Jens Dittrich

Duplicates in both Columns!

Customers		
name	**street**	**cityID**
frank	minstreet	0
peter	minstreet	0
stefan	unistreet	0
jens	shortstreet	1
steve	macstreet	1
felix	macstreet	5
hans	msstreet	5
alekh	unistreet	7
jorge	minstreet	9
mike	longstreet	9
olaf	macstreet	9
tim	unistreet	9

Cities_Dictionary	
cityNo	**city**
1	new york
1	cuppertino
1	paris
5	berlin
5	london
9	saarbruecken

Joins? CoGroups!

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name	**street**	**cityID**
frank	minstreet	0
peter	minstreet	
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Joins? CoGroups!

R

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S

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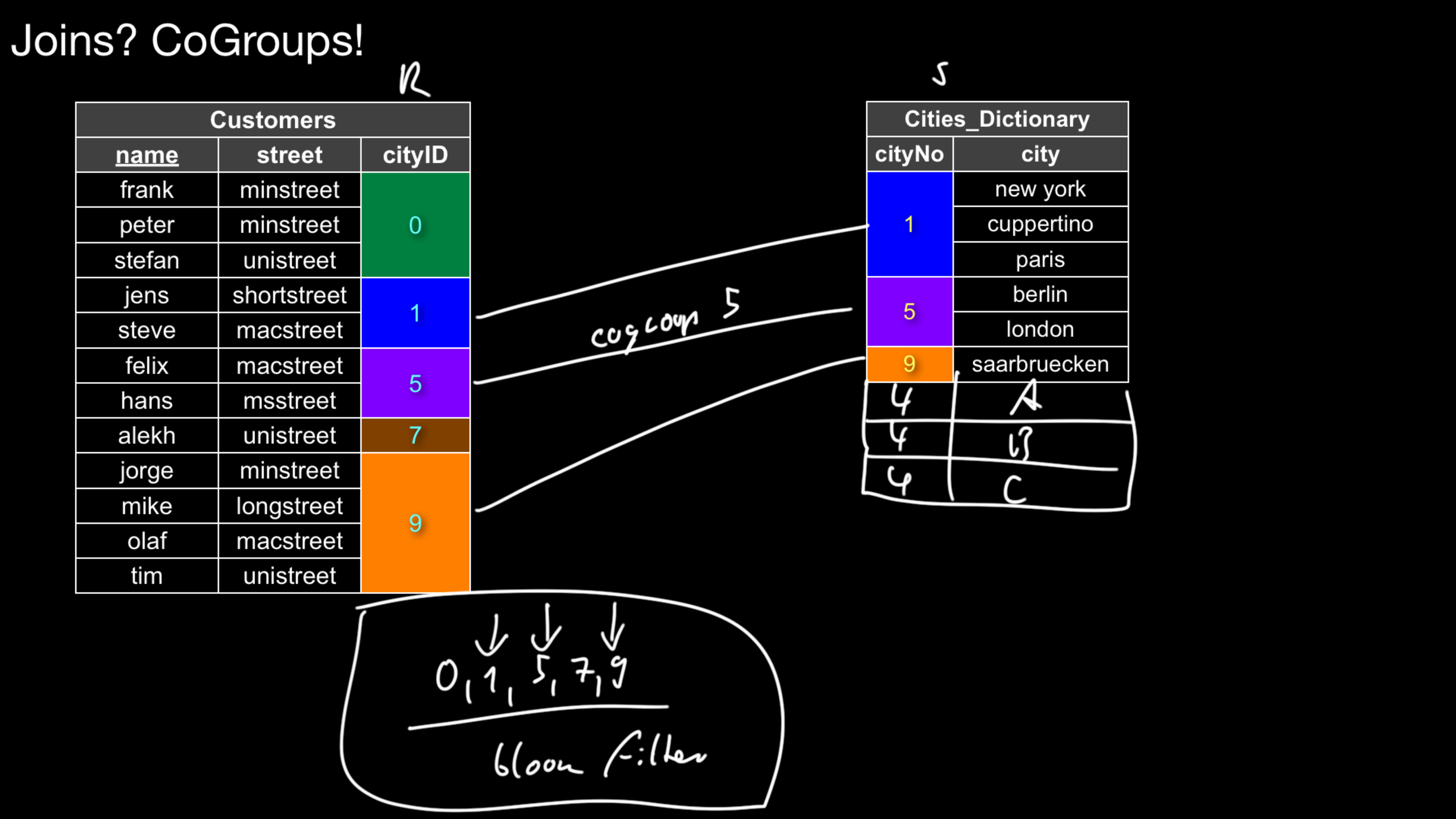

