

Profiling Jobs and Competencies using the tekom Competence Framework

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Sissi Closs



University

- Professor at Karlsruhe university since 1997
- Course Director Communication and Media Management (MSc)

Company

- CEO of C-Topic Consulting GmbH
- Head of advisory board FCT AG

Jürgen Sapara



tekom

 Committee Chairman for qualification counsel at Advisory Board Training & Education

tecteam

- Senior Consultant (focus on organization, process modelling & optimization)
- Manager Consulting

before

- Head of Documentation
- Internal Consultant
- Chief editor at technical magazine

Why is a competence framework necessary?



Demand of the industry: Specially trained and qualified staff with specific competencies is required, esp. for international companies

- A constant demand for Technical Communicators (EU figures)
 - 1.4% of all employees in the industry sector
 - 3.6% of all employees in the software sector
- Late entrants with background in engineering and translation

There is a need for a better understanding of the profession and its competence requirements

- The occupational profile and roles are unclear
- The competencies and qualifications for Technical Communicators are unclear



What is the tekom Competence Framework and who is it for?



Describes the occupational profile and potential job profiles in technical communication

Who is it for?

- companies of any kind
- technical communication <u>employees</u>
- people who are <u>interested</u> in entering the profession
- institutions of <u>higher education</u>
- training institutes



Job-related Competencies



Definition of Competencies

"Competencies are identified to clearly define the essential functions of the job."

- 1. Job profile: Tasks to perform
- 2. <u>Competencies for a job</u>: Knowledge, skills, abilities, personal characteristics and other "worker-based" factors that are necessary to perform a certain task
- 3. <u>Overall Competencies of persons</u>: Differentiates superior performance from average performance

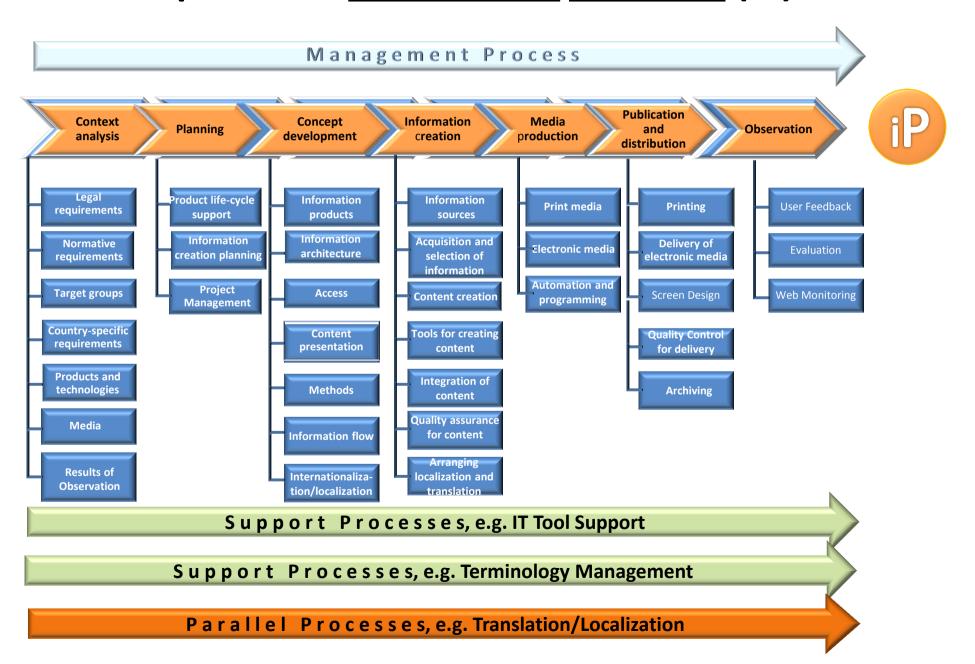


The process of developing information products

Tasks:

What do we have to do to develop information for use and what are the process steps?

Development of Information Products (iP)





