**ÇANKAYA UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF ENGINEERING**

**COMPUTER ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT**

# CENG 407

**SOFTWARE REQUIREMENT SPECIFICATION REPORT**

**AMBILIGHT MEDIA PLAYER**

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Table of Contents[\_Toc90144599](#_Toc90144599)

[**1. Introduction 3**](#_Toc90144600)

[**1.1. Purpose of This Document 4**](#_Toc90144601)

[**1.2. Scope of the Project 5**](#_Toc90144602)

[**1.3. Glossary (Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations) 6**](#_Toc90144603)

[**1.4. Overview of Document 7**](#_Toc90144604)

[**2. Overall Description 7**](#_Toc90144605)

[**2.1. Product Perspective 7**](#_Toc90144606)

[**2.2. Product Functions 8**](#_Toc90144607)

[**2.3. User Classes and Characteristics 9**](#_Toc90144608)

[**2.3.1. User 9**](#_Toc90144609)

[**2.3.2. Ambilight Media Player 10**](#_Toc90144610)

[**2.3.3. Smart Bulb 10**](#_Toc90144611)

[**2.3.4. Screen 10**](#_Toc90144612)

[**2.4. Operating Environment 11**](#_Toc90144613)

[**2.5. Constraints 11**](#_Toc90144614)

[**2.6. Dependencies and Assumptions 12**](#_Toc90144615)

[**3. Requirement Specification 13**](#_Toc90144616)

[**3.1. Interface Requirements 13**](#_Toc90144617)

[**3.1.1. User Interfaces 13**](#_Toc90144618)

[**3.1.2. Hardware Interfaces 14**](#_Toc90144619)

[**3.1.3. Software Interfaces 15**](#_Toc90144620)

[**3.1.4. Communication Interfaces 15**](#_Toc90144621)

[**3.2. Detailed Description of Functional Requirements 16**](#_Toc90144622)

[**3.2.1. Use Case Diagram 16**](#_Toc90144623)

[**3.2.2. Use Cases 17**](#_Toc90144624)

[**3.3. Non-Functional Requirements 27**](#_Toc90144625)

[**3.3.1. Performance Requirements 27**](#_Toc90144626)

[**4. References 31**](#_Toc90144627)

# Introduction

Ambilight is defined as the fluorescent technology on the rear edge of the television that can light up according to the colors on the screen. Ambilight televisions reflect the color of whatever is on the screen while watching a movie or playing a game on the TV in the evening. In Ambilight technology, the LED lights on the back of the television work in harmony with the screen. Whatever color is on the edges of the screen, the lights in that area are lit in the same color. Thus, the ambiance of the image user watch on television is strengthened and it is aimed to increase the pleasure user receive. These processes are realized thanks to the embedded system in televisions with Ambilight technology. It works simultaneously by reacting to color weights and transitions in certain areas of the screen. It works with the algorithm of capturing the image, processing and reflecting the color. The importance of coloring and visual beauty in today's living spaces is increasing day by day. We believe that its use will increase in the near future due to the need to keep up with the times and follow innovations closely. Our project will be designed with the aim of presenting the same process on monitors in a more accessible and less costly manner. In this part of the report, we explained our purpose, scope of our project, target audience characteristics, glossary and finally an overview of our SRS document.

## **Purpose of This Document**

In this project, our aim is to produce an alternative media player that works with Ambilight logic by using smart ambient lighting bulbs. This media player will transmit the color illuminations of the current screen to the bulbs and create an environment. It will detect the bulbs in the network via the software and make them ready for use for the user. After the media file to be played is specified to the program, the video will start playing and the bulbs will react instantly. In this way, we plan to create a product that is much more reasonable in terms of price compared to the technology used in televisions and can compete in terms of performance. While doing the project, we aim to design Ambilight Media Player using various software requirements such as Object Oriented Programming, Internetworking, Socket Programming. In the continuation of the project, we aim to test our system as a whole by using the smart ambient lighting bulbs, which are the hardware part of Ambilight Media Player, simultaneously. We see it as our goal to detect the intensity of the colors in the media files according to the plots through the Ambilight Media Player software we will create, to ensure that the obtained color values ​​are transmitted to the bulbs determined through the system simultaneously, and to ensure that these processes continue in an uninterrupted cycle until the video is completed. While the system is running, it will take the codes of the colors that appear on the screen simultaneously with the media file and send it to the system. Thanks to the libraries and developer kits we will use, the right value of light will be reflected from the bulb at the right spot. This SRS document contains the project requirements and software requirements specification for Ambilight Media Player.