Co-Grouping without Sorting

Customers		
name	**street**	**cityID**
peter	minstreet	0
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mike	longstreet	9
tim	unistreet	9
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frank	minstreet	0
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alekh	unistreet	7
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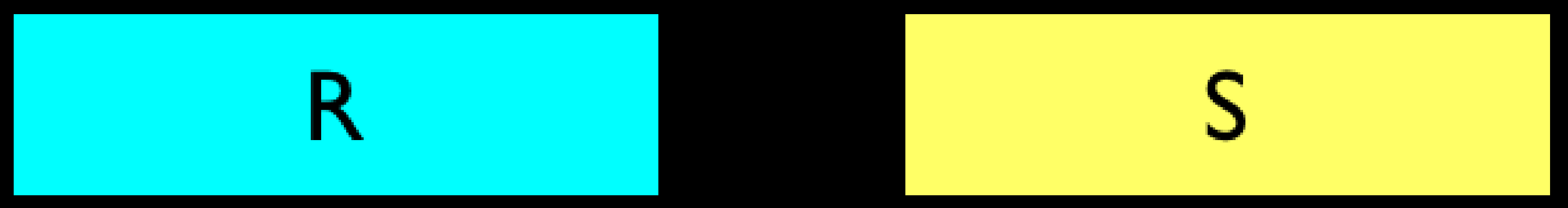
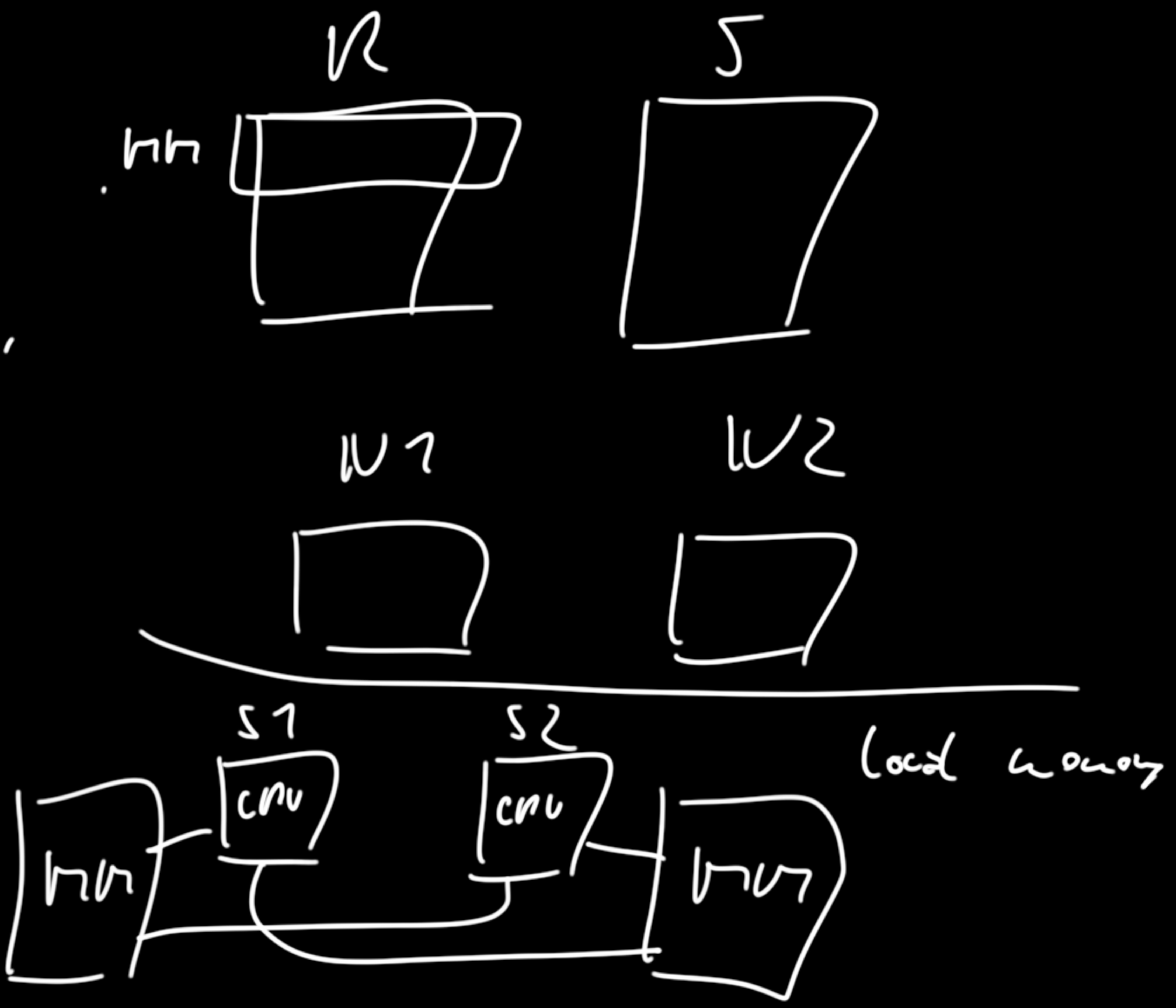
Generalized Co-Grouped Join

