
                   284807 non-null float64
        ۷8
                   284807 non-null float64
        ۷9
                   284807 non-null float64
        V10
                   284807 non-null float64
        V11
                   284807 non-null float64
        V12
                   284807 non-null float64
        V13
                   284807 non-null float64
                   284807 non-null float64
        V14
        V15
                   284807 non-null float64
        V16
                   284807 non-null float64
        V17
                   284807 non-null float64
        V18
                   284807 non-null float64
                   284807 non-null float64
        V19
        V20
                   284807 non-null float64
        V21
                   284807 non-null float64
        V22
                   284807 non-null float64
        V23
                   284807 non-null float64
                   284807 non-null float64
        V24
        V25
                   284807 non-null float64
        V26
                   284807 non-null float64
        V27
                   284807 non-null float64
        V28
                   284807 non-null float64
        Amount
                   284807 non-null float64
        Class
                   284807 non-null int64
        dtypes: float64(30), int64(1)
        memory usage: 67.4 MB
In [5]: # View the column names
         data.columns
Out[5]: Index(['Time', 'V1', 'V2', 'V3', 'V4', 'V5', 'V6', 'V7', 'V8', 'V9', 'V10',
```

```
Out[5]: Index(['Time', 'V1', 'V2', 'V3', 'V4', 'V5', 'V6', 'V7', 'V8', 'V9', 'V10', 'V11', 'V12', 'V13', 'V14', 'V15', 'V16', 'V17', 'V18', 'V19', 'V20', 'V21', 'V22', 'V23', 'V24', 'V25', 'V26', 'V27', 'V28', 'Amount', 'Class'], dtype='object')
```

#### Out[6]:

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	
0	0.0	-1.359807	-0.072781	2.536347	1.378155	-0.338321	0.462388	0.239599	0.098698	_
1	0.0	1.191857	0.266151	0.166480	0.448154	0.060018	-0.082361	-0.078803	0.085102	-
2	1.0	-1.358354	-1.340163	1.773209	0.379780	-0.503198	1.800499	0.791461	0.247676	-
3	1.0	-0.966272	-0.185226	1.792993	-0.863291	-0.010309	1.247203	0.237609	0.377436	-
4	2.0	-1.158233	0.877737	1.548718	0.403034	-0.407193	0.095921	0.592941	-0.270533	
5	2.0	-0.425966	0.960523	1.141109	-0.168252	0.420987	-0.029728	0.476201	0.260314	-
6	4.0	1.229658	0.141004	0.045371	1.202613	0.191881	0.272708	-0.005159	0.081213	
7	7.0	-0.644269	1.417964	1.074380	-0.492199	0.948934	0.428118	1.120631	-3.807864	
8	7.0	-0.894286	0.286157	-0.113192	-0.271526	2.669599	3.721818	0.370145	0.851084	-
9	9.0	-0.338262	1.119593	1.044367	-0.222187	0.499361	-0.246761	0.651583	0.069539	-

10 rows × 31 columns

#### Out[7]:

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	<b>V</b> 7	
284797	172782.0	-0.241923	0.712247	0.399806	-0.463406	0.244531	-1.343668	0.929369	-(
284798	172782.0	0.219529	0.881246	-0.635891	0.960928	-0.152971	-1.014307	0.427126	(
284799	172783.0	-1.775135	-0.004235	1.189786	0.331096	1.196063	5.519980	-1.518185	2
284800	172784.0	2.039560	-0.175233	-1.196825	0.234580	-0.008713	-0.726571	0.017050	-(
284801	172785.0	0.120316	0.931005	-0.546012	-0.745097	1.130314	-0.235973	0.812722	(
284802	172786.0	-11.881118	10.071785	-9.834783	-2.066656	-5.364473	-2.606837	-4.918215	7
284803	172787.0	-0.732789	-0.055080	2.035030	-0.738589	0.868229	1.058415	0.024330	(
284804	172788.0	1.919565	-0.301254	-3.249640	-0.557828	2.630515	3.031260	-0.296827	(
284805	172788.0	-0.240440	0.530483	0.702510	0.689799	-0.377961	0.623708	-0.686180	(
284806	172792.0	-0.533413	-0.189733	0.703337	-0.506271	-0.012546	-0.649617	1.577006	-(

10 rows × 31 columns

