```
In [ ]:
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.image as mpimg
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline
np.random.seed(2)
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
import itertools
from keras.utils.np utils import to categorical # convert to one-hot-encoding
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten, Conv2D, MaxPool2D
from keras.optimizers import RMSprop
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from keras.callbacks import ReduceLROnPlateau
import cv2
from PIL import Image
import numpy as np
import sys
import os
import csv
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import math
import scipy.ndimage
sns.set(style='white', context='notebook', palette='deep')
```

```
In []:
# Load the data
train = pd.read_csv("../input/digit/digit/train.csv") #loading training dataset of mnist
test = pd.read_csv("../input/digit/digit/test.csv") #loading training dataset of mnist
t
train.head(1)
```

NEXT BLOCK TAKES INPUT IMAGES OF "+,'-'operators converts it into MNIST format and makes a dataframe out of it and defines separate classes also...TO CONVERT IT INTO FORMAT OF TRAIN

```
In [ ]:
df = pd.DataFrame()
cla = 10
for i in range (1,3251):
   gray = scipy.ndimage.imread("../input/digit/digit/+/sum " +"("+ str(i)+")" + ".jpq",
flatten = False)
   #gray = cv2.cvtColor(img,cv2.COLOR BGR2GRAY)
    gray = cv2.resize(gray, (28, 28), interpolation=cv2.INTER AREA)
    (thresh, gray) = cv2.threshold(255-gray, 128, 255, cv2.THRESH BINARY | cv2.THRESH OTS
U)
    #plt.imshow(gray)
    while np.sum(gray[0]) == 0:
        gray = gray[1:]
    while np.sum(gray[:,0]) == 0:
       gray = np.delete(gray,0,1)
    while np.sum(gray[-1]) == 0:
       gray = gray[:-1]
    while np.sum(gray[:,-1]) == 0:
       gray = np.delete(gray,-1,1)
    rows, cols = gray.shape
    if rows > cols:
```

```
factor = 20.0/rows
       rows = 20
       cols = int(round(cols*factor))
       gray = cv2.resize(gray, (cols,rows))
    else:
       factor = 20.0/cols
       cols = 20
       rows = int(round(rows*factor))
       gray = cv2.resize(gray, (cols, rows))
    colsPadding = (int(math.ceil((28-cols)/2.0)),int(math.floor((28-cols)/2.0)))
    rowsPadding = (int(math.ceil((28-rows)/2.0)),int(math.floor((28-rows)/2.0)))
    gray = np.lib.pad(gray, (rowsPadding, colsPadding), 'constant')
    def getBestShift(img):
        cy,cx = scipy.ndimage.measurements.center of mass(img)
        rows, cols = img.shape
        shiftx = np.round(cols/2.0-cx).astype(int)
       shifty = np.round(rows/2.0-cy).astype(int)
       return shiftx, shifty
    def shift(img, sx, sy):
       rows, cols = img.shape
       M = np.float32([[1,0,sx],[0,1,sy]])
       shifted = cv2.warpAffine(img,M,(cols,rows))
        return shifted
    shiftx, shifty = getBestShift(gray)
    shifted = shift(gray, shiftx, shifty)
   gray = shifted
    #gray = gray/255.0
    ############################
    imCrop = Image.fromarray(gray)
    width, height = imCrop.size
   value = np.asarray(imCrop.getdata(), dtype=np.float32).reshape((imCrop.size[1], imCr
op.size[0]))
    value = value.flatten()
    df2 = pd.DataFrame({'Label': [cla]})
    for i in range (1, 785):
       df2['pixel'+str(i-1)] = [value[i-1]]
    df = df.append(df2, ignore index=True)
    print(1)
cla = 11
for i in range(1,3251):
   gray = scipy.ndimage.imread("../input/digit/digit/-/minus "+"("+ str(i) +")"+ ".jpg"
, flatten = False)
    #gray = cv2.cvtColor(img,cv2.COLOR BGR2GRAY)
    gray = cv2.resize(gray, (28, 28),interpolation=cv2.INTER AREA)