Technical Communicator Different job profiles

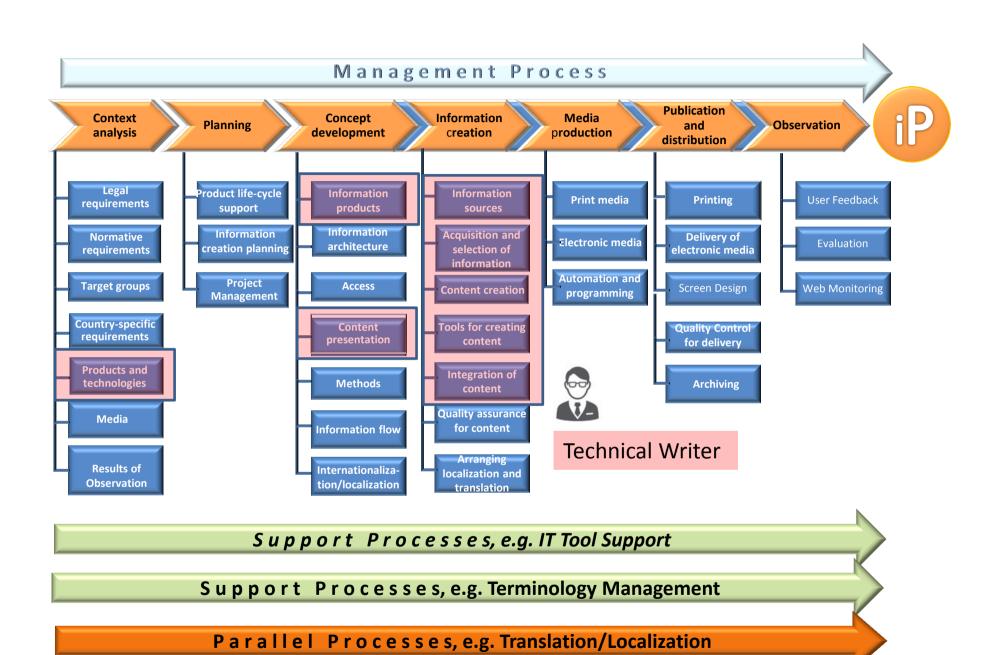
What do these people do and what do they have to do and to know?

Technical Writer



Experience: 2-4 years

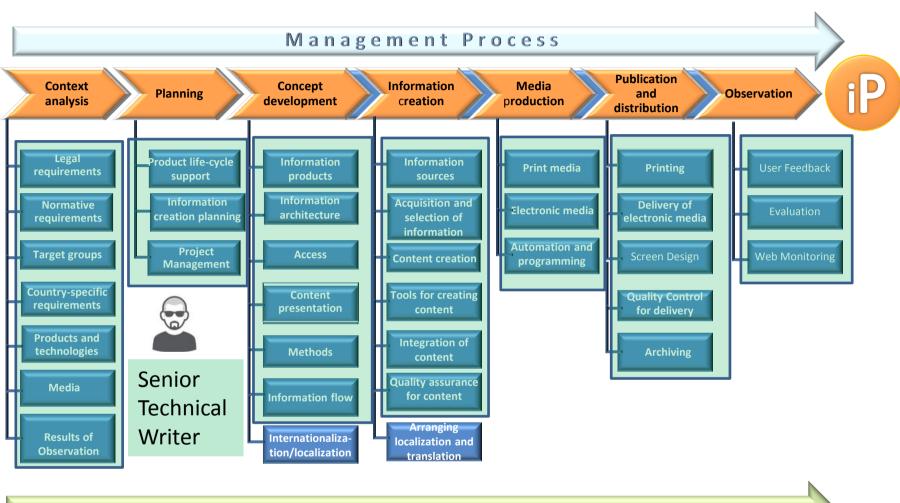
- Works with internal teams to obtain an in-depth understanding of the product and the documentation requirements
- Is able to extract technical information from software design documents
- Interviews subject matter experts to extract required information
- Analyzes existing and potential content, focusing on reuse and single-sourcing opportunities
- Writes easy-to-understand user interface text, online help and developer guides
- Contributes to technical writing processes and standards for the team



