Name of Learner: John Russel Jandonero Grade Level:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Teacher: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Section:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

LEARNING ACTIVITY SHEET

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| **Title of the Topic: Bias and Prejudice** | **Subject: English 9** |
| Most Essential Learning Competency:  Differentiate biases from prejudices. | |
| Concept Notes:  Define or describe each statement.   * Bias – is a disproportionate weight in favor of or against an idea or thing, usually in a way that is closed-minded, prejudicial, or unfair. Biases can be innate or learned. People may develop biases for or against an individual, a group, or a belief.   Types of Bias:   1. Anchoring Bias   is a cognitive bias where an individual depends too heavily on an initial piece of information offered to make subsequent judgments during decision making. Once the value of this anchor is set, all future negotiations, arguments, estimates, etc. are discussed in relation to the anchor.   1. Media Bias   is the bias of journalists and news producers within the mass media in the selection of many events and stories that are reported and how they are covered.   1. Confirmation   is the tendency to search for, interpret, favor, and recall information in a way that confirms or supports one's prior beliefs or values.   1. Conformity   is the force behind our desire to fit in. We will almost always push for a homogenous consensus within a group to create harmony. ... Example: The classic Asch Conformity Experiment demonstrates this Bias the best.   1. Halo Effect   is the tendency for positive impressions of a person, company, brand or product in one area to positively influence one's opinion or feelings in other areas. Halo effect is “the name given to the phenomenon whereby evaluators tend to be influenced by their previous judgments of performance or personality.”   * Prejudice – a liking or dislike for one rather than another especially without good reason. It can also be a feeling of unfair dislike directed against an individual or a group because of some characteristic.   Types of Prejudice:   1. Racism - prejudice, discrimination, or antagonism directed against a person or people on the basis of their membership in a particular racial or ethnic group, typically one that is a minority or marginalized. 2. Sexism – prejudice, stereotyping, or discrimination, typically against women, on the basis of sex. 3. Classism – prejudice against or in favor of people belonging to a particular social class. 4. Ageism - is stereotyping and/or discrimination against individuals or groups on the basis of their age. 5. Religion - is treating a person or group differently because of the particular beliefs which they hold about a religion. | |
| Learning Activity  List down the common biases and or prejudices you observed in your community. Provide your possible resolution for each of these and the result of your action.   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **Biases / prejudice I have observed** | **Things I will do** | **Possible Result** | | Racism | I will ask the bully to stop, especially in games bullying and trash talking is always present but it does not solve the problem of losing the game. | The bully will stop and will mind his own business | | Sexism | I will use both the feminine and the masculine when addressing a mixed audience. | People will be more comfortable. | | Media Bias | Getting news from unbiased media outlets | You will get the latest and real news. | | Ageism | I will report and stop the person, and try report the person to know what they did was distressing | They will not bully the elderly because of their physical appearance/ |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | Criteria | Description | Points | | Content | The content of the output is appropriate and relevant to the given topic. | 20 | | Mechanics | The output does not contain any errors in sentence structure. | 20 | | Timeliness | The output is submitted on time. | 10 | | Total Points | | 50 | | |
| Reflection (3-5 sentences)  I have learned about Bias and prejudice. Bias is a disproportionate weight in favor of or against an idea or thing, usually in a way that is closed-minded, prejudicial, or unfair. Prejudice is a liking or dislike for one rather than another especially without good reason. There are also different types of bias and prejudice. | |

Parent’s Signature: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_