

**ASSIGNMENT on Data. For practice.**

1. Convert the following binary numbers to a decimal value:

a)  $(011011)_2 = ( )_{10}$     b)  $(101001)_2 = ( )_{10}$

2. Convert the following decimal numbers to binary:

a)  $(257)_{10} = ( )_2$     b)  $(2048)_{10} = ( )_2$     c)  $(87)_{10} = ?$     d)  $(-1)_{10} = ?$     e)  $(-45)_{10} = ( )_2$

3. What will be the equivalent in hexadecimal for the given binary data:

a) 11101101101    b) 0100010010111

4. Convert the following hexadecimal numbers to a binary number:

a). 0XABCD    b). 0X0F1

5. Convert the following octal num to a binary number :

a) 0111    b) 0777    c) 074

6. Convert the following binary number to a octal num :

a) 100111010    b) 010000001

7. Convert the following hexadecimal number to a octal number :

a) 0X1BC    b) 0XFFFF

8. if the variable is declared as given below, then what will be the exact binary presentation in memory, when the program is being executed?

char ch1='6', ch2='a', ch3='\*', ch4=' ', ch5=98;

char v1=127, v2=128;

unsigned char u1=127, u2=128, u3=255, u4=256;

9. if the following integer variables are declared, then what will be exact picture of memory occupied .

short int s1=50, s2=-5, s3=32767, s4=32768;

a) 0XFF01    b) 0X100FF

10. If the integer variables are declared as given below, then predict the binary presentation in memory.

int i='1', j=520, k=65536, l=-2, m=-50;