```
In [8]: # Check if any null values in the data
data.isnull().any()
```

	data.isnuii().an				
Out[8]:	Time	False			
	V1	False			
	V2	False			
	V3	False			
	V4	False			
	V5	False			
	V6	False			
	V7	False			
	V8	False			
	V9	False			
	V10	False			
	V11	False			
	V12	False			
	V13	False			
	V14	False			
	V15	False			
	V16	False			
	V17	False			
	V18	False			
	V19	False			
	V20	False			
	V21	False			
	V22	False			
	V23	False			
	V24	False			
	V25	False			
	V26	False			
	V27	False			
	V28	False			
	Amount	False			
	Class	False			
	dtype:	bool			

```
In [9]: data.isnull().sum()
Out[9]: Time
                    0
         ٧1
                    0
         V2
                    0
         V3
                    0
                    0
         ٧4
         V5
                    0
                    0
         ۷6
         V7
                    0
         ٧8
                    0
         ۷9
                    0
         V10
         V11
                    0
         V12
                    0
         V13
                    0
         V14
                    0
         V15
                    0
         V16
         V17
                    0
         V18
                    0
         V19
                    0
         V20
                    0
         V21
         V22
                    0
         V23
                    0
         V24
                    0
         V25
                    0
                    0
         V26
         V27
         V28
         Amount
         Class
         dtype: int64
```

No null values in the given dataset

# **Exploratory Data Analysis(EDA)**

In [10]: data.describe().transpose()

	50%	25%	min	std	mean	count	
139320.	84692.000000	54201.500000	0.000000	47488.145955	9.481386e+04	284807.0	Time
1.3	0.018109	-0.920373	-56.407510	1.958696	3.919560e-15	284807.0	V1
0.8	0.065486	-0.598550	-72.715728	1.651309	5.688174e-16	284807.0	V2
1.0	0.179846	-0.890365	-48.325589	1.516255	-8.769071e- 15	284807.0	V3
0.	-0.019847	-0.848640	-5.683171	1.415869	2.782312e-15	284807.0	V4
0.	-0.054336	-0.691597	-113.743307	1.380247	-1.552563e- 15	284807.0	V5
0.3	-0.274187	-0.768296	-26.160506	1.332271	2.010663e-15	284807.0	V6
0.4	0.040103	-0.554076	-43.557242	1.237094	-1.694249e- 15	284807.0	V7
0.:	0.022358	-0.208630	-73.216718	1.194353	-1.927028e- 16	284807.0	V8
0.4	-0.051429	-0.643098	-13.434066	1.098632	-3.137024e- 15	284807.0	V9
0.4	-0.092917	-0.535426	-24.588262	1.088850	1.768627e-15	284807.0	V10
0.	-0.032757	-0.762494	-4.797473	1.020713	9.170318e-16	284807.0	V11
0.0	0.140033	-0.405571	-18.683715	0.999201	-1.810658e- 15	284807.0	V12
0.0	-0.013568	-0.648539	-5.791881	0.995274	1.693438e-15	284807.0	V13
0.4	0.050601	-0.425574	-19.214325	0.958596	1.479045e-15	284807.0	V14
0.0	0.048072	-0.582884	-4.498945	0.915316	3.482336e-15	284807.0	V15
0.4	0.066413	-0.468037	-14.129855	0.876253	1.392007e-15	284807.0	V16
0.3	-0.065676	-0.483748	-25.162799	0.849337	-7.528491e- 16	284807.0	V17
0.4	-0.003636	-0.498850	-9.498746	0.838176	4.328772e-16	284807.0	V18
0.4	0.003735	-0.456299	-7.213527	0.814041	9.049732e-16	284807.0	V19
0.	-0.062481	-0.211721	-54.497720	0.770925	5.085503e-16	284807.0	V20
0.	-0.029450	-0.228395	-34.830382	0.734524	1.537294e-16	284807.0	V21
0.	0.006782	-0.542350	-10.933144	0.725702	7.959909e-16	284807.0	V22
0.	-0.011193	-0.161846	-44.807735	0.624460	5.367590e-16	284807.0	V23
0.4	0.040976	-0.354586	-2.836627	0.605647	4.458112e-15	284807.0	V24
0.3	0.016594	-0.317145	-10.295397	0.521278	1.453003e-15	284807.0	V25
0.2	-0.052139	-0.326984	-2.604551	0.482227	1.699104e-15	284807.0	V26
