

Bombay Scottish School, Mahim
Preliminary Examination
History & Civics (HCG Paper-1)

Grade : 10
Date : 21.02.2022
Duration : 1 ½ hours

Max. Marks : 40
No. of Questions : 06
No. of printed sides: 05

Answers to this paper must be written on the paper provided separately.

You will not be allowed to write during the first 10 minutes.

This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.

The time given at the head of this Paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

*Attempt **all** questions from **Part I** (Compulsory). A **total of three** questions are to be attempted from **Part II**, **one** out of two questions from Section A and **two** out of three questions from Section B.*

The marks intended for questions are given in the brackets []

PART I

*(Attempt **all** questions from this Part.)*

Question 1

Choose the correct answers to the questions from the given options. (Do not copy the question, Write the correct answer only.) [10]

- (i) _____ can dissolve the Lok Sabha and order fresh elections.
- (a) Om Birla
 - (b) Ram Nath Kovind
 - (c) Venkaiah Naidu
 - (d) Narendra Modi
- (ii) The President cannot issue a proclamation of a National Emergency unless he has the approval in writing of the _____
- (a) Union Cabinet
 - (b) Council of Ministers
 - (c) Prime Minister
 - (d) Vice- President

(iii) The Constitution (91st amendment) Act, 2003, has put a ceiling on the size of the Council of Ministers at the Centre and in the States to _____ percent of the strength of the Lok Sabha and State Legislatures.

- (a) 12
- (b) 10
- (c) 5
- (d) 15

(iv) The power of the Supreme Court to review any judgement or order made by it is _____

- (a) Revisory Jurisdiction
- (b) Advisory Jurisdiction
- (c) Original Jurisdiction
- (d) Appellate Jurisdiction

(v) Complete the given analogy.

Civil Court: District Judge:: ____?____:Sessions Judge

- (a) Criminal Court
- (b) People's Court
- (c) Commissioner's Court
- (d) Collector's Court

(vi) Which of the following is a common ideology of the dictators?

- (a) Support the League of Nations
- (b) To uphold intensely nationalistic, communist, democratic rule
- (c) To have faith in totalitarian rule
- (d) To disregard war as an instrument for furthering national interests

(vii) Italy joined the _____ in 1937 to revive the glory of the Old Roman empire.

- (a) Non- Aggression Pact
- (b) Anti- Comintern Pact
- (c) Soviet- Polish Non- Aggression Pact
- (d) Potsdam Agreement

- (viii) Which of the following countries is not a member of the Security Council Permanent Members?
- (a) Russia
 - (b) France
 - (c) China
 - (d) Japan
- (ix) The negative vote of a Permanent Member of the Security Council is called a _____.
- (a) CENTO
 - (b) SEATO
 - (c) VETO
 - (d) NATO
- (x) The full form of the acronym UNESCO is _____.
- (a) United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation
 - (b) United Nations Educational, Social and Cultural Organisation
 - (c) United Nations Educational, Scientific and Communication Organisation
 - (d) United Nation Educational, Social and Communication Organisation

PART II

SECTION A

*(Attempt **any one** question from this Section.)*

Question 2

According to the 42nd Amendment Act, it is necessary for the President to exercise his/her functions in accordance with the advice of the Council of Ministers. In this context answer the following questions:

- (i) How is the President of India elected? [2]
- (ii) Mention two Financial Powers of the President. [2]
- (iii) How is the Prime Minister a link between the Cabinet and the President? [3]
- (iv) Mention the three categories of the Council of Ministers. [3]

Question 3

Under our Constitution the Judiciary is a single integrated system of courts for the Union and the states with the Supreme Court at the apex. In this context answer the following questions:

- (i) What is meant by Judicial Review? [2]
- (ii) On what grounds can a judge of the Supreme Court be removed from office? [2]
- (iii) Explain in brief the Original Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court. [3]
- (iv) Mention three advantages of a Lok Adalat. [3]

SECTION B

*(Attempt **any two** questions from this Section.)*

Question 4

The damage caused by the Second World War surpassed all other wars and brought the world to the brink of complete destruction. With reference to The World Wars, answer the following questions:

- (i) Name the two alliances formed in Europe during the First World War. [2]
- (ii) Rise of Dictatorship as a cause of World War II. [2]
- (iii) Explain in brief Hitler's invasion of Poland as an immediate cause of World War II. [3]
- (iv) Mention three objectives of the organisation established on 24th October, 1945. [3]

Question 5

Look at the picture given and answer the questions that follow:



- (i) Which Organisation does this emblem represent? [2]
- (ii) Mention three functions of this organisation. [3]
- (iii) Give the full form of UNICEF. [2]
- (iv) Mention three functions of UNICEF. [3]

Question 6

- (i) What is the composition of the International Court of Justice? [2]
 - (ii) Explain the term Non- Alignment. [2]
 - (iii) Name the architects of NAM. [3]
 - (iv) Mention three objectives of the Non-Aligned Movement. [3]
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