Reasoning

Q.141) (b)
Explanation:

The possible words are LIST, LAST, LEST, LOST, LUST.

Q.142) (d)
Explanation:

The pairs are RV, EO, OL, LT, UT, UI, IO, ON.

Q.143) (b)
Explanation:

Sink can be formed into Inks
Tile can be formed into Lite
Deaf can be formed into Fade
Face can be formed into Café
Dust can be formed into Stud
Clay can be formed into Lacy
Veil can be formed into Evil
Bean can be formed into Bane
Arty can be formed into Tray
But Bask cannot be formed into any other word.

Q.144) (c)
Explanation:

$J \geq K \geq P \geq S$

Q.145) (e)
Explanation:

People	Country	Designation
U	India	CEO
T	USA	Chairman
R	Brazil	Manager
P	China	DM
V	UAE	AM
Q	Russia	Assistant
S	UK	Clerk

Q.146) (a)
Explanation:

People	Country	Designation
U	India	CEO
T	USA	Chairman
R	Brazil	Manager
P	China	DM

V	UAE	AM
Q	Russia	Assistant
S	UK	Clerk

Q.147) (d)
Explanation:

People	Country	Designation
U	India	CEO
T	USA	Chairman
R	Brazil	Manager
P	China	DM
V	UAE	AM
Q	Russia	Assistant
S	UK	Clerk

Q.148) (b)
Explanation:

People	Country	Designation
U	India	CEO
T	USA	Chairman
R	Brazil	Manager
P	China	DM
V	UAE	AM
Q	Russia	Assistant
S	UK	Clerk

Q.149) (e)
Explanation:

People	Country	Designation
U	India	CEO
T	USA	Chairman
R	Brazil	Manager
P	China	DM
V	UAE	AM
Q	Russia	Assistant
S	UK	Clerk

Q.150) (a)
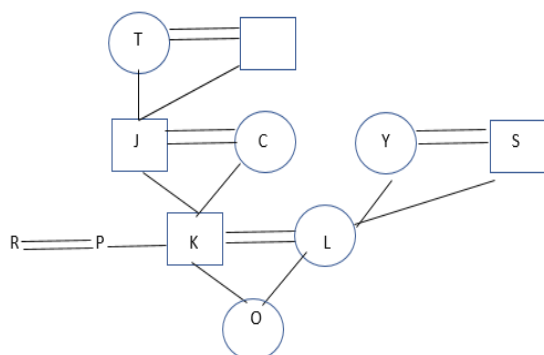
From the above figure, we can conclude that O is the niece of R.

Q.151) (a)
Explanation:

A is an implicit assumption because the last line talks about the role of punishment in a healthy moral ecosystem which implies that a healthy moral ecosystem is desirable.

Although the passage talks about the importance of punishment, it does not imply that forgiving is a bad practice as nothing has been mentioned about it. So, B is not an implicit assumption.

C is also not an implicit assumption because it contains the word 'at times' which becomes conditional. Also, punishment is mentioned for wrong doings and not wrong persons. The concept of wrong persons has not been mentioned.

Q.152) (b)
Explanation:

No other statement except option B can be inferred from the passage. Obtaining biofuel from biomass is a good example of recycling.

Q.153) (e)
Explanation:

The statement clearly shows the grim condition of waste being produced in urban India and its projected growth. So, segregation of waste into recyclable and non-recyclable can help deal in waste management. Also, waste audits will be equally useful.

Q.154) (b)
Explanation:

'I' is not a valid course of action as replacing HR personnel with HR software will solve the problem. But 'II' is a valid course of action as effective training of HR department is required.

Q.155) (b)
Explanation:

Floors	Flat 1	Flat 2	Flat 3
Floor 4	11	4	14
Floor 3	7	9	5
Floor 2	12	6	8
Floor 1	3	13	10

Q.156) (c)
Explanation:

Floors	Flat 1	Flat 2	Flat 3
Floor 4	11	4	14
Floor 3	7	9	5
Floor 2	12	6	8
Floor 1	3	13	10

Q.157) (b)
Explanation:

Floors	Flat 1	Flat 2	Flat 3
Floor 4	11	4	14
Floor 3	7	9	5
Floor 2	12	6	8
Floor 1	3	13	10

Q.158) (d)
Explanation:

Floors	Flat 1	Flat 2	Flat 3
Floor 4	11	4	14
Floor 3	7	9	5
Floor 2	12	6	8
Floor 1	3	13	10

Q.159) (c)
Explanation:

Floors	Flat 1	Flat 2	Flat 3
Floor 4	11	4	14
Floor 3	7	9	5
Floor 2	12	6	8
Floor 1	3	13	10

Q.160) (a)
Explanation:

Clearly, statement I is implicit because COVID-19 pandemic

has destroyed the world economy which implies that some pandemics can do so.