0.0	0.001342	-0.070840	-22.565679	0.403632	-3.660161e- 16	284807.0	V27
0.0	0.011244	-0.052960	-15.430084	0.330083	-1.206049e- 16	284807.0	V28
77.	22.000000	5.600000	0.000000	250.120109	8.834962e+01	284807.0	Amount
0.0	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.041527	1.727486e-03	284807.0	Class

For predicting the model, we have to take 0 as non\_Fraud and 1 as Fraud happening.

## **Feature Scaling**

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
          data['normalizedAmount'] = StandardScaler().fit transform(data['Amount'].value
          s.reshape(-1,1))
          data = data.drop(['Amount'],axis=1)
          data = data.drop(['Time'],axis=1)
In [13]:
          data.head()
Out[13]:
                    V1
                              V2
                                       V3
                                                 V4
                                                           V5
                                                                     V6
                                                                               V7
                                                                                         V8
             -1.359807 -0.072781 2.536347
                                            1.378155 -0.338321
                                                                0.462388
                                                                          0.239599
                                                                                    0.098698
                                                                                              0.36378
                                                                         -0.078803
              1.191857
                        0.266151
                                  0.166480
                                            0.448154
                                                      0.060018
                                                               -0.082361
                                                                                    0.085102 -0.25542
             -1.358354
                       -1.340163
                                                     -0.503198
                                  1.773209
                                            0.379780
                                                                1.800499
                                                                          0.791461
                                                                                    0.247676 -1.51465
              -0.966272 -0.185226
                                  1.792993
                                           -0.863291
                                                     -0.010309
                                                                1.247203
                                                                          0.237609
                                                                                    0.377436 -1.38702
              -1.158233
                        0.877737 1.548718
                                            0.403034 -0.407193
                                                                          0.592941
                                                                                  -0.270533
                                                                                             0.81773
                                                                0.095921
          5 rows × 30 columns
```