* 1. **Scope of the Project**

This project aims to illuminate the environment by using the colors in these videos while watching videos from the computers that people use in their daily life and to provide this dynamically. Our project will not only provide ambient lighting according to the video provided, but also support the control of the bulbs, which are located at four different angles, through the interface, through the software we will develop. It will be possible to switch between the videos in the source via the software and make sound adjustments. It will be worked on that the bulbs on the network are automatically detected by the system and assigned to the bulbs. The resulting product will be designed to appeal to all types of users. Thanks to its user-friendly interface, the user will be able to access all functions without the need to use an extra computer. After the bulbs are placed in the sockets and defined in the network, the user will be able to have all the features found in Ambilight televisions by simply using the software. One of the aims of the project is to establish a system that is easily understandable to install and use. We aim to establish a mechanism where the user can perform tests and give feedback when necessary. In the first part of our project, we will concentrate on the software and perform the necessary programming processes to determine the colors on the screen, their intensity, the bulb to be transmitted according to their location, and to record and send them to the bulbs simultaneously. In the next part of our project, we will include the hardware part and enable it to interact with the software we have prepared, and we will have simultaneous and multiple operations.

* 1. **Glossary (Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **TERM** | **DEFINITION** |
| Actor | An actor can be a user, or hardware that interacts with the system. |
| Windows | Windows is an operating system designed by Microsoft. The operating system is what allows user to use a computer. |
| Linux | Linux is a free, open-source operating system, released under the GNU General Public License (GPL). |
| Python | Python is a computer programming language often used to build websites and software, automate tasks, and conduct data analysis. |
| Yeelight / API | Yeelight Smart LED Bulb is an affordable color LED bulb that user can control. Yeelight Python library is a small library that lets user control bulbs over Wi-Fi. |
| K-Means | Kmeans is an Iterative algorithm that divides a group datasets into subgroups based on the similarity and their mean distance from the centroid of that particular subgroup. |
| PyQt5 | PyQt is a GUI module that integrates the Qt C++ cross-platform framework to the Python language.[1] |
| OpenCV | OpenCV is a large open-source library for image processing, computer vision, and machine learning.[2] |
| Software Requirement Specification (SRS) | A document that provides comprehensive description of system’s functions, requirements, constraints, and conditions to be able to perform. This document is an SRS document. |

* 1. **Overview of Document**

This document contains three main topics.

* + - The first topic gives information about the document, such as purpose of the document and the terms used in the article.
    - The second topic introduces the system. Features of the functions used, user classes and requirements for creating the Ambilight Media Player system.
    - The final title gives a detailed introduction to the requirements and explanations of the requirements in detail.

# Overall Description

This part will clarify of the principal aspect of Ambilight Media Player system and necessities.

* 1. **Product Perspective**

The product is supposed to be an open source, under the GNU general Public License. There are two separate sections in our system as hardware and software. In our project, we will use computer science concepts such as image processing, computer vision, and machine learning. While using them, we will make use of the Python programming language. We will use Python IDLE throughout the development process. In addition, we will also benefit from several different development tools. In this section, we have summarized which features are included in terms of hardware and software. In our project, there are 4 Xiaomi Yeelight 1s YLDP13YL smart led bulbs, 4 E27 bulb holders, 1 monitor that supports 1920x1080 resolution that provides full HD quality screen display. We use Python IDLE and Pycharm as software development IDE. We use Yeelight's API[3] library to run our code on the network. We aim to benefit from the functionality of libraries such as OpenCV, PIL (Python Imaging Library), PyQT5, Yeelight, K-Means in order to detect bulbs and to realize continuous data flow. The information of the bulbs can be entered into the program manually or it can be requested to be detected and processed automatically by the program. A 2.4Ghz internet connection is required for the transfers in the network to be stable and supported by all tools in the system.

* 1. **Product Functions**

**Open Video:** There is a media player embedded in the system. When the button is activated, it directs the user to select a media file from the file directory. After the video is selected, the program is ready to play the video on its own interface.

