

SHAHEED BHAGAT SINGH STATE TECHNICAL CAMPUS, FEROZEPUR

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ROLL NO:

Reappear.

Total number of pages: [3]

Total number of questions: 06

B.Tech. -CSE/ 3rd Sem (Reappear)

2012 Batch - 2014.
Batch

MATH III

Subject Code: ~~CSE-302~~

BTAM 302

Paper ID:

Batch: before 2015

Time allowed: 3 Hrs

Max Marks:60

Important Instructions:

- All questions are compulsory
- Non Scientific calculator is allowed
- Scientific tables are allowed

PART A (2×10)

Q. Answer in brief:

1.

- (a) State Eulers formula for a function to be expanded in Fourier Series.
- (b) Write Fourier series of $f(x) = e^{-x}$ in the interval $(0, 2\pi)$.
- (c) Solve following system of equations by Gauss elimination method
 $x + 2y + z = 3; 2x + 3y + 3z = 10; 3x - y + 2z = 13$
- (d) Using Euler's method, solve numerically the equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y; y(0) = 1 \text{ at } x = 1.0 \text{ by taking } h = 0.2$$

- (e) If the probability of a defective bolt is 0.1. Find the standard deviation (S.D.) for the defectives bolts in a total of 400.
- (f) A coin was tossed 400 times and head turned up 216 times. Test the hypothesis that coin is unbiased
- (g) Define Critical Region in sampling
- (h) Define Analytic function.
- (i) Find partial differential equation of $z = (x^2 + a)(y^2 + b)$
- (j) Find $L\left(\frac{e^{-at} - e^{-bt}}{t}\right)$

PART B (8×5)

Q.2. Obtain the Fourier series to represents $f(x) = \frac{(\pi-x)^2}{4}$ in the interval $[0, 2\pi]$

Hence deduce the sum of the series $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots$

OR

Solve the initial value problem

$$y'' + 5y' + 5y = e^{-t} \sin t, \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y'(0) = 1$$

by using method of Laplace Transformation

Q.3. Solve the following system of linear equations by using Gauss-Siedel iteration method

$$10x + y + 2z = 44$$

$$2x + 10y + z = 51$$

$$x + 2y + 10z = 61$$

by taking $[0, 0, 0]'$ as initial solution

OR

Find the largest eigenvalue and corresponding eigen vector of following matrix by Power method

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

by taking $[1, 1, 1]'$ as initial solution

Q.4. Find the imaginary part of analytic function whose real part is $x^3 - 3xy^2 + 3x^2 - 3y^2$

OR

Estimate the solution of the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y; \quad y(0) = 1 \text{ at } x = 0.2$$

by Runge-Kutta fourth order method using $h = 0.1$

CO1

CO3

CO2

CO3

- Q. 5. If the probability that an individual suffers a bad reaction from certain injection is 0.001. Find the probability that out of 2000 individual, exactly 3 individuals will suffer a bad reaction

OR

CO4

$$\text{Solve } \frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^3} - 3 \frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^2 \partial y} + 4 \frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial y^3} = e^{x+2y}$$

CO2

- Q. 6. In a normal distribution, 31% of the items are under 45 and 8% are over 64. Find the mean and standard deviation of the distribution

OR

A die is thrown 276 times and results of these throw are given below

No. appeared on die	1	2	3	4	5	6
Frequency	40	32	29	59	57	59

Test whether the die is biased or not.

CO4