#### **Data Visualizations**

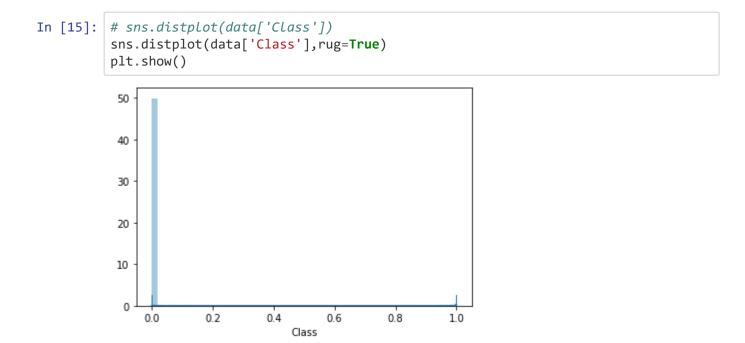
# 1. Univariate Analysis

```
In [14]: fig,ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(15,5))
    ax = sns.countplot(data['Class'])
    plt.show()

250000
200000
100000
50000
```

Class

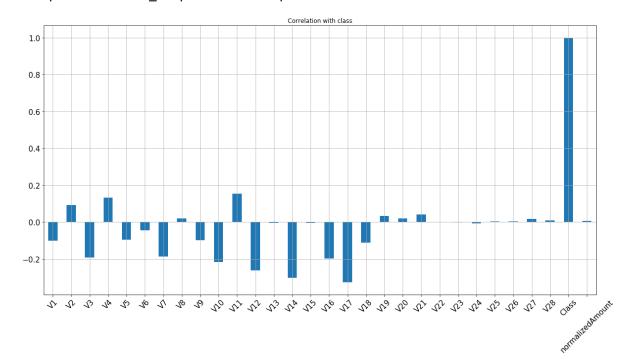
## **Distribution of the Class**



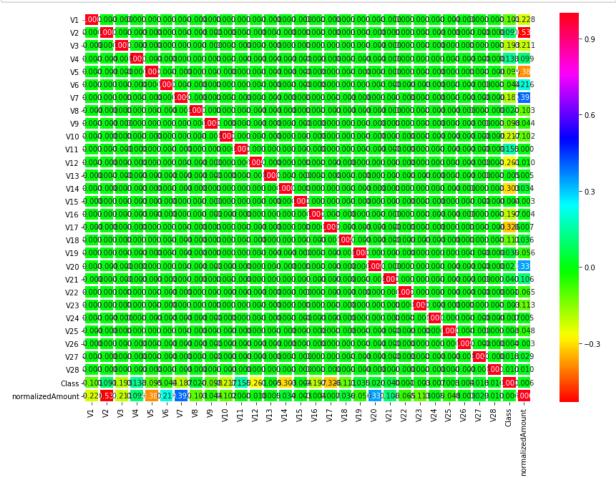
## Correlation

```
In [16]: data.corrwith(data.Class).plot.bar(figsize = (20, 10), title = "Correlation wi
th class", fontsize = 15,rot = 45, grid = True)
```

Out[16]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x12f5328b448>



In [17]: plt.figure(figsize=(14,10))
 sns.heatmap(data.corr(),annot=True,cmap='hsv',fmt='.3f',linewidths=2)
 plt.show()



#### Out[18]:

	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	
V1	1.000000e+00	4.697350e-17	-1.424390e- 15	1.755316e-17	6.391162e-17	2.398071e- 16	1.99155
V2	4.697350e-17	1.000000e+00	2.512175e-16	-1.126388e- 16	-2.039868e- 16	5.024680e- 16	3.96648
V3	-1.424390e- 15	2.512175e-16	1.000000e+00	-3.416910e- 16	-1.436514e- 15	1.431581e- 15	2.16857
V4	1.755316e-17	-1.126388e- 16	-3.416910e- 16	1.000000e+00	-1.940929e- 15	-2.712659e- 16	1.55633
V5	6.391162e-17	-2.039868e- 16	-1.436514e- 15	-1.940929e- 15	1.000000e+00	7.926364e- 16	-4.20985

5 rows × 30 columns

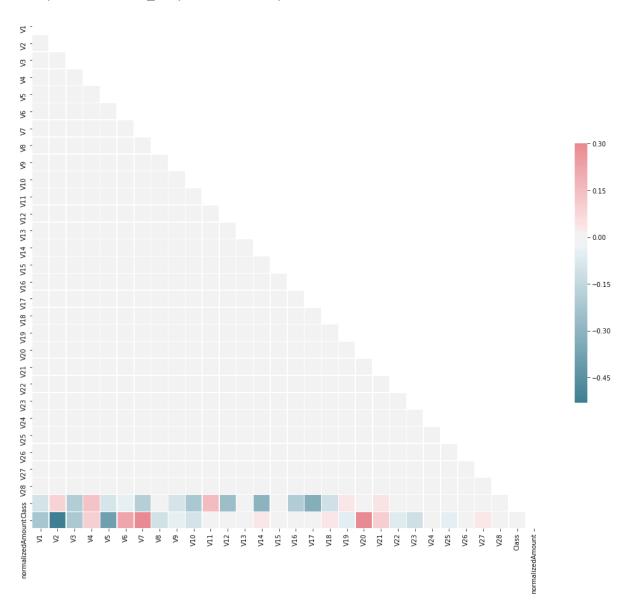
```
In [19]: # Generate a mask for the upper triangle
    mask = np.zeros_like(corr, dtype=np.bool)
    mask[np.triu_indices_from(mask)] = True

# Set up the matplotlib figure
    f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(18, 15))

# Generate a custom diverging colormap
    cmap = sns.diverging_palette(220, 10, as_cmap=True)

# Draw the heatmap with the mask and correct aspect ratio
    sns.heatmap(corr, mask=mask, cmap=cmap, vmax=.3, center=0,square=True, linewid
    ths=.5, cbar_kws={"shrink": .5})
```

