







MySQL

The SQL cheat sheet provides you with the most commonly used SQL statements for your reference.

Getting started

```
mysql -u <user> -p
mysql [db_name]
mysql -h <host> -P <port> -u <user> -p [db_name]
mysql -h <host> -u <user> -p [db_name]
```

		Commons
	Database	
create database db;		Create database
show databases;		List databases
use db;		Switch to db
drop database db;		Delete db
	Table	
show tables;		List tables for current db
show fields fromt;		List fields for a table
desct;		Show table structure
show create table t;		Show create table sql
truncate table t;		Remove all data in a table
drop table t;		Delete table
	Process	

```
show processlist;

kill pid;

kill process

Other

exit or \q

Exit MySQL session

Backups

Create a backup

mysqldump -u user -p db_name > db.sql

Export db without schema

mysqldump -u user -p db_name --no-data=true --add-drop-table=false > db.sql

Restore a backup
```

Examples

mysql -u user -p db_name < db.sql</pre>

```
Create a new table with three columns

CREATE TABLE t (
    id INT PRIMARY KEY,
    name VARCHAR NOT NULL,
    price INT DEFAULT 0
);

Delete the table from the database

DROP TABLE t;

Add a new column to the table

ALTER TABLE t ADD column;
```

```
Drop column c from the table
ALTER TABLE t DROP COLUMN c ;
Add a constraint
ALTER TABLE t ADD constraint;
Drop a constraint
ALTER TABLE t DROP constraint;
Rename a table from t1 to t2
ALTER TABLE t1 RENAME TO t2;
Rename column c1 to c2
ALTER TABLE t1 RENAME c1 T0 c2;
Remove all data in a table
TRUNCATE TABLE t;
                                                                   Querying data from a table
Query data in columns c1, c2 from a table
SELECT c1, c2 FROM t
Query all rows and columns from a table
SELECT * FROM t
Query data and filter rows with a condition
SELECT c1, c2 FROM t
WHERE condition
Query distinct rows from a table
SELECT DISTINCT 61 EROM +
```

SEFECT DISTINCT OF LVOL C WHERE condition Sort the result set in ascending or descending order SELECT c1, c2 FROM t ORDER BY c1 ASC [DESC] Skip offset of rows and return the next n rows SELECT c1, c2 FROM t ORDER BY c1 LIMIT n OFFSET offset Group rows using an aggregate function SELECT c1, aggregate(c2) FROM t GROUP BY c1 Filter groups using HAVING clause SELECT c1, aggregate(c2) FROM t GROUP BY c1 HAVING condition