Experienced / Senior Technical Writer



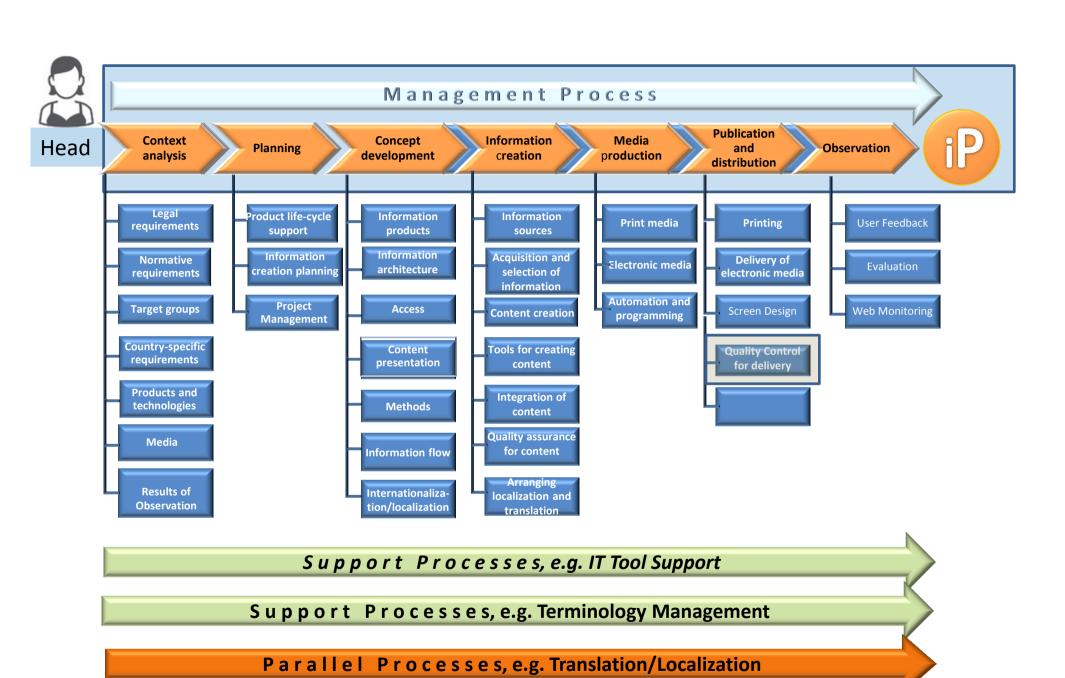
- Experience: 5-9 years
 - Understands customer requirements and product specifications to collect information for writing manuals
 - Designs and develops written and/or visual product-related manuals for print, web, and mobile devices
 - Analyzes existing content to identify and bridge documentation gaps
 - Identifies and resolves any technical writing/documentation-related issues
 - **Drafts Standard Operating Instructions to standardize layout and format**, so that technical descriptions and instructions can be readily understood by the users
 - Adheres to defined technical writing standards, best practices, style guides, templates, scripts, style sheets, and graphic libraries
 - Reviews and tests the product for consistency with regards to documentation, identifying problems and suggesting revisions
 - Works and acts as liaison with other technical writers, multimedia, technology team and reviews their work
 - Provides input and guidance regarding time estimates for planning and deploying documentation solutions



Support Processes, e.g. IT Tool Support

Support Processes, e.g. Terminology Management

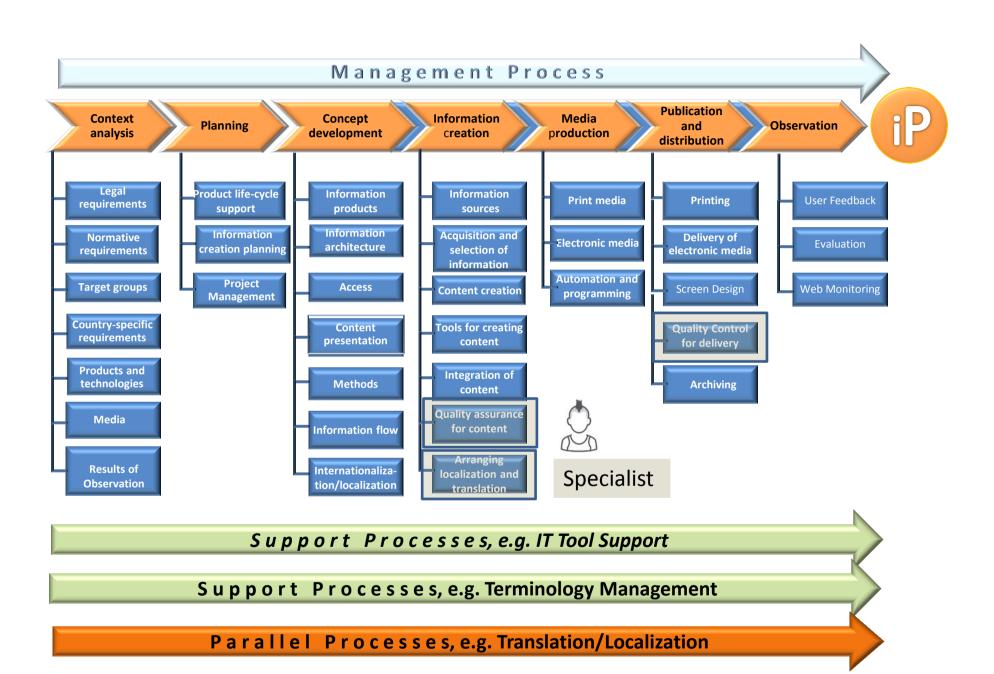
Parallel Processes, e.g. Translation/Localization



Specialist Proofreading and Quality Assurance



- Performs editorial tasks to support technical software documentation
- Achieves the following quality goals for published content:
 - High level of accuracy in grammar, vocabulary, and punctuation
 - Adherence to the standards of American English
 - Consistent application of the editorial standards of the organization
 - Consistent use of the terminology standards of the organization



The Profiling Tool in Practice



Develop your personalized skills profile!

