Q1. a) 
$$P(x=1) = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{7}{12}$$

5) 
$$P(X=1|X=1) = \frac{1}{\frac{3}{3}+\frac{1}{6}} = \frac{2}{3}$$

C) 
$$\frac{Var(x)}{u_{x} = \frac{7}{12} \cdot 1 = \frac{7}{12}} = \frac{7}{12} \left(1 - \frac{7}{12}\right)^{2} + \frac{5}{12} \left(0 - \frac{7}{12}\right)^{2}$$

$$= \frac{35}{144}$$

$$\frac{\delta}{\sqrt{\sqrt{(x+1)^{2}}}} = \sum_{x} P(x_{-x}|y_{-1}) (x - M_{x}|y_{-1})^{2}$$

$$\frac{M_{x}|y_{-1}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2}{3} (1 - \frac{2}{3})^{2} + \frac{1}{3} (0 - \frac{2}{3})^{2}$$

$$= \left[\frac{2}{4}\right]$$

e) 
$$E[\chi^{3} + \chi^{2} + 3\gamma^{7} | \Upsilon = 1]$$
  
=  $\frac{2}{3}(1+1+3) + \frac{1}{3}(0+0+3)$   
=  $\frac{13}{3}$