Out[19]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x12f67aa0e08>



#### Normalize the data

```
In [20]: from sklearn.preprocessing import scale
         scale data=scale(data)
         scale data
Out[20]: array([[-0.69424232, -0.04407492, 1.6727735, ..., -0.06378115,
                 -0.04159898, 0.24496426],
                [0.60849633, 0.16117592, 0.1097971, ..., 0.04460752,
                 -0.04159898, -0.34247454],
                [-0.69350046, -0.81157783, \ 1.16946849, \ \ldots, \ -0.18102083,
                 -0.04159898, 1.16068593],
                . . . ,
                [0.98002374, -0.18243372, -2.14320514, ..., -0.0804672]
                 -0.04159898, -0.0818393 ],
                [-0.12275539, 0.32125034, 0.46332013, ..., 0.31668678,
                 -0.04159898, -0.31324853],
                [-0.27233093, -0.11489898, 0.46386564, ..., 0.04134999,
                 -0.04159898, 0.51435531]])
In [21]: np.exp(scale_data)
Out[21]: array([[0.49945273, 0.95688226, 5.32692154, ..., 0.9382103 , 0.95925439,
                 1.27757566],
                [1.83766607, 1.17489164, 1.1160516, ..., 1.04561739, 0.95925439,
                 0.7100112 ],
                [0.49982339, 0.44415671, 3.22028058, ..., 0.83441798, 0.95925439,
                 3.19212208],
                [2.66451949, 0.83323987, 0.11727835, ..., 0.92268517, 0.95925439,
                 0.92142002],
                [0.88447999, 1.37885072, 1.58934205, ..., 1.37257258, 0.95925439,
                 0.7310682 ],
                [0.76160218, 0.89145619, 1.5902093, ..., 1.0422168, 0.95925439,
                 1.67255987]])
```

#### Divide the dataset into input and output

```
In [22]: X = data.iloc[:,data.columns!= 'Class']
Y = data.iloc[:,data.columns== 'Class']
```

```
In [23]: # View the input data
X.head()
```

#### Out[23]:

	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V
0	-1.359807	-0.072781	2.536347	1.378155	-0.338321	0.462388	0.239599	0.098698	0.36378
1	1.191857	0.266151	0.166480	0.448154	0.060018	-0.082361	-0.078803	0.085102	-0.25542
2	-1.358354	-1.340163	1.773209	0.379780	-0.503198	1.800499	0.791461	0.247676	-1.51465
3	-0.966272	-0.185226	1.792993	-0.863291	-0.010309	1.247203	0.237609	0.377436	-1.38702
4	-1.158233	0.877737	1.548718	0.403034	-0.407193	0.095921	0.592941	-0.270533	0.81773

5 rows × 29 columns

```
In [24]: # View the out put Data
Y.head()
```

#### Out[24]:

	Class
0	0
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0

# Split the data as train and test

```
In [25]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X,Y,train_size=0.80,random_st
    ate=0)
```

#### **Build the Models**

#### 1. Decision Tree Classifier

```
In [26]: from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
    classifier = DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state = 0,criterion = 'gini', spli
    tter='best', min_samples_leaf=1, min_samples_split=2)
```

```
In [27]: # Fit the model
         classifier.fit(x train,y train)
Out[27]: DecisionTreeClassifier(class_weight=None, criterion='gini', max_depth=None,
                                 max_features=None, max_leaf_nodes=None,
                                 min_impurity_decrease=0.0, min_impurity_split=None,
                                 min samples leaf=1, min samples split=2,
                                 min weight fraction leaf=0.0, presort=False,
                                 random state=0, splitter='best')
In [28]: # Predict the model
         DT pred = classifier.predict(x test)
         DT pred
Out[28]: array([0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0], dtype=int64)
In [29]: # Confusion Matrix
         from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix,accuracy_score,f1_score,precision
          _score,recall_score
         print(confusion_matrix(DT_pred,y_test))
         [[56839
                     26]
              22
                     75]]
In [30]: # Accuracy Score
         DT_acc = accuracy_score(DT_pred,y_test)
         DT acc
Out[30]: 0.9991573329588147
In [31]: # Precision ,Recall,F1_score
         DT Prec = precision score(DT pred,y test)
         DT_rec = recall_score(DT_pred,y_test)
         DT_f1 = f1_score(DT_pred,y_test)
In [32]: # Store the results
         results = pd.DataFrame([['Decision tree', DT_acc, DT_Prec, DT_rec, DT_f1]],col
         umns = ['Model', 'Accuracy', 'Precision', 'Recall', 'F1 Score'])
In [33]: # view the results
         results
Out[33]:
                 Model Accuracy Precision
                                           Recall F1 Score
          0 Decision tree 0.999157 0.742574 0.773196 0.757576
```

