Q.1) The reaction between following pairs will produce hydrogen except [1] Cu + HCl [2] Fe + HCl [3] Mg + steam [4] Na + alcohol
Q.2) Which of the following gives hydrogen with dil HNO <sub>3</sub> ? [1] Zn [2] Sn [3] Al [4] Mn
<ul> <li>Q.3) Tritium emits</li> <li>[1] α- particle</li> <li>[2] β- particle</li> <li>[3] γ- particle</li> <li>[4] neutron</li> </ul>
<ul><li>Q.4) Oxygen is obtained by heating</li><li>[1] ammonium dichromate</li><li>[2] potassium permaganate</li><li>[3] bleaching powder</li><li>[4] sodium peroxide</li></ul>
Q.5) Number of isotopes of oxygen are [1] 1 [2] 2 [3] 3 [4] 0
Q.6) It is possible to obtain O <sub>2</sub> from air by fractional distillation because [1] oxygen is in different group than nitrogen [2] oxygen has higher b.p. than nitrogen [3] oxygen has lower density than nitrogen

[4] oxygen is more reactive than oxygen
Q.7) Ozone and KI solution produces
[1] I <sub>2</sub>
[2] HI
[3] IO <sub>3</sub>
[4] IO
Q.8) Tusk of elephant can be bleached by
[1] O <sub>2</sub>
[2] O <sub>3</sub>
[3] SO <sub>2</sub>
[4] Cl <sub>2</sub>
Q.9) The pair that yields the same gaseous product when reacted with water is
[1] Na and Na <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>
[2] K and KO <sub>2</sub>
[3] Ba and BaO <sub>2</sub>
[4] Ca and CaH <sub>2</sub>
Q.10) Heavy water is no need for drinking purpose because
[1] its chemical properties are different from ordinary water
[2] its physiological action is different from ordinary water
[3] it is poisonous
[4] it is costly
Q.11) Hardness of water is due to
[1] Ca <sup>2+</sup> and K <sup>+</sup>
[2] Ca <sup>2+</sup> and Mg <sup>2+</sup>
[3] Mg <sup>2+</sup> and K <sup>+</sup>
[4] Ba <sup>2+</sup> and Zn <sup>2+</sup>
[T] Du and Zii
Q.12) Calgon is
[1] Na <sub>2</sub> [Na <sub>4</sub> (PO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> ]

[2] Na <sub>4</sub> [Na <sub>4</sub> (PO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> ] [3] Na <sub>4</sub> [Na <sub>2</sub> (PO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> ] [4] Na <sub>4</sub> [Na <sub>2</sub> (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ]
Q.13) Which one of the following is coloured? [1] NO
[2] N <sub>2</sub> O
[3] NO <sub>2</sub>
[4] NH <sub>3</sub>
Q.14) Nitric acid oxidizes phosphorus to
[1] H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>3</sub>
[2] H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>
[3] H <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>
[4] P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>
Q.15) Nitrolim is
[1] CaCN <sub>2</sub>
[2] CaC <sub>2</sub>
[3] CaCN <sub>2</sub> + C
[4] CaC + CaCN <sub>2</sub>
Q.16) The active species present in aquaregia is
[1] [H]
[2] [CI]
[3] [O]
[4] [N]
Q.17) The brown ring test is due to the formation of complex ion
[1] [Fe(H <sub>2</sub> O)] <sup>++</sup>
[2] [Fe(NO)CN <sub>5</sub> ] <sup>++</sup>
[3] [Fe(H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>5</sub> NO] <sup>++</sup>
[4] [Fe.H <sub>2</sub> O(NO) <sub>5</sub> ] <sup>++</sup>