Querying from multiple tables

Inner join t1 and t2

SELECT c1, c2 FROM t1 INNER JOIN t2 ON condition

Left join t1 and t1

SELECT c1, c2 FROM t1 LEFT JOIN t2 ON condition

Right join t1 and t2

SELECT c1, c2

```
RIGHT JOIN t2 ON condition
```

Perform full outer join

SELECT c1, c2 FROM t1 FULL OUTER JOIN t2 ON condition

Produce a Cartesian product of rows in tables

SELECT c1, c2 FROM t1 CROSS JOIN t2

Another way to perform cross join

SELECT c1, c2 FROM t1, t2

Join t1 to itself using INNER JOIN clause

SELECT c1, c2 FROM t1 A INNER JOIN t1 B ON condition

Using SQL Operators Combine rows from two queries

SELECT c1, c2 FROM t1 UNION [ALL] SELECT c1, c2 FROM t2

Return the intersection of two queries

SELECT c1, c2 FROM t1 INTERSECT SELECT c1, c2 FROM t2

Subtract a result set from another result set

SELECT c1, c2 FROM t1 MINUS SELECT c1, c2 FROM t2

```
Query rows using pattern matching %, _
SELECT c1, c2 FROM t1
WHERE c1 [NOT] LIKE pattern
Query rows in a list
SELECT c1, c2 FROM t
WHERE c1 [NOT] IN value_list
Query rows between two values
SELECT c1, c2 FROM t
WHERE c1 BETWEEN low AND high
Check if values in a table is NULL or not
SELECT c1, c2 FROM t
WHERE c1 IS [NOT] NULL
                                                                     Using SQL constraints
Set c1 and c2 as a primary key
CREATE TABLE t(
    c1 INT, c2 INT, c3 VARCHAR,
    PRIMARY KEY (c1,c2)
);
Set c2 column as a foreign key
CREATE TABLE t1(
    c1 INT PRIMARY KEY,
    c2 INT,
    FOREIGN KEY (c2) REFERENCES t2(c2)
);
Make the values in c1 and c2 unique
CREATE TABLE t(
    c1 INT, c1 INT,
    UNIQUE(c2,c3)
);
```

```
Ensure c1 > 0 and values in c1 >= c2
CREATE TABLE t(
  c1 INT, c2 INT,
  CHECK(c1> \odot AND c1 >= c2)
);
Set values in c2 column not NULL
CREATE TABLE t(
     c1 INT PRIMARY KEY,
     c2 VARCHAR NOT NULL
);
                                                                            Modifying Data
Insert one row into a table
INSERT INTO t(column_list)
VALUES(value_list);
Insert multiple rows into a table
INSERT INTO t(column_list)
VALUES (value_list),
        (value_list), ...;
Insert rows from t2 into t1
INSERT INTO t1(column_list)
SELECT column_list
FROM t2;
Update new value in the column c1 for all rows
UPDATE t
SET c1 = new_value;
Update values in the column c1, c2 that match the condition
UPDATE t
SET c1 = new_value,
         c2 = new_value
WHERE condition;
```

```
Delete all data in a table
DELETE FROM t;
Delete subset of rows in a table
DELETE FROM t
WHERE condition;
                                                                         Managing Views
Create a new view that consists of c1 and c2
CREATE VIEW v(c1,c2)
SELECT c1, c2
FROM t;
Create a new view with check option
CREATE VIEW v(c1,c2)
AS
SELECT c1, c2
FROM t;
WITH [CASCADED | LOCAL] CHECK OPTION;
Create a recursive view
CREATE RECURSIVE VIEW v
AS
select-statement -- anchor part
UNION [ALL]
select-statement; -- recursive part
Create a temporary view
CREATE TEMPORARY VIEW v
AS
SELECT c1, c2
FROM t;
Delete a view
```

DROP VIEW view_name;

Managing triggers

Create or modify a trigger

CREATE OR MODIFY TRIGGER trigger_name

WHEN EVENT

ON table_name TRIGGER_TYPE

EXECUTE stored_procedure;

WHEN

BEFORE invoke before the event occurs

AFTER invoke after the event occurs

EVENT

INSERT invoke for INSERT

UPDATE invoke for UPDATE

DELETE invoke for DELETE

TRIGGER_TYPE

FOR EACH ROW

FOR EACH STATEMENT

Managing indexes

Create an index on c1 and c2 of the t table

CREATE INDEX idx_name
ON t(c1,c2);

Create a unique index on c3, c4 of the t table

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX idx_name
ON t(c3,c4)

Drop an index

DROP INDEX idx_name;

Data Types

INT x

BIGINT X

F Data Types	
	Strings
CHAR	String (0 - 255)
VARCHAR	String (0 - 255)
TINYTEXT	String (0 - 255)
TEXT	String (0 - 65535)
BLOB	String (0 - 65535)
MEDIUMTEXT	String (0 - 16777215)
MEDIUMBLOB	String (0 - 16777215)
LONGTEXT	String (0 - 4294967295)
LONGBLOB	String (0 - 4294967295)
ENUM	One of preset options
SET	Selection of preset options
	Date & time
DATE	yyyy-MM-dd
TIME	hh:mm:ss
DATETIME	yyyy-MM-dd hh:mm:ss
TIMESTAMP	yyyy-MM-dd hh:mm:ss
YEAR	уууу
	Numerio
TINYINT X	Integer (-128 to 127)
SMALLINT ×	Integer (-32768 to 32767)
MEDIUMINT X	Integer (-8388608 to 8388607)

Integer (-2147483648 to 2147483647)

Integer (-9223372036854775808 to 9223372036854775807)

Decimal (precise to 23 digits)	FLOAT
Decimal (24 to 53 digits)	DOUBLE
"DOUBLE" stored as string	DECIMAL

Functions & Operators

	Strings
• ASCII()	• BIN()
• BIT_LENGTH()	• CHAR()
• CHARACTER_LENGTH()	• CHAR_LENGTH()
• CONCAT()	• CONCAT_WS()
• ELT()	• EXPORT_SET()
• FIELD()	• FIND_IN_SET()
• FORMAT()	• FROM_BASE64()
• HEX()	• INSERT()
• INSTR()	• LCASE()
• LEFT()	• LENGTH()
• LIKE	• LOAD_FILE()
• LOCATE()	• LOWER()
• LPAD()	• LTRIM()
• MAKE_SET()	• MATCH
• MID()	• NOT LIKE
NOT REGEXP	• OCT()
• OCTET_LENGTH()	• ORD()
• POSITION()	• QUOTE()
• REGEXP	• REGEXP_INSTR()
• REGEXP_LIKE()	• REGEXP_REPLACE()