**Play Video:** It allows to play the video that is ready on the program. The video can be played regardless of whether the bulbs are defined on the program.

**Pause Video:** It can pause the running video momentarily. If the bulbs are connected, the lighting will continue to reflect the colors of the scene that is stopped momentarily.

**Stop Video:** Allows the video being played to be completely stopped and rewinded to the beginning.

**Go to the first scene:** Allows user to return to the first scene of the video that is running on the program.

**Go to the next scene:** Allows user to go to the next scene of the video that the program is working on.

**Go to the previous scene:** Allows the program to return to the previous scene of the video currently working on it.

**Go to the last scene:** Allows user to go to the last scene of the video that the program is working on.

**Full Screen:** Allows the video being played to fill the entire screen by formatting itself according to the screen resolutions of the desktop.

**Mute/On Sound:** Allows user to completely mute or unmute the currently playing video.

**Volume Setting:** Allows user to increase or decrease the volume of the video being played.

**Activate Bulbs:** It must be activated in order for the defined bulbs to reflect color simultaneously with the video.

* 1. **User Classes and Characteristics**

In this section, actors of our project are listed. There are 3 different actors in our project.

* + 1. **User**

User is the actor who is responsible for starting the program and getting the bulbs ready for use. User's tasks are as follows:

* + - * Manually starts the Ambilight Media Player software.
      * Selects the media file to be played.
      * Makes bulbs ready for use by making them available on the network via Ambilight Media Player.
      * Checks whether the bulbs are working.
      * Runs the program.
    1. **Ambilight Media Player**

Ambilight Media Player is the actor that establishes the relationship between the user and the lighting system and ensures that the media file is processed and sent to the bulbs. AMP’s tasks are as follows:

* + - * Makes the video playable on the interface after the media file is selected.
      * Performs the operations to play, pause, pause or rewind the video.
      * Finds and distinguishes the bulbs on the network and records their IP addresses in the system.
      * By sending a pre-prepared fixed code to the bulbs, makes them light up in a certain cycle and reports the result of the test.
      * While the video is playing, it records the color values on the screen in the background and processes these values and transmits them to the bulbs correctly.
    1. **Smart Bulb**

Smart bulb is the actor that receives the color codes obtained from the video by AMP over the network and reflects the color of that code[4]. Smart Bulb’s tasks are as follows:

* + - * Stays connected to the Network over Wi-Fi.
      * Simultaneously processes the color codes sent by the AMP and reflects it as light.

### **Screen**

Screen is the actor on which the program runs and the video plays.

Screen’s tasks are as follows:

* + - * Allows display of operating system and program.
      * It performs the physical communication between the user and the software.
  1. **Operating Environment**

In order to perform the relevant functions, the characteristics of the system should be as follows:

* + - The operating system on which the program is installed must be Windows or Linux. The operating system must be connected to electricity.
    - The operating system on which the program will run must be connected to the Internet.
    - Bulbs must be connected to the internet.
    - Bulbs and AMP must be on the same network.
    - Bulbs must be on.
  1. **Constraints**

This system is built on the extremely up-to-date PyQt5[6]. Which bulb to use is decided by specifying that data exchange or data transmission will provide efficient performance. There are some restrictions for the system to work properly.

* + - If no bulbs can be detected on the AMP, it will report this to the user as a warning.
    - If the selected media file is not suitable for playback, the user is warned.
    - Since our software is open source code, it is only allowed to be installed from a trusted source.
    - Bulbs and operating system must be connected to the internet via 2.4Ghz Wi-Fi.
  1. **Dependencies and Assumptions**

In this part, we have listed all of our system's dependencies and assumptions, along with brief explanations.

**Environment Conditions:** The system will work properly while the operating system and hardware parts are smooth. The system may not work properly when there are weak internet connection, CPU shortage, unstable voltage etc. It is also assumed that the operating system is Linux.

**Operating System:** The system will be supported by Windows and Linux. System must have 2.4GHz communication frequency via Wi-Fi. Python, Yeelight, K-Means, PyQt5, OpenCV libraries must be installed on the system via PIP Install Packages or via executable file, as stated earlier. Mobile application needs Android 4.4 iOS 8.0 for the products setup.

