## Practical Assignment 4(Based on Unit 5)

## Write an MPI program to calculate sum of randomly generated 1000 numbers (stored in array) on a cluster

## Program-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mpi.h>
#include <time.h>
#define N 1000 // Total number of random numbers
#define SEED 12345 // Seed for random number generator
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
  int rank, size;
  int i, local_sum = 0, total_sum = 0;
  int local_numbers[N/2]; // Assuming 2 processes for simplicity (you can generalize this)
  int global_numbers[N];
  // Initialize MPI
  MPI Init(&argc, &argv);
  MPI Comm rank(MPI COMM WORLD, &rank); // Get the rank of the process
  MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size); // Get the total number of processes
  if (size != 2) {
    if (rank == 0) {
      printf("This program is intended to run with 2 processes.\n");
    MPI_Finalize();
    return 0;
  }
  srand(SEED + rank); // Set different seed for each process
  // Divide the work: each process will work on N/2 numbers
  for (i = 0; i < N / 2; i++)
    local numbers[i] = rand() % 100; // Random number between 0 and 99
    local_sum += local_numbers[i]; // Compute the partial sum
  }
  // Print the local sum of each process
  printf("Process %d, Local sum: %d\n", rank, local_sum);
  // Reduce operation: Sum all local sums into total_sum at root process (rank 0)
  MPI Reduce(&local sum, &total sum, 1, MPI INT, MPI SUM, 0, MPI COMM WORLD);
```

```
// Only process 0 will print the total sum
if (rank == 0) {
    printf("Total sum of all numbers: %d\n", total_sum);
}

// Finalize MPI
MPI_Finalize();
return 0;
}
```

## Write an MPI program to calculate sum and average of randomly generated 1000 numbers (stored in array) on a cluster

```
Program-
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mpi.h>
#include <time.h>
#define N 1000 // Total number of random numbers
#define SEED 12345 // Seed for random number generator
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
  int rank, size;
  int i, local_sum = 0, total_sum = 0;
  float local avg, total avg;
  int numbers_per_process;
  int *local numbers;
  // Initialize MPI
  MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
  MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank); // Get the rank of the process
  MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size); // Get the total number of processes
  // Calculate the number of numbers each process will handle
  numbers_per_process = N / size;
  // Allocate memory for local numbers
  local_numbers = (int*)malloc(numbers_per_process * sizeof(int));
  // Seed the random number generator differently for each process
  srand(SEED + rank);
  // Each process generates its part of the numbers
  for (i = 0; i < numbers per process; i++) {
    local numbers[i] = rand() % 100; // Random number between 0 and 99
    local_sum += local_numbers[i]; // Compute the partial sum
```

```
}
  // Calculate the local average for this process
  local_avg = (float)local_sum / numbers_per_process;
  // Print the local sum and average for each process (optional for debugging)
  printf("Process %d: Local sum = %d, Local average = %.2f\n", rank, local_sum, local_avg);
  // Reduce operation: Sum all local sums into total sum at root process (rank 0)
  MPI Reduce(&local sum, &total sum, 1, MPI INT, MPI SUM, 0, MPI COMM WORLD);
  // The root process (rank 0) calculates the global average
  if (rank == 0) {
    total_avg = (float)total_sum / N; // Total average
    printf("Total sum = %d\n", total_sum);
    printf("Total average = %.2f\n", total_avg);
  }
  // Clean up
  free(local_numbers);
 // Finalize MPI
 MPI_Finalize();
  return 0;
}
Write an MPI program to find the max number from randomly generated 1000
numbers (stored in array) on a cluster (Hint: Use MPI Reduce)
Pragram-
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mpi.h>
#include <time.h>
#define N 1000 // Total number of random numbers
#define SEED 12345 // Seed for random number generator
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
  int rank, size;
  int i, local_max, global_max;
  int numbers_per_process;
  int *local_numbers;
```

```
// Initialize MPI
  MPI Init(&argc, &argv);
  MPI Comm rank(MPI COMM WORLD, &rank); // Get the rank of the process
  MPI Comm size(MPI COMM WORLD, &size); // Get the total number of
processes
  // Calculate the number of numbers each process will handle
  numbers per process = N / size;
  // Allocate memory for local numbers
  local numbers = (int*)malloc(numbers per process * sizeof(int));
  // Seed the random number generator differently for each process
  srand(SEED + rank);
  // Each process generates its part of the numbers
  local max = -1; // Initialize local max to a value lower than any possible
random number
  for (i = 0; i < numbers_per_process; i++) {
    local_numbers[i] = rand() % 100; // Random number between 0 and 99
    if (local_numbers[i] > local_max) {
      local max = local numbers[i]; // Update the local max
    }
  }
  // Print the local max for debugging (optional)
  printf("Process %d: Local max = %d\n", rank, local max);
  // Use MPI Reduce to find the maximum value across all processes
  MPI Reduce(&local max, &global max, 1, MPI INT, MPI MAX, 0,
MPI COMM WORLD);
  // Only the root process (rank 0) will print the global maximum
  if (rank == 0) {
    printf("Global max = %d\n", global max);
  }
```

