

Answers to this Paper must be written on the paper provided separately.  
You will not be allowed to write during the first 10 minutes.

This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.

The time given at the head of this Paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

Attempt all questions from Part I (Compulsory). A total of three questions are to be attempted from Part II, one out of two questions from Section A and two out of three questions from Section B.

The marks intended for questions are given in brackets [ ]

### PART I

(Attempt all questions from this Part.)

#### Question 1

Choose the correct answers to the questions from the given options. (Do not copy the question, Write the correct answer only.) [10]

- [i] Which among the following is not a discretionary power of the President can dissolve Lok Sabha (a)
- ☒ a) Summon and prorogue the parliament
- ☐ b) appointing a Prime Minister when no leader or party enjoys a majority in the Lok Sabha.
- ☒ c) can dismiss Ministers in case the Council of Ministers loses the confidence of the House but refuses to resign.
- ☐ d) e) can dismiss Ministers in case the Council of Ministers loses the confidence of the House but refuses to resign.
- [ii] The ----- is promulgated by the President when both the houses of Parliament are not in session
- ☒ a) Ordinances      b) Lok Sabha session      c) Money bill      d) Ordinary bill
- [iii] The correct age of retirement of a Supreme Court Judge is -
- a) 50 years      b) 55 years      c) 35 years      d) 65 years
- [iv] Who appoints the council of Ministers?
- a. Prime Minister      b) Speaker      c) Governor      ☒ d) President
- [v] Which is the highest Criminal Court at district level?
- ☒ A) District court      ☒ b) Sessions court      c) Court of revenue      d) Munsif's court
- [vi] Who appoints the Secretary General of United Nations?
- a) International Court of Justice      c) World Health Organization
- ☒ b) General Assembly      d) UNICEF
- [vii] Who became the dictator of Germany and led that country into WWII?
- a) Winston Churchill      ☒ b) Adolf Hitler      c) Benito Mussolini      d) Joseph Stalin
- [viii] Name the territories that Germany lost to France due to Treaty of Versailles?
- a) Schleswig      b) Eupen - et - Malmedy      ☒ c) Alsace and Lorraine      d) Danzig Port
- [ix] On the 7th April the world celebrates the ----- every year to mark the founding of the WHO.
- A. World Population Day      ☒ b) World Health Day      c) World Doctors Day      d) World Environment Day
- [x] World War 2 began with Germany's invasion of
- a) Czechoslovakia      b) Austria      ☒ c) Poland      d) Russia

## PART II

### SECTION A

(Attempt any one question from this Section)

#### QUESTION 2

The President of India enjoys vast powers. In this context answer the following:

- ✓ 1. Give any two qualifications required to be a President of India?[2]
- ✓ 2. How is the President of India elected and who administers oath of office to him?[2]
- ✓ 3. Mention any three legislative powers of the President[3]
- ✓ 4. Mention any three executive powers of the President[3]

#### QUESTION 3

In Indian judicial system Supreme Court stand at its apex. In this context answer the following:

- X
1. Give the composition of the Supreme Court in India[2]
  2. Mention two types of cases in which supreme court exercises Original Jurisdiction[2]
  3. What is meant by Appellate Jurisdiction? Name two types of cases in which an appeal shall lie in Supreme Court[3]
  4. What do you understand by 'Supreme Court act as custodian of the constitution'?[3]

### SECTION B

(Attempt any two questions from this Section.)

#### QUESTION 4

✓ With reference to two World Wars. Answer the following:

- ✓ 1. State any two causes of the First world war[2]
- ✓ 2. How was treaty of Versailles responsible for Second world war[2]
- ✓ 3. Give any three similarities between the ideologies of Nazism and Fascism[3]
- ✓ 4. State any three reasons for Hitler's invasion of Poland[3]

#### QUESTION 5

- X
1. State any two objectives of United Nations[2]
  2. Name the Permanent members of Security Council[2]
  3. Give any three functions of General Assembly[3]
  4. Name the principal judicial organ of UNO and explain its composition[3]

#### QUESTION 6



- ✓ 1. Identify the emblem and give its full form?[2]
- ✓ 2. Mention any two functions of UNESCO?[2]
- ✓ 3. What is the meaning of Non-aligned movement? Name any two founders of NAM?[3]
- ✓ 4. Mention any three functions of world Health Organization?[3]