



Tips: 1. Ask the students to read the dialogue. 2. Look at these pictures and learn these words. 3. Correct the mistakes. (1-2 min)







What Are Germs?

Germs are tiny organisms that can cause infections. They are invisible to the human eye and exist everywhere, including the air, soil, water, food, plants and animals.

The four main types of germs are bacteria, viruses, fungi, and protozoa.

Review virus fungi bacteria protozoa Bacteria are single-Fungi are Protozoa, like Viruses need



a host to survive.

celled creatures that live just about everywhere on earth.

similar to plants and are made up of many cells.

bacteria, are extremely small.





What Germs Do

Most of the germs in the world are harmless to humans.

Once organisms like bacteria, viruses, fungi, and protozoa invade a body, they get ready to stay for a while. These germs draw all their energy from the host. They may damage or destroy healthy cells.





Germs can spread to your hands by sneezing, coughing, or rubbing your eyes, and then they could be transferred to other family members or friends.

- Avoid close contact.
- Stay home when you are sick.
- Clean your hands.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose or mouth.







What Can You Do

What can you do when you or your friend is sick? Here is some advice.

- You should take some medicine.
- You shouldn't stay up so late.
- He should see a doctor.
- She should take care of herself.
- We should take good care of ourselves.





1. Talk about the four kinds of germs. What impacts do they have on our bodies?







2. What can we do to prevent the germs from spreading?







3. What can we do to make our bodies healthier?





Complete the dialogues.

- 1. **A**: Oh, no. I cut ______.
 - **B**: You _____ clean the cut and put a bandage on it.
- 2. A: I'm so sleepy today.
 - **B**: You _____ stay up so late at night. Please take care

of _____.



Look at the picture and fill in the blanks.

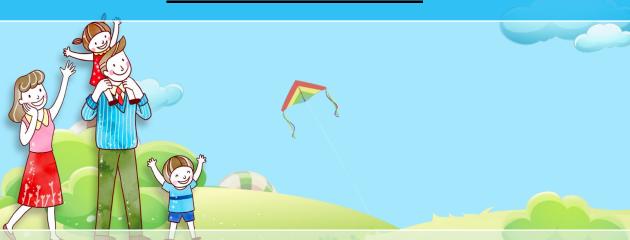
1. A: What's the matter with you?

B: I have a _____

A: I'm sorry to hear that. Please take

care of ______.





Tips: 1. Have students complete the sentences and read them twice;

2. Have students answer, you — yourself , they — he — . (2 min)

Look at the picture and fill in the blanks.



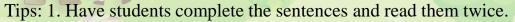
B: He feels ______.

A: I'm sorry to hear that. He should

take care of ______.







2. Have students answer, you —> <u>yourself</u>, they —> ____, he —> ____. (2 min)



Look at the pictures and fill in the blanks.

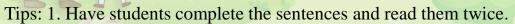


B: He feels ______.

A: I'm sorry to hear that. He should take

care of ______.





2. Have students answer, you —> <u>yourself</u>, they —> ____, he —> ____. (2 min)