Statement II is not implicit because it is a contradictory statement.

Q.161) (d)
Explanation:

None of the two conclusions follow as nothing has been mentioned about them in the statement. The statement just talks about the types of banks in India.

Q.162) (a)
Explanation:

	08:45 am	12:45 pm
Monday	Priyank	Ankit
Tuesday	Shubham	Aman
Wednesday	Akshay	Raja
Thursday	Ajay	Raman
Friday	Rahul	Tarun

Q.163) (b)
Explanation:

	08:45 am	12:45 pm
Monday	Priyank	Ankit
Tuesday	Shubham	Aman
Wednesday	Akshay	Raja
Thursday	Ajay	Raman
Friday	Rahul	Tarun

Q.164) (e)
Explanation:

	08:45 am	12:45 pm
Monday	Priyank	Ankit
Tuesday	Shubham	Aman
Wednesday	Akshay	Raja
Thursday	Ajay	Raman
Friday	Rahul	Tarun

Q.165) (a)
Explanation:

	08:45 am	12:45 pm
Monday	Priyank	Ankit
Tuesday	Shubham	Aman
Wednesday	Akshay	Raja

Thursday	Ajay	Raman
Friday	Rahul	Tarun

Q.166) (d)
Explanation:

	08:45 am	12:45 pm
Monday	Priyank	Ankit
Tuesday	Shubham	Aman
Wednesday	Akshay	Raja
Thursday	Ajay	Raman
Friday	Rahul	Tarun

Q.167) (c)
Explanation:

From I and II:

3rd	4th	5th	6th	8th
	P	Q	R	

Q.168) (c)
Explanation:

Using all the three statements together:

Is	JT
Chapter	DIBQUFS
Complete	DPNMFUF

Q.169) (a)
Explanation:

Using I alone,

1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th
A	C	B	E	D

Q.170) (a)
Explanation:

D	C	G	A	F	B	E	H
↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↓	↓	↑
white	green	pink	black	purple	red	blue	Yellow

Q.171) (c)
Explanation:

D	C	G	A	F	B	E	H
↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↓	↓	↑

white	green	pink	black	purple	red	blue	Yellow

Q.172) (d)
Explanation:

D	C	G	A	F	B	E	H
↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↓	↓	↑
white	green	pink	black	purple	red	blue	Yellow

Q.173) (b)
Explanation:

D	C	G	A	F	B	E	H
↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↓	↓	↑
white	green	pink	black	purple	red	blue	Yellow

Q.174) (e)
Explanation:

D	C	G	A	F	B	E	H
↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↓	↓	↑
white	green	pink	black	purple	red	blue	Yellow

Q.175) (b)
Explanation:

For conclusion I: D < A
From statements I, II and III, we get:
$D \leq K = Y \leq C \leq A$
Here, the common sign between D and A is '≤', hence $D \leq A$.

Thus, conclusion I does not follow individually.
For conclusion II: A = D
From statements I, II and III, we get:
$D \leq K = Y \leq C \leq A$
Here, the common sign between D and A is '≤', hence $D \leq A$.

Thus, conclusion II does not follow individually.
On combining conclusion I and II we get $D \leq A$.
Therefore, either conclusion I or II follows.
For conclusion III: L > Y
From statements I and II, we get:
$Y \leq C \leq A \leq L$

Thus, the common sign between Y and L is '≤', Therefore $Y \leq L$ is the true relationship.
Hence conclusion III does not follow.

Q.176) (d)
Explanation:

For conclusion I: P > X
From statements II and III, we get:
$X \geq G < H < M < P$

Here, we can see the opposite sign between P and X, thus no relationship can be established between them.
Thus, conclusion I does not follow.
For conclusion II: G < P
From statements I, II and III, we get:
$G < H < M < P$
Here, the common sign between G and P is '< '. Hence G < P.