#### 2. Random Forest Classifier

```
In [34]: | from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
         classifier1 = RandomForestClassifier(random state = 0, n estimators = 100,crit
         erion = 'entropy')
         classifier1
Out[34]: RandomForestClassifier(bootstrap=True, class weight=None, criterion='entrop
         у',
                                max depth=None, max features='auto', max leaf nodes=No
         ne,
                                min_impurity_decrease=0.0, min_impurity_split=None,
                                min samples leaf=1, min samples split=2,
                                min weight fraction leaf=0.0, n estimators=100,
                                n jobs=None, oob score=False, random state=0, verbose=
         0,
                                warm start=False)
In [35]: # Fit the model
         classifier1.fit(x_train,y_train)
         C:\Users\sundara.rao.ext\Anaconda\lib\site-packages\ipykernel launcher.py:2:
         DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expec
         ted. Please change the shape of y to (n samples,), for example using ravel().
Out[35]: RandomForestClassifier(bootstrap=True, class weight=None, criterion='entrop
         у',
                                max depth=None, max features='auto', max leaf nodes=No
         ne,
                                min_impurity_decrease=0.0, min_impurity_split=None,
                                min samples leaf=1, min samples split=2,
                                min weight fraction leaf=0.0, n estimators=100,
                                n_jobs=None, oob_score=False, random_state=0, verbose=
         0,
                                warm start=False)
In [36]: # predict the model
         RF pred = classifier1.predict(x test)
         RF pred
Out[36]: array([0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0], dtype=int64)
In [37]: # confusion_matrix
         print(confusion_matrix(RF_pred,y_test))
         [[56855
                    22]
                    79]]
               6
In [38]: # Accuracy , precision, recall, f1 score
         RF_acc = accuracy_score(RF_pred,y_test)
         RF_prec = precision_score(RF_pred,y_test)
         RF_rec = recall_score(RF_pred,y_test)
         RF_f1= f1_score(RF_pred,y_test)
```

#### 3. Naive Bayes Classifier

```
In [41]: | from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
         classifier2 = GaussianNB()
In [42]: # Fit the model
         classifier2.fit(x train,y train)
         C:\Users\sundara.rao.ext\Anaconda\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.
         py:724: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array w
         as expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples, ), for example using
         ravel().
           y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)
Out[42]: GaussianNB(priors=None, var_smoothing=1e-09)
In [43]: #Predict the model
         NBC_pred = classifier2.predict(x_test)
         NBC pred
Out[43]: array([0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0], dtype=int64)
In [44]: # Confusion Matrix
         print(confusion_matrix(NBC_pred,y_test))
         [[55642
                    15]
          [ 1219
                    86]]
In [45]: | # Accuracy ,Precision,Recall,f1_core
         NBC_acc = accuracy_score(NBC_pred,y_test)
         NBC prec = precision score(NBC pred,y test)
         NBC rec = recall score(NBC pred,y test)
         NBC_f1= f1_score(NBC_pred,y_test)
In [46]: # Store the results
         results2 = pd.DataFrame([['Naive Bayes', NBC_acc, NBC_prec, NBC_rec, NBC_f1]],
         columns = ['Model', 'Accuracy', 'Precision', 'Recall', 'F1 Score'])
```

