

**$^{35}\text{K}$   $\varepsilon+\beta^+$  decay (175 ms) 1980Ew02**

Parent:  $^{35}\text{K}$ :  $E=0$ ;  $J^\pi=3/2^+$ ;  $T_{1/2}=175$  ms 2;  $Q(\varepsilon)=11874.4$  9;  $\% \varepsilon+\% \beta^+$  decay=100

$^{35}\text{K}$ - $J^\pi$ ,  $T_{1/2}$ : From Adopted Levels of  $^{35}\text{K}$ .

$^{35}\text{K}$ - $T_{1/2}$ : Weighted average of 175 ms 2 (2018Sa54), 178 ms 8 (1998Sc19), and 190 ms 30 (1980Ew02).

$^{35}\text{K}$ - $Q(\varepsilon+\beta^+)$ : From 2021Wa16.

1980Ew02, 1979Ca15: A 600-MeV proton beam was produced from the synchrocyclotron at CERN-ISOLDE and bombard a  $\text{ScC}_2$  target. The  $^{45}\text{Sc}(p,8n3p)$  spallation reaction products diffused out of the target and reached a tungsten surface ionization source where potassium isotopes were selectively ionized. The beam was extracted from the ion source, separated by the ISOLDE analyzing magnet, and collected by a mylar foil for  $\gamma$ -ray measurements and then a carbon foil for proton measurements.  $\gamma$  rays were detected using a  $\text{Ge}(\text{Li})$  detector. Time for positron activities were determined using a 700- $\mu\text{m}$  thick silicon detector. Protons were detected using a 20- $\mu\text{m}$ -700- $\mu\text{m}$  thick  $\Delta E$ -E telescope of silicon surface barrier detectors with FWHM=50 keV. Measured  $E_\gamma < 4.8$  MeV,  $I_\gamma$ ,  $E_p > 0.9$  MeV,  $I_p$ . Deduced Deduced levels,  $J$ ,  $\pi$ , decay branching ratios,  $\log ft$ , parent  $^{35}\text{K}$   $T_{1/2}$ , and coefficients of the isobaric multiplet mass equation for  $A=36$ ,  $T=2$  quartets. Comparisons with shell-model calculations and the mirror nucleus  $^{35}\text{Cl}$ . Also see abstracts 1979HaZY, 1979HaZT.

2018Sa54: A 36-MeV/nucleon  $^{36}\text{Ar}$  primary beam was produced from the K500 cyclotron at Texas A&M University. The secondary  $^{35}\text{K}$  beam was produced via the  $^1\text{H}(^{36}\text{Ar}, ^{35}\text{K})2n$  reaction of  $^{36}\text{Ar}$  bombarding a  $\text{LN}_2$ -cooled hydrogen gas target, separated by MARS, and implanted into a 45- $\mu\text{m}$  DSSD sandwiched between a 140- $\mu\text{m}$  SSSD and a 1-mm Si-pad detector in a pulsed-beam mode.  $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ -delayed protons were detected by the implantation detector.  $\gamma$  rays were detected by two HPGe detectors. Measured  $E_p > 300$  keV,  $I_p$ ,  $E_\gamma$ ,  $I_\gamma$ ,  $p\gamma$ -coin,  $\gamma\gamma$ -coin. Deduced parent  $^{35}\text{K}$   $T_{1/2}$ .

2019ChZU: Same beam production as 2018Sa54.  $^{35}\text{K}$  was implanted into the AstroBox2 detector filled with 800-Torr P5 gas.  $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ -delayed protons were detected by the implantation detector.  $\gamma$  rays were detected by 4 Clover Ge detectors. Measured  $E_p > 100$  keV,  $I_p$ ,  $E_\gamma$ ,  $I_\gamma$ ,  $p\gamma$ -coin,  $\gamma\gamma$ -coin.

1998Sc19: A polarized  $^{35}\text{K}$  beam was produced via the fragmentation of 500-MeV/nucleon  $^{40}\text{Ca}$  impinging on a  $^9\text{Be}$  target at GSI, separated using  $\Delta E$ -tof by FRS, momentum-selected by slits, and implanted into a KBr single crystal placed in the central region of a magnet. Positrons were detected using plastic scintillators.  $\gamma$  rays were detected using a Ge detector. Measured  $\beta$ -decay asymmetry and  $\beta\gamma$ -coin. Deduced polarization and  $g$ -factor of  $^{35}\text{K}$  ground state from  $\beta$ -NMR and  $^{35}\text{K}$   $T_{1/2}$  from  $\beta\gamma$ -decay time spectra.

2006Me04: A polarized  $^{35}\text{K}$  beam was produced via the proton-pickup reaction  $^{36}\text{Ar}(^9\text{Be}, ^{10}\text{Li})^{35}\text{K}$ , separated by NSCL-A1900, and implanted into a KBr crystal. Positrons were detected using plastic scintillators. Deduced the magnetic dipole moment and  $g$ -factor of  $^{35}\text{K}$  ground state from  $\beta$ -NMR.

$^{35}\text{K}$  also decays to  $^{34}\text{Cl}$  by  $\varepsilon p$  (0.37% 15) (1980Ew02).

Theoretical studies involving  $^{35}\text{K}$  decay: shell model (1985Br29, 2003Sm02, Surender et al., Annals of Physics 470, 169772 (2024)).