**Hardware:** There are several hardware required for AMP to work properly. Our program is designed to work optimized with Xiaomi Yeelight 1s YLDP13YL. Since the working principles are the same, it is also compatible with Xiaomi Yeelight M2-E27 YLDP26YL and Xiaomi Yeelight W3 YLDP005. The socket for the bulbs should be E27, which is the standard socket type. Bulbholders should work between 100-240V. Bulbs must be able to operate over IEEE 802.11 s/g/n.

**Software:** In order for the program to be compiled, there must be a compiler that supports Python. The system has been tested on Visual Studio and Python IDEs. We assume compiler for necessary language is exists.

1. **Requirement Specification**
   1. **Interface Requirements**
      1. **User Interfaces**

The user interface language of our application will be English. It will be simple and easily understandable by users. In our application, there will be the part where the video will be played, the part where the functional keys will be found and a hidden part. Press the key to open the hidden section and the advanced settings tab will appear here. From the advanced settings tab, it will be possible to find, save, activate and test the bulbs options. The user will be able to make changes on the video and hardware through this interface.

* + 1. **Hardware Interfaces**

The following table shows the hardware we use in our system. Explanations and visualizations have also been added.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Figure** | **Name** | **Definition & Usage Purpose** |
|  | Xiaomi Yeelight Smart Led Bulb 1s YLDP13YL | Smart light bulbs are LED light bulbs controllable using a smartphone, tablet, or smart home automation system. The bulbs will be used by AMP to reflect color codes coming through the network.[5] |
|  | E27 Bulb Holder | E27 is the most common type of Edison Screw base, It is often referred to as just ES. The number ’27’ refers to the diameter. This type of base is also compatible with Compact Fluorescent Globes and LED globes. E27 is a 240 Volt bulb as is a standard Bayonet B22. We will use it to power our light bulb.[6] |
|  | Linux Based Computer | A computer is an electronic device that manipulates information, or data. We will use the AMP software to process and send the data on the CPU.[7] |

* + 1. **Software Interfaces**

We will develop our project as a product. We use Python 3.7.0 when preparing and running the AMP software. While developing the software, we develop it through Visual Studio and Python IDLE. For interface design, we aim to use the PyCharm IDE's Qt Designer tool. Uploading the necessary libraries to the system will be provided by PIP. Since this application is open source, it can be developed/modified during the project.