    (thresh, gray) = cv2.threshold(255-gray, 128, 255, cv2.THRESH BINARY | cv2.THRESH OTS
U)
    #plt.imshow(gray)
    while np.sum(gray[0]) == 0:
        gray = gray[1:]
    while np.sum(gray[:,0]) == 0:
       gray = np.delete(gray, 0, 1)
    while np.sum(gray[-1]) == 0:
       gray = gray[:-1]
    while np.sum(gray[:,-1]) == 0:
       gray = np.delete(gray, -1, 1)
    rows, cols = gray.shape
    if rows > cols:
       factor = 20.0/rows
       rows = 20
       cols = int(round(cols*factor))
       gray = cv2.resize(gray, (cols,rows))
    else:
       factor = 20.0/cols
       cols = 20
       rows = int(round(rows*factor))
        gray = cv2.resize(gray, (cols, rows))
    colsPadding = (int(math.ceil((28-cols)/2.0)),int(math.floor((28-cols)/2.0)))
    rowsPadding = (int(math.ceil((28-rows)/2.0)),int(math.floor((28-rows)/2.0)))
    gray = np.lib.pad(gray, (rowsPadding, colsPadding), 'constant')
    def getBestShift(img):
       cy,cx = scipy.ndimage.measurements.center of mass(img)
```

```
rows,cols = img.shape
        shiftx = np.round(cols/2.0-cx).astype(int)
        shifty = np.round(rows/2.0-cy).astype(int)
        return shiftx, shifty
    def shift(img, sx, sy):
        rows, cols = img.shape
        M = np.float32([[1,0,sx],[0,1,sy]])
        shifted = cv2.warpAffine(img,M,(cols,rows))
        return shifted
    shiftx, shifty = getBestShift(gray)
    shifted = shift(gray, shiftx, shifty)
    gray = shifted
    print(2)
    #gray = gray/255.0
    #########################
    imCrop = Image.fromarray(gray)
    width, height = imCrop.size
   value = np.asarray(imCrop.getdata(), dtype=np.float32).reshape((imCrop.size[1], imCr
op.size[0]))
   value = value.flatten()
    df2 = pd.DataFrame({'Label': [cla]})
    for i in range(1, 785):
        df2['pixel'+str(i-1)] = [value[i-1]]
    df = df.append(df2, ignore index=True)
#print(df.head())
####################################
cla = 12
for i in range(1,3251):
    gray = scipy.ndimage.imread("../input/digit/digit/times/multiply " +"("+ str(i)+")"+
".jpg", flatten = False)
    #gray = cv2.cvtColor(img,cv2.COLOR BGR2GRAY)
    gray = cv2.resize(gray, (28, 28),interpolation=cv2.INTER AREA)
    (thresh, gray) = cv2.threshold(255-gray, 128, 255, cv2.THRESH BINARY | cv2.THRESH OTS
U)
    while np.sum(gray[0]) == 0:
        gray = gray[1:]
    while np.sum(gray[:,0]) == 0:
        gray = np.delete(gray, 0, 1)
    while np.sum(gray[-1]) == 0:
        gray = gray[:-1]
    while np.sum(gray[:,-1]) == 0:
        gray = np.delete(gray, -1, 1)
    rows, cols = gray.shape
    if rows > cols:
       factor = 20.0/rows
        rows = 20
        cols = int(round(cols*factor))
        gray = cv2.resize(gray, (cols,rows))
    else:
        factor = 20.0/cols
        cols = 20
        rows = int(round(rows*factor))
        gray = cv2.resize(gray, (cols, rows))
    colsPadding = (int(math.ceil((28-cols)/2.0)), int(math.floor((28-cols)/2.0)))
    rowsPadding = (int(math.ceil((28-rows)/2.0)),int(math.floor((28-rows)/2.0)))
    gray = np.lib.pad(gray, (rowsPadding, colsPadding), 'constant')
    def getBestShift(img):
        cy,cx = scipy.ndimage.measurements.center of mass(img)
        rows, cols = img.shape
        shiftx = np.round(cols/2.0-cx).astype(int)
        shifty = np.round(rows/2.0-cy).astype(int)
        return shiftx, shifty
    def shift(img,sx,sy):
        rows, cols = img.shape
        M = np.float32([[1,0,sx],[0,1,sy]])
        shifted = cv2.warpAffine(img,M,(cols,rows))
        return shifted
    shiftx, shifty = getBestShift(gray)
    shifted = shift(gray, shiftx, shifty)
    gray = shifted
    #gray = gray/255.0
   print(3)
```