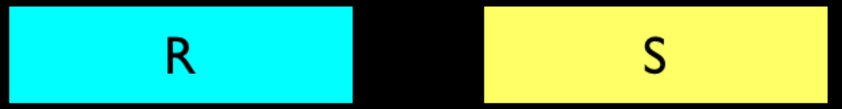


special cases:

1. Grace Hash Join
2. Distributed Joins
   "Repartitioning Joins"
3. NUMA Join



Generalized Co-Grouped Join



JP(r,s) := r.x == s.x //definition of the join predicate

group(Tuple **):** Tuple ↦ [0, ..., k-1] //generalized grouping function

(labels tuple

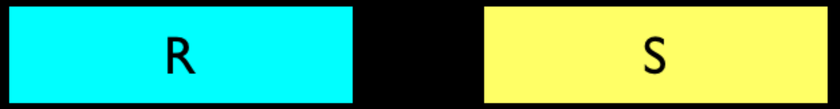
$r_{42} \rightarrow 5$

$r_{13} \rightarrow 7$

$s_3 \rightarrow 2$

$s_4 \rightarrow 7$

Generalized Co-Grouped Join



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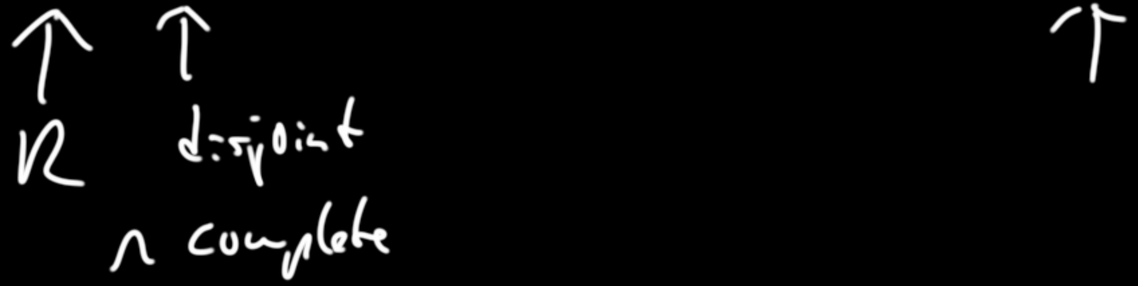
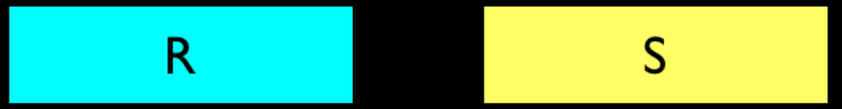


