

# homework-3

November 21, 2025

```
[9]: import networkx as nx
```

```
import EoN
```

```
import numpy as np
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
from collections import Counter
```

```
[14]: # Simulating SIR Model
```

```
N = 1000
```

```
m = 2
```

```
G = nx.barabasi_albert_graph(N, m)
```

```
[15]: mu = 0.1
```

```
initial_fraction_infected = 0.01
```

```
initial_infecteds = np.random.choice(G.nodes(),
```

```
    size=int(N*initial_fraction_infected), replace=False)
```

```
# Run the simulation
```

```
def run_sir(beta_value):
```

```
    t, S, I, R = EoN.fast_SIR(G, tau=beta_value, gamma=mu,
```

```
    initial_infecteds=initial_infecteds, tmax=100)
```

```
    S_fractions = np.array(S) / N
```

```
    I_fractions = np.array(I) / N
```

```
    R_fractions = np.array(R) / N
```

```
    return t, S_fractions, I_fractions, R_fractions
```

```
# High spreading rate
```

```
beta_high = 0.5
```

```
t_high, S_high, I_high, R_high = run_sir(beta_high)
```

```
# Low spreading rate
```

```
beta_low = 0.05
```

```
t_low, S_low, I_low, R_low = run_sir(beta_low)
```

```
[16]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
```

```
# High spreading lines
```

```
plt.plot(t_high, S_high, label="S (High =0.5)")
```

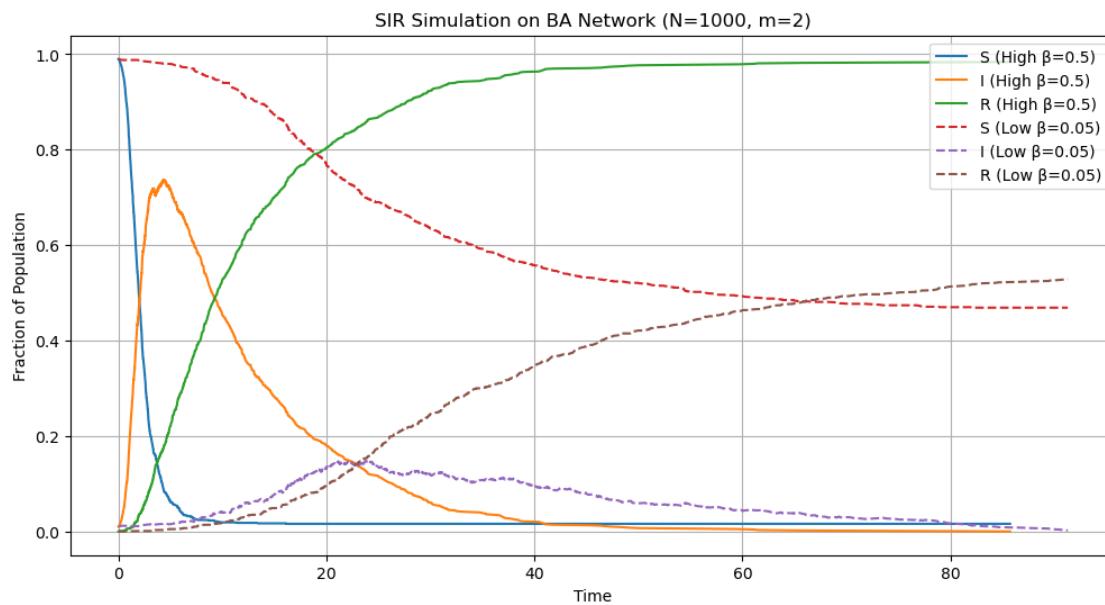
```

plt.plot(t_high, I_high, label="I (High  $\beta=0.5$ )")
plt.plot(t_high, R_high, label="R (High  $\beta=0.5$ )")

# Low spreading lines (dashed)
plt.plot(t_low, S_low, '--', label="S (Low  $\beta=0.05$ )")
plt.plot(t_low, I_low, '--', label="I (Low  $\beta=0.05$ )")
plt.plot(t_low, R_low, '--', label="R (Low  $\beta=0.05$ )")

plt.xlabel("Time")
plt.ylabel("Fraction of Population")
plt.title("SIR Simulation on BA Network (N=1000, m=2)")
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

```



```
[17]: # Calculate the epidemic threshold
degrees = np.array([deg for node, deg in G.degree()])
k_avg = degrees.mean()
k_sq_avg = np.mean(degrees**2)
lambda_c = k_avg / (k_sq_avg - k_avg)
print(f"Epidemic threshold (c): {lambda_c:.4f}")
```

Epidemic threshold (c): 0.1101

```
[20]: print("Average degree <k>:", k_avg)
print("Second moment <k^2>:", k_sq_avg)
```

```
Average degree <k>: 3.992  
Second moment <k^2>: 40.25
```

```
[18]: # Calculate effective spreading rates  
lambda_high = beta_high / mu  
lambda_low = beta_low / mu  
  
print(f"Effective spreading rate (_high): {lambda_high:.4f}")  
print(f"Effective spreading rate (_low): {lambda_low:.4f}")
```

```
Effective spreading rate (_high): 5.0000  
Effective spreading rate (_low): 0.5000
```

```
[19]: # Percolation and Network Robustness  
N=1000  
m=2  
G=nx.barabasi_albert_graph(N,m)  
  
# Identify the top 10% of nodes by Degree Centrality  
num_removed = int(N * 0.1)  
sorted_nodes = sorted(G.degree(), key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)  
hubs_to_remove = [node for node, _ in sorted_nodes[:num_removed]]  
  
components = nx.connected_components(G)  
original_gc_size = len(max(components, key=len)) if components else 0  
  
# Perform Targeted Attack  
G_copy = G.copy()  
G_copy.remove_nodes_from(hubs_to_remove)  
  
new_gc_size = len(max(nx.connected_components(G_copy), key=len)) if nx.  
connected_components(G_copy) else 0  
  
print(f"Original Giant Component Size (GC_orig): {original_gc_size}")  
print(f"New Giant Component Size (GC_new): {new_gc_size}")  
print("Percentage drop:", 100 * (original_gc_size - new_gc_size) /  
original_gc_size, "%")
```

```
Original Giant Component Size (GC_orig): 1000  
New Giant Component Size (GC_new): 616  
Percentage drop: 38.4 %
```

```
[ ]:
```