

ROLL No:

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Total number of pages:[2]

B.C.A || 2nd Sem

Fundamentals of Mathematics

Subject Code: BMATO-204

Paper ID:

Time allowed: 3 Hrs

Max Marks: 100

Important Instructions:

- All questions are compulsory

PART A (10x 2marks)

Q. 1. Short-Answer Questions:

- Find the rank of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$
- If AM and GM of two numbers are 8 and 6 respectively. Find the numbers?
- If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 5 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ find $(AB)'$.
- If the mode of the data is 18 and the mean is 24 find the median of the data?
- Evaluate $\int \frac{\cos \log x}{x} dx$
- Evaluate $\int \frac{5 \sec^2 x}{1 + \tan x} dx$
- Differentiate $y = \tan [\cos (\sin 2x)]$.
- Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for $y = (x^2 + 2)(x - 5)^2$
- Solve $\int_0^1 x^4 e^{x^5} dx$
- If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ then find the value of k such that $A^2 = 8A + kI$

PART B (5x16marks)

Q. 2. Use Crammer's rule to solve the following system of equations

CO1

$$X + 3Y + 5Z = 22$$

$$5X - 3Y + 2Z = 5$$

$$9X + 8Y - 3Z = 16$$

OR

Using matrix method to solve the equations

CO1

$$2x + 5Y - z = 9$$

$$3x - 3y + 2z = 7$$

$$2X - 4Y + 3Z = 1$$

- Q. 3. (a) Differentiate $Y = (\sin x)^{\tan x} + (\tan x)^{\sin x}$.
- (b) Find the maximum and minimum value of $(1-x)^2 e^x$?

CO2

OR

(a) Differentiate $\sin [\log (x^2+1)] + \frac{\sin x}{(1+\tan x)}$ w.r.t x CO2

(b) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = e^{2x} \cos(3x+4)$

Q. 4. (a) Evaluate $I = \int \frac{1-\sin x}{1+\sin x} dx$ CO3

(b) Evaluate $I = \int x \cos^2 x dx$
OR

(a) Evaluate $I = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{1 + \sin x \cos x} dx$ CO3

(b) Evaluate $I = \int \frac{x-1}{(x-3)(x-2)} dx$

Q. 5. Use Trapezoidal rule to find $\int_0^4 \frac{1}{1+x} dx$ CO4

OR

Use Simpson's 1/3 rule to find $\int_4^8 \frac{1}{x} dx$ CO4

Q. 6. (a) A and B are two non- mutually exclusive events of the experiment. If $P(A) = \frac{1}{4}$, $P(B) = \frac{2}{5}$, $P(A \cup B) = \frac{1}{2}$ find the values of $P(A \cap B)$ and $P(A \cap B^c)$ CO5

(b) Calculate the mean from the following data by Step- deviation method:

Weekly wages:	11-13	13-15	15-17	17-19	19-21	21-23	23-25
Frequency :	3	4	5	6	5	4	3

OR

Find the mean deviation from mean and its coefficient from the following CO5
data:

Marks :	25	15	55	45	35	75	65
Frequency:	3	8	15	18	3	2	1