Generalized Co-Grouped Join



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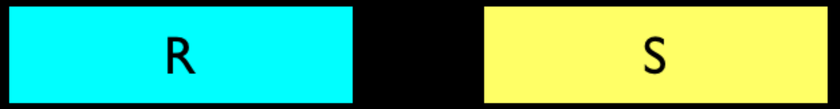
CoGroupedJoin(R, S, JP(r,s), group(), partition()):

Set of Pair<Set, groupID> build := partition(R, group()): //partition R into subsets (aka groups)

Generalized Co-Grouped Join



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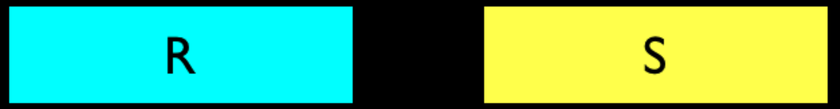
Set of Pair<Set, groupID> build := partition(R, group()): //partition R into subsets (aka groups)

Set of Pair<Set, groupID> probe := partition(S, group()); //partition S into subsets (aka groups)

co-grouping: use the same group() -function

Generalized Co-Grouped Join



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Set of Pair<Set, groupID> build := partition(R, group()): //partition R into subsets (aka groups)

Set of Pair<Set, groupID> probe := partition(S, group()); //partition S into subsets (aka groups)

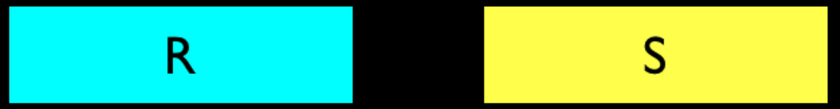
ForEach groupID in [0 to k-1]: //foreach existing unique groupID

= co-group

leftInput = build.getSet(groupID); //retrieve corresponding subset from R

rightInput =probe.getSet(groupID); //retrieve corresponding subset from S

Generalized Co-Grouped Join



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```
Set of Pair<Set, groupID> build  := partition( R, group() ):   //partition R into subsets (aka groups)
Set of Pair<Set, groupID> probe := partition( S, group() );   //partition S into subsets (aka groups)

ForEach groupID in [0 to k-1]:                                //foreach existing unique groupID
    leftInput = build.getSet( groupID );                      //retrieve corresponding subset from R
    rightInput =probe.getSet( groupID );                      //retrieve corresponding subset from S
    If NOT leftInput.isEmpty() AND NOT rightInput.isEmpty():  //only if both inputs have some data
```

Generalized Co-Grouped Join

R   S

```
JP(r,s) := r.x == s.x                                              //definition of the join predicate
group( Tuple ): Tuple ↦ [0, ..., k-1]                              //generalized grouping function
partition( Set, group() ): (Set, group()) ↦ Set of Pair<Set, groupID>   //generalized partitioning function

CoGroupedJoin( R, S, JP(r,s), group(), partition() ):

    Set of Pair<Set, groupID> build  := partition( R, group() ):   //partition R into subsets (aka groups)
    Set of Pair<Set, groupID> probe := partition( S, group() );    //partition S into subsets (aka groups)

    ForEach groupID in [0 to k-1]:                                 //foreach existing unique groupID
        leftInput = build.getSet( groupID );                       //retrieve corresponding subset from R
        rightInput =probe.getSet( groupID );                       //retrieve corresponding subset from S
        If NOT leftInput.isEmpty() AND NOT rightInput.isEmpty():   //only if both inputs have some data
            WhateverJoin( leftInput, rightInput, JP(r,s) );        //call whatever join algorithm
```

only above: ↓ cross product   why?   groupID := r.x == s.x

Note: does not have to be like this in all special cases