* + 1. **Communication Interfaces**

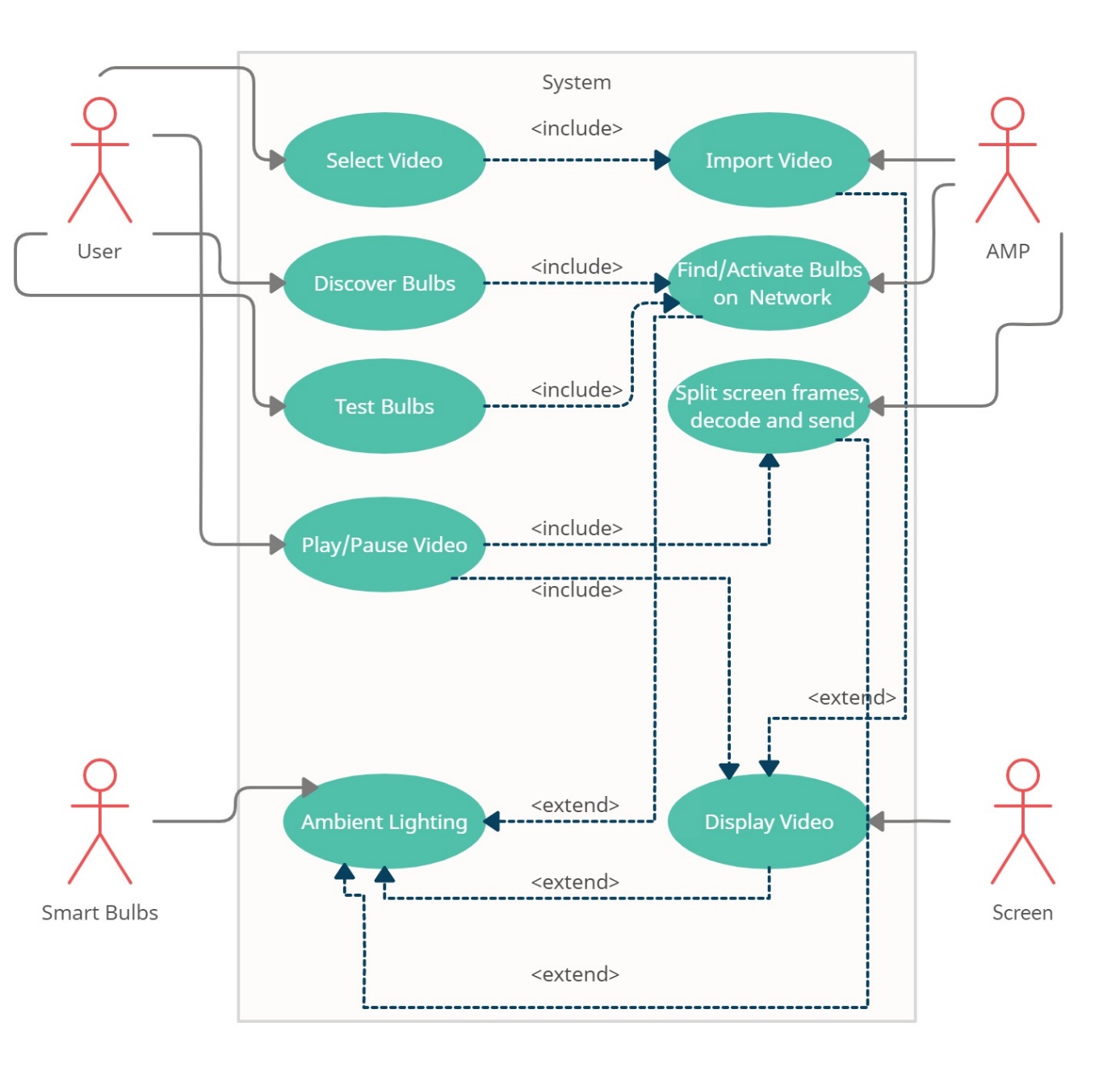
There is only one method that we used while communicating between our AMP and bulbs.

1. Wi-Fi

Using this technique, we inform bulbs when there is an data flow about color codes.

* 1. **Detailed Description of Functional Requirements**

In this part of the SRS, we stated functional requirements of the project.

* + 1. **Use Case Diagram**
    2. **Use Cases**

In below table, all use cases are explained briefly. Detailed explanation is given as subsections for each use case.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Use Case Title** | **Description** |
| Select Video | The video to be played is selected by the User. |
| Import Video | The selected video is added to the system for playback by AMP. |
| Discover Bulbs | The user assigns the AMP to find the smart bulbs in his/her environment. |
| Find & Activate Bulbs on Network | AMP automatically finds the available smart bulbs in the network, saves them to the system and activates them. |
| Test Bulbs | The user tests the bulbs available in the system. |
| Play/Pause Video | Video can be started,paused and stopped by the user. |
| Split screen frames,decode and send | The colors of the video on the screen are decoded by AMP and transferred to the bulbs. |
| Ambilent Lightning | The environment is illuminated according to the video colors. |
| Display Video | The video plays on the screen |

* + - 1. **Scenario 1: Select Video**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case Number | 1 |
| Use Case Name | Select Video |
| Summary | The video to be played is selected by the User. |
| Actor | User,AMP |
| Trigger | Open Video button is activated |
| Precondition | * AMP must be running on the operating system. * K-Lite Codec Pack must be installed on the operating system. * The file must be in video format. |
| Scenario | 1. The user starts the program. 2. Selects the video you want to play from the drop-down menu and activates the upload button. |
| Exceptional Situations & Alternative Flows | 1. Application may not work.    * Restart the application. |
| Postcondition | 1. AMP takes the video in its import queue. |

* + - 1. **Scenario 2: Import Video**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case Number | 2 |
| Use Case Name | Import Video |
| Summary | The selected video is added to the system for playback by AMP. |
| Actor | User,AMP |
| Trigger | Video is selected by user |
| Precondition | * AMP must be running on the operating system. * The video must have been selected by the user. * The video must be in a supportable format. |
| Scenario | 1. The video selected by the user is queued. 2. If the selected video is in the correct format, it will be added to the video player inside the AMP software. |
| Exceptional Situations & Alternative Flows | 1. Video may not open.    * Upload a video in the correct format |
| Postcondition | 1. AMP makes the video ready for playback and displays it on the screen. |

