Large scale analysis of calcium imaging data

October 12, 2017

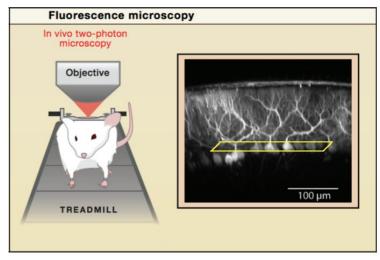
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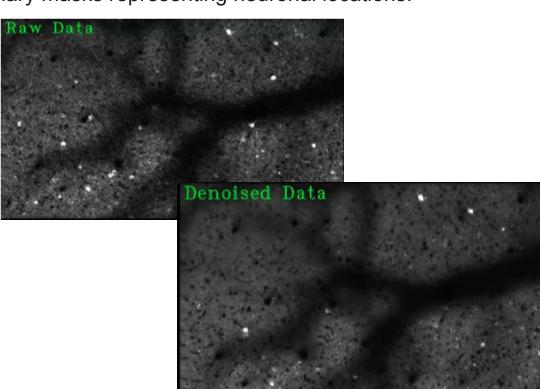


Data

• **Input data** is raw movies of various sizes (0.2 - 1 Megapixels per frame and about 10-100 kilo-frames) with binary masks representing neuronal locations.







Understanding the problem(Questions)

1. Improve CNN model

- Classify spatial components extracted from the constrained non-negative matrix factorization (CNMF) algorithm into three classes: neurons, processes and noise artifacts.
- Improve existing CNN model (only based on spatial features)
- Further include temporal features (to detect transiently visible neurons).

Transiently active neuron









Neuron falls in and out of focus

2. Implement online algorithm

- Implement optimized version of the online algorithm (unsupervised learning, run in real-time) in Java or C++
- Incorporate the classifier developed in Q.1
- Implement as ImageJ Plugin in Java

Methodology

- 1. Training data creation and preprocessing.
 - a. Only spatial
 - b. Both spatial and temporal
- 2. Train neural networks to perform classification.
 - a. Starting from CNN based approach
 - b. Explore ResNet and VGG-like architectures
 - c. Explore/Compare metaparameters, architectures and augmentation techniques
- Compare the proposed algorithm against test sets of manually annotated data.
- 4. Optimization and extension of online OnACID (Online analysis of Calcium Imaging data) algorithm.

Rubric (Final Results: Report, Source Code, Illustrative movies)