Q.18) Catalytic oxidation of ammonia gives [1] NO [2] NO <sub>2</sub> [3] N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> [4] N <sub>2</sub>
Q.19) Au + [Cl] $\rightarrow$ X + HCl (excess) $\rightarrow$ Y, What are X and Y? [1] AuCl <sub>2</sub> and H <sub>2</sub> [AuCl <sub>4</sub> ] [2] AuCl <sub>3</sub> and H[AuCl <sub>4</sub> ] [3] AuCl <sub>2</sub> and H[AuCl <sub>4</sub> ] [4] AuCl <sub>3</sub> and H <sub>2</sub> [AuCl <sub>3</sub> ]
Q.20) Which one is most volatile? [1] HF [2] HCI [3] HBr [4] HI
Q.21) lodine is formed when KI react with a solution of [1] ZnSO <sub>4</sub> [2] CuSO <sub>4</sub> [3] FeSO <sub>4</sub> [4] Hg <sub>2</sub> I <sub>2</sub>
Q.22) A red flower and a paper dipped in printer ink is placed in a test tube then Cl <sub>2</sub> gas is passed. What happens? [1] Paper is bleached [2] Flower is bleached [3] Both are bleached [4] None are bleached
Q.23) Which is correct order for oxidizing nature?  [1] HCIO >HCIO <sub>2</sub> <hcio<sub>3 &gt;HCIO<sub>4</sub>  [2] HCIO &gt;HCIO<sub>2</sub> &gt;HCIO<sub>3</sub> &gt;HCIO<sub>4</sub></hcio<sub>

- [3] HCIO >HCIO2 <HCIO3 <HCIO4
- [4] HCIO >HCIO<sub>3</sub> <HCIO<sub>2</sub> >HCIO<sub>4</sub>
- Q.24) CO reacts with Cl2 in sunlight to give
- [1] CCI<sub>4</sub>
- [2] CHCl<sub>3</sub>
- [3] COCl<sub>2</sub>
- [4] CO<sub>2</sub>
- Q.25) Water transported through lead pipe becomes poisonous due to the formation of
- [1] PbO
- [2] Pb(OH)<sub>2</sub>
- [3] PbO<sub>2</sub>
- [4] Pb<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>
- Q.26) The carbide which is used as abrasive is
- [1] WC
- [2] CaC<sub>2</sub>
- [3] Al<sub>4</sub>C<sub>3</sub>
- [4] SiC
- Q.27)  $CO_2 = 1500^{\circ}C$
- [1]  $C + O_2$
- [2] CO + O<sub>2</sub>
- [3] C + CO
- [4]  $C + O_3$
- Q.28) A disease caught by a person while working with phosphorus is
- [1] cancer
- [2] phossy jaw
- [3] rickets
- [4] arthritis

<ul><li>Q.29) Bone glow in dark. This is due to</li><li>[1] presence of red phosphorus</li><li>[2] conversion of white to red phosphorus</li><li>[3] slow combustion of white phosphorus in contact with air</li><li>[4] conversion of red to white phosphorus</li></ul>
Q.30) P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> heated with water gives [1] hypo phosphorus [2] phosphorus acid [3] hypo phosphoric acid [4] ortho phosphoric acid
Q.31) Which of the following is used to treat skin disease? [1] N [2] P [3] S [4] O
Q.32) Bleaching action of SO <sub>2</sub> is due to [1] oxidation [2] reduction [3] hydrolysis [4] electrolysis
Q.33) Which can act as both oxidizing and reducing agent? [1] SO [2] SO <sub>2</sub> [3] SO <sub>3</sub> [4] S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>
Q.34) Which is used to absorb SO <sub>2</sub> gas? [1] KOH [2] H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> [3] H <sub>2</sub> O

[4] It is hardly absorbed
Q.35) Conc. H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> has great affinity for [1] H <sub>2</sub> S [2] H <sub>2</sub> O [3] CO <sub>2</sub> [4] O <sub>2</sub>
Q.36) In contact process, the impurities of arsenic are removed by [1] Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> [2] Fe(OH) <sub>3</sub> [3] Al(OH) <sub>3</sub> [4] Ce(OH) <sub>3</sub>
Q.37) $SO_2 + CI_2 + H_2O \rightarrow ?$ [1] $HCI + H_2S$ [2] $H_2S + H_2SO_4$ [3] $H_2SO_4 + HCI$ [4] $H_2SO_4 + CIO_2$
Q.38) In acidic solution, Cd <sup>++</sup> furnishes precipitation with H <sub>2</sub> S. [1] Blue [2] Black [3] Yellow [4] Orange
Q.39) Peroxo sulphuric acid is [1] Caro's acid [2] Marshall's acid [3] Thiosulphuric acid [4] Dithionic acid
Q.40) B <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> is [1] acidic