Hence conclusion II follows.
For conclusion III: Y < H
From statements I and III, we get:
$Y < M > H$

Here, we can see the opposite sign between Y and H, thus no relationship can be established between them.
Thus, conclusion III does not follow.
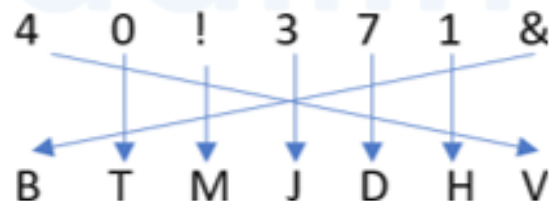Therefore, only conclusion II follows.

Q.177) (d)
Explanation:

Condition (IV) will apply

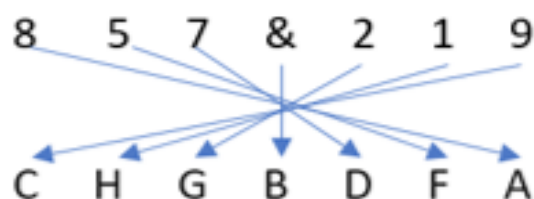## Q.178) (b)
Explanation:

Condition (II) will apply

Q.179) (c)
Explanation:

Condition (I) will apply

Q.180) (c)
Explanation:

ga – spiritual
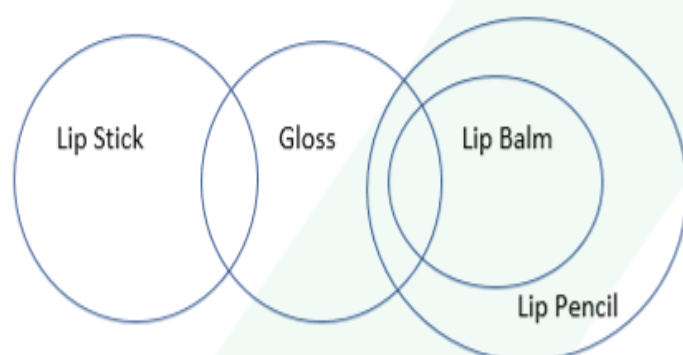dx – preach
po – board
sr – for
ke – bird
truck & neck (fu or ni)
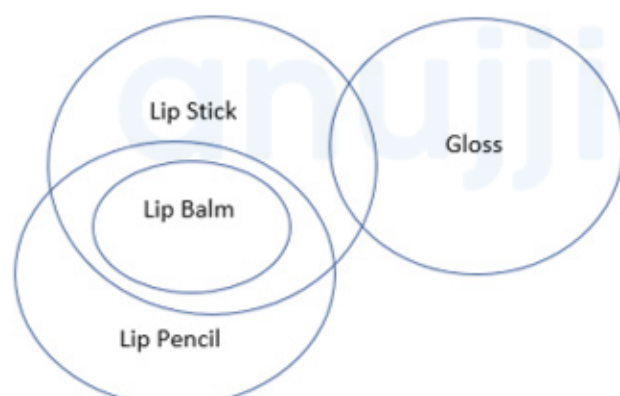bloom & if (bd or pk)

Q.181) (b)
Explanation:

The baisc diagram is as follows:

A possible diagram is as follows:

Statement III is not correct because it is not a possibility. Rather, it will always hold true.

Q.182) (b)
Explanation:

Students obtaining more than 75% marks would definitely include bright students. So, 'I' is not implicit because then why would the institute make such advertisement.

'II' is an implicit assumption because a coaching institute would make such an advertisement only when it has the required capacity.

Q.183) (a)
Explanation:

When rainfall is less in monsoon, the agricultural output generally reduces due to lack of irrigation. So, overall GDP will also reduce.

So, clearly, A is the cause and B is the effect.

Q.184) (a)
Explanation:

An increase in the number of electric cars means people may be shifting to electric cars from fuel cars. So, accordingly, demand for fuel cars will reduce which will consequently reduce the demand of oil. As a result, oil prices will reduce.
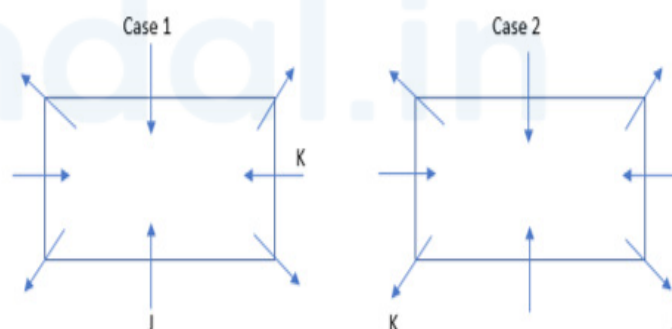
Q.185) (a)
Explanation:

