

PRACTICAL NO 6

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.datasets import load_iris

# Load the Iris dataset
iris = load_iris()

# Convert the dataset into a Pandas dataframe with feature names
df = pd.DataFrame(data= np.c_[iris['data'], iris['target']], columns=['sepal_length', 'sepal_width', 'petal_length', 'petal_width', 'target'])

# Split the dataset into predictors (X) and target (y)
X = df.iloc[:, :-1]
y = df.iloc[:, -1]

# Create a linear regression model
model = LinearRegression()

# Fit the model to the data
model.fit(X, y)

# Print the coefficients of the model
print('Coefficients: \n', model.coef_)

# Predict the target variable for a new observation
new_observation = [[5.1, 3.5, 1.4, 0.2]]
print('Predicted target value for new observation:', model.predict(new_observation))
```

Output :

```
Coefficients:
[-0.11190585 -0.04007949  0.22864503  0.60925205]
Predicted target value for new observation: [-0.08254936]
```