[2] basic
[3] neutral
[4] amphoteric
Q.41) In diborane, banana bond is formed between
[1] 2 electrons, 3 atoms
[2] 1 electrons, 3 atoms
[3] 3 electrons, 3 atoms
[4] 3 electrons, 2 atoms
Q.42) Glass is soluble in
[1] HCIO <sub>4</sub>
[2] HF
[3] aqua regia
[4] H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Q.43) In solid state, argon atoms are held by
[1] ionic bond
[2] covalent bond
[3] Van der waal's force
[4] hydrogen bond
Q.44) The coloured discharge tubes for advertisement mainly contains
[1] Xe
[2] Ar
[3] Ne
[4] He
Q.45) No. of lone pairs of electron on Xe atoms in XeF <sub>2</sub> , XeF <sub>4</sub> and XeF <sub>6</sub> molecules
respectively are
[1] 3,2,1
[2] 4,3,2
[3] 2,3,1
[4] 3,2,0

Q.46) Acid rain has pH [1] =5.6 [2] >5.6 [3] <5.6 [4] none of above
Q.47) Which of the following process occur in Troposphere [1] Photosynthesis [2] Acid rain [3] Green house effect [4] Ozone layer depletion
Q.48) Complex formation method is used for the extraction of [1] Cu [2] Ag [3] Fe [4] Hg
Q.49) Carbon monoxide reduction process is used to extract [1] Cu [2] Ag [3] Fe [4] Sn
Q.50) German silver contains [1] Ag,Cu,Zn [2] Cu,Zn,Ni [3] Cu,Zn,Ag [4] Zn,Fe,Cu
Q.51) Molecular formula of Tincal, the natural ore of sodium is [1] NaNO <sub>3</sub> [2] NaB <sub>4</sub> O <sub>7</sub> .10H <sub>2</sub> O

[3] Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>.10H<sub>2</sub>O [4] NaCl Q.52) The raw material used in the manufacture of sodium carbonate by solvay's process are [1] NH<sub>3</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> [2] NaCl and CO<sub>2</sub> [3] NaCl + CaCO $_2$  + CO $_2$ [4] NaCl + CaCO<sub>2</sub> + NH<sub>3</sub> Q.53) Gypsum on heating to 120°C gives [1] CaSO<sub>4</sub>.2H<sub>2</sub>O [2] CaSO<sub>4</sub>.H<sub>2</sub>O [3] CaSO<sub>4</sub> [4] CaSO<sub>4</sub>.1/2H<sub>2</sub>O Q.54) Lithopone is mixture of [1] BaSO<sub>4</sub>.ZnSO<sub>4</sub> [2] ZnS.BaSO<sub>4</sub> [3] ZnCO<sub>3</sub>.BaCO<sub>3</sub> [4] ZnS.BaS Q.55) The drying agent which absorbs carbondioxide and reacts violently with water is [1] sodium carbonate [2] conc. Sulphuric acid [3] alcohol [4] calcium oxide Q.56) Copper matte is a [1] CuS containing FeS [2] CuS containing FeO

[3] FeS containing CuS

[4] Equal amount of FeS and CuS

Q.57) Antidote of is white of egg.
[1] Hg
[2] Hg <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>
[3] HgCl <sub>2</sub>
[4] Hg and HgCl <sub>2</sub>
Q.58) Alloy of iron is heated and left to cool slowly. The process is called
[1] Annealing
[2] Tempering
[3] Quenching
[4] Nitriding
Q.59) Mac-Arthur-Forrest process is concerned with the extraction of
[1] Cu
[2] Ag
[3] Au
[4] Ni
Q.60) Ram said to Hari, "Don't trough the kipp's waste." He said so because one can
get from it.
[1] White vitriol
[2] Blue vitriol
[3] Green vitriol
[4] Oil of vitriol