```
// Clean up
  free(local numbers);
  // Finalize MPI
  MPI Finalize();
  return 0;
Write an MPI program to find the min number from randomly generated 1000
numbers (stored in array) on a cluster (Hint: Use MPI_Reduce)
Program-
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mpi.h>
#include <time.h>
#define N 1000 // Total number of random numbers
#define SEED 12345 // Seed for random number generator
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
  int rank, size;
  int i, local_min, global_min;
  int numbers_per_process;
  int *local numbers;
  // Initialize MPI
  MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
  MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank); // Get the rank of the process
  MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size); // Get the total number of
processes
  // Calculate the number of numbers each process will handle
  numbers per process = N / size;
  // Allocate memory for local numbers
  local_numbers = (int*)malloc(numbers_per_process * sizeof(int));
```

```
// Seed the random number generator differently for each process
  srand(SEED + rank);
  // Each process generates its part of the numbers
  local min = 100; // Initialize local min to a value higher than the max random
number
  for (i = 0; i < numbers per process; i++) {
    local numbers[i] = rand() % 100; // Random number between 0 and 99
    if (local numbers[i] < local min) {
      local min = local numbers[i]; // Update the local min
    }
  }
  // Print the local min for debugging (optional)
  printf("Process %d: Local min = %d\n", rank, local min);
  // Use MPI Reduce to find the minimum value across all processes
  MPI Reduce(&local min, &global min, 1, MPI INT, MPI MIN, 0,
MPI COMM WORLD);
  // Only the root process (rank 0) will print the global minimum
  if (rank == 0) {
    printf("Global min = %d\n", global min);
  }
  // Clean up
  free(local numbers);
  // Finalize MPI
  MPI Finalize();
  return 0;
}
```

Write an MPI program to calculate sum of all even randomly generated 1000 numbers (stored in array) on a cluster

Program-

#include <stdio.h>

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mpi.h>
#include <time.h>
#define N 1000 // Total number of random numbers
#define SEED 12345 // Seed for random number generator
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
  int rank, size;
  int i, local sum = 0, global sum = 0;
  int numbers_per_process;
  int *local numbers;
  // Initialize MPI
  MPI Init(&argc, &argv);
  MPI Comm rank(MPI COMM_WORLD, &rank); // Get the rank of the process
  MPI Comm size(MPI COMM WORLD, &size); // Get the total number of
processes
  // Calculate the number of numbers each process will handle
  numbers per process = N / size;
  // Allocate memory for local numbers
  local numbers = (int*)malloc(numbers per process * sizeof(int));
  // Seed the random number generator differently for each process
  srand(SEED + rank);
  // Each process generates its part of the numbers and computes the local sum
of even numbers
  for (i = 0; i < numbers per process; i++) {
    local_numbers[i] = rand() % 100; // Random number between 0 and 99
    if (local_numbers[i] % 2 == 0) { // Check if the number is even
      local sum += local numbers[i]; // Add the even number to the local sum
    }
  }
```

```
// Print the local sum for debugging (optional)
  printf("Process %d: Local sum of even numbers = %d\n", rank, local sum);
  // Use MPI Reduce to sum all local sums of even numbers into global sum at
root process (rank 0)
  MPI Reduce(&local sum, &global sum, 1, MPI INT, MPI SUM, 0,
MPI COMM WORLD);
  // Only the root process (rank 0) will print the global sum of even numbers
  if (rank == 0) {
    printf("Total sum of even numbers = %d\n", global sum);
  }
  // Clean up
  free(local numbers);
  // Finalize MPI
  MPI Finalize();
  return 0;
}
Write an MPI program to calculate sum of all odd randomly generated 1000
numbers (stored in array) on a cluster.
Program-
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mpi.h>
#include <time.h>
#define N 1000 // Total number of random numbers
#define SEED 12345 // Seed for random number generator
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
  int rank, size;
  int i, local sum = 0, global sum = 0;
  int numbers_per_process;
  int *local_numbers;
```

```
// Initialize MPI
  MPI Init(&argc, &argv);
  MPI Comm rank(MPI COMM WORLD, &rank); // Get the rank of the process
  MPI Comm size(MPI COMM WORLD, &size); // Get the total number of
processes
  // Calculate the number of numbers each process will handle
  numbers per process = N / size;
  // Allocate memory for local numbers
  local numbers = (int*)malloc(numbers per process * sizeof(int));
  // Seed the random number generator differently for each process
  srand(SEED + rank);
  // Each process generates its part of the numbers and computes the local sum
of odd numbers
  for (i = 0; i < numbers_per_process; i++) {
    local_numbers[i] = rand() % 100; // Random number between 0 and 99
    if (local_numbers[i] % 2 != 0) { // Check if the number is odd
      local sum += local numbers[i]; // Add the odd number to the local sum
    }
  }
  // Print the local sum for debugging (optional)
  printf("Process %d: Local sum of odd numbers = %dn", rank, local sum);
  // Use MPI Reduce to sum all local sums of odd numbers into global sum at
root process (rank 0)
  MPI Reduce(&local sum, &global sum, 1, MPI INT, MPI SUM, 0,
MPI COMM WORLD);
  // Only the root process (rank 0) will print the global sum of odd numbers
  if (rank == 0) {
    printf("Total sum of odd numbers = %d\n", global sum);
  }
```

```
// Clean up
free(local_numbers);

// Finalize MPI
    MPI_Finalize();
    return 0;
}
```