* + - 1. **Scenario 3: Discover Bulbs**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case Number | 3 |
| Use Case Name | Discover Bulbs |
| Summary | The user assigns the AMP to find the smart bulbs in his/her environment. |
| Actor | User, AMP |
| Trigger | The user directs the AMP to find bulbs on the network. |
| Precondition | * Smart bulbs must be identified on the network. * Bulbs must be connected to electricity and Wi-Fi. |
| Scenario | 1. The user activates the Discover Bulbs button. 2. The AMP detects bulbs on the network via the Yeelight API. 3. The bulbs found on the network are registered in the program. |
| Exceptional Situations &  Alternative Flows | 1. No light bulbs may be found on the network.    * Wi-Fi connection should be checked.    * It should be checked whether the devices are defined in the network.    * Network connection can be refreshed. |
| Postcondition | 1. Light bulbs in the network will be found by AMP. |

* + - 1. **Scenario 4: Find & Activate Bulbs on Network**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case Number | 4 |
| Use Case Name | Find & Activate Bulbs on Network |
| Summary | AMP automatically finds the available smart bulbs in the network, saves them to the system and activates them. |
| Actor | AMP |
| Trigger | The Discover Bulbs button is activated by the user. |
| Precondition | * Smart bulbs must be identified on the network. * Bulbs must be connected to electricity and Wi-Fi. * The operating system must be connected to the network. |
| Scenario | 1. When the button is activated, Xiaomi devices on the network are found via Yeelight API, smart bulbs are listed. 2. The listed bulbs are registered to the system in a certain order. 3. The bulbs whose registration process is completed become active. |
| Exceptional Situations &  Alternative Flows | 1. No light bulbs may be found on the network.    * Wi-Fi connection should be checked.    * It should be checked whether the devices are defined in the network.    * Network connection can be refreshed. |
| Postcondition | 1. Light bulbs in the network are registered in the program and activated. |

* + - 1. **Scenario 5: Test Bulbs**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case Number | 5 |
| Use Case Name | Test Bulbs |
| Summary | The user tests the bulbs available in the system. |
| Actor | User, AMP, Smart Bulbs |
| Trigger | The Test Bulbs button has been activated. |
| Precondition | * Bulbs must be defined and saved in the program. * Bulbs should be on. * Bulbs must be connected to Wi-Fi. |
| Scenario | 1. The user activates the Test Bulbs button. 2. Cycle values that were previously prepared and embedded in the system are sent to the bulbs by the AMP. 3. The bulbs reflect the color codes they receive. |
| Exceptional Situations & Alternative Flows | 1. Bulbs may not reflect color codes.    * It is checked whether the bulbs are defined and active. |
| Postcondition | 1. The bulbs reflect the color cycle sent. |

* + - 1. **Scenario 6: Play/Pause Video**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case Number | 6 |
| Use Case Name | Play/Pause Video |
| Summary | Video can be started, paused and stopped by the user. |
| Actor | User, AMP, Screen, Smart Bulbs |
| Trigger | The functional buttons of the AMP are activated. |
| Precondition | * The video must be selected. * Bulbs must be identified. * Light bulbs and Wi-Fi connections must be active. |
| Scenario | 1. The selected video starts playing by the user. 2. The selected video can be paused by the user. 3. The selected video can be stoped by the user. |
| Exceptional Situations & Alternative Flows | 1. The video may not start playing.    * It should be checked that the file in the correct format is selected. |
| Postcondition | 1. The video starts playing on the screen. |

