

# homework-3

November 21, 2025

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[9]: import networkx as nx
import EoN
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from collections import Counter
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[14]: # Simulating SIR Model
N = 1000
m = 2
G = nx.barabasi_albert_graph(N, m)
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[15]: mu = 0.1
initial_fraction_infected = 0.01
initial_infecteds = np.random.choice(G.nodes(),
↪size=int(N*initial_fraction_infected), replace=False)

# Run the simulation
def run_sir(beta_value):
    t, S, I, R = EoN.fast_SIR(G, tau=beta_value, gamma=mu,
↪initial_infecteds=initial_infecteds, tmax=100)
    S_fractions = np.array(S) / N
    I_fractions = np.array(I) / N
    R_fractions = np.array(R) / N
    return t, S_fractions, I_fractions, R_fractions

# High spreading rate
beta_high = 0.5
t_high, S_high, I_high, R_high = run_sir(beta_high)

# Low spreading rate
beta_low = 0.05
t_low, S_low, I_low, R_low = run_sir(beta_low)
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[16]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))

# High spreading lines
plt.plot(t_high, S_high, label="S (High =0.5)")
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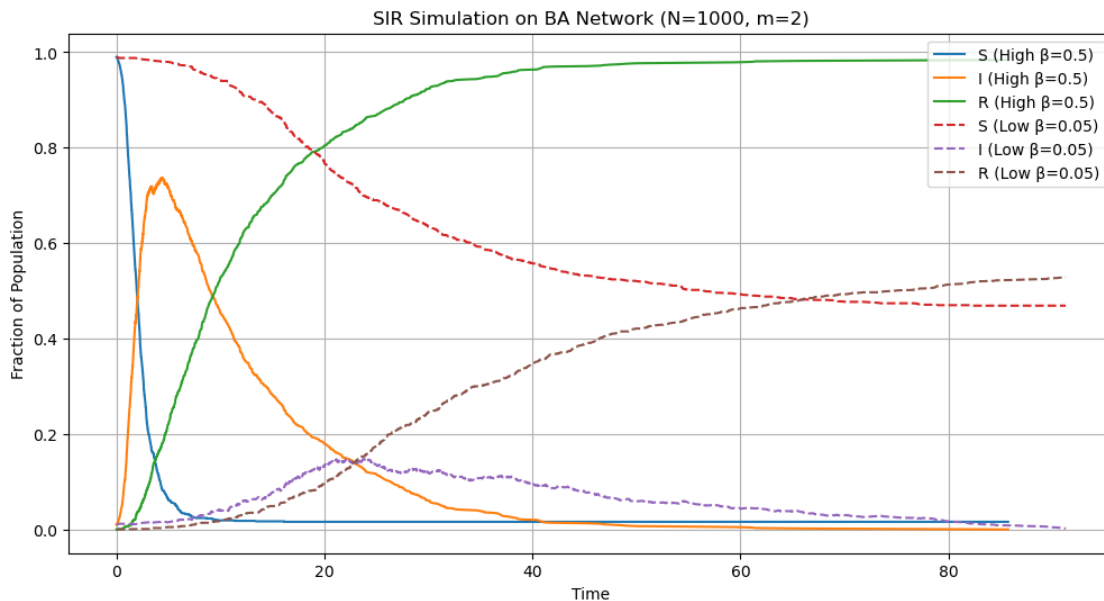
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plt.plot(t_high, I_high, label="I (High  $\beta=0.5$ )")
plt.plot(t_high, R_high, label="R (High  $\beta=0.5$ )")

# Low spreading lines (dashed)
plt.plot(t_low, S_low, '--', label="S (Low  $\beta=0.05$ )")
plt.plot(t_low, I_low, '--', label="I (Low  $\beta=0.05$ )")
plt.plot(t_low, R_low, '--', label="R (Low  $\beta=0.05$ )")

plt.xlabel("Time")
plt.ylabel("Fraction of Population")
plt.title("SIR Simulation on BA Network (N=1000, m=2)")
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

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[17]: # Calculate the epidemic threshold
degrees = np.array([deg for node, deg in G.degree()])
k_avg = degrees.mean()
k_sq_avg = np.mean(degrees**2)
lambda_c = k_avg / (k_sq_avg - k_avg)
print(f"Epidemic threshold (c): {lambda_c:.4f}")

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Epidemic threshold (c): 0.1101

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[20]: print("Average degree <k>:", k_avg)
print("Second moment <k^2>:", k_sq_avg)

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Average degree  $\langle k \rangle$ : 3.992  
Second moment  $\langle k^2 \rangle$ : 40.25

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[18]: # Calculate effective spreading rates
lambda_high = beta_high / mu
lambda_low = beta_low / mu

print(f"Effective spreading rate (_high): {lambda_high:.4f}")
print(f"Effective spreading rate (_low): {lambda_low:.4f}")
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Effective spreading rate (\_high): 5.0000  
Effective spreading rate (\_low): 0.5000

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[19]: # Percolation and Network Robustness
N=1000
m=2
G=nx.barabasi_albert_graph(N,m)

# Identify the top 10% of nodes by Degree Centrality
num_removed = int(N * 0.1)
sorted_nodes = sorted(G.degree(), key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)
hubs_to_remove = [node for node, _ in sorted_nodes[:num_removed]]

components = nx.connected_components(G)
original_gc_size = len(max(components, key=len)) if components else 0

# Perform Targeted Attack
G_copy = G.copy()
G_copy.remove_nodes_from(hubs_to_remove)

new_gc_size = len(max(nx.connected_components(G_copy), key=len)) if nx.
    connected_components(G_copy) else 0

print(f"Original Giant Component Size (GC_orig): {original_gc_size}")
print(f"New Giant Component Size (GC_new): {new_gc_size}")
print("Percentage drop:", 100 * (original_gc_size - new_gc_size) /
    original_gc_size, "%")
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Original Giant Component Size (GC\_orig): 1000  
New Giant Component Size (GC\_new): 616  
Percentage drop: 38.4 %

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