REGEXP_SUBSTR()	• REPEAT()
• REPLACE()	• REVERSE()
• RIGHT()	• RLIKE
• RPAD()	• RTRIM()
• SOUNDEX()	• SOUNDS LIKE
• SPACE()	• STRCMP()
• SUBSTR()	• SUBSTRING()
SUBSTRING_INDEX()	• TO_BASE64()
• TRIM()	• UCASE()
• UNHEX()	• UPPER()
WEIGHT_STRING()	
	Date and Time
• ADDDATE()	• ADDTIME()
• CONVERT_TZ()	• CURDATE()
• CURRENT_DATE()	• CURRENT_TIME()
CURRENT_TIMESTAMP()	• CURTIME()
• DATE()	• DATE_ADD()
• DATE_FORMAT()	• DATE_SUB()
• DATEDIFF()	• DAY()
• DAYNAME()	• DAYOFMONTH()
• DAYOFWEEK()	• DAYOFYEAR()
• EXTRACT()	• FROM_DAYS()
• FROM_UNIXTIME()	• GET_FORMAT()
• HOUR()	• LAST_DAY
• LOCALTIME()	• LOCALTIMESTAMP()
• MAKEDATE()	• MAKETIME()

• MONTH()	• MONTHNAME()
• NOW()	• PERIOD_ADD()
• PERIOD_DIFF()	• QUARTER()
• SEC_TO_TIME()	• SECOND()
• STR_TO_DATE()	• SUBDATE()
• SUBTIME()	• SYSDATE()
• TIME()	• TIME_FORMAT()
• TIME_TO_SEC()	• TIMEDIFF()
• TIMESTAMP()	• TIMESTAMPADD()
• TIMESTAMPDIFF()	• TO_DAYS()
• TO_SECONDS()	• UNIX_TIMESTAMP()
• UTC_DATE()	• UTC_TIME()
• UTC_TIMESTAMP()	• WEEK()
• WEEKDAY()	• WEEKOFYEAR()
• YEAR()	• YEARWEEK()
• GET FORMAT()	
	Numeric
• %, MOD	• *
• +	• -
• -	•/
• ABS()	• ACOS()
• ASIN()	• ATAN()
• ATAN2(), ATAN()	• CEIL()
• CEILING()	• CONV()
• COS()	• COT()
• CRC32()	• DEGREES()
• DIV	• EXP()

• FLOOR()	• LN()
• LOG()	• LOG10()
• LOG2()	• MOD()
• PI()	• POW()
• POWER()	• RADIANS()
• RAND()	• ROUND()
• SIGN()	• SIN()
• SQRT()	• TAN()
• TRUNCATE()	
	Aggregate
• AVG()	• BIT_AND()
• BIT_OR()	• BIT_XOR()
• COUNT()	• COUNT(DISTINCT)
• GROUP_CONCAT()	• JSON_ARRAYAGG()
• JSON_OBJECTAGG()	• MAX()
• MIN()	• STD()
• STDDEV()	• STDDEV_POP()
• STDDEV_SAMP()	• SUM()
• VAR_POP()	• VAR_SAMP()
• VARIANCE()	
	иог
• ->	
• ->>	
• JSON_ARRAY()	
JSON_ARRAY_APPEND()	
JSON_ARRAY_INSERT()	
• JSON_CONTAINS()	



	Cast
• BINARY	• CAST()
• CONVERT()	
	Flow Control
• CASE	• IF()
• IFNULL()	• NULLIF()
	Information
• BENCHMARK()	• CHARSET()
• COERCIBILITY()	• COLLATION()
• CONNECTION_ID()	• CURRENT_ROLE()
• CURRENT_USER()	• DATABASE()
• FOUND_ROWS()	• ICU_VERSION()
• LAST_INSERT_ID()	• ROLES_GRAPHML()
• ROW_COUNT()	• SCHEMA()
• SESSION_USER()	• SYSTEM_USER()
• USER()	• VERSION()
	Encryption and Compression
• AES_DECRYPT()	
• AES_ENCRYPT()	
• COMPRESS()	
• MD5()	
• RANDOM_BYTES()	
• SHA1(), SHA()	
• SHA2()	
• STATEMENT_DIGEST()	
• STATEMENT_DIGEST_TEXT()	

• UNCOMPRESS()	
UNCOMPRESSED_LENGTH()	
• VALIDATE_PASSWORD_STRENGTH()	
	Locking
• GET_LOCK()	
• IS_FREE_LOCK()	
• IS_USED_LOCK()	
• RELEASE_ALL_LOCKS()	
• RELEASE_LOCK()	
* RELEASE_LOCK()	
	Bit
• &	• >>
• <<	• ^
• BIT_COUNT()	•
• ~	
	Miscellaneous
ANY_VALUE()	• BIN_TO_UUID()
• DEFAULT()	• GROUPING()
• INET_ATON()	• INET_NTOA()
• INET6_ATON()	• INET6_NTOA()
• IS_IPV4()	• IS_IPV4_COMPAT()
• IS_IPV4_MAPPED()	• IS_IPV6()
• IS_UUID()	MASTER_POS_WAIT()
• NAME_CONST()	• SLEEP()
• UUID()	• UUID_SHORT()
• UUID_TO_BIN()	• VALUES()

Also see

Regex in MySQL (quickref.me)

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