 $^{35}\text{Ar}$  Levels

$E(\text{level})^\dagger$	$J^\pi$	Comments
0	$3/2^+$	
1184.01 25	$1/2^+$	
1750.7 3	$(5/2)^+$	
2638.0 3	$3/2^+, 5/2^+$	
2982.79 12	$3/2^+, 5/2^+$	
4065.0? 4	$1/2^+, 3/2^+, 5/2^+$	
4528.2 4	$1/2^+, 3/2^+, 5/2^+$	
4725.9 6	$1/2^+$	
4785.8 11	$1/2^+$	
5572.66 15	$3/2^+$	$T=3/2$
7510?‡ 20	$1/2^+, 3/2^+, 5/2^+$	
8395?‡ 20	$1/2^+, 3/2^+, 5/2^+$	

$^\dagger$  From a least-squares fit to  $\gamma$ -ray energies in 1980Ew02.

$^\ddagger$  Tentative identification based on proton groups by authors in 1980Ew02.

$\#$  From Adopted Levels.

$^{35}\text{K}$   $\varepsilon+\beta^+$  decay (175 ms) **1980Ew02** (continued)

$\varepsilon, \beta^+$ radiations						Comments
E(decay)	E(level)	$I\beta^+{}^\dagger$	$I\varepsilon{}^\dagger$	Log $ft$	$I(\varepsilon+\beta^+)^\dagger$	
(3479 20)	8395?	0.06 3	0.00044 18	4.57 19	0.062 26	
(4364 20)	7510?	0.15 6	0.00042 17	4.79 18	0.15 6	
(6301.7 14)	5572.66	36 3	0.026 2	3.31 5	36 3	
(7088.6 18)	4785.8	1.0 4		5.15 18	1.0 4	
(7148.5 15)	4725.9	2.1 4		4.85 9	2.1 4	
(7346.2 14)	4528.2	0.7 4		5.39 25	0.7 4	
(7809.4 14)	4065.0?	0.55 30		5.64 24	0.55 30	
(8891.6 14)	2982.79	26 3	0.0057 7	4.27 6	26 3	
(9236.4 14)	2638.0	$\leq 0.4$		$\geq 6.2$	$\leq 0.4$	
(10123.7 14)	1750.7	11.9 9	0.00171 13	4.91 4	11.9 9	
(10690.4 14)	1184.01	2.2 7		5.77 14	2.2 7	
(11874.4 17)	0	19 4	0.0016 3	5.07 10	19 4	$I(\varepsilon+\beta^+)$ : deduced from mirror $^{35}\text{S}$ to $^{35}\text{Cl}$ g.s. log $ft=5.01$ 2 correcting for asymmetry systematics ( <b>1980Ew02</b> ).

 $^\dagger$  Absolute intensity per 100 decays. $\gamma(^{35}\text{Ar})$ 

$E_\gamma$	$I_\gamma{}^{\dagger\ddagger}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Comments
886.8 5	0.9 3	2638.0	$3/2^+, 5/2^+$	1750.7	$(5/2)^+$	
1044.4 4	1.3 4	5572.66	$3/2^+$	4528.2	$1/2^+, 3/2^+, 5/2^+$	
1184.0 3	14.3 7	1184.01	$1/2^+$	0	$3/2^+$	
1426.8 4	3.0 5	4065.0?	$1/2^+, 3/2^+, 5/2^+$	2638.0	$3/2^+, 5/2^+$	
1507.4 5	1.9 4	5572.66	$3/2^+$	4065.0?	$1/2^+, 3/2^+, 5/2^+$	
1750.5 3	28 1	1750.7	$(5/2)^+$	0	$3/2^+$	
1798.9 5	3.5 6	2982.79	$3/2^+, 5/2^+$	1184.01	$1/2^+$	
2589.8 1	52 2	5572.66	$3/2^+$	2982.79	$3/2^+, 5/2^+$	
2638.0 4	5.5 7	2638.0	$3/2^+, 5/2^+$	0	$3/2^+$	
<sup>x</sup> 2697.7 6						Unplaced $\gamma$ ray, accounts for 1.2% $\beta$ -feeding ( <b>1980Ew02</b> ).
2934.5 5	3.5 6	5572.66	$3/2^+$	2638.0	$3/2^+, 5/2^+$	
2982.68 13	100 4	2982.79	$3/2^+, 5/2^+$	0	$3/2^+$	
3542.0 6	2.9 6	4725.9	$1/2^+$	1184.01	$1/2^+$	
3821.7 7	3.5 7	5572.66	$3/2^+$	1750.7	$(5/2)^+$	
4387.2 9	3.5 8	5572.66	$3/2^+$	1184.01	$1/2^+$	
4527.9 7	2.6 7	4528.2	$1/2^+, 3/2^+, 5/2^+$	0	$3/2^+$	
4724.5 11	1.2 5	4725.9	$1/2^+$	0	$3/2^+$	
4785.4 11	1.9 7	4785.8	$1/2^+$	0	$3/2^+$	
5572.3 10	6.1 16	5572.66	$3/2^+$	0	$3/2^+$	<b>1980Ew02</b> only observed its double escape peak at 4550 keV.

 $^\dagger$  From **1980Ew02**. $^\ddagger$  For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.50 2.<sup>x</sup>  $\gamma$  ray not placed in level scheme.

$^{35}\text{K}$   $\varepsilon+\beta^+$  decay (175 ms) 1980Ew02

## Decay Scheme

Legend

Intensities:  $I_\gamma$  per 100 parent decays

- $\longrightarrow$   $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$   
 $\longrightarrow$   $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$   
 $\longrightarrow$   $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$

$\frac{3/2^+}{0}$  175 ms 2  
 $Q_\varepsilon=11874.4$  9  
 $^{35}_{19}\text{K}_{16}$