JUMBLES THE DATAFRAME

```
In []:

df1 = df
df = df.sample(frac=1).reset_index(drop=True)
df.head()
```

renames the label column

In []:

```
In [ ]:

df.rename(columns={'Label':'label'}, inplace=True)
```

```
In []:

train = train.append(df,ignore_index=True) # add the dataframe made to train
train.to_csv('../inputtraining.csv', encoding='utf-8', index=False)
#train = train.append(test,ignore_index=True)
Y_train = train["label"]

# Drop 'label' column
X_train = train.drop(labels = ["label"],axis = 1)

# free some space
del train
g = sns.countplot(Y_train)
Y train.value counts()
```

```
In []:

# Normalize the data
X_train = X_train / 255.0
test = test / 255.0
```

```
In []:

# Reshape image in 3 dimensions (height = 28px, width = 28px , canal = 1)
X_train = X_train.values.reshape(-1,28,28,1)
test = test.values.reshape(-1,28,28,1)
```

```
# Encode labels to one hot vectors (ex : 2 -> [0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0])
def to_categorical(y, nb_classes=None):
    '''Convert class vector (integers from 0 to nb_classes)
    to binary class matrix, for use with categorical_crossentropy
    '''
    y = np.asarray(y, dtype='int32')
    if not nb_classes:
        nb_classes = np.max(y)+1
    Y = np.zeros((len(y), nb_classes))
    for i in range(len(y)):
        Y[i, y[i]] = 1.
    return Y
d_train = to_categorical(Y_train,nb_classes=13)
```

```
In [ ]:
d train.shape
Y train = d train
In [ ]:
# Set the random seed
random seed = 2
In [ ]:
# Split the train and the validation set for the fitting
X_train, X_val, Y_train, Y_val = train_test_split(X_train, Y_train, test_size = 0.1, ran
dom state=random seed)
In [ ]:
# Some examples
g = plt.imshow(X train[0][:,:,0])
In [ ]:
from keras.models import Sequential # to create a cnn model
from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten, Conv2D, MaxPool2D, SeparableConv2D, Leak
yReLU, UpSampling2D, DepthwiseConv2D, BatchNormalization, LocallyConnected2D
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from keras.callbacks import ReduceLROnPlateau
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(filters = 128, kernel size = (5,5),padding = 'Same', input shape = (28,
28,1)))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(LeakyReLU(alpha=0.1))
model.add(Conv2D(filters = 128, kernel size = (5,5),padding = 'Same'))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(LeakyReLU(alpha=0.1))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool size=(2,2)))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(Conv2D(filters = 64, kernel size = (3,3),padding = 'Same'))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(LeakyReLU(alpha=0.1))
model.add(Conv2D(filters = 256, kernel size = (3,3),padding = 'Same'))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool size=(2,2), strides=(2,2)))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(LeakyReLU(alpha=0.1))
model.add(Conv2D(filters = 64, kernel size = (3,3), padding = 'Same'))
model.add(LeakyReLU(alpha=0.1))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(256))
model.add(LeakyReLU(alpha=0.1))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(Dense(13, activation = "softmax"))
In [ ]:
# Define the optimizer
optimizer = RMSprop(lr=0.001, rho=0.9, epsilon=1e-08, decay=0.0)
In [ ]:
```

model.compile(optimizer = optimizer , loss = "categorical crossentropy", metrics=["accur

Compile the model

```
acy"])
In [ ]:
# Set a learning rate annealer
learning rate reduction = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='val acc',
                                             patience=3,
                                             verbose=1,
                                             factor=0.5,
                                             min lr=0.00001)
In [ ]:
epochs = 30 # Turn epochs to 30 to get 0.9967 accuracy
batch size = 86
In [ ]:
# With data augmentation to prevent overfitting (accuracy 0.99286)
datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
        featurewise center=False, # set input mean to 0 over the dataset
        samplewise center=False, # set each sample mean to 0
        featurewise std normalization=False, # divide inputs by std of the dataset
        samplewise std normalization=False, # divide each input by its std
        zca whitening=False, # apply ZCA whitening
        rotation_range=5, # randomly rotate images in the range (degrees, 0 to 180) zoom_range = 0.1, # Randomly zoom image
        width shift range=0.1, # randomly shift images horizontally (fraction of total
width)
        height shift range=0.1, # randomly shift images vertically (fraction of total he
ight)
        horizontal_flip=False, # randomly flip images
        vertical flip=False) # randomly flip images
datagen.fit(X train)
In [ ]:
# Fit the model
history = model.fit generator(datagen.flow(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size),
                               epochs = epochs, validation data = (X val, Y val),
                               verbose = 2, steps per epoch=X train.shape[0] // batch siz
е
                               , callbacks=[learning_rate_reduction])
In [ ]:
```

model.save('layer kaggle.h5')