University at Buffalo Department of Computer Science and Engineering CSE 473/573 - Computer Vision and Image Processing

Spring 2022

Project #3
Due Date: May 11th, 2022, 11:59PM

1 Face Detection in the Wild (60 Points)

This project has two parts. Part A is to have you utilize any face detection algorithm available in opency library (version = 4.5.4. You MUST use this version for Project #3!) and perform face detection. Part B is to CROP the detected faces and cluster them using k-means algorithm. The goal of part B is to cluster faces with the same identity so they end up in the same cluster.

2 Part A (40 Points)

Given a face detection dataset composed of hundreds of images, the goal is to detect faces contained in the images. The detector should be able to locate the faces in any testing image. Figure 2 shows an example of performing face detection. We will use a subset (will be provided) of FDDB [1] as the dataset for this project. You can use any face detection modules available in OpenCV.

2.1 Libraries permitted and prohibited

- Any API provided by OpenCV.
 - You may NOT use any internet examples that directly focuses on face detection using the OpenCV APIs.
- You may NOT use any APIs that can perform face detection or machine learning from other libraries outside of OpenCV

2.2 Data and Evaluation

You will be given "Project3_data.zip" which contains 100 images along with ground-truth annotations (validation folder). You can evaluate each of your models performances on this validation set or use it to further improve your detection. During testing, you need to report results on another 100 images (test



Figure 1: An example of performing face detection. The detected faces are annotated using gray bounding boxes.

folder) without ground truth annotations.

NOTE: Please read all the readme files present in "Project3_data.zip".

Please refer to the script in readme.md in root directory for running and validating your code.

YOUR implementation should be in the function detect_faces(), in the file UBFaceDetector.py. The function should detect faces in all the images in input_path and return the bounding boxes of the detected faces in a list.

The result list should have the following format:

```
[{"iname": "img.jpg", "bbox": [x, y, width, height]}, ...]
```

"img.jpg" is an example of the name of an image; x and y are the top-left corner of the bounding box; width and height are the width and height of the bounding box, respectively. x, y, width and height should be integers. Consider origin (0,0) to be the top-left corner of the image and x increases to the right and y increases to the bottom.

We will provide ComputeFBeta.py, a python code that computes f_{β} using detection result and groundtruth.

You can refer to the sample json provided to you for more information. There is also a piece of example code regarding how to create json file.

2.3 Evaluation Rubric

Rubric: 40 points - 30 points (F1 score of the detector), 10 points (report)

For F1 score computed using ComputeFBeta.py. (30 points for the F1 score.)

- F1 > 0.80: 30 points
- F1 > 0.75: 25 points

• F1 > 0.70: 20 points

• F1 > 0.60: 10 points

• F1 > 0.01: 5 points

• F1 < 0.01: 0 points

Report (10 points):

- Concise description of what algorithms tried and ended up using (5-10 bullet points) (5 points)
- Discussion of the results and implementation challenges (5-10 bullet points) (5 points)

3 Part B (60 points)

You will be building on top of the above face detection code to do face clustering. You will be using images present in faceCluster_K folder (in Project3_data.zip) for part B (*i.e.*, face clustering). Each image will only contain one face in it. K in faceCluster_K folder name provides you the unique number of face clusters present.

3.1 Steps Involved.

- Step 1: Use Part A and OpenCV functions to crop the detected faces from images present in faceCluster_K folder in Project3_data.zip.
- Step 2:

pip (or pip3) install face-recognition to install a library.

Use the function face_recognition.face_encodings(img, boxes) to get 128 dimensional vector for each cropped face.

img is the image (after cv2.imread('img') or any variants).

boxes is a list of found face-locations from Step 1. Each face-location is a tuple (top, right, bottom, left). top = y, left = x, bottom = y + height, right = x + width. So, boxes would be something like [(top, right, bottom, left)].

face_recognition.face_encodings(img, boxes) would return a list of 128 dimension numpy.ndarra for each face present in the image 'img'.

- Step 3: Using these computed face vectors, you need to code a k-means or other relevant clustering algorithm. If you use K-Means, or another algorithm requiring a pre-defined number of clusters, that number will be K from faceCluster_K. You may not use OpenCV APIs that have 'face', 'kmeans', 'knn' or 'cluster' in their name.
- Rubric: 50 points (Accuracy), 10 points (Report)

3.2 Evaluation Rubric - 60 Points

- Accuracy will be based on the number of faces with the same identity present in a cluster.
- Rubric: 50 points (Accuracy), 10 points (code)

Report (10 points):

- Concise description of what algorithms tried and ended up using (5-10 bullet points) (5 points)
- You need to display each of faces in a cluster for all the clusters as follows. To achieve this, you may not use any external libraries other than OpenCV or numpy or matplotlib (5 points)

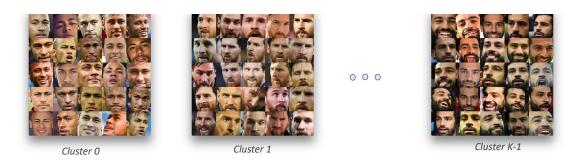


Figure 2: Face clusters.

3.3 Code and Report

Please refer to the script in readme.md in root directory for running your code.

YOUR implementation should be in the function cluster_faces() in the file UBFaceDetector.py. The function should cluster faces present in all of the images in input_path into K clusters. The function should return all the clusters and corresponding image names in a list.

The result list should have the following format:

```
[{"cluster_no": 0, "elements": ["img1.jpg", "img2.jpg", ...]}, {"cluster_no": 1, "elements": ["img5.jpg", "img6.jpg", ...]}, ... , {"cluster_no": K-1, "elements": ["img12.jpg", "img13.jpg", ...]}]
```

Note that cluster_no for say K clusters starts from 0 and ends at K-1.

4 Code and Report

Submission package requirements for file UBID_Project3.zip. You should submit this to "Project 3 code" on UBlearns system.

• UBFaceDetector.py

You must not change the file name.

• results.json

You must not change this name. results.json is the resultant files generated by your FaceDetection.py code on the test folder images present in "Project3_data.zip".

• clusters.json

You must not change this name. clusters.json is the resultant files generated by your FaceCluster.py code on the faceClusters_K folder present in "Project3_data.zip".

You should submit your report to "Project 3 report" on UBlearns system.

You must use this name Report.pdf. The report should contain Your name and your UBID at the top. The result of the report should contain a description of what algorithms tried and ended up using, a discussion of the results, face cluster images and anything you learned.

You do not need to upload any of the test images during submission.

5 Submission Folder structure

To "Project 3 code" on UBlearns system

UBID_project3.zip
 UBFaceDetector.py
 results.json
 clusters.json

To "Project 3 report" on UBlearns system

• Report.pdf

We will be running an automated script. Any variations to the above submission folder structure will result in a ZERO for the project. Also, there is no need to use any hard-coded local paths in your project. Usage of such paths, would break when we run your code and will result in a ZERO.

6 Submission Guidelines

- Unlimited number of submissions is allowed and only the latest submission will be used for grading.
- Identical code will be treated as plagiarism. Please work it out independently.
- For code raising "RuntimeError", the grade will be ZERO for the project if it can not be corrected
- Late submissions guidelines apply for this project.
- You will be permitted to submit a preliminary verison of your code early by May 4th 11:59 PM on UBlearns for a dry run. We will provide feedback on whether your code has RUNTIME issues or not. No feedback would be provided on F1 scores or accuracy.
- The final submission will be the one that is graded on the May 11th deadline.

References

[1] V. Jain and E. L. Miller, "Fddb: a benchmark for face detection in unconstrained settings," 2010.