



**ST. JOHN'S UNIVERSAL SCHOOL**

**BOOSTER EXAMINATION**

**HISTORY & CIVICS**

**H.C.G. PAPER 1**

**One and a half hour**

**Class X**

**DATE: 08/02/2022**

**MARKS: 40**

*Answers to this Paper must be written on the paper provided separately.*

*You will not be allowed to write during the first 10 minutes.*

*This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.*

*The time given at the head of this Paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.*

*Attempt all questions from Part I (Compulsory). A total of three questions are to be attempted from Part II, one out of two questions from Section A and two out of three questions from Section B.*

*The marks intended for questions are given in brackets [ ]*

**PART I**

*(Attempt all questions from this Part.)*

**Question 1**

Choose the correct answers to the questions from the given options.

(Do not copy the question, Write the correct answer only.)

**[10]**

(i) A person shall be eligible for election as President of India, if he/she \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) has completed the age of thirty five years
- (b) should be a member of either House of the Parliament or State Legislative
- (c) should not be a proclaimed criminal
- (d) should be a Government employee

(ii) The term of office of the Vice President is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) Five years
- (b) Six years
- (c) Two years
- (d) Ten years

(iii) \_\_\_\_\_ can issue an Ordinance when the parliament is not in session.

- (a) President
- (b) Speaker
- (c) Vice President
- (d) Prime Minister

(iv) The power of the Supreme Court to grant special leave to appeal against the judgement delivered by any one court in the country is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) Revisory Jurisdiction
- (b) Advisory Jurisdiction
- (c) Appellate Jurisdiction
- (d) Judicial Review

(v) The Chief Justice of a High Court is appointed by the \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) President of India
- (b) Prime Minister
- (c) Governor
- (d) Chief Justice of India

(vi) Austria declared war on Serbia on \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) August 1, 1914
- (b) July 28, 1914
- (c) August 3, 1914
- (d) August 4, 1914

(vii) Each State in General Assembly has \_\_\_\_\_ representatives

- (a) 2
- (b) 1
- (c) 5
- (d) 10

(viii) One of the Five permanent members of the Security Council are \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) India
- (b) France
- (c) Pakistan
- (d) Canada

(ix) According to the Treaty of Versailles, \_\_\_\_\_ became a free port in the Polish Territory.

- (a) Poland
- (b) Rumania
- (c) Danzig
- (d) Rhine Valley.

(x) The Anti - Comintern Pact in 1937 was signed between \_\_\_\_\_

- (a) Germany & Italy
- (b) Italy & Britain
- (c) Japan & Germany
- (d) France & Germany

## PART II

### SECTION A

(Attempt **any one** question from this Section.)

#### Question 2

**The President of India being the nominal head while the Prime Minister being the real head of the state, answer the following questions.**

- (i) How is the President of India elected? [2]
- (ii) Explain the role of the Prime Minister as the leader of the Cabinet. [2]
- (iii) Mention any three Executive Powers of the President [3]
- (iv) Distinguish between Cabinet and Council of Ministers. [3]

#### Question 3

**Supreme Court of India is an apex judicial body. With reference to its powers and functions, answer the following questions.**

- (i) What do you understand by 'the Supreme Court is the guardian of Fundamental Rights'? [2]
- (ii) What are the advantages of Lok Adalat. [2]
- (iii) Explain the Original Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court. [3]
- (iv) Explain Supreme Court's Power of Judicial Review and why is it needed? [3]

### SECTION B

(Attempt **any two** questions from this Section.)

#### Question 4

**The beginning of the nineteenth century saw two great wars; with reference to these wars answer the following questions.**

- (i) Mention any two terms of the Treaty of Versailles. [2]
- (ii) Division of Europe into two hostile camps. [2]
- (iii) What were the similarities between the ideologies of the dictatorships led in Italy and Germany? [3]
- (iv) Failure of the League of Nations leading to the Second World War. [3]

#### Question 5

- (i) Mention any two objectives of the United Nations. [2]
- (ii) Name the judicial organ of the UN. Explain the composition of the organ. [3]
- (iii) Mention any three functions of the Security Council. [3]
- (iv) What can the General Assembly do if the Security Council fails to act in a case where there appears to be threat to peace. [2]



**Question 6**

**Study the picture and answer the following questions:**



- (i) Identify the organization associated with the emblem and mention two functions of the organization. [3]
- (ii) Mention any two functions of UNESCO. [2]
- (iii) What is meant by the term Non-Alignment? Name any two founders of the Non- Aligned Movement. [3]
- (iv) Mention any two objectives of the Non-Aligned Movement. [2]