* + - 1. **Scenario 7: Split screen frames,decode and send**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case Number | 7 |
| Use Case Name | Split screen frames, decode and send |
| Summary | The colors of the video on the screen are decoded by AMP and transferred to the bulbs. |
| Actor | AMP, Smart Bulbs, Screen |
| Trigger | The video has started playing. |
| Precondition | * The video must be selected. * Bulbs must be identified. * Light bulbs and Wi-Fi connections must be active. |
| Scenario | 1. The video playing on the screen is decoded by AMP in the background. 2. The screen is divided into equal parts as much as the number of bulbs and the weighted colors are listed. 3. The codes of the listed colors are sent to the bulbs. |
| Exceptional Situations &  Alternative Flows | 1. Color codes may not go to bulbs.    * It is checked whether the bulbs are defined and active. |
| Postcondition | 1. The bulbs receive the color codes of the video that appears on the screen. |

* + - 1. **Scenario 8: Ambient Lightning**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case Number | 8 |
| Use Case Name | Ambient Lightning |
| Summary | The environment is illuminated according to the video colors. |
| Actor | AMP, Smart Bulbs, Screen |
| Trigger | Decoding and sending the color codes to the bulbs while the video is playing |
| Precondition | * The video must be selected. * Bulbs must be identified. * Light bulbs and Wi-Fi connections must be active. * Video must be playing. |
| Scenario | 1. The bulbs analyze the codes that come to them and emit the right color led light. |
| Exceptional Situations &  Alternative Flows | 1. Bulbs may not reflect color codes.    * It is checked whether the bulbs are defined and active. |
| Postcondition | 1. The bulbs illuminate the environment simultaneously with the image on the screen in line with the color codes they receive. |

* + - 1. **Scenario 9: Display Video**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case Number | 9 |
| Use Case Name | Display Video |
| Summary | The video plays on the screen |
| Actor | User, AMP, Screen |
| Trigger | The video starts playing by the user. |
| Precondition | * The video must be uploaded to the system by the user. |
| Scenario | 1. When the user presses the play button, the video starts playing. |
| Exceptional Situations &  Alternative Flows | 1. The video may not start playing.    * It should be checked that the correct format video is selected. |
| Postcondition | 1. The video starts playing on the screen. |

* 1. **Non-Functional Requirements**

In this part of the report, we stated non-functional requirements of the project.

* + 1. **Performance Requirements**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Performance Requirements** | **Description** |
| Response Time | From the moment the video starts, there should be a delay of at most 1 second between the bulbs reflecting the colors. 1 second is a suitable time as there will be the phases of instantly buffering the screen, decoding the codes, sending it to the bulbs and finally getting a reaction from the bulbs. More than that will cause visual disturbance. |
| Error Handling | In case of an unexpected error, the software manufacturer should be contacted. Software support should be provided on an ongoing basis. |
| Scalability | AMP is controlled by the user through the operating system. The program will run stably unless an extra video is uploaded by the user while the program is running. This situation is blocked by the system. |
| Application requirements | The operating system where the program will run must have 100MB of free space. CPU speed or RAM of device is not a crucial concern. |

* + 1. **Safety Requirements**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Safety Requirements** | **Description** |
| Installation Error | A properly working operating system must be present for installation. |
| Compilation Error | Compilation errors should be reported to the system. |
| Error Feedback | Error feedbacks should be reported to the developers through the system. |
| Network Protection | The network should be protected with an up-to-date password and there should be no leaks. |

* + 1. **Security Requirements**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Security Requirements** | **Description** |
| Wi-fi Connection | The data on the AMP is regularly transferred to the bulbs via Wi-Fi. The Wi-Fi password must be protected to prevent leaks. The network password for the light bulb and computer must be set by the user and kept up to date. |
| Application Protection | Network and device information on the application is protected so that it cannot be exported. In case of any leakage, the user is responsible for what will happen. |

* + 1. **Software Quality Attributes**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Software Quality Attributes** | **Definition** |
| Reliability | Under normal conditions, the program should run stably. |
| Portability | AMP software should work on Linux and  Windows. |
| Correctness | The system should transmit color codes at a uniform rate and without delay. |
| Learnability | System shall be easy to understand and simple  to use for ordinary customers. |
| Maintainability | In case of any error, the system should compile itself and reach the solution. |
| Extensibility | The system should be in an expandable state with new functions to be added.. |
| Testability | The system should work without errors and all cases where an error may occur should be testable. |
| Efficiency | The system should be able to run smoothly in relation to the CPU and Wi-Fi connection quality. |
| Usability | The product should be easily usable and discoverable by users. |
| Administrability | The connection information of the bulbs should also be entered into the system manually. |

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