

/* This program demonstrates the use of T0 interrupt. The code will count the number of T0 timer overflows that occur while a slide switch is in Off position. Some editing is required prior to running the code. Fill in the indicated blanks.

*/

#include <c8051_SDCC.h> // include files. You need to include stdio and c8051_SCDD.

#include <stdio.h> // Add lines as needed

//-----

// Function PROTOTYPES

//-----

void T0_ISR (void) __interrupt 1; // Function Prototype for Interrupt Service Routine

void Port_Init(void); // Initialize ports for input and output

void Timer_Init(void); // Initialize Timer 0

void Interrupt_Init(void);

void Counter_off(void);

void Counter_on(void); //

//-----

// Global variables

//-----

// one end of bicolor LED0 is associated with Port 3 Pin 3

__sbit __at 0xB3 Biled1;

// other end of bicolor LED0 is associated with Port 3 Pin 4

__sbit __at 0xB4 Biled2;

__sbit __at 0xA0 SW; // Slide Switch associated with Port 2 Pin 0

unsigned int Counts = 0;

```

//*****

void main(void)
{
    Sys_Init(); // System Initialization Always do this first.
    putchar(' '); // line added to allow printf statements
    Port_Init(); // Initialize port 2 and 3
    Timer_Init(); // Initialize Timer 0
    Interrupt_Init();

    printf("Start\r\n");
    while (1)
    {
        Counter_off();
        Counter_on();
    }
}

void Port_Init(void)
{

    // Port 3
    P3MDOUT |= 0x18; // set output pins P3.3 and P3.4 in push-pull mode

    // Port 2
    P2MDOUT &= ~0x01; // set input pin P2.0 in open drain mode
    P2 |= 0x01; // set input pin P2.0 to high impedance state
}

```

```

void Interrupt_Init(void)
{
    IE |= 0x82; //enable Timer0 interrupts by setting the appropriate bit in the SFR
    EA = 1; //enable all interrupts using an existing sbit label
}

```

```

void Timer_Init(void)
{
    CKCON &= ~0x08; // Make T1 intact and T0 use SYSCLK/12
    TMOD &= 0xF0; // Clear the 4 least significant bits
    TMOD |= 0x00; // Leave T1 intact and set T0 mode 13bit
    TR0 = 0; // Stop Timer0
    // 2 ways to clear 16-bit T0 counter: use a single command for all 16 bits
    TMR0 = 0; // Clear both bytes of T0
    // or use 2 commands for low and high bytes separately
    //TLO _____; // Clear low byte of register T0
    //TH0 _____; // Clear high byte of register T0
}

```

```

void T0_ISR ( void ) __interrupt 1 //Interrupt service routine
{
    TF0 = 0; // clear interrupt request (not required - cleared automatically by hardware)
    Counts++; // increment overflow counter
}

```

```

void Counter_off(void) // turn the BILED off and stop the counter
{
    TR0 = 0; // turn off the counter
    Counts = 0; // reset counts to 0
}

```

```

Biled1 = 0; //on
Biled2 = 0; //on
TL0 = 0x00;
TH0 = 0x00; // initialize the Timer to a 0 start value
while(SW); // while the switch is off, wait
}

void Counter_on(void) // turn the BILED on and count how long it the switch is on
{
    Biled1 = 1;
    Biled2 = 0;
    TR0 = 1; // start the counter
    while(!SW); // while the switch is on, wait
    printf("\rNumber of Overflows = %d\n", Counts);
}

```