## **Sorting Algorithms**

Sort [4,3,1,5,2] using selection sort, insertion sort and bubble sort

(From Kung-Hua Chang's practice5)
Which sorting algorithm could have produced the following array after 2 iterations?
Original sequence: 30 50 40 10 20 60 70 90 80 0
Sequence after 2 iterations: 30 10 20 40 50 60 70 0 80 90

Sort [3,7,6,5,8,2,1,4] using merge sort and quick sort

How to find the minimum k elements in an array?

How to find the median of an array?

```
struct Node
{
    Node(const int &myVal) {
        value = myVal;
        left = right = nullptr;
    }
    int value;
   Node *left,*right;
class BinaryTree
public:
    BinaryTree() { m_root = nullptr; }
    ~BinaryTree() { freeTree(m_root); }
    void preorder(Node *node);
    void inorder(Node *node);
    void postorder(Node *node);
    void levelorder();
    void someorder();
    int numOfNodes(Node *node);
    int numOfLeafNodes(Node *node);
    int numOfNonLeafNodes(Node *node);
    int height(Node *node);
private:
    Node *m root;
    void freeTree(Node *cur);
};
void BinaryTree::preorder(Node *node)
    if (node == nullptr) return;
    cout << node->value << " ";</pre>
    preorder(node->left);
    preorder(node->right);
}
void BinaryTree::inorder(Node *node)
    if (node == nullptr) return;
    inorder(node->left);
    cout << node->value << " ";</pre>
    inorder(node->right);
}
```

```
void BinaryTree::postorder(Node *node)
{
    if (node == nullptr) return;
    postorder(node->left);
    postorder(node->right);
    cout << node->value << " ";</pre>
}
void BinaryTree::levelorder()
    queue<Node*> q;
    q.push(m_root);
    while( ! q.empty() ) {
        Node *visited_node = q.front();
        q.pop();
        if(visited node->left != nullptr )
            q.push(visited node->left);
        if(visited_node->right!= nullptr )
            q.push(visited_node->right);
        cout << visited_node->value << " ";</pre>
    }
}
void BinaryTree::someorder()
    stack<Node*> q;
    q.push(m_root);
    while( ! q.empty() ) {
        Node *visited_node = q.top();
        q.pop();
        if(visited node->right != nullptr )
            q.push(visited_node->right);
        if(visited_node->left!= nullptr )
            q.push(visited node->left);
        cout << visited_node->value << " ";</pre>
    }
}
int BinaryTree::numOfNodes(Node *node)
```

```
int BinaryTree::numOfLeafNodes(Node *node)
{
}
int BinaryTree::numOfNonLeafNodes(Node *node)
}
int BinaryTree::height(Node *node)
}
int BinaryTree::freeTree(Node* cur)
{
```

}