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## Subject Code: BTEE-601 Paper ID:

Time allowed: 3 Hrs Max Marks: 60

## Important Instructions:

- All questions are compulsory
- Assume any missing data
- · Additional instructions, if any

	PART A (10x 2marks)
Q. 1.	Short-Answer Questions:  (a) Write the classification of electric drive.  (b) Why electric heating is preferred over other forms of heating?  (c) Enumerate the factors governing selection of electric motors.  (d) What do you understand by illumination?  (e) What is meant by anodizing?  (f) What is the value of voltage used in overhead supply for trains in India?  (g) What is group drive?  (h) Define the energy efficiency in electrolytic process.  (i) What do you understand by reverse current process in electroplating?  (j) What are the different types of electric welding?
	PART B (5×8marks)
0.2.	Describe the construction and operation of dielectric heating and its CO1

Q. 2.	Describe	the	construction	and	operation	01	dielectric	neating	und	165		
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Q. 3. Explain the construction and principle of operation of gaseous discharge lamp.

OR

State and describe various types of lighting schemes.

CO1

CO2

Q. 4. Draw the electric circuit of refrigerator and explain its working.

OR

CO3

Explain with the help of diagram the working of vapour absorption CO3 refrigeration system.

Q. 5. A 4-pole, 50 Hz induction motor has a flywheel on its shaft. Total inertia at CO4 the motor shaft is 1000 kg-m<sup>2</sup>. Load torque is 100 kg-m for 10 seconds followed by a no load period long enough for the flywheel to regain its full

speed. Motor has a slip of 6 % at a torque of 50 kg-m. Calculate the speed at the end of deceleration period. Assume motor speed torque characteristics to the end of deceleration period. Assume motor speed torque characteristics to be a straight line in the region of interest and neglect friction and windage.

State laws of illumination. A lamp of 500 W having a mscp of 1250 is CO4 suspended 2.7 meters above the working plane. Calculate a) illumination directly blow the lamp at the working plane b) lamp efficiency c) illumination at a point 3 m away on the horizontal plane from vertically below the lamp.

Q. 6. State Faraday's Law of electrolysis and explains them. List the major applications of CO1 electrolysis and explain the basic principle of electro deposition.

OR

What are the different traction systems? Discuss them in brief.

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