- By company managers and personnel departments
 - For drawing up specialist job profiles and roles
 - For targeted personnel recruitment and writing job advertisements
 - For HR development and targeted employee competency development
- By further education institutes and training providers, including universities
 - For developing new training offerings and curricula
- By persons interested in further education
 - For identifying and defining individual further education content and objectives
 - For developing individual, needs-based further education concepts

For tekom qualification consulting

For gap analysis and identifying individual further education needs

Level 1: Areas of competence Context analysis



1. Context analysis

Before creating an information product, it is necessary to analyze the requirements which it must meet. Context analysis determines the underlying conditions and the requirements that are placed on an information product by its context.

Context analysis is a preparatory process phase. One distinctive feature is the fact that not only internal sources but mainly sources outside the company are evaluated. In doing so, overarching aspects such as legal and normative requirements, markets or target groups are investigated. Context analysis does not have to be performed for every documentation product but does need to be performed regularly at scheduled intervals or when modifications have been announced. The results of observing the information product are evaluated in the context analysis and their consequences for creating information products are deduced from these results. Context analysis and its results are interpreted specifically to the documentation, depending on the nature of the information product and the underlying conditions.

A context analysis examines:

Legal requirements

Normative requirements

Target groups

Country-specific requirements

Products and technologies

Media and information technology

Results of observation of the information product

The results of the context analysis are fed into the concept for an information product and also into aspects such as media development, publication and distribution.

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Description / Summary of the area of competence

Level 2: Fields of competence Country-specific requirements



1.4 Country-specific requirements

Information products for different countries and markets must meet country-specific requirements. These include:

Technical requirements

Culturally-specific aspects of the target group

Legal and normative requirements

Taking these requirements into account in the information product is relevant when it comes to placing the product on the market, product compliance and usability. Information on this can be obtained directly from destination countries, from technical requirements and product specifications, from contracts or by research.

The resulting requirements placed on information products must be taken into account during concept development and be implemented when the product is produced.

- 1.4.1 Technical requirements
- 1.4.2 Culturally-specific aspects of the target group
- 1.4.3 Legal and normative requirements

Describe the professional and workplace requirements for developing information products

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Level 3: Thematic blocks Culturally-specific aspects of the target group





Classify the individual teaching contents

Level 4: Teaching contents and learning objectives



1.4.2. Culturally-specific aspects of the target group

Culturally-specific differences in the way that information is processed (e.g., characters, colors, images, reading direction)

Cultural aspects of pictorial and symbolic language

Culturally-specific differences regarding expected ways in which information is presented

Cultural and country-specific aspects of the target group when using the information product and when using media

Cultural and country-specific aspects of the target group which might impact use of the product

Culturally-specific methods of working

Country-specific aspects and requirements (e.g., linguistic, terminological, technical, organizational) that must be taken into account when creating information products for international markets.

Based on EQF levels









- Teaching approach with deliberation
- Teaching approach without deliberation
- Teaching approach on methods/processes
- Learning objective 'Knowledge' on EQF Level 4 (Junior)
- Learning objective 'Practical ability/Application' on EQF Level 4 (Junior)
- Learning objective 'Knowledge/Understanding' on EQF Level 5 (Senior)
- Learning objective 'Practical ability/Application' on EQF Level 5 (Senior)



The Profiling Tool of the tekom Competence Framework

Why not try it yourself?

http://competences.technical-communication.org/



TecCOMFrame



TecCOMFrame: A joint European Academic Competence Framework and Curricula for the Training of Technical Communicators

- The project aims to develop <u>standard curricula</u> based on a common *academic* qualification and competence framework
- Transparency, recognition, and transferability of the qualification and competencies of Technical Communicators
- Harmonization with EU-standards and approaches (EQF-levels & ECTS-grades)

www.teccom-frame.eu

TCTrainNet



Online training and online certification for Technical Writers, based on the Competence **Framework**



Benefits for...

TechWriters

- Discover exciting new aspects of your profession
- Acquire an internationally recognized professional qualification
- Keep your qualification up to date
- Use your certificate for marketing your skill
- Keep up with university graduates
- Increase your employability

com/meta-menue/contact-us.html

Employers

- Define a qualification standard for your whole staff
 Establish comparable skill
- evels for international teams
 Get introductory training for
- your employees

 Leverage the flexibility of
- your staff members

 Agree on personal
- Agree on personal development schemes with your Technical Writers
- Make professional development a part of your staff retainment program

Students

- Leverage your employability through specialization in Technical Communication
- Discover an inspiring and profitable profession
- Enter the world of content creation and media production
- Prepare yourself for successful job interviews



http://www.technical-writing-training-and-certification.com/



Thank you!

Questions?...

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Your opinion is important to us! Please tell us what you thought of the lecture. We look forward to your feedback via smartphone or tablet under http://tekom04.honestly.de

or scan the QR code