2nd argument is based on example and hence it is a weak argument. 3rd argument is also weak.
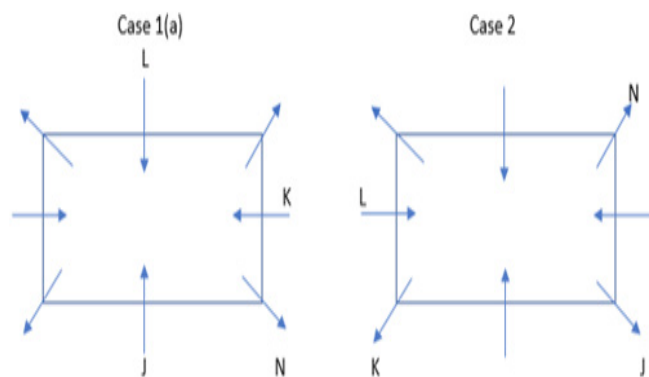
Q.186) (c)
Explanation:

From the given information, K sits second to the right of J. So, there will be two possible cases.
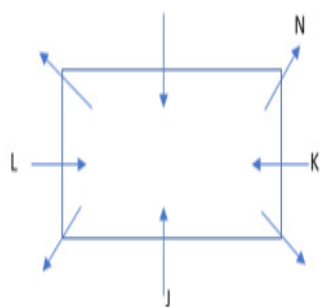

Further it is given that L is not the immediate neighbour of J. L faces inside. L sits third to the left of N. So, from these there will be two possible places for L in Case 1(a) in which L face J
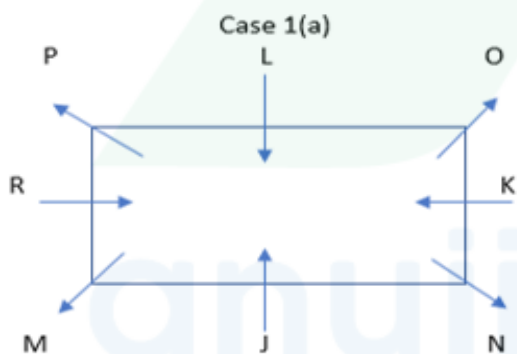
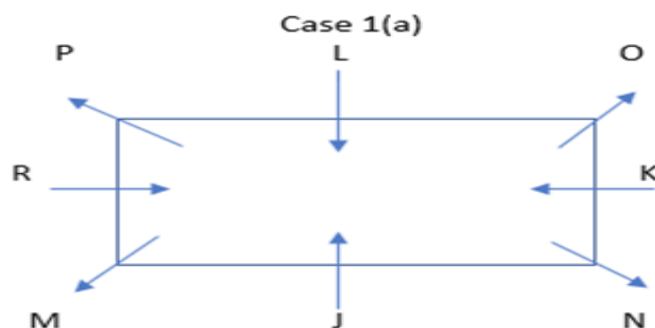and in Case 1(b), L face K.

Case 1(a)

Case 2

Case 1(b)

Now, it is given that R sits third to the left of O. Also, P sits second to the left of O. Hence, case 1(b) and case 2 gets eliminated. So, only case 1(a) remains as follows:
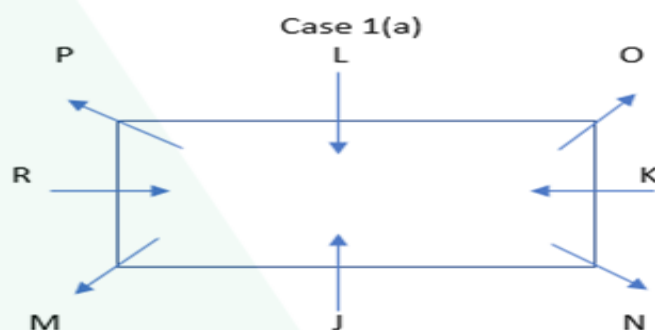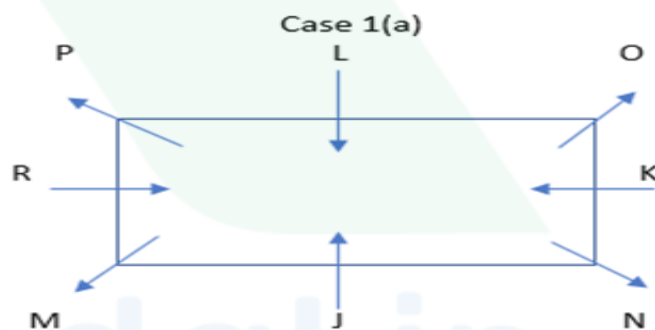
Case 1(a)