#### **K-Nearest Neighbor**

```
In [48]: from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
         classifier3 = KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors=5)
In [49]: # Fit the model
         classifier3.fit(x train,y train)
         C:\Users\sundara.rao.ext\Anaconda\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:2:
         DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expec
         ted. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples, ), for example using ravel
         ().
Out[49]: KNeighborsClassifier(algorithm='auto', leaf_size=30, metric='minkowski',
                              metric_params=None, n_jobs=None, n_neighbors=5, p=2,
                              weights='uniform')
In [50]: # Predict the model
         KNN pred = classifier3.predict(x test)
         KNN_pred
Out[50]: array([0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0], dtype=int64)
In [51]: # Confusion Matrix
         print(confusion_matrix(KNN_pred,y_test))
         [[56854
                    20]
                    81]]
               7
In [52]: # Accuracy ,Precision,Recall,f1 core
         KNN_acc = accuracy_score(KNN_pred,y_test)
         KNN prec = precision score(KNN pred,y test)
         KNN_rec = recall_score(KNN_pred,y_test)
         KNN f1= f1 score(KNN pred,y test)
In [53]:
         # Store the results
         results3 = pd.DataFrame([['K-Nearest Neighbor', KNN_acc, KNN_prec, KNN_rec, KN
         N_f1]],columns = ['Model', 'Accuracy', 'Precision', 'Recall', 'F1 Score'])
```

```
In [54]: # view the result
          results3
Out[54]:
                        Model Accuracy Precision
                                                   Recall F1 Score
```

```
0 K-Nearest Neighbor 0.999526
                                0.80198 0.920455 0.857143
```

### 5. Support Vector Machine (SVM)

```
In [55]: from sklearn.svm import SVC
         classifier4 = SVC(kernel='poly' ,random_state =0)
In [56]: # fit the model
         classifier4.fit(x_train,y_train)
         C:\Users\sundara.rao.ext\Anaconda\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.
         py:724: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array w
         as expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples, ), for example using
         ravel().
           y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)
         C:\Users\sundara.rao.ext\Anaconda\lib\site-packages\sklearn\svm\base.py:193:
         FutureWarning: The default value of gamma will change from 'auto' to 'scale'
         in version 0.22 to account better for unscaled features. Set gamma explicitly
         to 'auto' or 'scale' to avoid this warning.
           "avoid this warning.", FutureWarning)
Out[56]: SVC(C=1.0, cache size=200, class weight=None, coef0=0.0,
             decision_function_shape='ovr', degree=3, gamma='auto_deprecated',
             kernel='poly', max iter=-1, probability=False, random state=0,
             shrinking=True, tol=0.001, verbose=False)
In [57]: # Predict the model
         SVM pred = classifier4.predict(x test)
In [58]: | # Confusion Matrix
         print(confusion_matrix(SVM_pred,y_test))
         [[56849
                    22]
                    79]]
              12
In [59]: # Accuracy ,Precision,Recall,f1_core
         SVM acc = accuracy score(SVM pred,y test)
         SVM prec = precision score(SVM pred,y test)
         SVM_rec = recall_score(SVM_pred,y_test)
         SVM f1= f1 score(SVM pred,y test)
In [60]: # Store the results
         results4 = pd.DataFrame([['Support Vector Machine', SVM_acc, SVM_prec, SVM_rec
         , SVM_f1]],columns = ['Model', 'Accuracy', 'Precision', 'Recall', 'F1 Score'])
```

## **Artificial Neural Networks**

```
In [62]: # Importing the Keras libraries and packages
         import keras
         from keras.models import Sequential
         from keras.layers import Dense
         # Initialising the ANN
         classifier = Sequential()
         # Adding the input layer and the first hidden layer
         classifier.add(Dense(units =15 , kernel_initializer = 'uniform', activation =
         'relu', input_dim = 29))
         # Adding the second hidden layer
         classifier.add(Dense(units = 15, kernel_initializer = 'uniform', activation =
         'relu'))
         # Adding the output layer
         classifier.add(Dense(units = 1, kernel initializer = 'uniform', activation =
         'sigmoid'))
         # Compiling the ANN
         classifier.compile(optimizer = 'adam', loss = 'binary_crossentropy', metrics =
         ['accuracy'])
```

Using TensorFlow backend.

