## 105. Computing Binomial Coefficient

```
PROGRAM:-
def binomial_coefficient(n, k):
  # Initialize a 2D array to store results of subproblems
  C = [[0 \text{ for } \_ \text{ in } range(k + 1)] \text{ for } \_ \text{ in } range(n + 1)]
  # Calculate value of Binomial Coefficient in bottom-up manner
  for i in range(n + 1):
     for j in range(min(i, k) + 1):
       # Base Cases
       if j == 0 or j == i:
          C[i][j] = 1
       else:
          # Calculate value using previously stored values
          C[i][j] = C[i-1][j-1] + C[i-1][j]
  return C[n][k]
# Example usage:
n = 5
k = 2
print(f"Binomial Coefficient C({n}, {k}) is {binomial_coefficient(n, k)}")
```

## **OUTPUT:-**

```
Binomial Coefficient C(5, 2) is 10

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

TIME COMPLEXITY:-O(n\*k)