Q.187) (d)
Explanation:

Case 1(a)

Q.188) (a)
Explanation:

Case 1(a)

Q.189) (b)
Explanation:

Case 1(a)
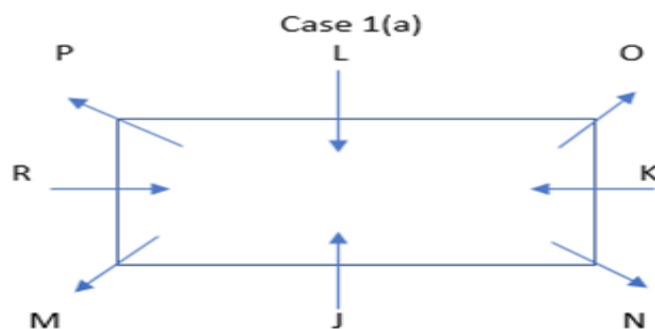
Q.190) (e)
Explanation:

Case 1(a)

Q.191) (c)
Explanation:

Input: 36 24 maintain 87 safe distance 60 12 with other 98 cars

Step 1: cars 36 24 maintain 87 safe distance 60 with other 98 12

Step 2: 24 cars 36 maintain 87 safe 60 with other 98 12 distance

Step 3: maintain 24 cars 87 safe 60 with other 98 12 distance 36

Step 4: 60 maintain 24 cars 87 safe with 98 12 distance 36 other

Step 5: safe 60 maintain 24 cars with 98 12 distance 36 other 87

Step 6: 98 safe 60 maintain 24 cars 12 distance 36 other 87 with

Q.192) (e)
Explanation:

Input: 36 24 maintain 87 safe distance 60 12 with other 98 cars

Step 1: cars 36 24 maintain 87 safe distance 60 with other 98 12

Step 2: 24 cars 36 maintain 87 safe 60 with other 98 12 distance

Step 3: maintain 24 cars 87 safe 60 with other 98 12 distance 36

Step 4: 60 maintain 24 cars 87 safe with 98 12 distance 36 other

Step 5: safe 60 maintain 24 cars with 98 12 distance 36 other 87

Step 6: 98 safe 60 maintain 24 cars 12 distance 36 other 87 with

Q.193) (b)
Explanation:

Step 4: 60 maintain 24 cars 87 safe with 98 12 distance 36 other

Q.194) (d)
Explanation:

Step 3: maintain 24 cars 87 safe 60 with other 98 12 distance 36

Q.195) (a)
Explanation:

Step 6: 98 safe 60 maintain 24 cars 12 distance 36 other 87 with

'60' is tenth from the right end.
The element which is sixth to the right of '60' is '36'.

Q.196) (a)
Explanation:

Floor Number	Person	Number of members
7	Anand	2
6	Balaji	4
5	Chakor	6
4	Darpak/Falak	1
3	Easharjot	2
2	Darpak/Falak	1
1	Girik	3

Q.197) (b)
Explanation:

Floor Number	Person	Number of members
7	Anand	2
6	Balaji	4
5	Chakor	6
4	Darpak/Falak	1
3	Easharjot	2
2	Darpak/Falak	1
1	Girik	3

Q.198) (d)
Explanation:

Floor Number	Person	Number of members
7	Anand	2
6	Balaji	4
5	Chakor	6
4	Darpak/Falak	1
3	Easharjot	2
2	Darpak/Falak	1
1	Girik	3

Q.199) (c)
Explanation:

Floor Number	Person	Number of members
7	Anand	2
6	Balaji	4
5	Chakor	6
4	Darpak/Falak	1
3	Easharjot	2
2	Darpak/Falak	1
1	Girik	3

Q.200) (d)
Explanation:

Floor Number	Person	Number of members
7	Anand	2
6	Balaji	4
5	Chakor	6
4	Darpak/Falak	1
3	Easharjot	2
2	Darpak/Falak	1
1	Girik	3