In [64]: # Fitting the ANN to the Training set
classifier.fit(x\_train, y\_train, batch\_size = 32, epochs = 100)

```
Epoch 1/100
- accuracy: 0.9986
Epoch 2/100
- accuracy: 0.9994
Epoch 3/100
- accuracy: 0.9994
Epoch 4/100
- accuracy: 0.9994
Epoch 5/100
- accuracy: 0.9994
Epoch 6/100
- accuracy: 0.9994
Epoch 7/100
- accuracy: 0.9994
Epoch 8/100
- accuracy: 0.9994
Epoch 9/100
- accuracy: 0.9994
Epoch 10/100

    accuracy: 0.9995

Epoch 11/100
- accuracy: 0.9994
Epoch 12/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 13/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 14/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 15/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 16/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 17/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 18/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 19/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
```

```
Epoch 20/100
2 - accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 21/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 22/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 23/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 24/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 25/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 26/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 27/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 28/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 29/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 30/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 38/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 39/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 40/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 41/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 42/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 43/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 44/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 45/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
```

```
Epoch 46/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 47/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 48/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 49/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 50/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 51/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 52/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 53/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 54/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 55/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 56/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 57/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 58/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 59/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 60/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 61/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 62/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 63/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 64/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
```

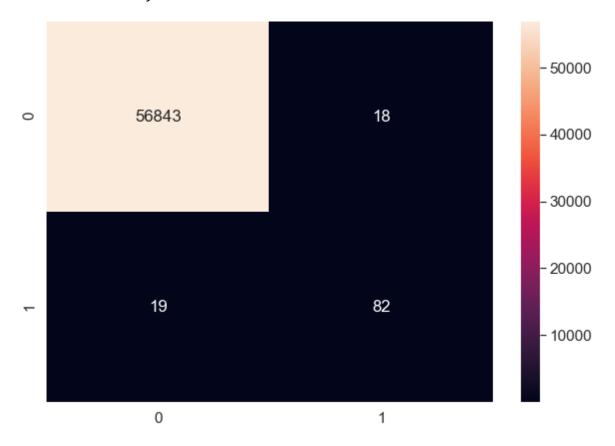
```
Epoch 65/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 66/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 67/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 68/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 69/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 70/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 71/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 72/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 73/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 74/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 75/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 76/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 77/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 78/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 79/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 80/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 81/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 82/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 83/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
```

```
Epoch 84/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 85/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 86/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 87/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 88/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 89/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 90/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 91/100
- accuracy: 0.9995
Epoch 92/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 93/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 94/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 95/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 96/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 97/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 98/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 99/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 100/100
- accuracy: 0.9996
```

```
In [66]: # Predicting the Test set results
         y_pred = classifier.predict(x_test)
         y_pred = (y_pred > 0.5)
         score = classifier.evaluate(x_test, y_test)
In [67]:
         score
         56962/56962 [========== ] - 2s 32us/step
Out[67]: [0.0049244485128219564, 0.9993504285812378]
In [69]: # Making the Confusion Matrix
         cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
         \mathsf{cm}
Out[69]: array([[56843,
                           18],
                           82]], dtype=int64)
In [70]: | #Let's see how our model performed
         from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
         print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
                       precision
                                    recall f1-score
                                                       support
                    0
                            1.00
                                      1.00
                                                1.00
                                                         56861
                            0.82
                                      0.81
                    1
                                                0.82
                                                           101
                                                1.00
                                                         56962
             accuracy
                            0.91
                                      0.91
                                                0.91
                                                         56962
            macro avg
         weighted avg
                            1.00
                                      1.00
                                                1.00
                                                         56962
```

```
In [72]: ## EXTRA: Confusion Matrix
    cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred) # rows = truth, cols = prediction
    df_cm = pd.DataFrame(cm, index = (0, 1), columns = (0, 1))
    plt.figure(figsize = (10,7))
    sns.set(font_scale=1.4)
    sns.heatmap(df_cm, annot=True, fmt='g')
    print("Test Data Accuracy: %0.4f" % accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
```

Test Data Accuracy: 0.9994



```
In [ ]:
```